



Asynchronous Web Apps made easy with Python

1 work here

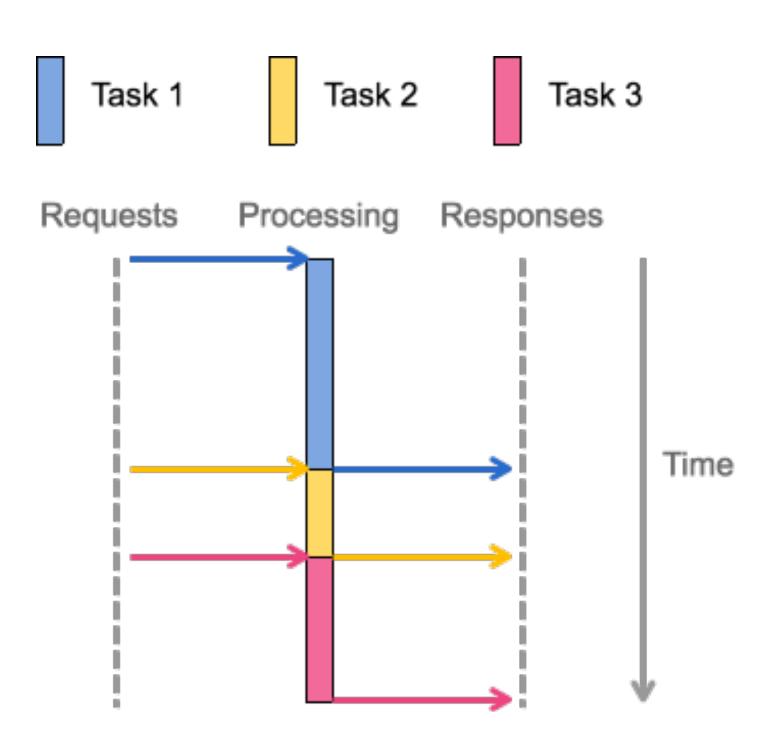
TECH5



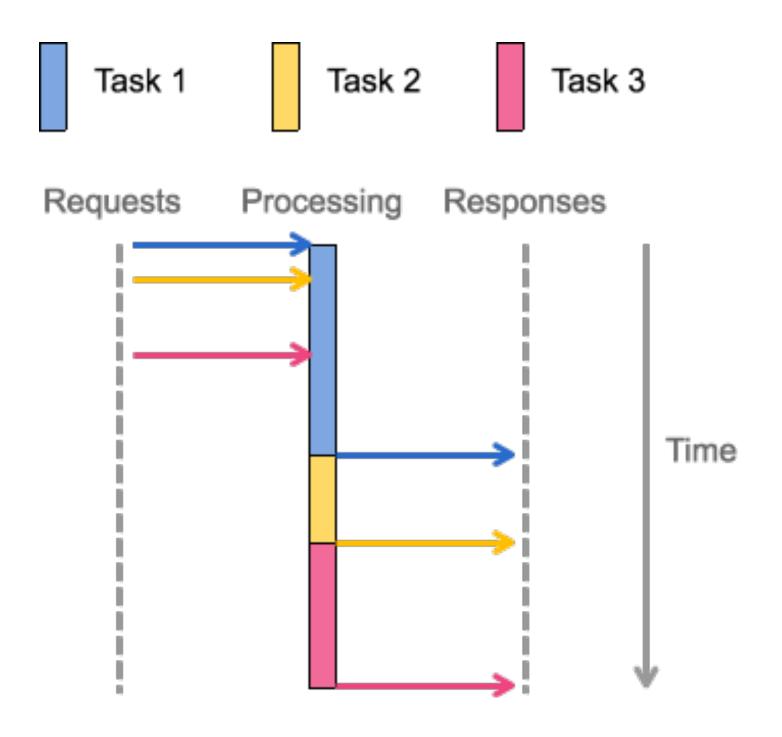
PARTI. INTRO

REQUEST PROCESSING

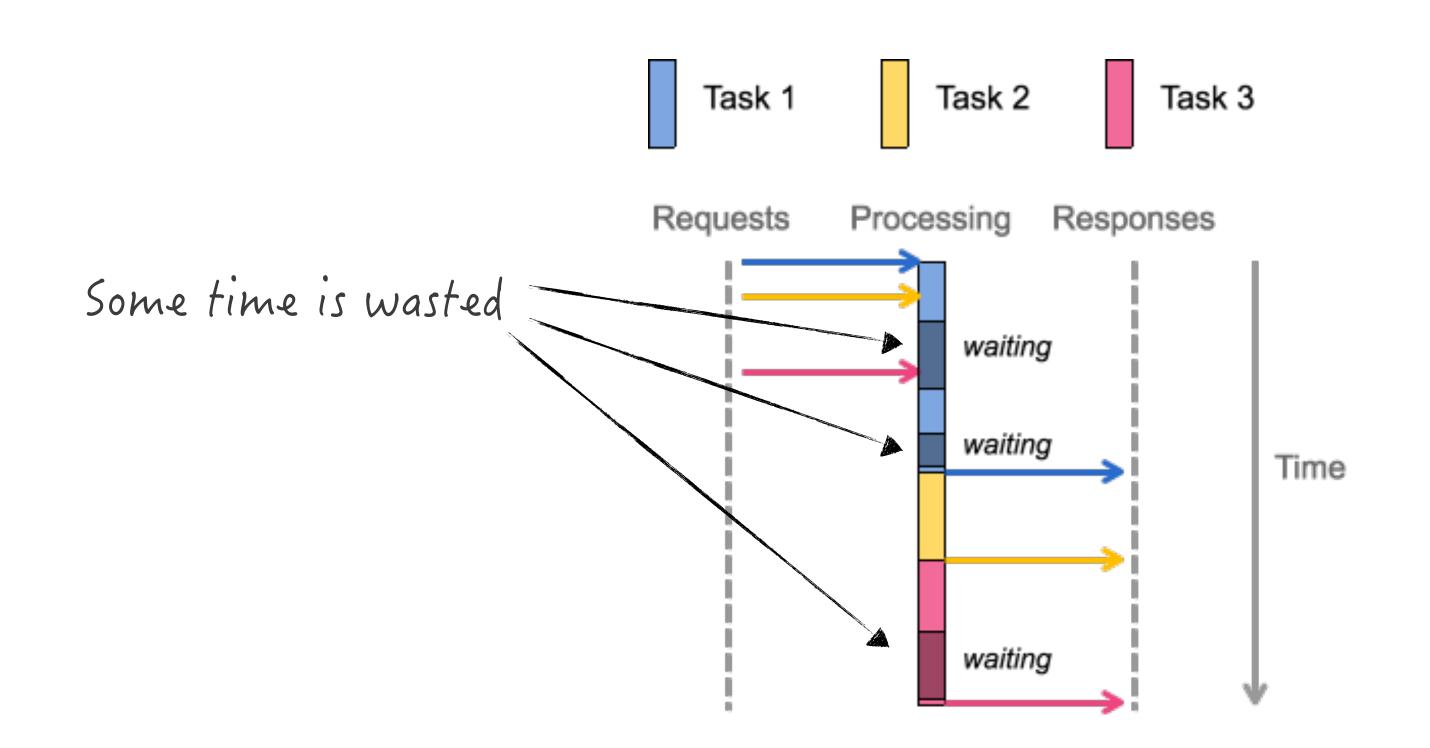
SYNCHRONOUS



SYNCHRONOUS, REALISTIC

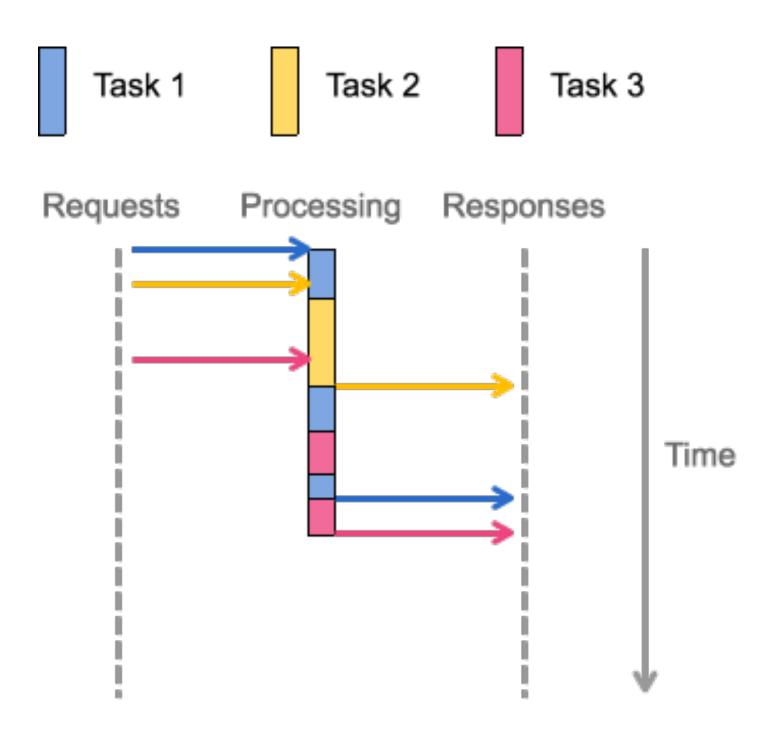


SYNCHRONOUS, REALISTIC

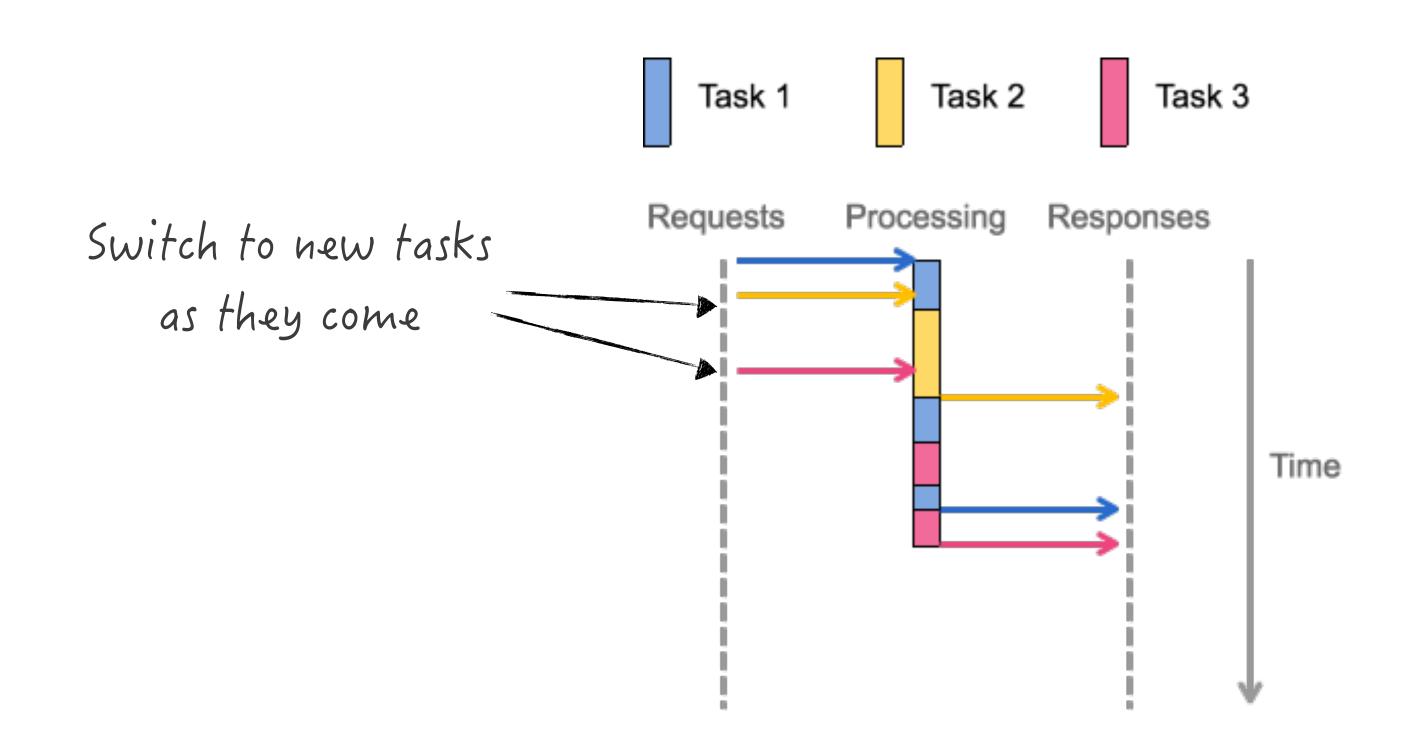


ASYNCHRONOUS

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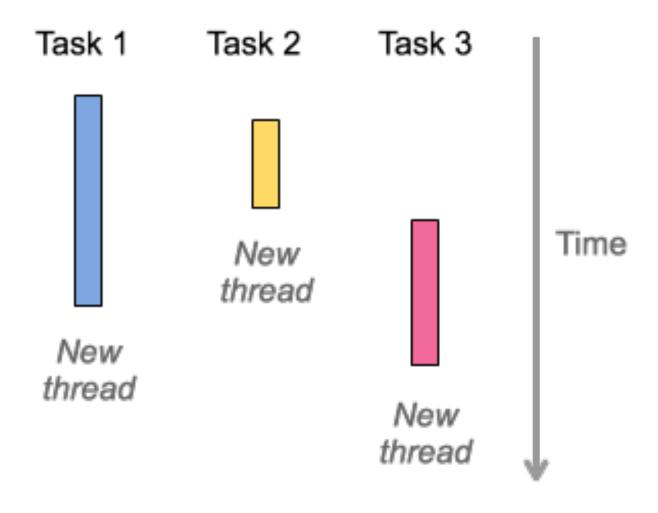


ASYNCHRONOUS



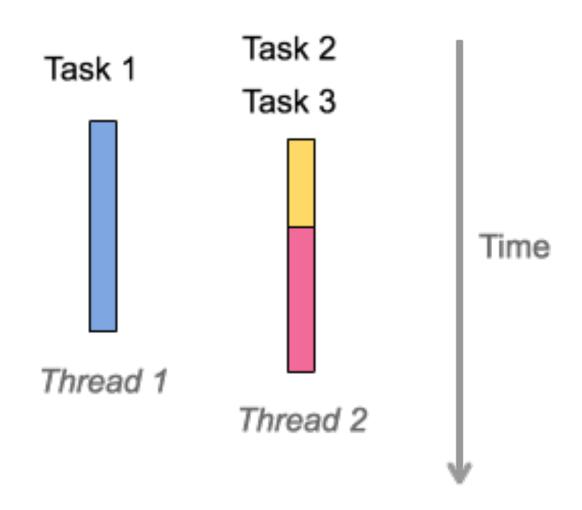
WEB SERVERS

THREADED SERVER



Every request in a new thread

THREADED SERVER WITH POOL



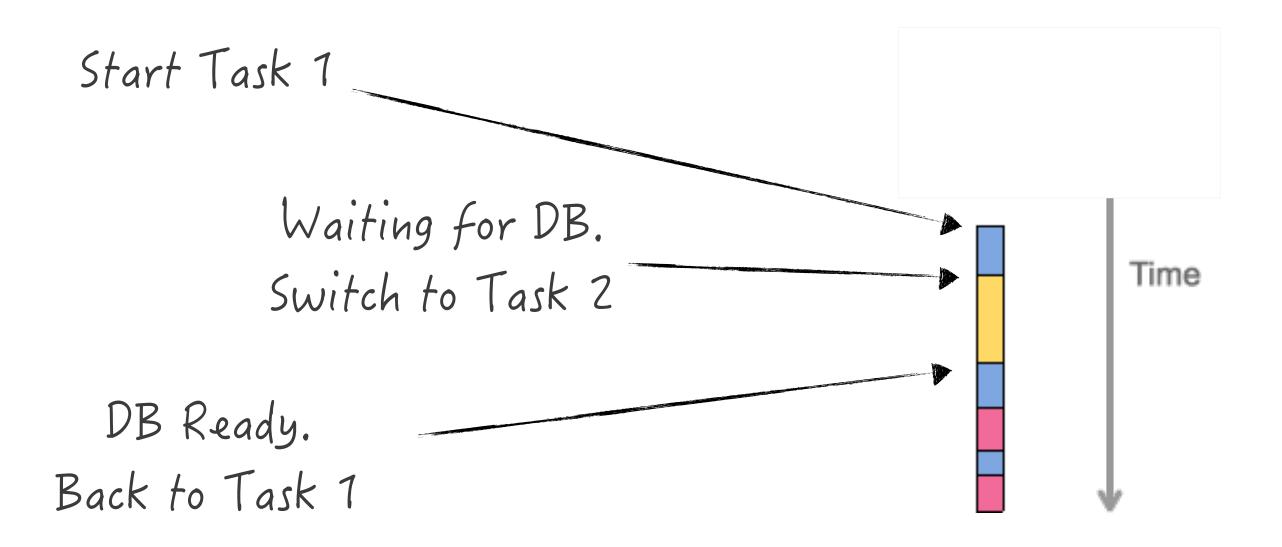
Every request in an own thread.
Thread amount fixed.

THREADED SERVER WITH POOL



One thread with event loop. Event-driven task switching

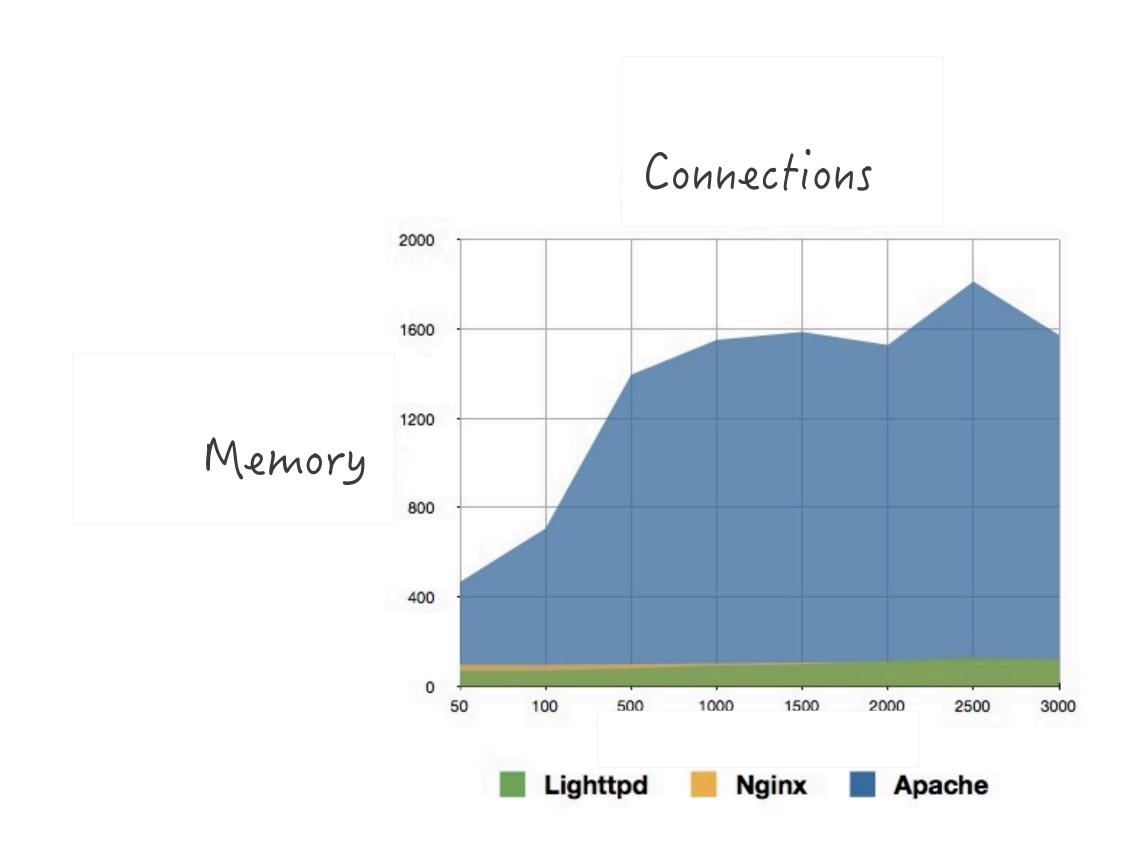
THREADED SERVER WITH POOL



ASYNC IS NOT FASTER. IT'S SMARTER.

ASYNC IS NOT FASTER. IT'S SMARTER. AND LIGHTER.

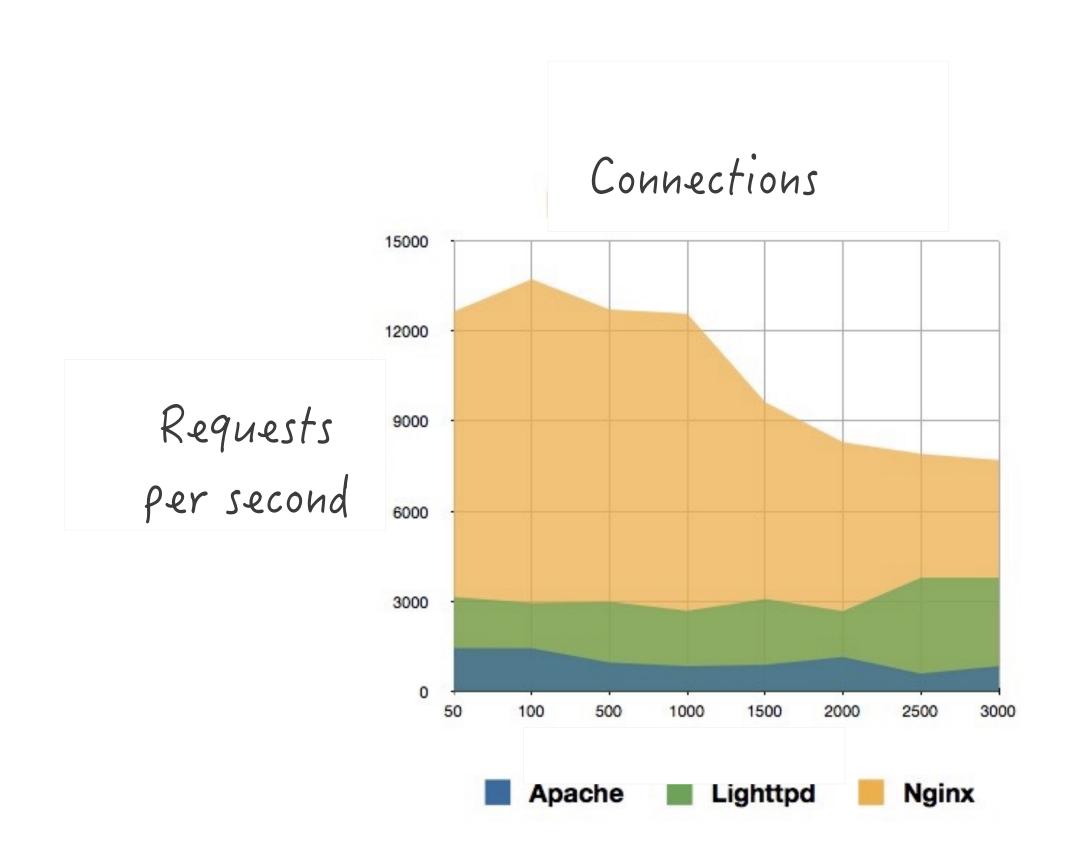
WEB-SERVER MEMORY USAGE



Sometimes

ASYNC IS NOT FASTER. IT'S SMARTER

WEB-SERVER SPEED



ASYNC SERVERS ARE NOTHING NEW

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Libevent in C,
Netty in Java,
Akka in Scala,
Node in Javascript,
EventMachine in Ruby

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Libevent in C,
Netty in Java,
Akka in Scala,
Node in Javascript,
EventMachine in Ruby

And in Python... Twisted just turned 17!

WHY NOT SO POPULAR?

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Emoji set for async code maintainers

WHY NOT SO POPULAR?

```
before(function (done) {
   server.server(options, function (s, db, providers) {
     //clear db and add a test user - "testuser"
     db.user.remove({}, function () {
       db.notification.remove({}, function () {
         providers.provider1.insertBulk(item1, item2, item3],
           function (err, result) {
           providers.provider2.insert([item1, item2, item3]
             function (err, result) {
             providers.provider3.insert([item1, item2, item3]
               function (err, result) {
               providers.provider4.insert([item1, item2, item3],
                 function (err, result) {
                 s.listen();
                 done();
              });
       });
});
});
```

IN PYTHON, IT GETS BETTER

```
async def crawl(url):
    result = await http.fetch("url")
    print(result)
```

PART 2. ASYNC PYTHON CODE

ASYNC STACK IN PYTHON

Application ⟨ (tornado	twisted	•••
IO framework ⟨ (asyncio	
os { (kqueue	epoll	•••

Your essential toolset:

futures

· coroutines

Your essential toolset:

· futures - placeholder object

· coroutines

Your essential toolset:

· coroutines

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COMPARE IT

Sequential

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def get():
    result = huge_db_query()
    self.write(result)
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def get():
    def on_result(result):
        self.write(result)
    huge_db_query(callback=on_result)
```

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def get():
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def get():
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```

Async, coroutine

```
async def get():
    result = await huge_db_query()
    self.write(result)
```

CODE TIME

SET UP THE PROJECT

- · git clone https://github.com/ma3str0/async-workshop
- · cd async-workshop
- python3 -m venv venv
- · pip install -r requirements.txt



SET UP THE PROJECT

- · mkdir my-async-workshop
- · cd my-async-workshop
- python3 -m venv venv
- source venv/bin/activate
- · pip install asyncio aiohttp tornado



ASYNCIO

- · Weather service is located on:
- · https://caceres.me/workshop/weather/today
- · Make a webapp to query that api and display results
- · Use aiohttp to request async
- test with: curl 127.0.0.1:8080/tomorrow -w '\n%
 {time_total}\n'

ASYNCIO, LEVEL UP

- · We also want the weather for tomorrow
- · Query https://caceres.me/..../tomorrow
- · Make sure not to wait for two requests sequentially
- test with: curl 127.0.0.1:8080/tomorrow -w '\n%
 {time_total}\n'

TORNADO

- · Build a network discovery service.
- · Keep {service: url} mapping for your services
- · Proxy requests to your Weather Service

TORNADO

- · Add an authentication service: caceres.me/workshop/auth with params *key=supersecret*
- · Check user permissions before querying weather
- · Bonus: use your Discovery Service to query Auth Service

WEB SOCKETS

- · Websockets are super lightweight by design
- · Much more suitable for microservices and real-time data
- · Copy the chat app from tornado demo files

NOISE APP

- · Let's measure how noisy are our rooms using JS
- · Track this data realtime with web-sockets
- · Manage data streams with Tornado

THANK YOU

