# Linear equations, inequalities, sets and functions, quadratics, and logarithms

#### 1 Simplify expressions

Simplify the following expressions as much as possible:

a. 
$$(-x^4y^2)^2$$

b. 
$$9(3^0)$$

c. 
$$(2a^2)(4a^4)$$

d. 
$$\frac{x^4}{x^3}$$

e. 
$$(-2)^{7-4}$$

f. 
$$\left(\frac{1}{27b^3}\right)^{1/3}$$

g. 
$$y^7 y^6 y^5 y^4$$

h. 
$$\frac{2a/7b}{11b/5a}$$

i. 
$$(z^2)^4$$

#### 2 Simplify a (more complex) expression

Simplify the following expression:

$$(a+b)^2 + (a-b)^2 + 2(a+b)(a-b) - 3a^2$$

#### 3 Graph sketching

Let the functions f(x) and g(x) be defined for all  $x \in \Re$  by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} |x| & \text{if } x < 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x \ge 1 \end{cases}, \quad g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{if } x < 2 \\ 4 & \text{if } x \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

Sketch the graphs of:

1. 
$$y = f(x)$$

2. 
$$y = g(x)$$

3. 
$$y = f(g(x))$$

4. 
$$y = g(f(x))$$

#### 4 Root finding

Find the roots (solutions) to the following quadratic equations.

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

a. 
$$9x^2 - 3x - 12 = 0$$

b. 
$$x^2 - 2x - 16 = 0$$

c. 
$$6x^2 - 6x - 6 = 0$$

### 5 Systems of linear equations

Solve the following systems of equations for their unknown values. If there is no solution, indicate as such.

a. Two unknowns

$$3x - 2y = 18$$
$$5x + 10y = -10$$

b. Three unknowns

$$5x - 2y + 3z = 20$$
$$2x - 4y - 3z = -9$$
$$x + 6y - 8z = 21$$

c. An animal shelter has a total of 350 animals comprised of cats, dogs, and rabbits. If the number of rabbits is 5 less than one-half the number of cats, and there are 20 more cats than dogs, how many of each animal are at the shelter?

#### 6 Work with sets

Using the sets

$$A = \{2, 3, 7, 9, 13\}$$
 
$$B = \{x : 4 \le x \le 8 \text{ and } x \text{ is an integer}\}$$
 
$$C = \{x : 2 < x < 25 \text{ and } x \text{ is prime}\}$$
 
$$D = \{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, \ldots\}$$

identify the following:

1. 
$$A \cup B$$

2. 
$$(A \cup B) \cap C$$

3. 
$$C \cap D$$

## 7 Simplify logarithms

Express each of the following as a single logarithm:

- a.  $\log(x) + \log(y) \log(z)$
- b.  $2\log(x) + 1$
- c.  $\log(x) 2$