



# Usability Testing & Documentation

MAD9034

Major Project  
Prototyping

Week 5 of 9

Major Project  
**Testing**

Week 5 of 9

Major Project  
Digital Wireframing |  
**Working with Risks and  
Unknowns**

Week 6 of 9

Major Project  
Visual Design |  
Animations, Transitions  
and Interactivity

Week 7 of 9

Major Project  
**Final Testing**

Week 8 of 9

Major Project  
Usability Testing Report |  
Final Presentation

Week 9 of 9

# Final Project Overview

# Final Project Deliverables

Completed

✓	<b>Product Research (Group)</b>
✓	<b>Persona Research (Group)</b>
✓	<b>Persona Creation</b>
✓	<b>Scenarios</b>
✓	<b>Information Architecture</b>
✓	<b>Test Ready Low-Fidelity Prototype</b>
✓	<b>Midterm: Mid-Fidelity Wireframes</b>
✓	<b>Visual Design (6 key screens)</b>

# Final Project Deliverables

Remaining

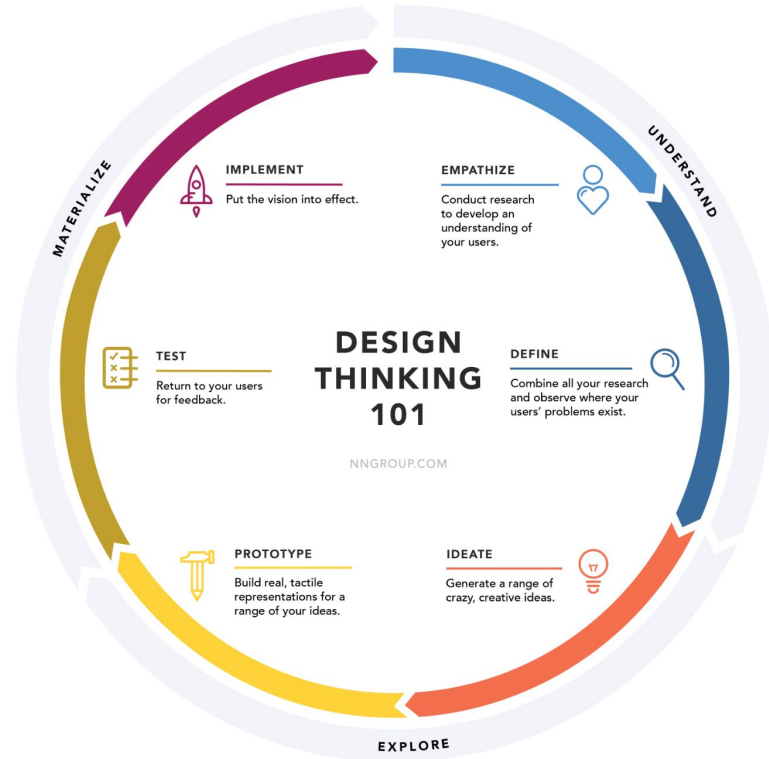
<b>Visual Design (Complete Flow)</b>	To be completed before conducting usability testing
<b>Testing Documentation</b>	Sunday Dec 1st @ midnight
<b>Usability Testing in Class</b>	Thursday, November 28th(010)/Friday, November 29th(020)
<b>Usability Testing Report</b>	Week 14 - analyze the findings, create report, work on final presentation
<b>Final Presentations</b>	Week 15 - both days <b>All students attend both sessions to present and to provide feedback, which are both required for the final grade.</b>

# Testing

# UX Design Process

## Test

- Empathize
- Define
- Design/Ideate
- Prototype
- **Test**
- Implement + Measure



# Testing. Again?

Why?

Didn't we already talk to users? **TWICE?**

1. We did **user research (week 5)**

Focused on understanding user **behaviors, needs, and motivations** through observation techniques, task analysis

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**What ELSE is there to test?**

# Usability testing

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Usability testing is the practice of testing **how easy** a design is to **use** on a group of representative users.

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It usually involves observing users as they attempt to **complete tasks**.

It can be conducted repeatedly, from early development until a product's release.

# Usability testing

What happens in a usability test?

In a typical usability test

- A test moderator gives test participants a series of tasks that they must perform with the prototype or product.
- The tasks represent actions that an end user would typically carry out with the finished product.
- During the test, the moderator observes each participant's steps, routes, and reactions, often also recording the test session on video.

# Usability testing

Why?

## Benefits of Usability Testing

- Cheaper to fix problems found prior to coding
- Learn if participants are able to complete the specified tasks successfully
- Learn how long it takes to complete the specified tasks
- Discover qualitative information (how happy are they with your service)
- Identify required changes to enhance usability

# 3-step rule

For usability testing

- **Step 1 (early stage):**

Use any general user to help encounter basic usability issues (navigation, etc)

- **Step 2 (mid project):**

Use users with a broad spectrum of ability (beginner, advanced)

- **Step 3 (later stage):**

Use target users to refine any specific issues (persona)

# Usability testing

How many participants?



# Types of Usability Testing



# Usability testing

## Types of usability testing

- Hallway testing
- Lab testing
- Remote testing

And...

- Guerrilla-style testing (a form of hallway testing)

# Usability testing

Types of usability testing

## Hallway testing

### Who?

Anyone (Minus people working on project)

### What?

Asking randomly selected people to test a feature of a product

### Why?

Help you discover "brick walls", issues that don't allow users to continue

# Usability testing

Types of usability testing

## Lab testing

### Who?

Target User

### What?

Real-time communication between user and evaluator conducting tests in controlled environment

### Why?

Formal setting with proper equipment to record, observe etc

# Usability testing

Types of usability testing

## Remote testing

### Who?

Target User

### What?

Testing remote users via conferencing software or asynchronous methods: click streams, user logs etc

### Why?

Cheaper, you can test with anyone around the world, can simulate real life context

# Usability testing

## Types of usability testing

### Guerilla testing

Similar to hallway testing, but even rougher & quicker

- Usually < 15 mins
- You approach a person,
- Ask them if they would like to answer a few questions about your product,
- Give them a couple of tasks to do,
- Observe their interaction,
- Ask about their experience,
- And you're done.

# Testing Documentation

# Testing documentation

What are some of the documents produced?

- Test plan
- Test script
- NDA (non-disclosure agreement)

# Test plan

What is it?

A test plan is a document which captures:

- **Who** will be your participants? (profiles)
- **What** are you going to test? (scenarios)
- **Where** will the test be held? (remote/lab/at the user's office, etc)
- **When** will the test be held? (date and time)
- **Why** are you testing those scenarios? (test metrics)
- **How** are you going to conduct the test? (method)



# Test plan

Why create a test plan?

Three main reasons:

- To help yourself get organized
- To communicate the plan to stakeholders, team, and management for feedback or approval
- To guide you (or your colleagues) while executing the usability test

# Test plan

## Outline

Your test plan should include the following sections:

- Project name
- Purpose
- Location
- Schedule
- Sessions
- Participants
- Scenarios
- Quantitative metrics\*
- Roles

# Test plan

## Outline

Specifically, quantitative metrics:

- Successful Task Completion
- Critical Errors
- Non-Critical Errors
- Error-Free Rate
- Time On Task
- Subjective Measures

# Test script

What is it?

A test script is a document which contains the words that a facilitator will say to the participant during the test.

- Sometimes also referred to as a:
- Protocol
- Moderator guide

# Test script

Why write a test script?

Creating a script helps you to:

- Focus your mind on what exactly you're testing, so that your usability test doesn't drift and remains focused;
- Ensure test consistency across multiple test participants;
- Talk about different user scenarios;
- Clearly, articulate the different goals you're testing; and
- Put your users' minds at ease.

# Test script

## Outline

Your test script should include the following sections:

- Welcome
- User profile questions (if required)
- Introducing the test and product
- For each task...
  - Introduce the scenario
  - Introduce the task, and specific instructions to be given
  - Assistance to offer (if needed, and when)
  - Follow-up questions
- Overall follow up questions
- Satisfaction rating
- Conclusion

# Test script

Demo



# NDA

What is it?

An NDA (non-disclosure agreement) is a contract between the usability test participant and the business, which prohibits them from sharing information about your site or app when participating in your test.



# NDA

Why use an NDA?

An NDA allows you to share pre-release concepts and products with external stakeholders, while protecting them from being circulated, and potentially 'leaked' externally.

**It protects your ideas from getting stolen!**

# NDA

## Outline

As an NDA is a legal document, you should not try to write one yourself without the necessary legal expertise.

There are many templates available.

Ensure that you enter:

- Your project/company name
- What will be tested
- What you will be observing and documenting
- Any special conditions/what participants ARE permitted to share

# Testing Documentation

Major project: Week 8 of 9

# Today in class

## Unstructured working session

- Ensure your prototype will support your test plan & script
  - Add screens/states to prototype if needed, or ensure your script acknowledges gaps in functionality
- Finish your test plan, prototype, and test script for testing.
- **DO A PILOT TEST!!** (aim for approx 20 mins test e.g. with two classmate/test partner)
- You will test your prototype with 3-5 participants during the next class

# Coming up

## Usability Testing Analysis and Report



### Mandatory

1. **Submit your Test Documentation**
2. Continue to work on your interactive prototype towards your usability testing session and the final presentation