#### In [7]:

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Function to get the image from the user
def get_image():
    image_path = input("Enter the path to the image: ")
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)
   return image
# Function to visualize the orthogonal projection of the image
def visualize_orthogonal_projection(image):
    # Convert the image to grayscale
   gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
   # Apply the Canny edge detection algorithm
   edges = cv2.Canny(gray_image, 50, 150)
   # Display the image and its orthogonal projection
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
   plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
   plt.title("Original Image")
   plt.axis("off")
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
   plt.imshow(edges, cmap="gray")
   plt.title("Orthogonal Projection")
   plt.axis("off")
   plt.show()
# Function to visualize the orthogonal view of the image
def visualize_orthogonal_view(image):
   # Convert the image to grayscale
   gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
    # Apply the Sobel operator to detect edges
    sobel_x = cv2.Sobel(gray_image, cv2.CV_64F, 1, 0, ksize=3)
    sobel_y = cv2.Sobel(gray_image, cv2.CV_64F, 0, 1, ksize=3)
   # Compute the magnitude of the gradient
   gradient magnitude = np.sqrt(sobel x**2 + sobel y**2)
    # Display the image and its orthogonal view
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
   plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2RGB))
   plt.title("Original Image")
   plt.axis("off")
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
   plt.imshow(gradient_magnitude, cmap="gray")
   plt.title("Orthogonal View")
   plt.axis("off")
   plt.show()
# Main function
def main():
   # Get the image from the user
```

```
image = get_image()

# Visualize the orthogonal projection of the image
visualize_orthogonal_projection(image)

# Visualize the orthogonal view of the image
visualize_orthogonal_view(image)

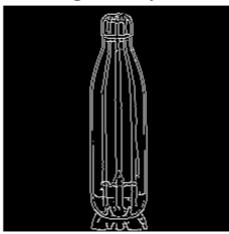
# Run the main function
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

Enter the path to the image: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\download.jpg

## Original Image



Orthogonal Projection



Original Image



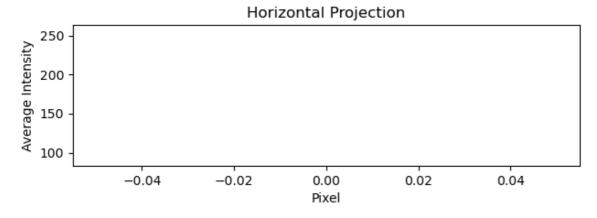
Orthogonal View

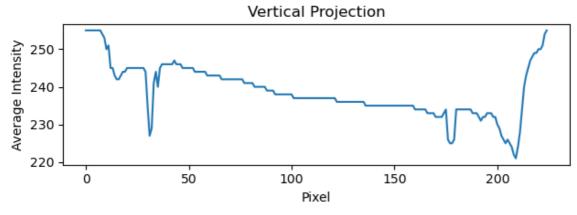


### In [8]:

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Function to visualize the projections of an image
def visualize_projections(image_path):
   # Read the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)
   # Convert the image to grayscale
   gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
   # Perform the projections
   horizontal_projection = cv2.reduce(gray_image, 0, cv2.REDUCE_AVG)
   vertical_projection = cv2.reduce(gray_image, 1, cv2.REDUCE_AVG)
   # Plot the projections
   plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
   plt.plot(horizontal_projection)
   plt.title('Horizontal Projection')
   plt.xlabel('Pixel')
   plt.ylabel('Average Intensity')
   plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
   plt.plot(vertical_projection)
   plt.title('Vertical Projection')
   plt.xlabel('Pixel')
   plt.ylabel('Average Intensity')
   # Display the image and projections
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
# Get the image path from the user
image path = input('Enter the path to the image: ')
# Visualize the projections
visualize_projections(image_path)
```

Enter the path to the image: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\download.jpg





#### In [6]:

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Function to visualize the projections of an image
def visualize_projections(image_path):
    # Read the image
    image = cv2.imread(image_path)
   # Convert the image to grayscale
   gray image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
   # Perform different projections
   projections = []
   projections.append(cv2.resize(image, (300, 300))) # Original image
   projections.append(cv2.resize(cv2.flip(image, 0), (300, 300))) # Vertical flip
   projections.append(cv2.resize(cv2.flip(image, 1), (300, 300))) # Horizontal flip
   projections.append(cv2.resize(cv2.transpose(image), (300, 300))) # Transpose
    # Display the projections
   fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 2)
    axs[0, 0].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(projections[0], cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
   axs[0, 0].set_title("Original Image")
   axs[0, 0].axis("off")
   axs[0, 1].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(projections[1], cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
   axs[0, 1].set_title("Vertical Flip")
   axs[0, 1].axis("off")
   axs[1, 0].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(projections[2], cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
   axs[1, 0].set title("Horizontal Flip")
   axs[1, 0].axis("off")
   axs[1, 1].imshow(cv2.cvtColor(projections[3], cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
   axs[1, 1].set_title("Transpose")
   axs[1, 1].axis("off")
    # Adjust the layout and display the plot
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
# Get the image path from the user
image_path = input("Enter the path to the image: ")
# Visualize the projections of the image
visualize projections(image path)
```

Enter the path to the image: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\download.jpg

# Original Image



Horizontal Flip



Vertical Flip



Transpose

