

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Level

ACCOUNTING 9706/41

Paper 4 Problem Solving (Supplementary Topics)

October/November 2010

2 hours

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

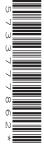
Answer all questions.

All accounting statements are to be presented in good style. Workings should be shown.

You may use a calculator.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



International Examinations

- 1 Akram, Bhupesh and Chuck were in partnership. Their partnership agreement provided that:
 - 1 Akram received a partnership salary of \$8000 per annum
 - 2 Partners be credited with interest on capital at 6% per annum
 - 3 Residual profits be shared in the ratio 3:2:1 respectively
 - 4 Chuck be guaranteed a minimum share of residual profits of \$7 200.

The partnership trial balance at 31 March 2010, after the preparation of the partnership trading account, was as follows.

| | Dr | Cr |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Gross profit | | 383 000 |
| Trade receivables (debtors) | 24 000 | |
| Trade payables (creditors) | | 18 000 |
| Inventories (stock) at 31 March 2010 | 37 000 | |
| Non-current (fixed) assets at cost | | |
| Buildings | 310 000 | |
| Machinery | 170 000 | |
| Vehicles | 120 000 | |
| Provisions for depreciation | | |
| Buildings | | 105 000 |
| Machinery | | 68 000 |
| Vehicles | | 77 000 |
| General expenses | 327 000 | |
| Bank | | 14 000 |
| Capital accounts | | |
| Akram | | 160 000 |
| Bhupesh | | 110 000 |
| Chuck | | 80 000 |
| Current accounts | | |
| Akram | | 14 000 |
| Bhupesh | | 27 000 |
| Chuck | | 37 000 |
| Drawings | | |
| Akram | 40 000 | |
| Bhupesh | 30 000 | |
| Chuck | 35 000 | |
| | 1 093 000 | 1 093 000 |

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Additional information

- 1 A family holiday taken by Bhupesh, costing \$3400, had been entered in general expenses.
- 2 A bad debt of \$500 was written off during the year. It had not been entered in the books of account.
- 3 A bad debt of \$400 written off in the year ended 31 March 2009 was partially recovered. The debtor paid, by cheque, \$0.50 for each \$1 owed. No entries had been made in the books of account.
- 4 A machine purchased in January 2010 for \$17 000 had been included in general expenses.
- 5 Depreciation is to be provided at the following rates:

Buildings at 2% per annum on cost Machinery at 10% per annum on cost Vehicles at 40% per annum reducing balance.

A full year's depreciation is provided on non-current (fixed) assets acquired during the year.

REQUIRED

- (a) Prepare an income statement (profit and loss account) and an appropriation account for the year ended 31 March 2010. [11]
- (b) Prepare the partners' current accounts at 31 March 2010. [6]

At the close of business on 31 March 2010 the partnership was taken over by EDC Ltd. The company took over all the assets and liabilities, with the exception of the bank balance, for a purchase consideration of \$600 000.

The purchase consideration comprised:

\$30 000 in cash;

150 000 \$1 debentures at par shared equally between the partners;

300 000 ordinary shares of \$1 in EDC Ltd. These were shared among the partners in their profit sharing ratios.

The partnership expenses incurred in the takeover amounted to \$20 200.

REQUIRED

- (c) Prepare the partners' capital accounts to close the books of account of the partnership. [16]
- (d) Prepare the partnership bank account to close the books of account.

[Total: 40]

[7]

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2 The balance sheets at 31 March 2010 and 2009 for Costello plc are shown below:

| | 20 | 10 | 20 | 09 |
|--|--------------|------------|-------|-------|
| | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 | \$000 |
| Non-current (fixed) assets (Note 1) | | 8 080 | | 5 330 |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Inventories (stock) | 948 | | 920 | |
| Trade and other receivables (debtors) | 542 | | 522 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (bank) | | | 580 | |
| | 1 490 | | 2 022 | |
| Current liabilities (creditors: amounts falling due within | one year) | | | |
| Trade and other payables (creditors) | (453) | | (234) | |
| Tax | (168) | | (306) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (bank) | (87) | | | |
| | (708) | | (540) | |
| Net current assets | | 782 | | 1 482 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 8 862 | | 6 812 |
| Non-current liabilities (creditors: amounts falling due a | fter more th | an one yea | ar) | |
| 7% debentures (Note 2) | | (360) | | (500) |
| Net assets | | 8 502 | | 6 312 |
| Equity | | | | |
| Ordinary shares of \$1 each fully paid (Note 3) | | 3 000 | | 2 000 |
| Share premium account | | 1 000 | | _ |
| Retained earnings | | 4 502 | | 4 312 |
| - | | 8 502 | | 6 312 |

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The following information is available for the year ended 31 March 2010:

| The fellowing information to available for the year one | iod of Maron 2010. | |
|---|--|---|
| Profit from operations (operating profit) Finance costs (interest paid) Tax Dividends paid Retained profit for the year | | \$000 <u>393</u> (30) 363 (168) 195 (5) <u>190</u> |
| Note 4 | | |
| Note 1 Non-current (fixed) assets | | |
| Land Cost Additions Revaluation Book value | 2010 \$000 2550 450 500 3500 | 2009 \$000 2550 - 2550 |
| There were no disposals of land during the year. | | |
| Buildings Cost Additions Accumulated depreciation Net book value | \$000 1 530 1 350 (900) 1 980 | \$000 1 530 - (430) 1 100 |
| There were no disposals of buildings during the year. | | |
| Plant and machinery Cost Additions Disposals Accumulated depreciation Net book value | \$000 1 600 620 (130) (810) 1 280 | \$000 1 600 - - (400) 1 200 |
| During the year plant and machinery which had origing. The depreciation charged on this plant and machiner | | old for \$6000. |
| Vehicles Cost Additions Disposals | \$000 900 1 270 (200) | \$000 900 - - |
| | (0-0) | (4 0 0) |

During the year vehicles which had originally cost \$200 000 were sold at a profit of \$7000. The sales proceeds were \$37 000.

(650)

1320

(420)

480

Accumulated depreciation

Net book value

Note 2

\$140 000 debentures were redeemed on 30 September 2009.

Note 3

In May 2009 a bonus issue of 1 new ordinary share for every 4 held was made. It is company policy to maintain reserves in their most flexible form. A rights issue of 1 ordinary share for every 5 held at a premium of \$2 each was made in February 2010.

REQUIRED

- (a) Prepare a statement to show the reconciliation of profit from operations (operating profit) to net cash flow from operating activities for the year ended 31 March 2010. [13]
- (b) Prepare a statement of cash flows (cash flow statement) for the year ended 31 March 2010 in good form. [16]
- (c) Calculate the net debt of Costello plc at both 31 March 2009 and 31 March 2010.

Prepare a reconciliation showing the movement between the two figures. [7]

(d) State two reasons why a business might prepare a statement of cash flow statement). [4]

[Total: 40]

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3 The committee of the Qadir Cricket club want your financial advice about employing Brad Driscoll at the start of next season.

Brad is a young player who has impressed cricket lovers all over the world. He would sign a 5 year contract. He would receive an initial payment and be paid a salary as follows:

| | \$ |
|-----------------|---------|
| Initial payment | 200 000 |
| Salary year 1 | 30 000 |
| 2 | 36 000 |
| 3 | 43 200 |
| 4 | 51 840 |
| 5 | 62 208 |

The club would rent an apartment for Brad. The rent of the apartment would be as follows:

| | | | | \$ |
|------|------|---|---|-----|
| Rent | year | 1 | 3 | 600 |
| | | 2 | 3 | 600 |
| | | 3 | 4 | 500 |
| | | 4 | 4 | 500 |
| | | 5 | 4 | 500 |

The total rent for each year would be paid at the start of the year.

The club would pay Brad \$1000 at the end of **each** year towards the air fare to visit home.

Without Brad attendance receipts would remain constant at \$1 000 000 per year.

If Brad were employed receipts would rise by 10% each year.

REQUIRED

(a) Calculate the net cash flow generated by the new player, Brad Driscoll.

[22]

The current cost of capital for the club is 12%.

The present value of \$1 at an interest rate of 12% per annum is:

| Year 1 | \$0.893 |
|--------|---------|
| | |
| Year 2 | \$0.797 |
| Year 3 | \$0.712 |
| Year 4 | \$0.636 |
| Year 5 | \$0.507 |

REQUIRED

(b) Calculate the net present value for Brad.

[8]

(c) Calculate the discounted payback period for Brad.

[4]

The Qadir Cricket Club has also considered employing a different player, Tanzeel. The club accountant has calculated the net present value of Tanzeel to be \$181 606 and that his payback period would be 2.27 years. Tanzeel would retire from cricket at the end of year 3.

REQUIRED

(d) Advise the club committee which player they should employ, Brad or Tanzeel. Give reasons for your answer, using both financial and non-financial factors. [6]

[Total: 40]

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