

Final Report for MA678 Project

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Abstract:

The National Basketball Association (NBA) is a professional basketball league in North America. The league is composed of 30 teams (29 in the United States and 1 in Canada) and is one of the four major professional sports leagues in the United States and Canada. It is the premier men's professional basketball league in the world. The league was founded in New York City on June 6, 1946, as the Basketball Association of America (BAA). It changed its name to the National Basketball Association on August 3, 1949, after merging with the competing National Basketball League (NBL). The NBA's regular season runs from October to April, with each team playing 82 games. As the premier professional basketball league in the world, the change in style of basketball in the NBA led to the change in style of modern basketball. Here rises problems: Which statistical data of basketball best captures the changing style of modern basketball and how these types of data determine the injury situation for players of each season in today's style of basketball? To address those problems. I use Exploratory Data Analysis to find the factors related to the change of play style and use some statistics to build a multilevel model. However, the model shows that the variables all have a slight impact on the injury situation for each player and is slightly different between seasons as the style of basketball changes as time passes. This report consisted of 6 main parts: Abstract, Introduction, Method, Result and Discussion.

Introduction:

The game of basketball has worldwide appeal. It requires speed, athleticism, skill and the ability to stay calm in the most hectic moments of the game. Basketball has undergone many changes since James Naismith invented the game to give his students something to do when the cold weather prevented them from playing sports outside. As the representative basketball league in the world, in order to gradually improve the ornamental and competitive basketball. The NBA has gone through several landmark rule changes. These rule changes have directly or indirectly affected the development and style of basketball. For example, the establishment of the 3-point line, the establishment of the defensive 3-second violation, the expansion of the 3-second zone, etc. From my point of view, two changes contributed to the style of basketball now, the first one is setting the hand check as a blocking foul outside the 3-point line and the second is the establishment of the 3-point line. The hand check is a defensive maneuver that is made on the ball-handler that a defender would extend an arm and use his hand to initiate contact with the ball-handler. Without defenders using their hands to initiate contact outside the 3-point line, players nowadays have more space to take a relatively more efficient offensive choice: shoot 3-point. I will present how the average number of 3 point attempts per game change from the Season 2010 - 2011 to the Season 2019 - 2020 in my EDA part. When it comes to professional sports, injuries are a perennial problem. For an NBA player, the degree of injury in one season directly determines his performance in this season or even the whole career. In this report, I will analyze that in the current style of basketball, what factors affect the average injuries level of NBA professional players each season.

Therefore I use a multilevel model to see what and how factors may influence the average injuries level of a player in a season. Before that, I clean the data and combine some information collected from Kaggle. I will summarize my process for data cleaning in the following part.

Method

Data Cleaning and Processing:

The main data set is published on Kaggle: Basketball Players Stats per Season - 49 Leagues includes 11,000 players details and stats per Season from the 1999-2000 season through the 2019-2020 season. And in order to analyze the injury situation for players, I also found a data set on Kaggle: NBA Injuries from 2010-2020 includes detail on every injury in the NBA from the beginning of the 2010-2011 season through the end of the 2019-2020 season.

To clean the stats dataset: Firstly, I subset the original dataset by only selecting players who played for NBA from the season 2010-2011 to the season 2019-2020; Secondly, I created a new variable age to store every player's age at that time because I think age is one of important factors that have effect on the average injuries level for players and it can be a factor to distinguish same player from different seasons; Thirdly, I calculate average stats for every players for each season and store them in a new dataset because from my perspective, using average data as factors can more intuitively show how the players' court performance will change with the change of basketball style. Using aggregate data is too general, and if these averages are a significant factor in the season's injury levels, then more detailed adjustments can be made to players' performance to prevent potential injuries; Finally, I separate my dataset into Regular Season and Playoffs and paste season and players name to a new variable join_c to prepare for joining datasets.

To clean the injuries dataset: Firstly, I classify each injury by body part; Secondly, I standardize dates and summarize all the dates into 10 seasons; Thirdly, paste season and players name columns to a new variable join_c to prepare for the joining of datasets.

To wrangle datasets for further analysis: After I cleaned two datasets, I left join them together by the variable: join_c and select the variables that I need for further analysis. And I also assigned levels for injuries according to the standard estimated recovery time and calculated average injury level for each player by generate the mean levels for injuries each season. Below is the table for injury level corresponding to each injury body part:

Injury body part	Injury level	Injury body part	Injury level
None	1	Torso	11
Rest	2	Back	12
Illness	3	Leg	13
Finger	4	Foot	14
Hand	5	Toe	15
Face	6	Ankle	16
Arm	7	Groin	17
Shoulder	8	Hip	18
Neck	9	Knee	19
Head	10	Achilles	20

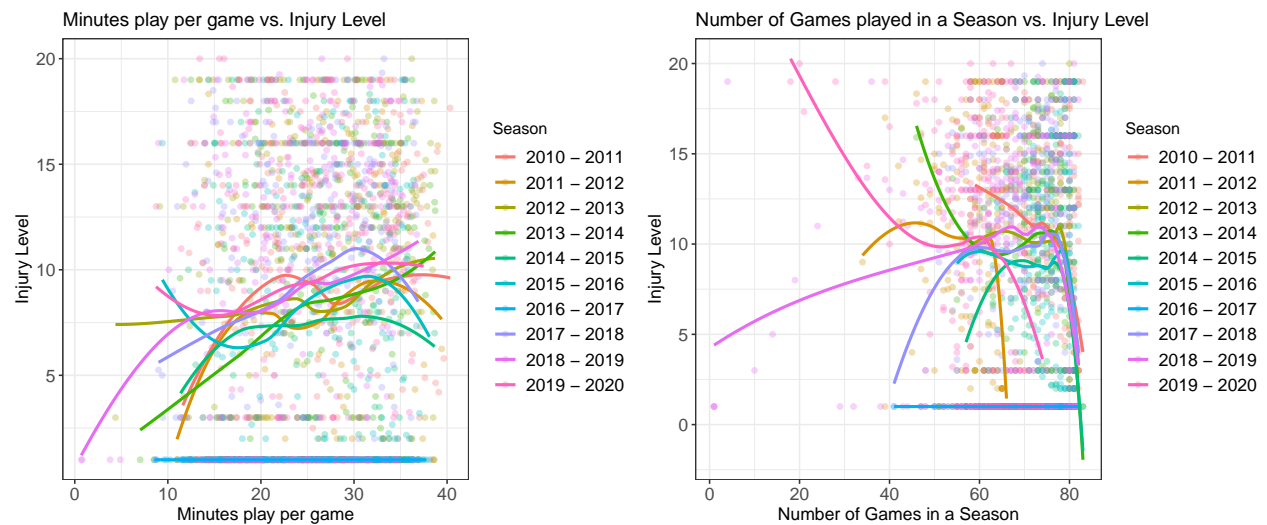
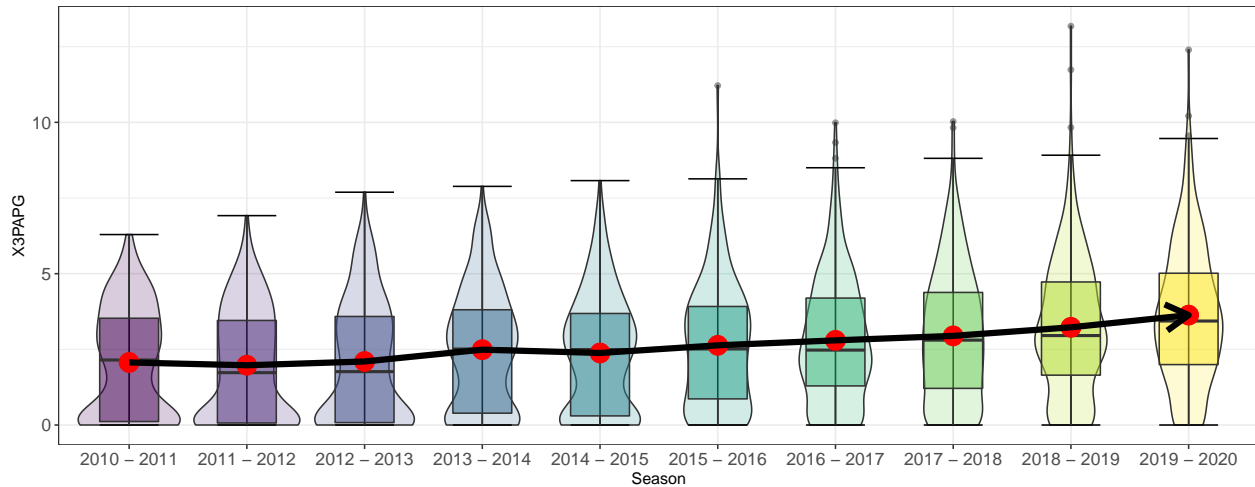
And here are some explanations of variables:

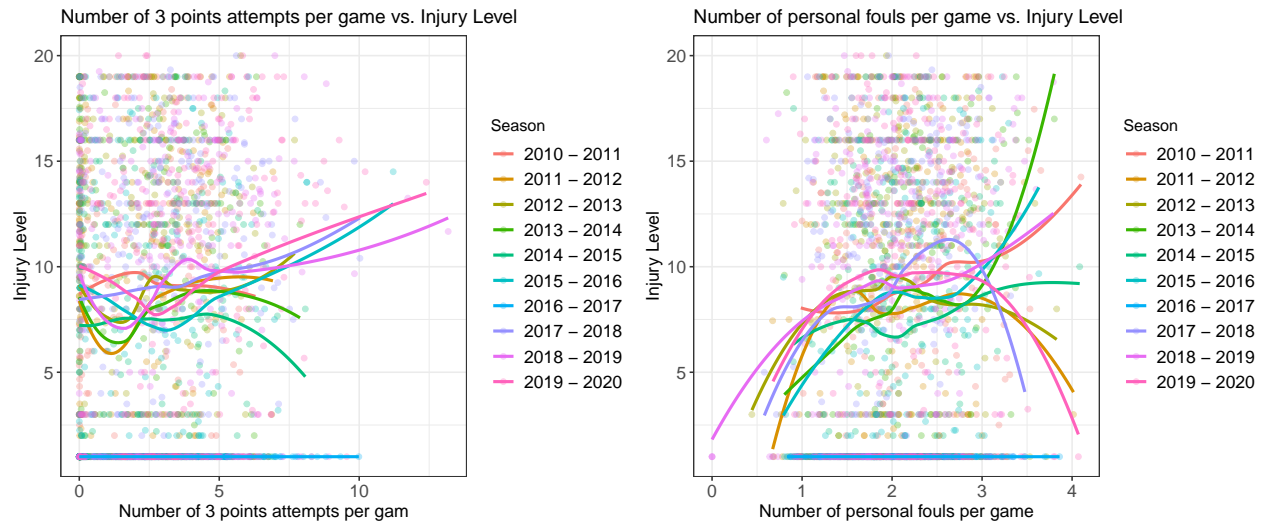
Variable Names	Explanation
Season	NBA regular season year range
Age	Player's Age
PER	Player Efficiency Rating
GP	The number of games a player play in a season
MPG	Average minutes a player play per game
PFPG	Average number of personal fouls per game
X3PAPG	Average number of 3 points attempt per game
height_cm	Player's height in centimeter
weight_kg	Player's weight in kilogram

Variable Names	Explanation
injury_level	A level summarizes the average injuries situation for each player of each season

Exploratory Data Analysis:

Number of 3 Points attempt per game distribution from season 2010–2011 to season 2019–2020





Model Fitting:

Result:

Model build:

We can conclude that the formula:

$$InjuryLevel = 9.93 + 0.014 \times height_{cm} + 0.013 \times weight_{kg} - 0.0016 \times Age + 0.14 \times MPG + 0.041 \times X3PAPG - 0.16 \times GP + 0.38 \times PFPG$$

Indicator select: Season, MPG, GP, PFPG, X3PAPG, height_cm, weight_kg, Age, PER, PFPG

Model Validation:

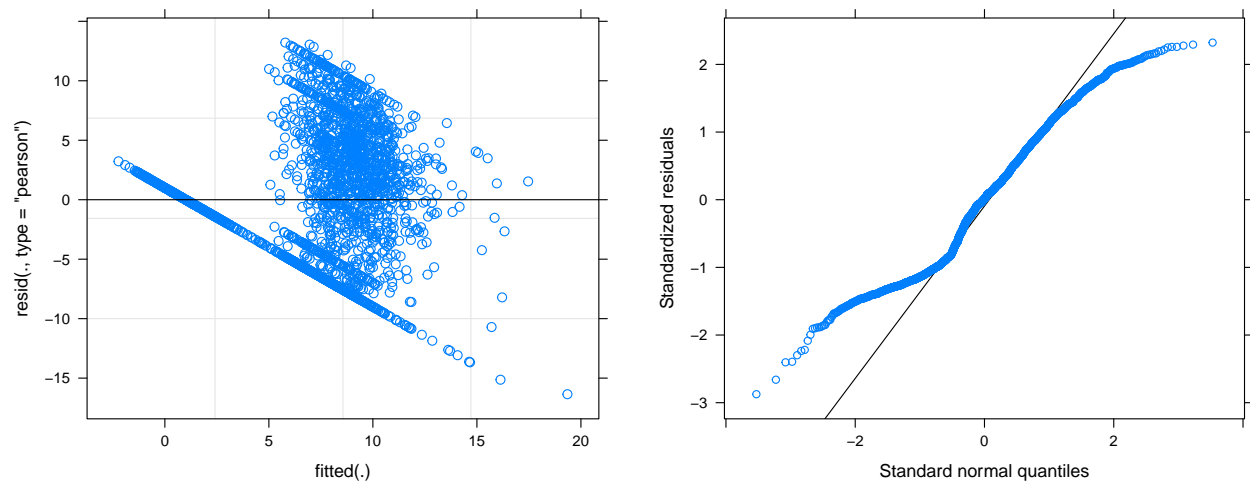


Figure 1: Residual plot and Q-Q plot.

Discussion:

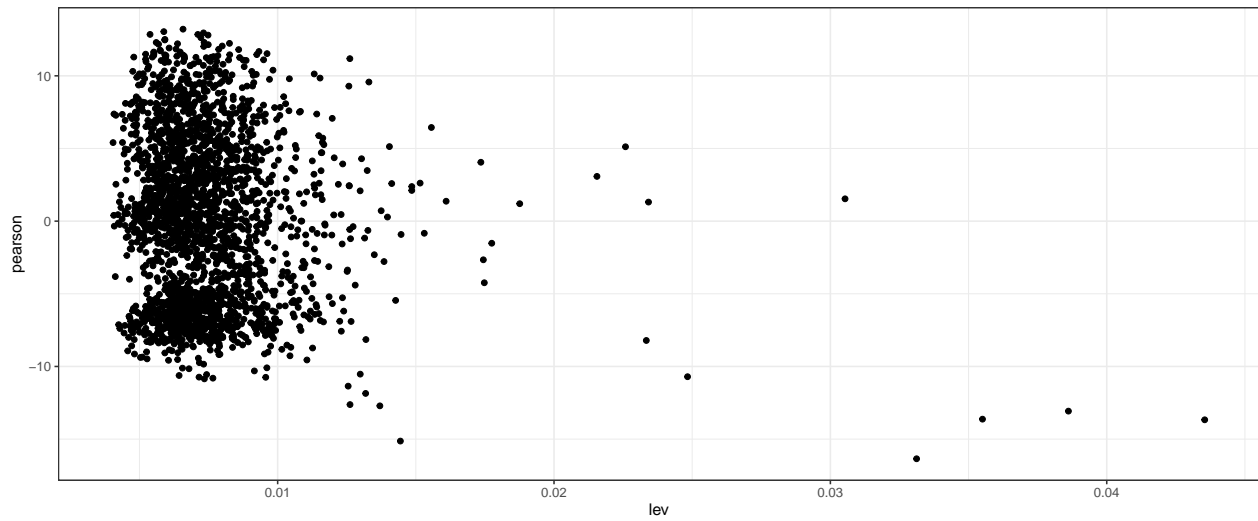


Figure 2: Residuals vs Leverage.

Citation:

<https://www.sportsrec.com/358083-the-history-of-basketball-for-kids.html> <https://dunkorthree.com/hand-checking-rule-nba/> <https://www.kaggle.com/jacobbaruch/basketball-players-stats-per-season-49-leagues>
<https://www.kaggle.com/ghopkins/nba-injuries-2010-2018>

Appendix

More EDA