UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9709 MATHEMATICS

9709/62

Paper 6, maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Mark Scheme Notes

Marks are of the following three types:

- M Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- When a part of a question has two or more "method" steps, the M marks are generally independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly when there are several B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB (or dep*) is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier M or B (asterisked) mark in the scheme. When two or more steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
- The symbol √ implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only. A and B marks are not given for fortuitously "correct" answers or results obtained from incorrect working.
- Note: B2 or A2 means that the candidate can earn 2 or 0.
 B2/1/0 means that the candidate can earn anything from 0 to 2.

The marks indicated in the scheme may not be subdivided. If there is genuine doubt whether a candidate has earned a mark, allow the candidate the benefit of the doubt. Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored.

- Wrong or missing units in an answer should not lead to the loss of a mark unless the scheme specifically indicates otherwise.
- For a numerical answer, allow the A or B mark if a value is obtained which is correct to 3 s.f., or which would be correct to 3 s.f. if rounded (1 d.p. in the case of an angle). As stated above, an A or B mark is not given if a correct numerical answer arises fortuitously from incorrect working. For Mechanics questions, allow A or B marks for correct answers which arise from taking *g* equal to 9.8 or 9.81 instead of 10.

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The following abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme or used on the scripts:

AEF	Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable)
AG	Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid)
BOD	Benefit of Doubt (allowed when the validity of a solution may not be absolutely clear)
CAO	Correct Answer Only (emphasising that no "follow through" from a previous error is allowed)
CWO	Correct Working Only – often written by a 'fortuitous' answer
ISW	Ignore Subsequent Working
MR	Misread
PA	Premature Approximation (resulting in basically correct work that is insufficiently
	accurate)
sos	accurate) See Other Solution (the candidate makes a better attempt at the same question)

Penalties

- MR −1 A penalty of MR −1 is deducted from A or B marks when the data of a question or part question are genuinely misread and the object and difficulty of the question remain unaltered. In this case all A and B marks then become "follow through "marks. MR is not applied when the candidate misreads his own figures this is regarded as an error in accuracy. An MR −2 penalty may be applied in particular cases if agreed at the coordination meeting.
- PA –1 This is deducted from A or B marks in the case of premature approximation. The PA –1 penalty is usually discussed at the meeting.

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1	$\bar{x} =$	4.3	B1		4.3 or 645/150 or 18.49 seen
			M1		Subst in correct formula to find sd or var or
	sd =	$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{8287.5}{150} - 4.3^2\right)} = \sqrt{36.76} = 6.063$			expand $\Sigma(x-\overline{x})^2$ correctly and substitute
	$\Sigma(x)$	$(-\bar{x})^2 = 150 \times 6.063^2$	M1		Mult by 150
		= 5514 (5510)	A1	[4]	Answer rounding to 5510
2	(i)		B1		0, 2, 4 only seen for <i>Y</i> no probs needed.
		y 0 2 4 $P(Y = y)$ 0.42 0.48 0.1			Accept other vals if $P(value) = 0$ seen in table, allow 0002244 with probs
			M1		Summing two or more 2-factor probs (can be
			A1		implied) One correct prob
			A1	[4]	Correct table or list
	(ii)	0.96 + 0.4 = 1.36	B1ft	[1]	Ft their table for Y or X $\Sigma p = 1$
3	(i)	P(2 < X < 12) = 1 - P(0, 1, 2, 12)	M1		Using binomial with ${}_{12}C_{\text{something}}$ and powers summing to 12, $\Sigma p = 1$
		$= 1 - (0.35)^{12} - (0.65)(0.35)^{11}_{12}C_1 - (0.65)^2(0.35)^{10}_{12}C_2 - (0.65)^{12}$	A1		Correct unsimplified answer
		=1-0.0065359			
		= 0.993	A1	[3]	Accept 0.994 from correct working only
	(ii)	$1 - (0.87)^n > 0.95$	M1		Equality or inequality in $(0.87 \text{ or } 0.78 \text{ or } 0.35)$, power n or $n-1$, 0.95 or 0.05
		$0.05 > (0.87)^n$	M1		Attempt to solve an equation with a power in (can be implied)
		n = 22	A1	[3]	Correct answer
4	(i)	A: $median = 0.186$,	B1		
		IQ range = $0.198 - 0.179$	M1		Subt LQ from their UQ
		= 0.019	A1ft	[3]	Correct IQ range ft dp in wrong place
	(ii)	A	B1ft		2 correct boxes ft (i) OK if superimposed
		В			
			B1		2 pairs correct whiskers lines up to box not inside
		0.15 0.16 0.17 0.18 0.19 0.20 0.21	B1	[3]	Correct uniform scale from at least 0.15 to 0.21 seen. No scale no marks (ii) unless perfect <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> with all 10 values shown
					periect it and b with all 10 values shown

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OR A3 B3 or A4 B2 or A5 B1 or A6 $= {}_{6}C_{3} + {}_{8}C_{4} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{8}C_{3} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{8}C_{6}$ $= 56 + 210 + 168 + 28$ $= 462$ (ii) ${}_{8}C_{4} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{9}C_{5} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{8}C_{6}$ $= 210 + 168 + 28$ $= 406$ (iii) ${}_{9}C_{4} + {}_{9}C_{6} = 126 + 84$ M1 $= 210$ OR $1, 2 \text{ in A log with : A1B3 + A2B2 + A3B1 + A4B0 + 1, 2 out of A : A3B3 + A4B2 + A3B1 + A4B0 + 1, 2 out of A : A3B3 + A4B2 + A3B1 + A6B0$ $= {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{4} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{6}C_{3} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{4} + {}_{6}C_{3} \times {}_{6}C_{4} + {}_{6}C_{4} \times {}_{6}C_{4} + {}_{6}C_{4} \times {}_{6}C$	_	(2)	0. 402	D1		
$ = {}_8C_3 + {}_8C_4 \times {}_3C_2 + {}_8C_3 \times {}_3C_1 + {}_8C_6 \\ = 56 + 210 + 168 + 28 \\ = 462 $	5	(1)		B1		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
(ii) ${}_{3}C_{4} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{8}C_{3} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{8}C_{6}$ $= 210 + 168 + 28$ $= 406$ (iii) ${}_{9}C_{4} + {}_{9}C_{6} = 126 + 84$ B1 Any correct option unsimplified Correct answer M1 Summing ${}_{9}C_{5} + {}_{9}C_{5}$ can be mult by 2 no other terms B1 126 or 84 seen or unsimplified ${}_{9}C_{6}$, ${}_{9}C_{6}$ Correct answer M1 $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or ${}_{3}P_{5}$ only (can be mult by 2) $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or ${}_{3}P_{5}$ only (can be mult by 2) $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or ${}_{3}P_{5}$ only (can be mult by 2) $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or ${}_{3}P_{5}$ only (can be mult by 2) $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or ${}_{3}P_{5}$ only (can be mult by 2) $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or ${}_{3}P_{5}$ only (can be mult by 2) $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified options $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified options $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified options $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified options $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified options $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified options $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified options $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified options $\sum 5$ or more 2-factor ${}_{6}P_{5}$ or ${}_{6}C_{5}$ with ${}_{3}C_{5}$ or more correct unsimplified option						
$= 210 + 168 + 28 \\ = 406 \\ (iii) \ _{9}C_{4} + _{9}C_{6} = 126 + 84$ $= 210$ OR $= 1.2 \text{ in A tog with : A1B3} + A2B2 + A3B1 + A4B0 + 1,2 \text{ out of A : A3B3} + A4B2 + A5B1 + A6B0$ $= _{6}C_{1} + _{9}C_{2} \times _{2}C_{2} + _{6}C_{3} \times _{3}C_{1} + _{6}C_{4} + _{6}C_{3} \times _{3}C_{4} + _{6}C_{4} + _{6}C_{3} \times _{4}C_{4} + _{6}C_{4} \times _{4}C_{5} \times _{4}C_{4} + _{6}C_{4} + _{6}C_{4} \times _{4}C_{4} + _{6}C_{4} \times _{4}C_{4} + _{6}C_{4} \times _{4}C_{4} + _{6}C_{4} + _{6}C_{4} $					[1]	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(ii)	$_{8}C_{4} \times {_{3}C_{2}} + {_{8}C_{5}} \times {_{3}C_{1}} + {_{8}C_{6}}$	M1		•
(iii) ${}_{9}C_{4} + {}_{9}C_{6} = 126 + 84$ MI Summing ${}_{9}C_{x} + {}_{9}C_{y}$ can be mult by 2 no other terms B1 126 or 84 seen or unsimplified ${}_{9}C_{4}$, ${}_{9}C_{6}$ Correct answer OR 1,2 in A tog with: A1B3 + A2B2 + A3B1 + A3B0 + 1,2 out of A: A3B3 + A4B2 + A5B1 + A6B0 $= {}_{6}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{2} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{6}C_{3} \times {}_{5}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{4}$ $= {}_{6}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{2} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{6}C_{3} \times {}_{5}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{6}$ $= {}_{6}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{2} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{6}C_{3} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{6}$ $= {}_{6}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{2} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{6}C_{3} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{6}$ $= {}_{6}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{2} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{6}$ $= {}_{6}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{1} \times {}_{1}C_{2} \times {}_{1}C_{1} \times {}_{1}C_{2}$ $= {}_{1}C_{1} \times {}_{1}C_{2} \times {}_{$			=210+168+28	B1		Any correct option unsimplified
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			= 406	A1	[3]	Correct answer
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(iii)	$_{9}C_{4} + _{9}C_{6} = 126 + 84$	M1		
OR 1,2 in A tog with : A1B3 + A2B2 + A3B1 + A4B0 + 1,2 out of A : A3B3 + A4B2 + A5B1 + A6B0 = $_{6}C_{1} + _{6}C_{2} \times _{3}C_{2} + _{6}C_{3} \times _{3}C_{1} + _{6}C_{4} + _{6}C_{3} \times _{3}C_{3} + _{6}C_{4} \times _{3}C_{2} + _{6}C_{5} \times _{3}C_{1} + _{6}C_{4} + _{6}C_{3} \times _{3}C_{3} + _{6}C_{4} \times _{3}C_{2} + _{6}C_{5} \times _{3}C_{1} + _{6}C_{4} + _{6}C_{3} \times _{3}C_{3} + _{6}C_{4} \times _{3}C_{2} + _{6}C_{5} \times _{3}C_{1} + _{6}C_{4} + _{6}C_{3} \times _{3}C_{1} + _{6}C_{4} \times _{6}C_{3} \times _{1}C_{1} \times _{1}$				B1		126 or 84 seen or unsimplified ₉ C ₄ , ₉ C ₆
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			= 210	A1		Correct answer
$\begin{array}{c} A4B0 + 1,2 \text{ out of A}: A3B3 + A4B2 + \\ A5B1 + A6B0 \\ = {}_{6}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{2} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{6}C_{3} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{4} + {}_{6}C_{3} \times \\ {}_{3}C_{3} + {}_{6}C_{4} \times {}_{3}C_{2} + {}_{6}C_{5} \times {}_{3}C_{1} + {}_{6}C_{6} \\ = 6 + 45 + 60 + 15 + 20 + 45 + 18 + 1 = 210 \\ \text{OR} \\ 462 - {}_{9}C_{5} - {}_{9}C_{5} \\ = 210 \\ \hline \\ \textbf{6} \textbf{(i)} \\ \hline \\ \textbf{0} & \frac{\text{wrapped}}{100} \text{unwrapped} \text{total}}{12 \text{lotal}} \\ \hline \text{choc} & 7 & 10 & 17 \\ \hline \text{not choc} & 5 & 8 & 13 \\ \hline \textbf{total} & 12 & 18 & 30 \\ \hline \textbf{(ii)} & 12/30 \text{ (0.4)} \\ \hline \textbf{(iii)} & 10/18 (5/9) (0.556) \\ \hline \textbf{(iv)} & 10/17 (0.588) \\ \hline \textbf{(v)} & P(2 \text{ wrapped}) \\ \hline = 12/30 \times 11/29 \times 18/28 \times 17/27 \times {}_{4}C_{2} \\ \hline \textbf{M1} \\ \hline \textbf{OR} \\ \hline \textbf{(12}C_{2} \times {}_{18}C_{2})/{}_{30}C_{4} \\ \hline \textbf{M1} \\ \hline \textbf{M1} \\ \hline \textbf{M1} \\ \hline \textbf{M2} \\ \hline \textbf{M2} \\ \hline \textbf{M2} \\ \hline \textbf{M3} \\ \hline \textbf{M3} \\ \hline \textbf{M4} \\ \hline \textbf{M4} \\ \hline \textbf{M4} \\ \hline \textbf{M5} \\ \hline \textbf{M5} \\ \hline \textbf{M5} \\ \hline \textbf{M6} \\ \hline \textbf{M6} \\ \hline \textbf{M6} \\ \hline \textbf{M7} \\ \hline \textbf{M6} \\ \hline \textbf{M8} \\ \hline \textbf{M8} \\ \hline \textbf{M8} \\ \hline \textbf{M8} \\ \hline \textbf{M9} \\ \hline \textbf{M9} \\ \hline \textbf{M1} \\ \hline \textbf{M1} \\ \hline \textbf{M1} \\ \hline \textbf{M2} \\ \hline \textbf{M3} \\ \hline \textbf{M4} \\ \hline \textbf{M4} \\ \hline \textbf{M5} \\ \hline \textbf{M5} \\ \hline \textbf{M5} \\ \hline \textbf{M6} \\ \hline \textbf{M6} \\ \hline \textbf{M6} \\ \hline \textbf{M7} \\ \hline \textbf{M7} \\ \hline \textbf{M8} \\ \hline \textbf{M9} \\$			OR			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			A4B0 + 1,2 out of A: $A3B3 + A4B2 +$	M1		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				B1		3 or more correct unsimplified options
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			= 6 + 45 + 60 + 15 + 20 + 45 + 18 + 1 = 210	A1		Correct answer
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			OR			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			$462 - {}_{9}C_{5} - {}_{9}C_{5}$	M1		subt two ${}_{9}C_{x}$ options from their (i)
Company				B1		₉ C ₅ seen oe if using this method
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			= 210	A1	[3]	Correct answer
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c }\hline choc & 7 & 10 & 17 \\ \hline not choc & 5 & 8 & 13 \\ \hline total & 12 & 18 & 30 \\ \hline $	6	(i)				
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				B1		One correct row or column numbers
(ii) $12/30 (0.4)$ B1ft [1] Ft their table (iii) $10/18 (5/9) (0.556)$ B1ft [1] Ft their table (iv) $10/17 (0.588)$ B1ft [1] Ft their table (v) P(2 wrapped) M1 Mult by $_4C_2$ M1 M2 x 11 x 18 x 17 seen in num M1 M2 x 11 x 18 x 17 seen in denom Correct answer OR M1 Correct answer M1 M2 correct answer M2 correct answer M3 correct answer M3 correct answer M4 correct answer M3 correct answer M4 correct answer M4 correct answer M5 correct answer M5 correct answer M6 correct answer M6 correct answer M8 correct answer M8 correct answer			not choc 5 8 13	D1	[2]	All connect including labels
(iii) $10/18 (5/9) (0.556)$ (iv) $10/17 (0.588)$ (v) $P(2 \text{ wrapped})$ $= 12/30 \times 11/29 \times 18/28 \times 17/27 \times {}_{4}C_{2}$ M1 Mult by ${}_{4}C_{2}$ M1 $12 \times 11 \times 18 \times 17 \text{ seen in num}$ $30 \times 29 \times 28 \times 27 \text{ seen in denom}$ POR (${}_{12}C_{2} \times {}_{18}C_{2})/{}_{30}C_{4}$ M1 ${}_{18}C_{2} \text{ seen mult or alone in num (not added)}$ M1 ${}_{18}C_{2} \text{ seen in denom}$						Č
(iv) $10/17 (0.588)$ B1ft [1] Ft their table (v) P(2 wrapped) M1 Mult by ${}_{4}C_{2}$ $= 12/30 \times 11/29 \times 18/28 \times 17/27 \times {}_{4}C_{2}$ M1 Mult by ${}_{4}C_{2}$ M1 $12 \times 11 \times 18 \times 17$ seen in num M1 $30 \times 29 \times 28 \times 27$ seen in denom OR OR M1 ${}_{12}C_{2}$ seen mult or alone in num (not added) M1 ${}_{18}C_{2}$ seen mult or alone in num (not added) M1 ${}_{18}C_{2}$ seen mult or alone in num (not added) M1 ${}_{30}C_{4}$ seen in denom		` ′	` '			
(v) P(2 wrapped) $= 12/30 \times 11/29 \times 18/28 \times 17/27 \times {}_{4}C_{2}$ M1 Mult by ${}_{4}C_{2}$ M1 $12 \times 11 \times 18 \times 17$ seen in num $30 \times 29 \times 28 \times 27$ seen in denom $= 0.368 (374/1015)$ OR $({}_{12}C_{2} \times {}_{18}C_{2})/{}_{30}C_{4}$ M1 M1 ${}_{12}C_{2}$ Correct answer ${}_{12}C_{2}$ M1 ${}_{12}C_{2}$ Seen mult or alone in num (not added) ${}_{18}C_{2}$ Seen in denom ${}_{18}C_{2}$ Seen in denom		` ′				
$= 12/30 \times 11/29 \times 18/28 \times 17/27 \times {}_{4}C_{2} \qquad \qquad M1 \qquad \qquad Mult by {}_{4}C_{2} \\ 12 \times 11 \times 18 \times 17 \text{ seen in num} \\ 30 \times 29 \times 28 \times 27 \text{ seen in denom} \\ = 0.368 \ (374/1015) \qquad \qquad A1 \qquad \qquad Correct answer \\ OR \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ (_{12}C_{2} \times {}_{18}C_{2})/_{30}C_{4} \qquad \qquad M1 \qquad \qquad _{12}C_{2} \text{ seen mult or alone in num (not added)} \\ M1 \qquad \qquad _{18}C_{2} \text{ seen mult or alone in num (not added)} \\ M1 \qquad \qquad _{30}C_{4} \text{ seen in denom} \\ \end{pmatrix}$		` /		B1ft	[1]	Ft their table
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		(v)	* * *			
OR $ (_{12}C_2 \times _{18}C_2)/_{30}C_4 $ M1 $ (_{12}C_2 \times _{18}C_2)/_{30}C_4 $ M1 $ (_{12}C_2 \text{ seen mult or alone in num (not added)} $ M1 $ (_{18}C_2 \text{ seen mult or alone in num (not added)} $ M1 $ (_{30}C_4 \text{ seen in denom}) $			$= 12/30 \times 11/29 \times 18/28 \times 17/27 \times {}_{4}C_{2}$	M1		$12 \times 11 \times 18 \times 17$ seen in num
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			= 0.368 (374/1015)	A1		Correct answer
$\begin{array}{ccc} M1 & & \\ M1 & & \\ M1 & & \\ $			OR			
= 0.368 A1 [4] Correct answer			$(_{12}C_2 \times {}_{18}C_2)/_{30}C_4$	M1		₁₈ C ₂ seen mult or alone in num (not added)
			= 0.368	A1	[4]	Correct answer

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7	(i) $P(>42) = P\left(z > \frac{42 - 41.1}{3.4}\right)$	M1		Standardising no cc no sq rt no sq
	= P(z > 0.2647)			
	= 1 - 0.6045			
	= 0.3955	A1		Correct prob rounding to 0.395 or 0.396
	$Prob = (0.3955)(0.6045)^{2}{}_{3}C_{1}$	M1		Binomial ${}_{3}C_{x}$ powers summing to 3, any p , $\Sigma p = 1$
	= 0.433 or 0.434	A1	[4]	Rounding to correct answer
	(ii) $-1.282 = \frac{26.5 - \mu}{\sigma}$	B1 B1		±1.282 seen ±1.645 seen
	$1.645 = \frac{34.6 - \mu}{\sigma}$	M1		An eqn with a z-value, μ and σ , no $\sqrt{\sigma}$ no σ^2
		M1		Sensible attempt to eliminate μ or σ by substitution or subtraction
	$\mu = 30.0$ $\sigma = 2.77$	A1	[5]	Correct answers, accept 30.1, accept 30, rounding to 2.77
	(iii) $P(B6 < 34.6) = P\left(z < \frac{34.6 - 41.1}{3.4}\right)$	M1		Standardising for B6 no cc no sq rt no sq
	= P(z < -1.912) = 1 - 0.9720			
	=0.0280	A1		Correct answer rounding to
	P(B5 < 34.6) = 0.95	M1		Mult by 0.95 or their regurgitated 0.95
	$P(both < 34.6) = 0.028 \times 0.95$			
	= 0.0266	A1	[4]	Correct answer rounding to 0.027, accept 0.027