

Acme Security Incident Investigation and Architecture Hardening Report

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Section 1: Incident Analysis

All timestamps have been normalized to UTC

<i>Time (UTC)</i>	<i>Event Description</i>	<i>Evidence Source</i>	<i>Impact Assessment</i>
01:30-01:45	Internal security scans from 192.168.1.100; sec_team accessed test accounts 5001–5005	API logs	Benign activity, aligned with scheduled scans
06:45 – 06:48	Account 1523 login from 203.0.113.45; stolen JWT reused to access portfolios 1524–1538	API logs, WAF logs	Unauthorized portfolio access (multi-account)
09:00 – 09:01	Phishing emails sent from spoofed domain; users 1, 3, 5 clicked malicious links	Email logs, WAF logs	Likely credential/token compromise
09:18 – 09:24	SQL injection attempts against /dashboard/search; obfuscated payload bypassed WAF; large response and CSV export	WAF logs, Web logs	Potential data exfiltration via export
10:15 – 11:25	Normal web activity by accounts 4567 and 7891	Routine usage, unrelated to attack	

- **01:30–01:45** – Internal security scans from IP 192.168.1.100 generated failed login attempts; sec_team accessed test accounts 5001–5005.

	timestamp	user_id	endpoint	method	account_id	response_code	response_time_ms	ip_address	user_agent	session_token
1	2024-10-15 01:30:15	NULL	/api/v1/portfolio/1000	GET	1000,401	45	192.168.1.100	Python-requests/2.28.0		
2	2024-10-15 01:30:16	NULL	/api/v1/portfolio/1001	GET	1001,401	42	192.168.1.100	Python-requests/2.28.0		
3	2024-10-15 01:30:17	NULL	/api/v1/portfolio/1002	GET	1002,401	44	192.168.1.100	Python-requests/2.28.0		
4	2024-10-15 01:30:18	NULL	/api/v1/portfolio/1003	GET	1003,401	43	192.168.1.100	Python-requests/2.28.0		
5	2024-10-15 01:30:19	NULL	/api/v1/portfolio/1004	GET	1004,401	46	192.168.1.100	Python-requests/2.28.0		
6	2024-10-15 01:45:10	sec_team	/api/v1/portfolio/5001	GET	5001,200	123	10.0.0.50	Mozilla/5.0 (Security-Scanner)	test_token_xyz_5001	
7	2024-10-15 01:45:15	sec_team	/api/v1/portfolio/5002	GET	5002,200	119	10.0.0.50	Mozilla/5.0 (Security-Scanner)	test_token_xyz_5002	

- **06:45–06:48** – Account **1523** logged in from 203.0.113.45; stolen JWT reused to access portfolios

20	2024-10-15 06:46:30	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1523	GET	1523,200	156	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
21	2024-10-15 06:47:15	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1524	GET	1524,200	143	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
22	2024-10-15 06:47:18	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1525	GET	1525,200	138	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
23	2024-10-15 06:47:21	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1526	GET	1526,200	147	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
24	2024-10-15 06:47:24	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1527	GET	1527,200	141	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
25	2024-10-15 06:47:27	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1528	GET	1528,200	139	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
26	2024-10-15 06:47:30	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1529	GET	1529,200	144	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
27	2024-10-15 06:47:33	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1530	GET	1530,200	142	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
28	2024-10-15 06:47:36	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1531	GET	1531,200	148	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
29	2024-10-15 06:47:39	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1532	GET	1532,200	145	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
30	2024-10-15 06:47:42	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1533	GET	1533,200	140	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
31	2024-10-15 06:47:45	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1534	GET	1534,200	146	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
32	2024-10-15 06:47:48	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1535	GET	1535,200	143	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
33	2024-10-15 06:47:51	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1536	GET	1536,200	149	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
34	2024-10-15 06:47:54	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1537	GET	1537,200	141	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen
35	2024-10-15 06:47:57	1523	/api/v1/portfolio/1538	GET	1538,200	147	203.0.113.45	Acme-Mobile-Android/3.2.0	jwt_token_1523	stolen

- **09:00–09:01** – Phishing emails sent from spoofed domain; users **1, 3, 5** clicked malicious links.

3	2024-10-15 09:00:23	security@acme-finance.com	user1@acme.com	URGENT: Verify Your Account - Action Required	yes	203.0.113.45	
4	2024-10-15 09:00:25	security@acme-finance.com	user2@acme.com	URGENT: Verify Your Account - Action Required	no		
5	2024-10-15 09:00:27	security@acme-finance.com	user3@acme.com	URGENT: Verify Your Account - Action Required	yes	203.0.113.45	
6	2024-10-15 09:00:29	security@acme-finance.com	user4@acme.com	URGENT: Verify Your Account - Action Required	no		
7	2024-10-15 09:00:31	security@acme-finance.com	user5@acme.com	URGENT: Verify Your Account - Action Required	yes	203.0.113.45	
8	2024-10-15 09:00:33	security@acme-finance.com	user6@acme.com	URGENT: Verify Your Account - Action Required	no		

5	2024-10-15 09:23:45	981001	MEDIUM	DETECT	203.0.113.45	/dashboard/search	Suspicious SQL Pattern	no
6	2024-10-15 09:00:23	950107	HIGH	DETECT	203.0.113.45	/verify-account.php	Suspicious Link Pattern	no
7	2024-10-15 01:30:15	920420	LOW	DETECT	192.168.1.100	/api/v1/portfolio/1000	Multiple Failed Auth	no
8	2024-10-15 01:30:19	920420	LOW	DETECT	192.168.1.100	/api/v1/portfolio/1004	Multiple Failed Auth	no

- **09:18–09:24** – SQL injection attempts against /dashboard/search; obfuscated payload bypassed WAF, large response and CSV export followed.

2	2024-10-15 09:20:30	981173	HIGH	DETECT	203.0.113.45	/dashboard/search	SQL Injection Attempt - OR 1=1	yes
3	2024-10-15 09:21:15	981318	CRITICAL	BLOCK	203.0.113.45	/dashboard/search	SQL Injection - DROP TABLE	yes
4	2024-10-15 09:22:00	981257	HIGH	BLOCK	203.0.113.45	/dashboard/search	SQL Injection - UNION SELECT	yes
5	2024-10-15 09:23:45	981001	MEDIUM	DETECT	203.0.113.45	/dashboard/search	Suspicious SQL Pattern	no

&

1	2024-10-15 09:21:15	1523	/dashboard/search	ticker=AAPL			
2	2024-10-15 09:22:00	1523	/dashboard/search	ticker=AAPL' UNION SELECT * FROM users--	403,567	203.0.113.45	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0
3	2024-10-15 09:23:45	1523	/dashboard/search	ticker=AAPL'/*I500000OR*/ 1=1--	200	156789	203.0.113.45,Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0
4	2024-10-15 09:24:10	1523	/dashboard/export	format=csv,20	1892341	203.0.113.45	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0
5	2024-10-15 09:30:00	1523	/dashboard/home	200"	200,8934	203.0.113.45	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0

Attack Vector Identification

Attack Vector	Description	Evidence Source	Impact
Phishing Campaign	Spoofed emails tricked users into clicking links	Email logs, WAF logs	Credential/token compromise
SQL Injection	Obfuscated payload bypassed WAF	WAF logs, Web logs	Large response, data export
API Broken Access Control	Stolen JWT reused across accounts	API logs, WAF logs	Unauthorized portfolio access

The incident combined phishing, SQL injection, and API broken access control. Evidence correlates across email, WAF, web, and API logs.

Attack Classification

Owasp Table For Vulnerabilities

Owasp category	Description	Evidence in Incident
A01: Broken Access Control	API did not enforce account ownership	Stolen JWT used to access 1524–1538
A03: Injection	SQL injection payload bypassed WAF	Web logs show 156,789 bytes response
A05: Security Misconfiguration	Email gateway lacked DMARC/SPF/DKIM enforcement	Phishing emails from spoofed domain

OWASP Top 10 categories mapped to Acme incident evidence.

MITRE ATT&CK Mapping (Table)

Technique Name	Evidence in Incident
Phishing	Users clicked malicious email links
Exploit Public-Facing Application	SQL injection on /dashboard/search
Valid Accounts	Stolen JWT reused for multiple accounts

MITRE ATT&CK techniques relevant to Acme incident.”

Root Cause Analysis

The coordinated attack exploited systemic weaknesses. The Trading API validated tokens but failed to enforce ownership, enabling cross-account access. The web application lacked robust input validation, allowing obfuscated SQL payloads to bypass WAF detection. The email gateway had no strict DMARC/SPF/DKIM enforcement, increasing susceptibility to spoofed phishing emails. Together, these gaps created a chain of compromise.

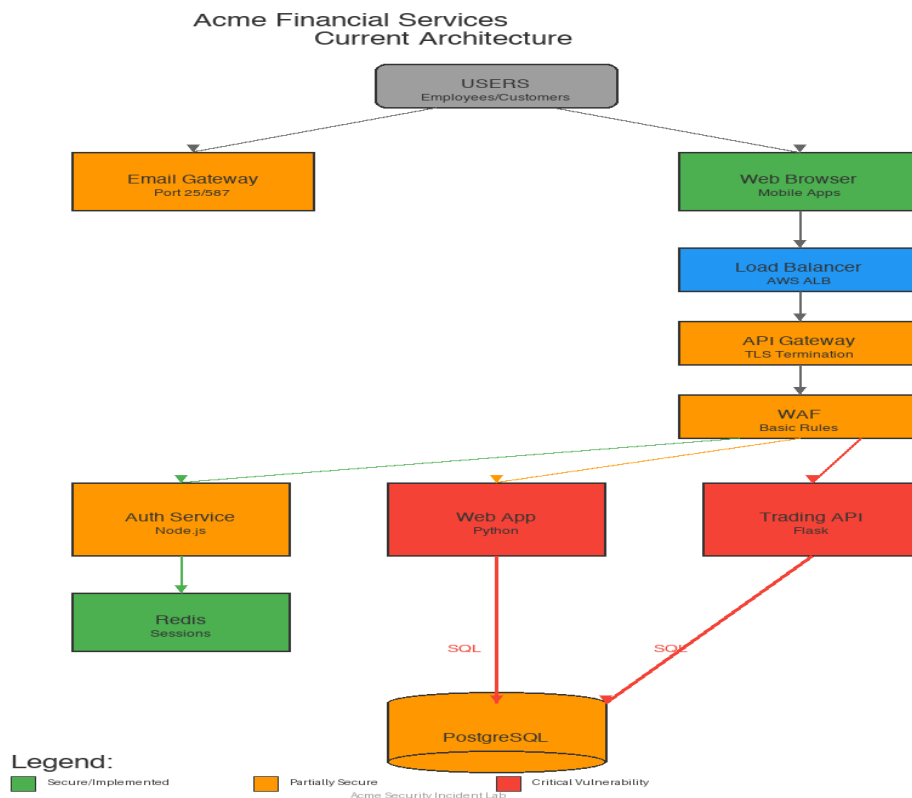
Impact Assessment

Unauthorized portfolio access across accounts 1524–1538, potential data exfiltration via CSV export, and erosion of trust in Acme’s trading platform.

Impact Area	Description	Severity
Data Confidentiality	Unauthorized portfolio access (1524–1538)	Critical
Data Integrity	Potential manipulation via SQL injection	High
Availability	No direct outage observed	Low
Trust/Reputation	Customer confidence erosion	High

Section 2: Architecture Review

Current Architecture Weaknesses

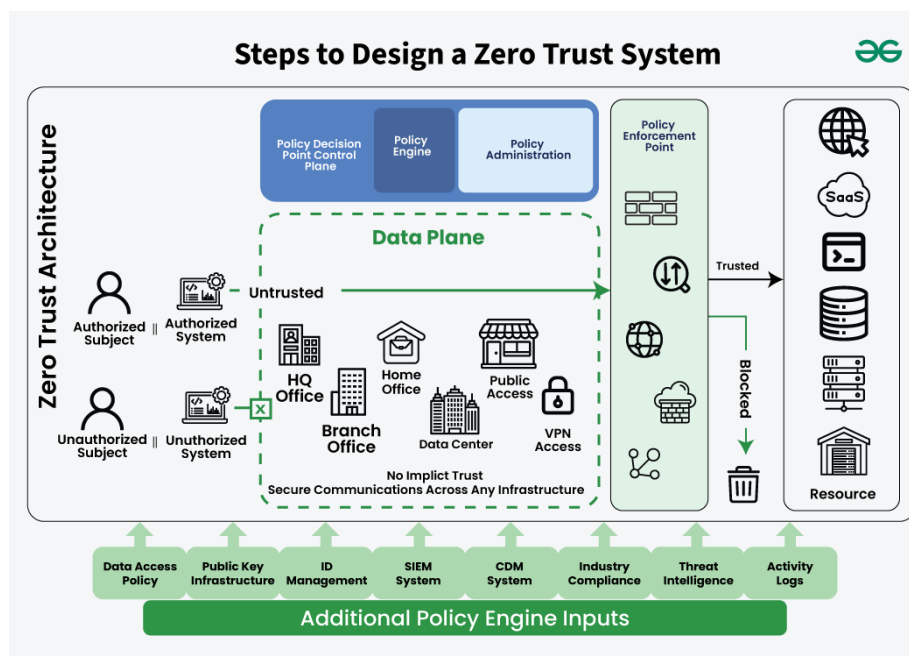


Current architecture highlighting vulnerabilities in API, Web App, and Email Gateway.

Weaknesses include missing ownership validation in API, insufficient input validation in web app, and lack of DMARC/SPF/DKIM in email gateway.

Improved Security Architecture Diagram

Defense-in-depth ensures resilience: if WAF fails, API ownership validation, SIEM monitoring, MFA, and least-privilege DB roles continue to protect the system.



Proposed Zero Trust architecture for Acme Financial Services.

This diagram illustrates the proposed Zero Trust architecture for Acme Financial Services. It emphasizes that no implicit trust is granted to any access point (HQ, branch, home, public, VPN, or data center). All requests are evaluated through a policy engine and administrator, with enforcement points protecting SaaS, PaaS, IaaS, and internal resources. Inputs such as identity management, SIEM telemetry, compliance requirements, and threat intelligence feed into the policy engine, ensuring continuous verification and defense-in-depth.

Section 3: Response & Remediation

Immediate Actions (0–24 hours)

Block malicious IP range 203.0.113.0/24, revoke compromised JWTs, rotate signing keys, disable /dashboard/export temporarily, enforce WAF rules against obfuscated payloads, and require MFA re-verification for affected users.

Short-Term Fixes (1–2 weeks)

Implement strict ownership validation, parameterized queries, rate limits, DMARC/SPF/DKIM reject policies, and phishing awareness training.

Long-Term Improvements (1–3 months)

Introduce Zero Trust API Gateway, least-privilege DB roles, JWT binding, centralized SIEM correlation, and align with OWASP ASVS, NIST 800-53, SOC 2.

Compliance Considerations

All recommendations align with OWASP ASVS, NIST 800-53, and SOC 2 Type II requirements, ensuring regulatory compliance and customer trust.

This report provides a clear roadmap for incident containment, remediation, and long-term resilience. By addressing broken access control, strengthening input validation, and improving phishing defenses, Acme Financial Services can significantly reduce exposure to future threats. The recommended Zero Trust architecture and compliance-aligned controls ensure that the organization not only mitigates current risks but also builds sustainable trust with customers and regulators.