

Text analysis

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Task 1 Pick a book

I choose *The Burning Secret* as the my text analysis. This book was written by Zweig, Stefan.

TASK 2 bag of word analysis

First, I use three types of sentiment analysis methods AFINN, Bing and NRC to plot barplot to compare these methods. From the graph below, the AFINN and Bing method fits better. Most of the polt in *The Burning Secret* is in negative. In this book, While being treated for asthma at a country spa, an American diplomat's lonely 12-year-old son is befriended and infatuated by a suave, mysterious baron. But soon his adored friend heartlessly brushes him aside and turns his seductive attentions to his mother. The boy's jealousy and feelings of betrayal become uncontrollable. The story is set in Austria in the 1920s. That is to say, at the beginning of the book, the sentiment of the book is positive, but soon it converts into negative sentiment. However, it is difficult to identify which of the two methods is better. In the following task, I use Bing method to conduct further analysis.

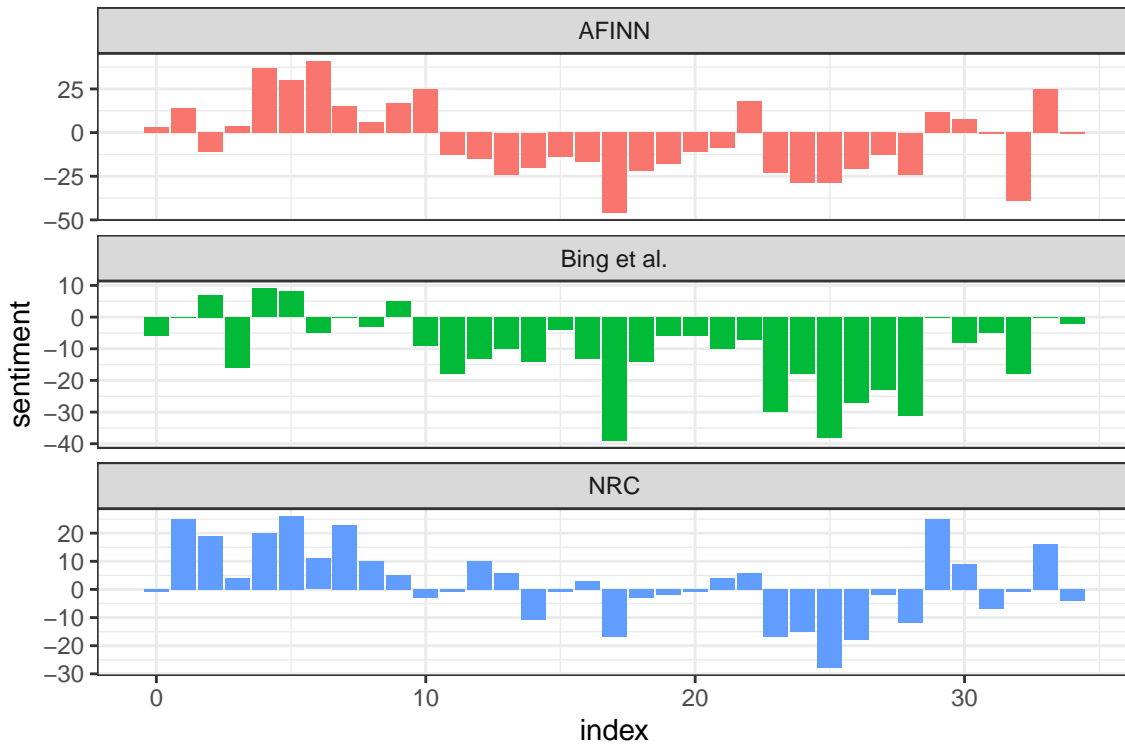
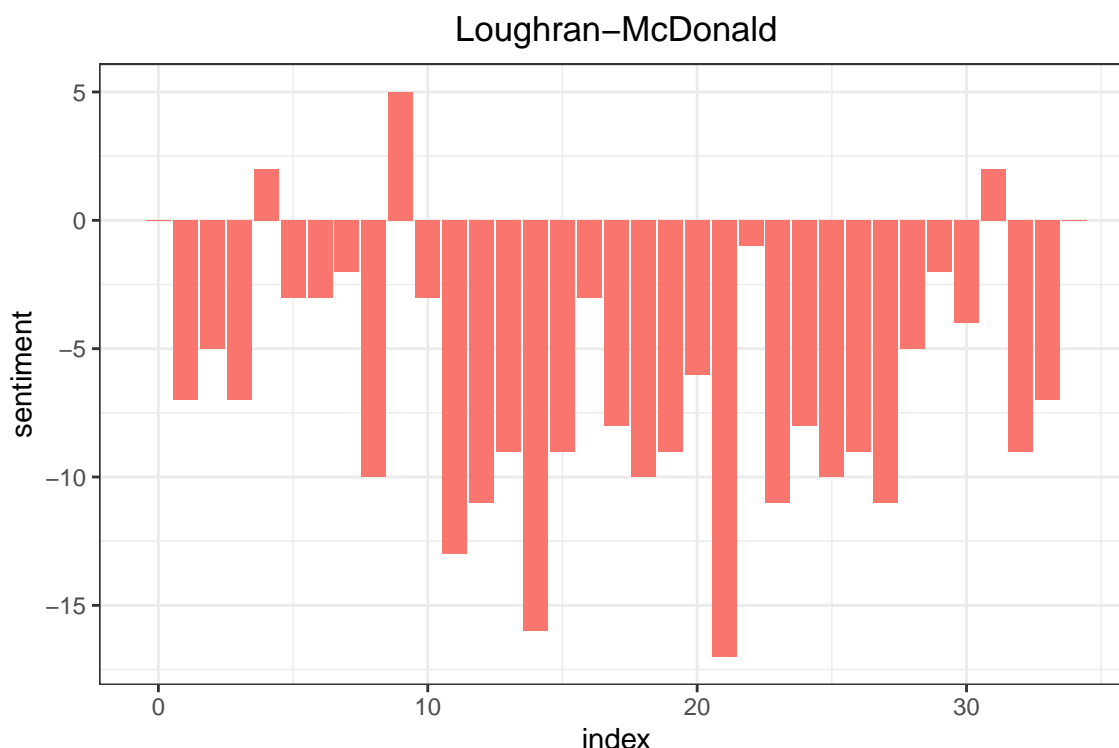


Figure 1: sentiment plot



Then I provide some description. According to the introduction of https://emilhvittfeldt.github.io/textdata/reference/lexicon_loughran.html, this lexicon is created for use with financial documents. Therefore, the graph is complete different from previous lexicon graphs. Therefore, this lexicon cannot correctly reflect the exact sentiment of the book. After all, financial sentiment lexicon isn't necessarily suitable for fiction book.

task 3 sentence-level analysis

tnum

First, I put the book into tnum, the following table shows evidence of my tnum database.

```
# query heading text to display the head
q24<- tnum.query('zweig/test2/heading# has text',max=90)
df24 <- tnum.objectsToDf(q24) # turn the object to df
knitr::kable(df24 %>% select(subject:numeric.value)%>% head())
```

subject	property	string.value	numeric.value
Zweig/test2/heading:0001	text	“”	NA
Zweig/test2/heading:0002	text	“”	NA
Zweig/test2/heading:0003	text	“”	NA
Zweig/test2/heading:0004	text	“”	NA
Zweig/test2/heading:0005	text	“”	NA
Zweig/test2/heading:0006	text	“”	NA

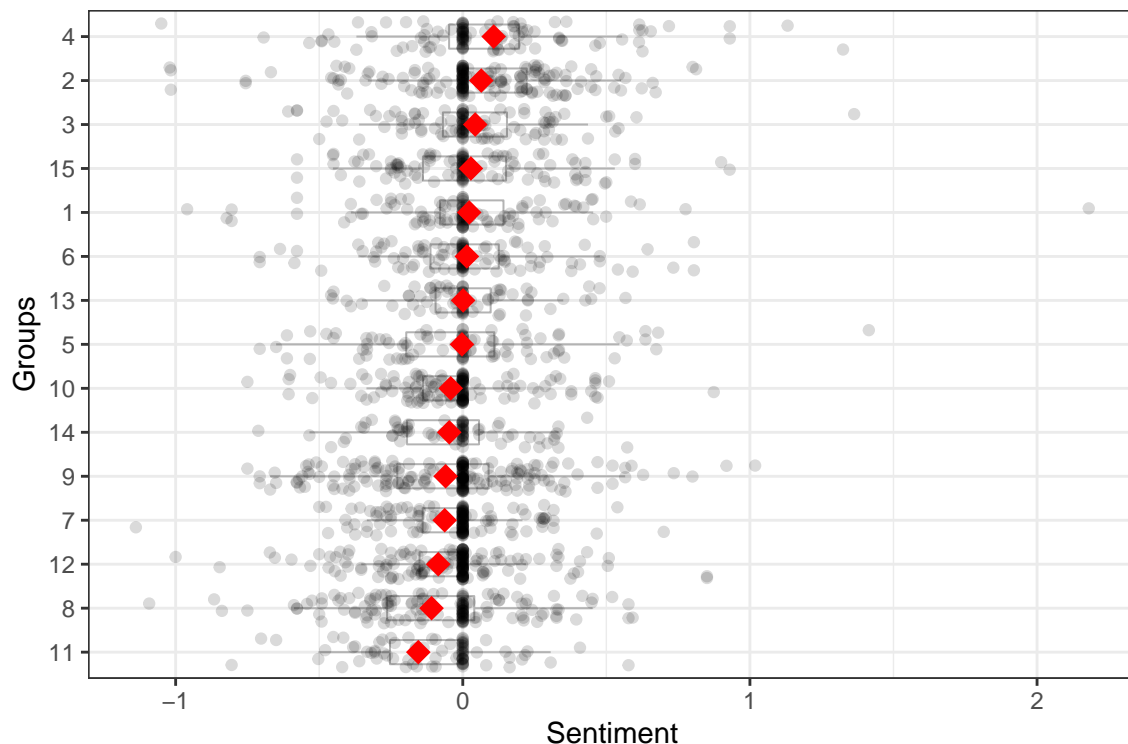
```
# query section and heading text to display the head
q26<- tnum.query('zweig/test2# has text',max=60)
df26 <- tnum.objectsToDf(q26) # turn the object to df
df26 %>% select(subject:string.value)%>% head()
```

```
##
```

subject	property
---------	----------

```
## 1                                Zweig/test2/heading:0001      text
## 2 zweig/test2/section:0001/paragraph:0001/sentence:0001    text
## 3 zweig/test2/section:0001/paragraph:0001/sentence:0002    text
## 4 zweig/test2/section:0001/paragraph:0001/sentence:0003    text
## 5 zweig/test2/section:0001/paragraph:0002/sentence:0001    text
## 6 zweig/test2/section:0001/paragraph:0002/sentence:0002    text
##
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4 "Exacerbated voices called back and forth; then, with a puffing and a chugging and another shrill :
## 5
## 6
```

Then I use `sentimentr` to get sentiment score group by these scores with section to get the average result. The plot sort the average sentiment score from high to low.



Compare this analysis with the analysis you did in Task TWO

It is difficult to directly compare `Sentimentr` and Bing's score. Therefore, I apply `scale` function to keep two variable into the same criteria. Then I use `ggplot` to plot bar plot. From the Figure below, we can see that the trends, say positive and negative direction, are mainly similar. But the exact number differs from two methods. It is difficult to identify which side is more optimistic. However, in some sections, say section 1,3,7,9,11,13,14, bing method is more optimistic than `sentimentr` method. When it comes to other sections, `sentimentr` method is more optimistic than bing method. But generally, these two methods' score have similar positive and negative trends after scaling.

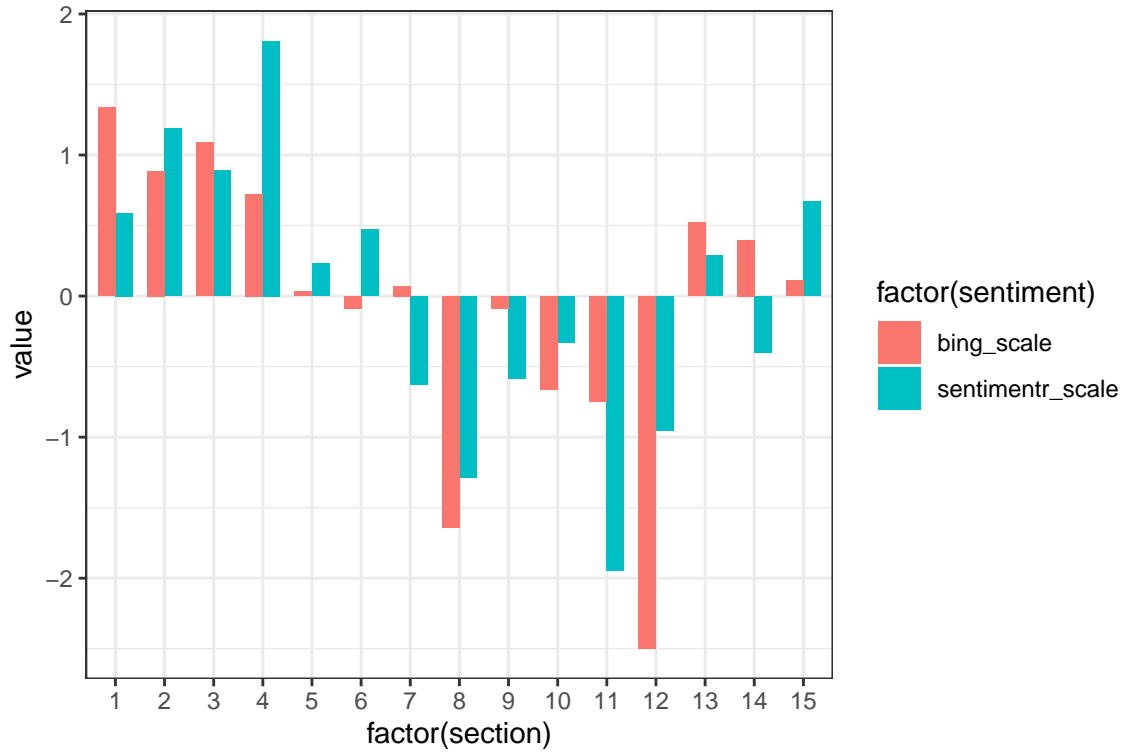


Figure 5: sentiment comparison

EXTRA CREDIT: character analysis

Baron and Edger are two main character among the fiction book. I Pick these two characters from my book. The following table in the count number of times each character appears in each chapter:

chapter	baron	edgar
1	10	2
2	22	17
3	18	16
4	13	12
5	9	5
6	16	18
7	12	13
8	15	24
9	13	19
10	8	14
11	10	12
12	5	18
13	0	11
14	1	13
15	1	14

The following table is the count of number of times both characters appear in the same paragraphs.

section	paragraph	both_appear
2	4	1
2	28	1
2	35	1
2	36	1
2	40	1
3	1	1
3	16	1
4	3	1
4	7	1
4	11	1
4	12	1
4	23	1
4	28	1
5	1	1
6	1	1
6	3	1
6	21	1
7	5	1
7	7	1
7	8	1
7	9	1
8	1	1
8	6	1
8	11	1
8	29	1
8	31	1
8	35	1
9	2	1
9	21	1
9	32	1
9	41	1
10	11	1
11	5	1
11	16	2

Reference

- 1.Litlovers. (unknown date). Burning Secret (Zweig)[Online]. Available from: <https://www.litlovers.com/reading-guides/13-reading-guides/fiction/9958-burning-secret-zweig>[accessed 1 December 2021]
- 2.Gutenberg. (unknown date). The Burning Secret by Stefan Zweig[Online]. Available from: <https://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/45755>[accessed 30 November 2021]
- 3.textdata. (unknown date). Loughran-McDonald sentiment lexicon[Online]. Available from: https://emilhvitefeldt.github.io/textdata/reference/lexicon_loughran.html[accessed 7 December 2021]