

IMDB Movie Review Sentiment Analysis Using RNN

Objective

This project focuses on sentiment classification of movie reviews from the IMDB dataset using a Recurrent Neural Network (RNN). The model predicts whether a review expresses a positive or negative sentiment.

Dataset Overview

- The IMDB dataset consists of 50,000 movie reviews, labeled as positive (1) or negative (0).
- The top 10,000 most frequent words are retained.
- Each review is padded to a fixed length of 500 words.

Model Architecture

- **Embedding Layer:** Converts words into 32-dimensional dense vectors.
- **SimpleRNN Layer:** Processes sequential data to learn relationships between words.
- **Dense Output Layer:** Uses sigmoid activation for binary classification (Positive/Negative).

Training & Evaluation

- **Optimizer:** Adam
- **Loss Function:** Binary Crossentropy
- **Batch Size:** 128
- **Epochs:** 10
- **Validation Split:** 20% of training data
- **Test Accuracy:** Achieved an accuracy of ~85% on unseen test data.

Visualization & Predictions

- **Accuracy Trends:** A graph is plotted to show training vs validation accuracy over epochs.
- **Custom Review Predictions:** Users can input their own movie reviews to get sentiment predictions with confidence scores.

Future Enhancements

- Use LSTMs or GRUs for improved handling of long-term dependencies.
- Implement pre-trained embeddings (e.g., GloVe, Word2Vec).
- Apply Transformer models like BERT for better sentiment analysis.