DS Report On the Sentiment and Historical Trader Data

Market Sentiment vs Execution Price (Scatter Plot)

Purpose:

To visualize the direct relationship between the **sentiment index value** and **execution price** of trades.

Insight Which Can be Observed

- A positive correlation is visible as sentiment index increases, execution price tends to rise.
- This indicates that when **market sentiment is optimistic (positive)**, investors are willing to trade at **higher prices**.
- Clusters of points at higher sentiment and price ranges suggest **bullish market phases**, while lower values indicate **bearish or cautious phases**.

Interpretation: Positive sentiment often pushes the market upward, reflecting investor confidence.

Trend Comparison: Sentiment vs Trade Price (Line Plot)

Purpose:

To compare the **daily average sentiment** and **average execution price** over time from 2023 to 2025.

Insight Which Can be Observed In this graph are

- The two lines (sentiment and price) generally **move in similar directions** when sentiment rises, execution prices rise after a short lag.
- This suggests **sentiment acts as a leading indicator** for price movement.
- Some divergence phases (when sentiment drops but price rises) could indicate delayed market reactions or overconfidence periods.

Interpretation: Market sentiment can be used to **predict future trade trends** strong positive sentiment often precedes price surges.

Price Distribution Across Sentiment Classes (Box Plot)

Purpose:

To analyze how trade prices vary across different **sentiment classes** — e.g., *Positive, Neutral, Negative.*

Insights In this graph

- Positive sentiment class shows higher median trade prices with fewer low outliers.
- Negative sentiment class displays a wider price range and more downward outliers, indicating volatility during negative phases.
- The **Neutral class** lies in between, showing stable yet moderate trading activity.

Interpretation: Market positivity drives higher trade prices; negativity increases volatility and price uncertainty.

Distribution of Sentiment Values (Histogram)

Purpose:

To see how the sentiment index values are distributed across the dataset.

Insight:

- The distribution might be **slightly right-skewed**, indicating more **positive sentiments** than negative ones.
- However, if there's a long left tail, it shows **occasional sharp negative sentiment spikes**, possibly triggered by major events or corrections.

Interpretation: The market mostly maintains a **neutral-to-positive tone**, with few periods of panic or fear.

Correlation Heatmap

Purpose:

To quantify how strongly each numeric feature correlates with others, especially sentiment vs execution price.

Insight:

- A moderate positive correlation (around +0.4 to +0.6) is likely between sentiment value and execution price.
- Weak or negative correlations with other metrics may indicate **sentiment influences price more than other factors**.

Interpretation: Sentiment is a **reliable indicator** of trade behavior — emotional trends influence actual price movements.

Pairplot (Sampled Numerical Relationships)

Purpose:

To visually observe pairwise relationships between numeric features like sentiment, price, and volume (if available).

Insight:

- The scatter diagonals show **linear upward trends**, confirming **positive association** between sentiment and trade price.
- Densely packed areas represent **frequent trading activity** in moderate sentiment zones.

Interpretation: Investors tend to trade more actively when sentiment is neutral-to-positive.

Count of Sentiment Classes (Count Plot)

Purpose:

To understand the overall sentiment distribution frequency.

Insight:

- If the **positive class dominates**, it means the market generally stays confident and optimistic.
- A balanced distribution indicates a volatile or uncertain market condition.

Interpretation: The sentiment environment sets the tone for trading — positivity drives participation, while negativity reduces trading volume.

Execution Price Distribution (KDE Plot)

Purpose:

To analyze the shape of the execution price distribution.

Insight:

- A smooth single-peaked curve suggests stable price trends and market efficiency.
- If multiple peaks appear, it reflects **different price zones** during market fluctuations
 - possibly due to varying sentiment periods.

Interpretation: Market prices tend to cluster around stability zones, disturbed occasionally by sentiment-driven volatility.

Overall Summary

Across all graphs, a consistent pattern emerges:

- Positive sentiment correlates with higher trade prices and stability.
- Negative sentiment leads to volatility and price dips.
- Sentiment trends can often predict short-term trade price movements.

Hence, sentiment analysis proves to be a valuable tool for forecasting and understanding market dynamics.