Python Agent

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The python_agent repo on GitHub provides a MADS agent with an embedded python3 interpreter for developing MADS sgents in Python

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Contents

The Python3 MADS agent is available on https://github.com/MADS-net/python_agent.

Installing

You need to have python3 and python3-dev installed. Then proceed as follows depending on your platform.

UNIX

```
python3 -m venv .venv
source .venv/bin/activate
pip install numpy
# also install other necessary Python libs
cmake -Bbuild -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX="$(mads -p)"
cmake --build build -j6
sudo cmake --install build
```

The above is tested on MacOS and Ubuntu 22.04.

Windows

Run the following from project root:

```
python -m venv .venv
.venv\Scripts\activate
pip install numpy
# also install other necessary Python libs
```

Then:

```
cmake -Bbuild -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX="$(mads -p)"
cmake --build build --config Release
sudo cmake --install build
```



A Enable sudo on Windows

For sudo to work on Windows, you need to enable it on Settings > System > For Developers and set Enable sudo to On.

Executing

The new agent is installed as mads-python, so you can just type mads python -h (or mads-python -h on Windows) to know more:

```
> mads python -h
python ver. 1.2.6
Usage:
  python [OPTION...]
  -p, --period arg
                           Sampling period (default 100 ms)
  -m, --module arg
                           Python module to load
  -n, --name arg
                           Agent name (default to 'python')
  -i, --agent-id arg
                           Agent ID to be added to JSON frames
  -s, --settings arg
                           Settings file path/URI
  -S, --save-settings arg Save settings to ini file
  -v, --version
                           Print version
  -h, --help
                           Print usage
```

Typically, to launch an agent named python_source, which gets its settings from a python_source section in mads.ini, and uses the Python module named source defined in the source.py file and that runs every 100 ms, the command is:

```
mads python -n python_source -m source -p100
```

where:

- -n python_source sets the agent name to python_source, and gets its settings from the same section in the mads.ini file
- -m source sets the Python module to source.py, which is searched for in the Python modules search paths, see below
- -p100 sets the sampling period to 100 ms

Python modules search paths

The Python modules are searched for in the following folders:

- ./python
- ./scripts
- ../python
- ../scripts
- ../../python
- ../../scripts
- INSTALL_PREFIX + /python
- INSTALL_PREFIX + /scripts

plus any path listed in the mads.ini file under the search path key (an array or a single string).

The mads.ini section

The following fields are typically used:

```
[python_source]
period = 200
venv = "/path/to/.venv"
python_module = "my_source"
search_paths = ["/path/to/python/folder"
```

⚠ Warning

The section name must match the -m option argument when you launch the agent, so in the case aboxe you must use -m python_source.

Module Types

Python modules can be of type source, filter, or sink. The module type is defined by setting a top level variable like this, typically at the beginning of the script, just after the various imports:

```
agent_type = "sink"
```

All the modules **must** implement a **setup()** function, which is expected to use the dictionary available in the module variable params (a dictionary) to do initial setup (opening ports or files, etc.)

Source modules must implement a get_output() function, that produces the JSON string that will be published.

Filter modules must implement a process() function, that is supposed to operate on the last received data dictionary (available as data, a module variable) and produce a JSON string that will be published.

Sink modules must implement a deal_with_data() function, that operates on the data dictionary, a module variable.

Examples



To be completed