



# Mano V

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Report generated by Nessus™

Wed, 08 Mar 2023 02:10:18 IST

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Nessus Essentials

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## **Vulnerabilities by Host**

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192.168.0.126

20

CRITICAL

32

HIGH

56

MEDIUM

13

LOW

68

INFO

## Scan Information

Start time: Wed Mar 8 01:33:31 2023

End time: Wed Mar 8 02:10:18 2023

## Host Information

IP: 192.168.0.126

MAC Address: 08:00:27:07:5D:FC

OS: Linux Kernel 2.4

## Vulnerabilities

### 158900 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.53 Multiple Vulnerabilities

## Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

## Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.53. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.53 advisory.

- mod\_lua Use of uninitialized value of in r:parsebody: A carefully crafted request body can cause a read to a random memory area which could cause the process to crash. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier. Acknowledgements: Chamal De Silva (CVE-2022-22719)

- HTTP request smuggling: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier fails to close inbound connection when errors are encountered discarding the request body, exposing the server to HTTP Request Smuggling Acknowledgements: James Kettle <james.kettle portswigger.net> (CVE-2022-22720)

- Possible buffer overflow with very large or unlimited LimitXMLRequestBody in core: If LimitXMLRequestBody is set to allow request bodies larger than 350MB (defaults to 1M) on 32 bit systems an integer overflow happens which later causes out of bounds writes. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier. Acknowledgements: Anonymous working with Trend Micro Zero Day Initiative (CVE-2022-22721)

- Read/write beyond bounds in mod\_sed: Out-of-bounds Write vulnerability in mod\_sed of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to overwrite heap memory with possibly attacker provided data. This issue affects

Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.52 and prior versions. Acknowledgements: Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) (CVE-2022-23943)

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

#### See Also

<http://www.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement2.4.html>

[https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\\_24.html](https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html)

#### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.53 or later.

#### Risk Factor

High

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### VPR Score

7.4

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### STIG Severity

I

#### References

CVE CVE-2022-22719

CVE CVE-2022-22720

CVE CVE-2022-22721

CVE CVE-2022-23943

XREF

IAVA:2022-A-0124-S

## Plugin Information

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Published: 2022/03/14, Modified: 2022/06/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
URL           : http://192.168.0.126/  
Installed version : 1.3.20  
Fixed version   : 2.4.53
```

## 158900 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.53 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.53. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.53 advisory.

- mod\_lua Use of uninitialized value of in r:parsebody: A carefully crafted request body can cause a read to a random memory area which could cause the process to crash. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier. Acknowledgements: Chamal De Silva (CVE-2022-22719)
- HTTP request smuggling: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier fails to close inbound connection when errors are encountered discarding the request body, exposing the server to HTTP Request Smuggling Acknowledgements: James Kettle <james.kettle portswigger.net> (CVE-2022-22720)
- Possible buffer overflow with very large or unlimited LimitXMLRequestBody in core: If LimitXMLRequestBody is set to allow request bodies larger than 350MB (defaults to 1M) on 32 bit systems an integer overflow happens which later causes out of bounds writes. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.52 and earlier. Acknowledgements: Anonymous working with Trend Micro Zero Day Initiative (CVE-2022-22721)
- Read/write beyond bounds in mod\_sed: Out-of-bounds Write vulnerability in mod\_sed of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to overwrite heap memory with possibly attacker provided data. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.52 and prior versions. Acknowledgements: Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) (CVE-2022-23943)

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

<http://www.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement2.4.html>  
[https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\\_24.html](https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html)

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.53 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

192.168.0.126

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

7.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

I

References

CVE	CVE-2022-22719
CVE	CVE-2022-22720
CVE	CVE-2022-22721
CVE	CVE-2022-23943
XREF	IAVA:2022-A-0124-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/03/14, Modified: 2022/06/15

Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
URL           : https://192.168.0.126/
Installed version : 1.3.20
Fixed version  : 2.4.53
```



## 161948 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.54 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

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The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

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The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.54. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.54 advisory.

- Possible request smuggling in mod\_proxy\_ajp: Inconsistent Interpretation of HTTP Requests ('HTTP Request Smuggling') vulnerability in mod\_proxy\_ajp of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to smuggle requests to the AJP server it forwards requests to. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.53 and prior versions. Acknowledgements: Richter Z @ 360 Noah Lab (CVE-2022-26377)
- Read beyond bounds in mod\_isapi: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier on Windows may read beyond bounds when configured to process requests with the mod\_isapi module. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-28330)
- Read beyond bounds via ap\_rwrite(): The ap\_rwrite() function in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may read unintended memory if an attacker can cause the server to reflect very large input using ap\_rwrite() or ap\_rputs(), such as with mod\_lua r:puts() function. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-28614)
- Read beyond bounds in ap\_strcmp\_match(): Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may crash or disclose information due to a read beyond bounds in ap\_strcmp\_match() when provided with an extremely large input buffer. While no code distributed with the server can be coerced into such a call, third-party modules or lua scripts that use ap\_strcmp\_match() may hypothetically be affected. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-28615)
- Denial of service in mod\_lua r:parsebody: In Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier, a malicious request to a lua script that calls r:parsebody(0) may cause a denial of service due to no default limit on possible input size. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-29404)
- Denial of Service mod\_sed: If Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 is configured to do transformations with mod\_sed in contexts where the input to mod\_sed may be very large, mod\_sed may make excessively large memory allocations and trigger an abort. Acknowledgements: This issue was found by Brian Moussalli from the JFrog Security Research team (CVE-2022-30522)
- Information Disclosure in mod\_lua with websockets: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may return lengths to applications calling r:wsread() that point past the end of the storage allocated for the buffer. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-30556)
- X-Forwarded-For dropped by hop-by-hop mechanism in mod\_proxy: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may not send the X-Forwarded-\* headers to the origin server based on client side Connection header hop-by-hop mechanism. This may be used to bypass IP based authentication on the origin server/application. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Gaetan Ferry (Synacktiv) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-31813)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

#### See Also

[https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\\_24.html](https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html)

#### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.54 or later.

#### Risk Factor

High

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### VPR Score

7.4

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### STIG Severity

I

#### References

CVE	CVE-2022-26377
CVE	CVE-2022-28330
CVE	CVE-2022-28614
CVE	CVE-2022-28615
CVE	CVE-2022-29404
CVE	CVE-2022-30522
CVE	CVE-2022-30556

CVE CVE-2022-31813  
XREF IAVA:2022-A-0230-S

## Plugin Information

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Published: 2022/06/08, Modified: 2023/01/19

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
URL          : http://192.168.0.126/  
Installed version : 1.3.20  
Fixed version  : 2.4.54
```

## 161948 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.54 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

---

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

---

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.54. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.54 advisory.

- Possible request smuggling in mod\_proxy\_ajp: Inconsistent Interpretation of HTTP Requests ('HTTP Request Smuggling') vulnerability in mod\_proxy\_ajp of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to smuggle requests to the AJP server it forwards requests to. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.53 and prior versions. Acknowledgements: Richter Z @ 360 Noah Lab (CVE-2022-26377)
- Read beyond bounds in mod\_isapi: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier on Windows may read beyond bounds when configured to process requests with the mod\_isapi module. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-28330)
- Read beyond bounds via ap\_rwrite(): The ap\_rwrite() function in Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may read unintended memory if an attacker can cause the server to reflect very large input using ap\_rwrite() or ap\_rputs(), such as with mod\_lua r:puts() function. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-28614)
- Read beyond bounds in ap\_strcmp\_match(): Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may crash or disclose information due to a read beyond bounds in ap\_strcmp\_match() when provided with an extremely large input buffer. While no code distributed with the server can be coerced into such a call, third-party modules or lua scripts that use ap\_strcmp\_match() may hypothetically be affected. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-28615)
- Denial of service in mod\_lua r:parsebody: In Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier, a malicious request to a lua script that calls r:parsebody(0) may cause a denial of service due to no default limit on possible input size. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-29404)
- Denial of Service mod\_sed: If Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 is configured to do transformations with mod\_sed in contexts where the input to mod\_sed may be very large, mod\_sed may make excessively large memory allocations and trigger an abort. Acknowledgements: This issue was found by Brian Moussalli from the JFrog Security Research team (CVE-2022-30522)
- Information Disclosure in mod\_lua with websockets: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may return lengths to applications calling r:wsread() that point past the end of the storage allocated for the buffer. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Ronald Crane (Zippenhop LLC) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-30556)
- X-Forwarded-For dropped by hop-by-hop mechanism in mod\_proxy: Apache HTTP Server 2.4.53 and earlier may not send the X-Forwarded-\* headers to the origin server based on client side Connection header hop-by-hop mechanism. This may be used to bypass IP based authentication on the origin server/application. Acknowledgements: The Apache HTTP Server project would like to thank Gaetan Ferry (Synacktiv) for reporting this issue (CVE-2022-31813)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

#### See Also

[https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\\_24.html](https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html)

#### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.54 or later.

#### Risk Factor

High

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### VPR Score

7.4

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### STIG Severity

I

#### References

CVE	CVE-2022-26377
CVE	CVE-2022-28330
CVE	CVE-2022-28614
CVE	CVE-2022-28615
CVE	CVE-2022-29404
CVE	CVE-2022-30522
CVE	CVE-2022-30556

CVE CVE-2022-31813  
XREF IAVA:2022-A-0230-S

## Plugin Information

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Published: 2022/06/08, Modified: 2023/01/19

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
URL          : https://192.168.0.126/  
Installed version : 1.3.20  
Fixed version  : 2.4.54
```

## 170113 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.55 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.55. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.55 advisory.

- A carefully crafted If: request header can cause a memory read, or write of a single zero byte, in a pool (heap) memory location beyond the header value sent. This could cause the process to crash. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.54 and earlier. (CVE-2006-20001)

- Inconsistent Interpretation of HTTP Requests ('HTTP Request Smuggling') vulnerability in mod\_proxy\_ajp of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to smuggle requests to the AJP server it forwards requests to. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.54 and prior versions. (CVE-2022-36760)

- Prior to Apache HTTP Server 2.4.55, a malicious backend can cause the response headers to be truncated early, resulting in some headers being incorporated into the response body. If the later headers have any security purpose, they will not be interpreted by the client. (CVE-2022-37436)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.55 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

7.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

5.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## STIG Severity

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## References

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CVE	CVE-2006-20001
CVE	CVE-2022-36760
CVE	CVE-2022-37436
XREF	IAVA:2023-A-0047

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2023/01/18, Modified: 2023/01/31

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
URL           : http://192.168.0.126/  
Installed version : 1.3.20  
Fixed version  : 2.4.55
```



## 170113 - Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.55 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.55. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.55 advisory.

- A carefully crafted If: request header can cause a memory read, or write of a single zero byte, in a pool (heap) memory location beyond the header value sent. This could cause the process to crash. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server 2.4.54 and earlier. (CVE-2006-20001)

- Inconsistent Interpretation of HTTP Requests ('HTTP Request Smuggling') vulnerability in mod\_proxy\_ajp of Apache HTTP Server allows an attacker to smuggle requests to the AJP server it forwards requests to. This issue affects Apache HTTP Server Apache HTTP Server 2.4 version 2.4.54 and prior versions. (CVE-2022-36760)

- Prior to Apache HTTP Server 2.4.55, a malicious backend can cause the response headers to be truncated early, resulting in some headers being incorporated into the response body. If the later headers have any security purpose, they will not be interpreted by the client. (CVE-2022-37436)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.55 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

7.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

5.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## STIG Severity

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## References

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CVE	CVE-2006-20001
CVE	CVE-2022-36760
CVE	CVE-2022-37436
XREF	IAVA:2023-A-0047

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2023/01/18, Modified: 2023/01/31

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
URL           : https://192.168.0.126/  
Installed version : 1.3.20  
Fixed version  : 2.4.55
```

## 11793 - Apache < 1.3.28 Multiple Vulnerabilities (DoS, ID)

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote host appears to be running a version of Apache which is older than 1.3.28

There are several flaws in this version, including a denial of service in redirect handling, a denial of service with control character handling in the 'rotatelogs' utility and a file descriptor leak in third-party module handling.

\*\*\* Note that Nessus solely relied on the version number  
\*\*\* of the remote server to issue this warning. This might  
\*\*\* be a false positive

### See Also

<http://www.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement.html>

### Solution

Upgrade to version 1.3.28

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

5.2

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

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BID 8226  
CVE CVE-2003-0460

## Plugin Information

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Published: 2003/07/18, Modified: 2018/06/29

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.28
```

## 11793 - Apache < 1.3.28 Multiple Vulnerabilities (DoS, ID)

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote host appears to be running a version of Apache which is older than 1.3.28

There are several flaws in this version, including a denial of service in redirect handling, a denial of service with control character handling in the 'rotatelogs' utility and a file descriptor leak in third-party module handling.

\*\*\* Note that Nessus solely relied on the version number  
\*\*\* of the remote server to issue this warning. This might  
\*\*\* be a false positive

### See Also

<http://www.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement.html>

### Solution

Upgrade to version 1.3.28

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

5.2

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID 8226  
CVE CVE-2003-0460

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2003/07/18, Modified: 2018/06/29

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.28
```

## 11915 - Apache < 1.3.29 Multiple Modules Local Overflow

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple local buffer overflow vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote host appears to be running a version of the Apache web server which is older than 1.3.29. Such versions are reportedly affected by local buffer overflow vulnerabilities in the mod\_alias and mod\_rewrite modules. An attacker could exploit these vulnerabilities to execute arbitrary code in the context of the affected application.

\*\*\* Note that Nessus solely relied on the version number  
\*\*\* of the remote server to issue this warning. This might  
\*\*\* be a false positive

### See Also

<https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/342674/30/0/threaded>

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache web server version 1.3.29 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

6.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

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BID	8911
CVE	CVE-2003-0542
XREF	Secunia:10096
XREF	Secunia:10845
XREF	Secunia:17311
XREF	CWE:119

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2003/11/01, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.29
```



## 11915 - Apache < 1.3.29 Multiple Modules Local Overflow

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple local buffer overflow vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote host appears to be running a version of the Apache web server which is older than 1.3.29. Such versions are reportedly affected by local buffer overflow vulnerabilities in the mod\_alias and mod\_rewrite modules. An attacker could exploit these vulnerabilities to execute arbitrary code in the context of the affected application.

\*\*\* Note that Nessus solely relied on the version number  
\*\*\* of the remote server to issue this warning. This might  
\*\*\* be a false positive

### See Also

<https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/342674/30/0/threaded>

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache web server version 1.3.29 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

6.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	8911
CVE	CVE-2003-0542
XREF	Secunia:10096
XREF	Secunia:10845
XREF	Secunia:17311
XREF	CWE:119

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2003/11/01, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.29
```

## 153583 - Apache < 2.4.49 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by a vulnerability.

### Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.49. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the 2.4.49 changelog.

- A crafted request uri-path can cause mod\_proxy to forward the request to an origin server chosen by the remote user. (CVE-2021-40438)

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

[https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES\\_2.4](https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES_2.4)

[https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\\_24.html](https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html)

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.49 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

8.1

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

## STIG Severity

---

I

## References

---

CVE	CVE-2021-40438
XREF	IAVA:2021-A-0440-S
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2021/12/15

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/11

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
URL           : http://192.168.0.126/  
Installed version : 1.3.20  
Fixed version  : 2.4.49
```

## 153584 - Apache < 2.4.49 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by a vulnerability.

### Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.49. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.49 changelog.

- ap\_escape\_quotes() may write beyond the end of a buffer when given malicious input. No included modules pass untrusted data to these functions, but third-party / external modules may. (CVE-2021-39275)
- Malformed requests may cause the server to dereference a NULL pointer. (CVE-2021-34798)

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

[https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES\\_2.4](https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES_2.4)

[https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\\_24.html](https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html)

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.49 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

7.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### STIG Severity

---

I

#### References

---

CVE	CVE-2021-34798
CVE	CVE-2021-39275
XREF	IAVA:2021-A-0440-S

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/11

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
URL           : http://192.168.0.126/  
Installed version : 1.3.20  
Fixed version   : 2.4.49
```

## 153583 - Apache < 2.4.49 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by a vulnerability.

### Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.49. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the 2.4.49 changelog.

- A crafted request uri-path can cause mod\_proxy to forward the request to an origin server chosen by the remote user. (CVE-2021-40438)

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

[https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES\\_2.4](https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES_2.4)

[https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\\_24.html](https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html)

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.49 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

8.1

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

## STIG Severity

---

I

## References

---

CVE	CVE-2021-40438
XREF	IAVA:2021-A-0440-S
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2021/12/15

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/11

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
URL           : https://192.168.0.126/
Installed version : 1.3.20
Fixed version  : 2.4.49
```



## 153584 - Apache < 2.4.49 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by a vulnerability.

### Description

The version of Apache httpd installed on the remote host is prior to 2.4.49. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the 2.4.49 changelog.

- ap\_escape\_quotes() may write beyond the end of a buffer when given malicious input. No included modules pass untrusted data to these functions, but third-party / external modules may. (CVE-2021-39275)
- Malformed requests may cause the server to dereference a NULL pointer. (CVE-2021-34798)

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

### See Also

[https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES\\_2.4](https://downloads.apache.org/httpd/CHANGES_2.4)

[https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities\\_24.html](https://httpd.apache.org/security/vulnerabilities_24.html)

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.49 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

7.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### STIG Severity

---

I

#### References

---

CVE	CVE-2021-34798
CVE	CVE-2021-39275
XREF	IAVA:2021-A-0440-S

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/11

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
URL           : https://192.168.0.126/
Installed version : 1.3.20
Fixed version   : 2.4.49
```

## 10883 - OpenSSH < 3.1 Channel Code Off by One Remote Privilege Escalation

### Synopsis

Arbitrary code may be run on the remote host.

### Description

You are running a version of OpenSSH which is older than 3.1.

Versions prior than 3.1 are vulnerable to an off by one error that allows local users to gain root access, and it may be possible for remote users to similarly compromise the daemon for remote access.

In addition, a vulnerable SSH client may be compromised by connecting to a malicious SSH daemon that exploits this vulnerability in the client code, thus compromising the client system.

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 3.1 or apply the patch for prior versions. (See: <http://www.openssh.org>)

### Risk Factor

Critical

### VPR Score

7.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	4241
CVE	CVE-2002-0083
XREF	CWE:189

### Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/07, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

## 11031 - OpenSSH < 3.4 Multiple Remote Overflows

### Synopsis

The remote host has an application that is affected multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host appears to be running OpenSSH version 3.4 or older. Such versions are reportedly affected by multiple flaws. An attacker may exploit these vulnerabilities to gain a shell on the remote system.

Note that several distributions patched this hole without changing the version number of OpenSSH. Since Nessus solely relied on the banner of the remote SSH server to perform this check, this might be a false positive.

If you are running a RedHat host, make sure that the command :

`rpm -q openssh-server` Returns :

`openssh-server-3.1p1-6`

### See Also

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/preauth.adv>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 3.4 or contact your vendor for a patch.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### VPR Score

6.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	5093
CVE	CVE-2002-0639
CVE	CVE-2002-0640

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2002/06/25, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

## 11837 - OpenSSH < 3.7.1 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote SSH service is affected by various memory bugs.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote SSH server is running a version of OpenSSH older than 3.7.1. Such versions are vulnerable to a flaw in the buffer management functions that might allow an attacker to execute arbitrary commands on this host.

An exploit for this issue is rumored to exist.

Note that several distributions patched this hole without changing the version number of OpenSSH. Since Nessus solely relied on the banner of the remote SSH server to perform this check, this might be a false positive.

If you are running a RedHat host, make sure that the command :

```
rpm -q openssh-server
```

returns :

```
openssh-server-3.1p1-13 (RedHat 7.x) openssh-server-3.4p1-7 (RedHat 8.0) openssh-server-3.5p1-11 (RedHat 9)
```

### See Also

<https://marc.info/?l=openbsd-misc&m=106375452423794&w=2>

<https://marc.info/?l=openbsd-misc&m=106375456923804&w=2>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 3.7.1 or later.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### VPR Score

5.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	8628
CVE	CVE-2003-0682
CVE	CVE-2003-0693
CVE	CVE-2003-0695
CVE	CVE-2004-2760
XREF	RHSA:2003:279
XREF	SuSE:SUSE-SA:2003:039
XREF	CWE:16

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2003/09/16, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh



## 78555 - OpenSSL Unsupported

### Synopsis

An unsupported service is running on the remote host.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL that is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/policies/releasestrat.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?4d55548d>

### Solution

Upgrade to a version of OpenSSL that is currently supported.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:I/C/A:C)

### References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0572

### Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/17, Modified: 2021/02/15

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Installed version : 0.9.6b
Supported versions : 1.0.2 / 1.1.1 / 3.0.0
EOL URL           : https://www.openssl.org/policies/releasestrat.html
```

## 78555 - OpenSSL Unsupported

### Synopsis

An unsupported service is running on the remote host.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL that is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/policies/releasestrat.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?4d55548d>

### Solution

Upgrade to a version of OpenSSL that is currently supported.

### Risk Factor

Critical

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:I/C/A:C)

### References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0572

### Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/17, Modified: 2021/02/15

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Installed version : 0.9.6b
Supported versions : 1.0.2 / 1.1.1 / 3.0.0
EOL URL           : https://www.openssl.org/policies/releasestrat.html
```

## 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

### Synopsis

---

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

### Description

---

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

### See Also

---

<https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540>

<https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70>

<https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html>

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507>

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568>

### Solution

---

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

### Risk Factor

---

Critical

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

## Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

- SSLv2 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## Low Strength Ciphers (&lt;= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export		RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export		RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5

## Medium Strength Ciphers (&gt; 64-bit and &lt; 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DES-CBC3-MD5		RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	MD5

## High Strength Ciphers (&gt;= 112-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
RC4-MD5		RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	MD5

The fields above are :

```
{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}
```

- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3

## Low Strength Ciphers (&lt;= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export		DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA [...]		DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	SHA

## 11137 - Apache < 1.3.27 Multiple Vulnerabilities (DoS, XSS)

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote host is running a version of Apache web server prior to 1.3.27. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- There is a cross-site scripting vulnerability caused by a failure to filter HTTP/1.1 'Host' headers that are sent by browsers.
- A vulnerability in the handling of the Apache scorecard could allow an attacker to cause a denial of service.
- A buffer overflow vulnerability exists in the 'support/ab.c' read\_connection() function. The ab.c file is a benchmarking support utility that is provided with the Apache web server.

### See Also

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2002/Oct/199>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?767573c2>  
<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2002/Nov/163>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?e06ce83b>

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache web server version 1.3.27 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

6.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

---

BID	5847
BID	5884
BID	5887
BID	5995
BID	5996
CVE	CVE-2002-0839
CVE	CVE-2002-0840
CVE	CVE-2002-0843
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:74
XREF	CWE:79
XREF	CWE:442
XREF	CWE:629
XREF	CWE:711
XREF	CWE:712
XREF	CWE:722
XREF	CWE:725
XREF	CWE:750
XREF	CWE:751
XREF	CWE:800
XREF	CWE:801
XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2002/10/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www



```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.27
```

## 11137 - Apache < 1.3.27 Multiple Vulnerabilities (DoS, XSS)

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote host is running a version of Apache web server prior to 1.3.27. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- There is a cross-site scripting vulnerability caused by a failure to filter HTTP/1.1 'Host' headers that are sent by browsers.
- A vulnerability in the handling of the Apache scorecard could allow an attacker to cause a denial of service.
- A buffer overflow vulnerability exists in the 'support/ab.c' read\_connection() function. The ab.c file is a benchmarking support utility that is provided with the Apache web server.

### See Also

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2002/Oct/199>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?767573c2>

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2002/Nov/163>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?e06ce83b>

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache web server version 1.3.27 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

6.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

---

BID	5847
BID	5884
BID	5887
BID	5995
BID	5996
CVE	CVE-2002-0839
CVE	CVE-2002-0840
CVE	CVE-2002-0843
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:74
XREF	CWE:79
XREF	CWE:442
XREF	CWE:629
XREF	CWE:711
XREF	CWE:712
XREF	CWE:722
XREF	CWE:725
XREF	CWE:750
XREF	CWE:751
XREF	CWE:800
XREF	CWE:801
XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2002/10/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.27
```

## 31654 - Apache < 1.3.37 mod\_rewrite LDAP Protocol URL Handling Overflow

### Synopsis

The remote version of Apache is vulnerable to an off-by-one buffer overflow attack.

### Description

The remote host appears to be running a version of Apache which is older than 1.3.37.

This version contains an off-by-one buffer overflow in the mod\_rewrite module.

### See Also

<https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2006/Jul/671>

<https://www.securityfocus.com/archive//443870>

### Solution

Upgrade to version 1.3.37 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 19204

CVE	CVE-2006-3747
XREF	EDB-ID:3680
XREF	CWE:189

#### Exploitable With

---

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2008/03/26, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.37
```

## 31654 - Apache < 1.3.37 mod\_rewrite LDAP Protocol URL Handling Overflow

### Synopsis

The remote version of Apache is vulnerable to an off-by-one buffer overflow attack.

### Description

The remote host appears to be running a version of Apache which is older than 1.3.37.

This version contains an off-by-one buffer overflow in the mod\_rewrite module.

### See Also

<https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2006/Jul/671>

<https://www.securityfocus.com/archive//443870>

### Solution

Upgrade to version 1.3.37 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 19204

CVE	CVE-2006-3747
XREF	EDB-ID:3680
XREF	CWE:189

#### Exploitable With

---

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

#### Plugin Information

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Published: 2008/03/26, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.37
```



## 11030 - Apache Chunked Encoding Remote Overflow

### Synopsis

The remote web server is vulnerable to a remote code execution attack.

### Description

The remote Apache web server is affected by the Apache web server chunk handling vulnerability.

If safe checks are enabled, this may be a false positive since it is based on the version of Apache. Although unpatched Apache versions 1.2.2 and above, 1.3 through 1.3.24, and 2.0 through 2.0.36 are affected, the remote server may be running a patched version of Apache.

### See Also

[http://httpd.apache.org/info/security\\_bulletin\\_20020617.txt](http://httpd.apache.org/info/security_bulletin_20020617.txt)

[http://httpd.apache.org/info/security\\_bulletin\\_20020620.txt](http://httpd.apache.org/info/security_bulletin_20020620.txt)

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache web server version 1.3.26 / 2.0.39 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

4.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	5033
CVE	CVE-2002-0392

#### Exploitable With

---

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2002/06/17, Modified: 2020/06/12

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

## 11030 - Apache Chunked Encoding Remote Overflow

### Synopsis

The remote web server is vulnerable to a remote code execution attack.

### Description

The remote Apache web server is affected by the Apache web server chunk handling vulnerability.

If safe checks are enabled, this may be a false positive since it is based on the version of Apache. Although unpatched Apache versions 1.2.2 and above, 1.3 through 1.3.24, and 2.0 through 2.0.36 are affected, the remote server may be running a patched version of Apache.

### See Also

[http://httpd.apache.org/info/security\\_bulletin\\_20020617.txt](http://httpd.apache.org/info/security_bulletin_20020617.txt)

[http://httpd.apache.org/info/security\\_bulletin\\_20020620.txt](http://httpd.apache.org/info/security_bulletin_20020620.txt)

### Solution

Upgrade to Apache web server version 1.3.26 / 2.0.39 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

4.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 5033  
CVE CVE-2002-0392

#### Exploitable With

---

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2002/06/17, Modified: 2020/06/12

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

## 13651 - Apache mod\_ssl ssl\_engine\_log.c mod\_proxy Hook Function Remote Format String

### Synopsis

The remote web server is using a module that is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

### Description

The remote host is using a version vulnerable of mod\_ssl which is older than 2.8.19. There is a format string condition in the log functions of the remote module which may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code on the remote host.

\*\*\* Some vendors patched older versions of mod\_ssl, so this  
\*\*\* might be a false positive. Check with your vendor to determine  
\*\*\* if you have a version of mod\_ssl that is patched for this  
\*\*\* vulnerability

### See Also

<http://marc.info/?l=apache-modssl&m=109001100906749&w=2>

<https://marc.info/?l=bugtraq&m=109005001205991&w=2>

### Solution

Upgrade to mod\_ssl version 2.8.19 or newer

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	10736
CVE	CVE-2004-0700

## Plugin Information

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Published: 2004/07/16, Modified: 2020/12/22

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

## 13651 - Apache mod\_ssl ssl\_engine\_log.c mod\_proxy Hook Function Remote Format String

### Synopsis

The remote web server is using a module that is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

### Description

The remote host is using a version vulnerable of mod\_ssl which is older than 2.8.19. There is a format string condition in the log functions of the remote module which may allow an attacker to execute arbitrary code on the remote host.

\*\*\* Some vendors patched older versions of mod\_ssl, so this  
\*\*\* might be a false positive. Check with your vendor to determine  
\*\*\* if you have a version of mod\_ssl that is patched for this  
\*\*\* vulnerability

### See Also

<http://marc.info/?l=apache-modssl&m=109001100906749&w=2>

<https://marc.info/?l=bugtraq&m=109005001205991&w=2>

### Solution

Upgrade to mod\_ssl version 2.8.19 or newer

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	10736
CVE	CVE-2004-0700

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2004/07/16, Modified: 2020/12/22

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www



## 10771 - OpenSSH 2.5.x - 2.9 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote version of OpenSSH contains multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host appears to be running OpenSSH version between 2.5.x and 2.9. Such versions reportedly contain multiple vulnerabilities :

- sftp-server does not respect the 'command=' argument of keys in the authorized\_keys2 file. (CVE-2001-0816)

- sshd does not properly handle the 'from=' argument of keys in the authorized\_keys2 file. If a key of one type (e.g. RSA) is followed by a key of another type (e.g. DSA) then the options for the latter will be applied to the former, including 'from=' restrictions. This problem allows users to circumvent the system policy and login from disallowed source IP addresses. (CVE-2001-1380)

### See Also

[http://www.openbsd.org/advisories/ssh\\_option.txt](http://www.openbsd.org/advisories/ssh_option.txt)

<http://www.nessus.org/u?759da6a7>

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-2.9.9>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 2.9.9

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 3345

BID 3369

CVE	CVE-2001-0816
CVE	CVE-2001-1380
XREF	CERT:905795

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2001/09/28, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 2.9.9
```

## 10823 - OpenSSH < 3.0.2 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The SSH service running on the remote host has multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

You are running a version of OpenSSH which is older than 3.0.2.

Versions prior than 3.0.2 have the following vulnerabilities :

- When the UseLogin feature is enabled, a local user could export environment variables, resulting in command execution as root. The UseLogin feature is disabled by default. (CVE-2001-0872)

- A local information disclosure vulnerability.

Only FreeBSD hosts are affected by this issue.

(CVE-2001-1029)

### See Also

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2001/Sep/208>

<https://www.freebsd.org/releases/4.4R/errata.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?f85ed76c>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 3.0.2 or apply the patch for prior versions. (Available at: <ftp://ftp.openbsd.org/pub/OpenBSD/OpenSSH>)

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 3614

CVE	CVE-2001-0872
CVE	CVE-2001-1029

#### Plugin Information

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Published: 2001/12/10, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

## 44072 - OpenSSH < 3.2.3 YP Netgroups Authentication Bypass

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server has an authentication bypass vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is older than 3.2.3. It therefore may be affected by an authentication bypass issue. On systems using YP with netgroups, sshd authenticates users via ACL by checking for the requested username and password. Under certain conditions when doing ACL checks, it may instead use the password entry of a different user for authentication. This means unauthorized users could authenticate successfully, and authorized users could be locked out.

### See Also

<http://monkey.org/openbsd/archive/bugs/0205/msg00141.html>

<https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-3.2.3>

<http://www.openbsd.org/errata31.html#sshbsdauth>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 3.2.3 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.2

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 4803

CVE CVE-2002-0765

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 3.2.3
```

## 11712 - OpenSSH < 3.6.2 Reverse DNS Lookup Bypass

### Synopsis

The remote host has an application that is affected by DNS lookup bypass vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host appears to be running OpenSSH-portable version 3.6.1 or older.

There is a flaw in such version that could allow an attacker to bypass the access controls set by the administrator of this server.

OpenSSH features a mechanism that can restrict the list of hosts a given user can log from by specifying a pattern in the user key file (ie: \*.mynetwork.com would let a user connect only from the local network).

However there is a flaw in the way OpenSSH does reverse DNS lookups.

If an attacker configures a DNS server to send a numeric IP address when a reverse lookup is performed, this mechanism could be circumvented.

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 3.6.2 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	7831
CVE	CVE-2003-0386
XREF	CERT:978316

### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/06/10, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh



## 44077 - OpenSSH < 4.5 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote SSH service is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host is running a version of OpenSSH prior to 4.5. Versions before 4.5 are affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A client-side NULL pointer dereference, caused by a protocol error from a malicious server, which could cause the client to crash. (CVE-2006-4925)
- A privilege separation vulnerability exists, which could allow attackers to bypass authentication. The vulnerability is caused by a design error between privileged processes and their child processes. Note that this particular issue is only exploitable when other vulnerabilities are present. (CVE-2006-5794)
- An attacker that connects to the service before it has finished creating keys could force the keys to be recreated. This could result in a denial of service for any processes that relies on a trust relationship with the server. Note that this particular issue only affects the Apple implementation of OpenSSH on Mac OS X. (CVE-2007-0726)

### See Also

<https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-4.5>

[https://support.apple.com/kb/TA24626?locale=en\\_US](https://support.apple.com/kb/TA24626?locale=en_US)

<https://www.openssh.com/security.html>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 4.5 or later.

For Mac OS X 10.3, apply Security Update 2007-003.

For Mac OS X 10.4, upgrade to 10.4.9.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

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BID	20956
CVE	CVE-2006-4925
CVE	CVE-2006-5794
CVE	CVE-2007-0726

## Plugin Information

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Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 4.5
```

## 44078 - OpenSSH < 4.7 Trusted X11 Cookie Connection Policy Bypass

### Synopsis

Remote attackers may be able to bypass authentication.

### Description

According to the banner, OpenSSH earlier than 4.7 is running on the remote host. Such versions contain an authentication bypass vulnerability. In the event that OpenSSH cannot create an untrusted cookie for X, for example due to the temporary partition being full, it will use a trusted cookie instead. This allows attackers to violate intended policy and gain privileges by causing their X client to be treated as trusted.

### See Also

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-4.7>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 4.7 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	25628
CVE	CVE-2007-4752
CVE	CVE-2007-2243
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:287

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 4.7
```

## 10954 - OpenSSH Kerberos TGT/AFS Token Passing Remote Overflow

### Synopsis

Arbitrary code may be run on the remote host.

### Description

You are running a version of OpenSSH older than OpenSSH 3.2.1.

A buffer overflow exists in the daemon if AFS is enabled on your system, or if the options `KerberosTgtPassing` or `AFSTokenPassing` are enabled. Even in this scenario, the vulnerability may be avoided by enabling `UsePrivilegeSeparation`.

Versions prior to 2.9.9 are vulnerable to a remote root exploit. Versions prior to 3.2.1 are vulnerable to a local root exploit.

### Solution

Upgrade to version 3.2.1 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

6.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	4560
CVE	CVE-2002-0575

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/05/12, Modified: 2018/07/16

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

## 17751 - OpenSSL 0.9.6 CA Basic Constraints Validation Vulnerability

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by a certificate validation vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.7.

Such versions do not verify the Basic Constraint for some certificates. A remote attacker could perform a man-in-the-middle attack.

Details on this weakness are missing. It is related to CVE-2002-0970. OpenSSL 0.9.6 was reported as 'probably' vulnerable.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?8e41b7c3>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.7 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

6.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### References

CVE CVE-2009-0653

XREF CWE:287

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/08/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.7
```

## 17751 - OpenSSL 0.9.6 CA Basic Constraints Validation Vulnerability

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by a certificate validation vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.7.

Such versions do not verify the Basic Constraint for some certificates. A remote attacker could perform a man-in-the-middle attack.

Details on this weakness are missing. It is related to CVE-2002-0970. OpenSSL 0.9.6 was reported as 'probably' vulnerable.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?8e41b7c3>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.7 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

6.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### References

CVE CVE-2009-0653

XREF CWE:287

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/08/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www



```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.7
```

## 17746 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6e Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by multiple SSL-related vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6e. Such versions have the following vulnerabilities :

- On 64 bit architectures, these versions are vulnerable to a buffer overflow that leads to a denial of service. (CVE-2002-0655)
- Buffer overflows allow a remote attacker to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2002-0656)
- A remote attacker can trigger a denial of service by sending invalid ASN.1 data. (CVE-2002-0659)

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6e or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

7.0

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	5362
BID	5363
BID	5364
BID	5366
CVE	CVE-2002-0655
CVE	CVE-2002-0656
CVE	CVE-2002-0659
XREF	CERT-CC:CA-2002-23
XREF	CERT:102795

XREF

CERT:308891

#### Exploitable With

---

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true)

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6e
```

## 17746 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6e Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by multiple SSL-related vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6e. Such versions have the following vulnerabilities :

- On 64 bit architectures, these versions are vulnerable to a buffer overflow that leads to a denial of service. (CVE-2002-0655)
- Buffer overflows allow a remote attacker to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2002-0656)
- A remote attacker can trigger a denial of service by sending invalid ASN.1 data. (CVE-2002-0659)

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6e or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

7.0

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	5362
BID	5363
BID	5364
BID	5366
CVE	CVE-2002-0655
CVE	CVE-2002-0656
CVE	CVE-2002-0659
XREF	CERT-CC:CA-2002-23
XREF	CERT:102795

XREF

CERT:308891

#### Exploitable With

---

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true)

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6e
```

## 17752 - OpenSSL < 0.9.7-beta3 Buffer Overflow

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by an arbitrary code execution vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.7-beta3.

If Kerberos is enabled, a remote attacker could trigger a buffer overflow with a long master key and execute arbitrary code.

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.7 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.8

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	5361
CVE	CVE-2002-0657
XREF	CERT-CC:CA-2002-23
XREF	CERT:561275

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.7-beta3
```

## 17752 - OpenSSL < 0.9.7-beta3 Buffer Overflow

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by an arbitrary code execution vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.7-beta3.

If Kerberos is enabled, a remote attacker could trigger a buffer overflow with a long master key and execute arbitrary code.

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.7 or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.8

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	5361
CVE	CVE-2002-0657
XREF	CERT-CC:CA-2002-23
XREF	CERT:561275

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www



```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.7-beta3
```

## 17760 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8f Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8f. As such, it is affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A local attacker could perform a side-channel attack against the Montgomery multiplication code and retrieve RSA private keys. Note that this has not been exploited outside a laboratory environment. (CVE-2007-3108)
- A remote attacker could execute arbitrary code by exploiting an off-by-one error in the DTLS implementation. (CVE-2007-4995)

### See Also

<http://web.archive.org/web/20071014185140/http://cvs.openssl.org:80/chngview?cn=16275>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?cbc3fb3e>

<http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/RGII-74KLP3>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20071012.txt>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8f or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 25163

BID	26055
CVE	CVE-2007-3108
CVE	CVE-2007-4995
XREF	CERT:724968
XREF	CWE:189

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8f
```

## 17760 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8f Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8f. As such, it is affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A local attacker could perform a side-channel attack against the Montgomery multiplication code and retrieve RSA private keys. Note that this has not been exploited outside a laboratory environment. (CVE-2007-3108)
- A remote attacker could execute arbitrary code by exploiting an off-by-one error in the DTLS implementation. (CVE-2007-4995)

### See Also

<http://web.archive.org/web/20071014185140/http://cvs.openssl.org:80/chngview?cn=16275>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?cbc3fb3e>

<http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/RGII-74KLP3>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20071012.txt>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8f or later.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 25163

BID	26055
CVE	CVE-2007-3108
CVE	CVE-2007-4995
XREF	CERT:724968
XREF	CWE:189

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner          : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version    : 0.9.8f
```

## 57459 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8s Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

---

The remote web server has multiple SSL-related vulnerabilities.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL older than 0.9.8s. Such versions have the following vulnerabilities :

- An error exists related to ECDSA signatures and binary curves. The implementation of curves over binary fields could allow a remote, unauthenticated attacker to determine private key material via timing attacks. (CVE-2011-1945)
- The Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) implementation is vulnerable to plaintext recovery attacks when decrypting in CBC mode. (CVE-2011-4108)
- A double-free error exists during a policy check failure if the flag 'X509\_V\_FLAG\_POLICY\_CHECK' is set. (CVE-2011-4109)
- An error exists related to SSLv3.0 records that can lead to disclosure of uninitialized memory because the library does not clear all bytes used as block cipher padding. (CVE-2011-4576)
- An error exists related to RFC 3779 processing that can allow denial of service attacks. Note that this functionality is not enabled by default and must be configured at compile time via the 'enable-rfc3779' option. (CVE-2011-4577)
- An error exists related to handshake restarts for server gated cryptography (SGC) that can allow denial of service attacks. (CVE-2011-4619)

### See Also

---

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120104.txt>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/changelog.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?c0f10f36>

<https://eprint.iacr.org/2011/232.pdf>

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=21301>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8s or later.

### Risk Factor

---

High

### VPR Score

---

5.9

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

6.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

---

BID	51281
BID	47888
CVE	CVE-2011-1945
CVE	CVE-2011-4108
CVE	CVE-2011-4109
CVE	CVE-2011-4576
CVE	CVE-2011-4577
CVE	CVE-2011-4619
XREF	CERT:536044

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/09, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner          : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version    : 0.9.8s
```

## 57459 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8s Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

---

The remote web server has multiple SSL-related vulnerabilities.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL older than 0.9.8s. Such versions have the following vulnerabilities :

- An error exists related to ECDSA signatures and binary curves. The implementation of curves over binary fields could allow a remote, unauthenticated attacker to determine private key material via timing attacks. (CVE-2011-1945)
- The Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) implementation is vulnerable to plaintext recovery attacks when decrypting in CBC mode. (CVE-2011-4108)
- A double-free error exists during a policy check failure if the flag 'X509\_V\_FLAG\_POLICY\_CHECK' is set. (CVE-2011-4109)
- An error exists related to SSLv3.0 records that can lead to disclosure of uninitialized memory because the library does not clear all bytes used as block cipher padding. (CVE-2011-4576)
- An error exists related to RFC 3779 processing that can allow denial of service attacks. Note that this functionality is not enabled by default and must be configured at compile time via the 'enable-rfc3779' option. (CVE-2011-4577)
- An error exists related to handshake restarts for server gated cryptography (SGC) that can allow denial of service attacks. (CVE-2011-4619)

### See Also

---

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120104.txt>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/changelog.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?c0f10f36>

<https://eprint.iacr.org/2011/232.pdf>

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=21301>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8s or later.

### Risk Factor

---

High

### VPR Score

---



5.9

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

6.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

---

BID	51281
BID	47888
CVE	CVE-2011-1945
CVE	CVE-2011-4108
CVE	CVE-2011-4109
CVE	CVE-2011-4576
CVE	CVE-2011-4577
CVE	CVE-2011-4619
XREF	CERT:536044

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/09, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8s
```

## 58799 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8w ASN.1 asn1\_d2i\_read\_bio Memory Corruption

### Synopsis

---

The remote host may be affected by a memory corruption vulnerability.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL earlier than 0.9.8w. As such, the OpenSSL library itself is reportedly affected by a memory corruption vulnerability via an integer truncation error in the function 'asn1\_d2i\_read\_bio' when reading ASN.1 DER format data.

Applications using the 'BIO' or 'FILE' based functions (i.e., 'd2i\_\*\_bio' or 'd2i\_\*\_fp' functions) are affected by this issue.

Also affected are 'S/MIME' or 'CMS' applications using 'SMIME\_read\_PKCS7' or 'SMIME\_read\_CMS' parsers. The OpenSSL command line utility is affected if used to handle untrusted DER formatted data.

Note that the SSL/TLS code of OpenSSL is not affected. Also not affected are applications using memory-based ASN.1 functions (e.g., 'd2i\_X509', 'd2i\_PKCS12', etc.) nor are applications using only PEM functions.

Note also that the original fix for CVE-2012-2110 in 0.9.8v was incomplete because the functions 'BUF\_MEM\_grow' and 'BUF\_MEM\_grow\_clean', in file 'openssl/crypto/buffer/buffer.c', did not properly account for negative values of the argument 'len'.

### See Also

---

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120419.txt>

<http://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2012/Apr/210>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120424.txt>

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=22479>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/changelog.html>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8w or later.

### Risk Factor

---

High

### VPR Score

---

6.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	53158
BID	53212
CVE	CVE-2012-2110
CVE	CVE-2012-2131
XREF	EDB-ID:18756

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/04/24, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8w
```

## 58799 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8w ASN.1 asn1\_d2i\_read\_bio Memory Corruption

### Synopsis

---

The remote host may be affected by a memory corruption vulnerability.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL earlier than 0.9.8w. As such, the OpenSSL library itself is reportedly affected by a memory corruption vulnerability via an integer truncation error in the function 'asn1\_d2i\_read\_bio' when reading ASN.1 DER format data.

Applications using the 'BIO' or 'FILE' based functions (i.e., 'd2i\_\*\_bio' or 'd2i\_\*\_fp' functions) are affected by this issue.

Also affected are 'S/MIME' or 'CMS' applications using 'SMIME\_read\_PKCS7' or 'SMIME\_read\_CMS' parsers. The OpenSSL command line utility is affected if used to handle untrusted DER formatted data.

Note that the SSL/TLS code of OpenSSL is not affected. Also not affected are applications using memory-based ASN.1 functions (e.g., 'd2i\_X509', 'd2i\_PKCS12', etc.) nor are applications using only PEM functions.

Note also that the original fix for CVE-2012-2110 in 0.9.8v was incomplete because the functions 'BUF\_MEM\_grow' and 'BUF\_MEM\_grow\_clean', in file 'openssl/crypto/buffer/buffer.c', did not properly account for negative values of the argument 'len'.

### See Also

---

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120419.txt>

<http://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2012/Apr/210>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120424.txt>

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=22479>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/changelog.html>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8w or later.

### Risk Factor

---

High

### VPR Score

---

6.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	53158
BID	53212
CVE	CVE-2012-2110
CVE	CVE-2012-2131
XREF	EDB-ID:18756

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/04/24, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8w
```

## 10882 - SSH Protocol Version 1 Session Key Retrieval

### Synopsis

The remote service offers an insecure cryptographic protocol.

### Description

The remote SSH daemon supports connections made using the version 1.33 and/or 1.5 of the SSH protocol.

These protocols are not completely cryptographically safe so they should not be used.

### Solution

Disable compatibility with version 1 of the SSH protocol.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

6.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	2344
CVE	CVE-2001-0361
CVE	CVE-2001-0572
CVE	CVE-2001-1473
XREF	CWE:310

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2020/04/27

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

## 35291 - SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm

### Synopsis

An SSL certificate in the certificate chain has been signed using a weak hash algorithm.

### Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm (e.g. MD2, MD4, MD5, or SHA1). These signature algorithms are known to be vulnerable to collision attacks. An attacker can exploit this to generate another certificate with the same digital signature, allowing an attacker to masquerade as the affected service.

Note that this plugin reports all SSL certificate chains signed with SHA-1 that expire after January 1, 2017 as vulnerable. This is in accordance with Google's gradual sunsetting of the SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm.

Note that certificates in the chain that are contained in the Nessus CA database (known\_CA.inc) have been ignored.

### See Also

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3279>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?9bb87bf2>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?e120eea1>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?5d894816>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?51db68aa>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?9dc7bfba>

### Solution

Contact the Certificate Authority to have the SSL certificate reissued.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

5.1

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID	11849
BID	33065
CVE	CVE-2004-2761
XREF	CERT:836068
XREF	CWE:310

## Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/05, Modified: 2022/01/14

## Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The following certificates were part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but contain hashes that are considered to be weak.

```
Subject          : C=--/ST=SomeState/L=SomeCity/O=SomeOrganization/OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit/
CN=localhost.localdomain/E=root@localhost.localdomain
Signature Algorithm : MD5 With RSA Encryption
Valid From       : Sep 26 09:32:06 2009 GMT
Valid To        : Sep 26 09:32:06 2010 GMT
Raw PEM certificate :
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIEDCCA3WgAwIBAgIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFADCBUzELMAkGA1UEBhMCLS0xEjAQBgNVBAGTCVNvbWVtdGF0ZTERMA8GA1UEBxMIU29tZUNpdH
+fHHn+CjU1DX44LPDNOWwOl6Uqb+GtZJv6juVetDwcTbbocC2BM+6x6gyV/H6aYuCssCwrOuVKWp719xVpadjITUmhh
+uB81qyqopt//
Z4THww7SezLJQXi1+Grmp3iFDAGMBAAGjggEcMIIBGDAdBgNVHQ4EFgQU70dRS0NrbNB8gE9qUjcw8LF8xKAwgegGA1UdIwSB4DCB3YAU70dRS0Nrb
+jDQzA6Cu7ntxjrlXxEjHFBbBf4iEMJDnuQTFGvICQIcrqJoH3lqAO73u4TeBDjvhv5n+h
+S37CHdl1vgRgoOay9dWaLK0yUTHgKF2HcPwMZIj2froo5eihM=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
```



## 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/>

<https://sweet32.info>

### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

### VPR Score

5.1

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DES-CBC3-MD5	0x07, 0x00, 0xC0	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	MD5
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}

{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}

{export flag}

## 12255 - mod\_ssl ssl\_util\_uuencode\_binary Remote Overflow

### Synopsis

Arbitrary code can be executed on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is using a version of mod\_ssl that is older than 2.8.18.

This version is vulnerable to a flaw that could allow an attacker to disable the remote website remotely, or to execute arbitrary code on the remote host.

Note that several Linux distributions patched the old version of this module. Therefore, this alert might be a false-positive. Please check with your vendor to determine if you really are vulnerable to this flaw.

### Solution

Upgrade to version 2.8.18 (Apache 1.3) or to Apache 2.0.50.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	10355
CVE	CVE-2004-0488

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/05/29, Modified: 2018/07/14

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

## 12255 - mod\_ssl ssl\_util\_uuencode\_binary Remote Overflow

### Synopsis

Arbitrary code can be executed on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is using a version of mod\_ssl that is older than 2.8.18.

This version is vulnerable to a flaw that could allow an attacker to disable the remote website remotely, or to execute arbitrary code on the remote host.

Note that several Linux distributions patched the old version of this module. Therefore, this alert might be a false-positive. Please check with your vendor to determine if you really are vulnerable to this flaw.

### Solution

Upgrade to version 2.8.18 (Apache 1.3) or to Apache 2.0.50.

### Risk Factor

High

### VPR Score

5.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	10355
CVE	CVE-2004-0488

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/05/29, Modified: 2018/07/14

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

## 17696 - Apache HTTP Server 403 Error Page UTF-7 Encoded XSS

### Synopsis

---

The web server running on the remote host has a cross-site scripting vulnerability.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the version of Apache HTTP Server running on the remote host can be used in cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Making a specially crafted request can inject UTF-7 encoded script code into a 403 response page, resulting in XSS attacks.

This is actually a web browser vulnerability that occurs due to non-compliance with RFC 2616 (refer to BID 29112). Apache HTTP Server is not vulnerable, but its default configuration can trigger the non-compliant, exploitable behavior in vulnerable browsers.

### See Also

---

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2008/May/109>

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2008/May/166>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to Apache HTTP Server 2.2.8 / 2.0.63 / 1.3.41 or later. These versions use a default configuration setting that prevents exploitation in vulnerable web browsers.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

---

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

---

3.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	29112
CVE	CVE-2008-2168
XREF	CWE:79

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2011/11/18, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.41
```

## 17696 - Apache HTTP Server 403 Error Page UTF-7 Encoded XSS

### Synopsis

---

The web server running on the remote host has a cross-site scripting vulnerability.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the version of Apache HTTP Server running on the remote host can be used in cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Making a specially crafted request can inject UTF-7 encoded script code into a 403 response page, resulting in XSS attacks.

This is actually a web browser vulnerability that occurs due to non-compliance with RFC 2616 (refer to BID 29112). Apache HTTP Server is not vulnerable, but its default configuration can trigger the non-compliant, exploitable behavior in vulnerable browsers.

### See Also

---

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2008/May/109>

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2008/May/166>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to Apache HTTP Server 2.2.8 / 2.0.63 / 1.3.41 or later. These versions use a default configuration setting that prevents exploitation in vulnerable web browsers.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

---

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

---

3.3

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	29112
CVE	CVE-2008-2168
XREF	CWE:79

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2011/11/18, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Version source      : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Installed version   : 1.3.20
Fixed version       : 1.3.41
```



## 88098 - Apache Server ETag Header Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

### Description

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability due to the ETag header providing sensitive information that could aid an attacker, such as the inode number of requested files.

### See Also

<http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.2/mod/core.html#FileETag>

### Solution

Modify the HTTP ETag header of the web server to not include file inodes in the ETag header calculation. Refer to the linked Apache documentation for more information.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

1.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	6939
CVE	CVE-2003-1418

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2016/01/22, Modified: 2020/04/27

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Nessus was able to determine that the Apache Server listening on  
port 80 leaks the servers inode numbers in the ETag HTTP  
Header field :
```

```
Source           : ETag: "8805-b4a-3b96e9ae"  
Inode number     : 34821  
File size       : 2890 bytes  
File modification time : Sep.  6, 2001 at 03:12:46 GMT
```

## 88098 - Apache Server ETag Header Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

### Description

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability due to the ETag header providing sensitive information that could aid an attacker, such as the inode number of requested files.

### See Also

<http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.2/mod/core.html#FileETag>

### Solution

Modify the HTTP ETag header of the web server to not include file inodes in the ETag header calculation. Refer to the linked Apache documentation for more information.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

1.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	6939
CVE	CVE-2003-1418

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2016/01/22, Modified: 2020/04/27

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Nessus was able to determine that the Apache Server listening on  
port 443 leaks the servers inode numbers in the ETag HTTP  
Header field :
```

```
Source           : ETag: "8805-b4a-3b96e9ae"  
Inode number     : 34821  
File size       : 2890 bytes  
File modification time : Sep.  6, 2001 at 03:12:46 GMT
```

## 40984 - Browsable Web Directories

### Synopsis

Some directories on the remote web server are browsable.

### Description

Multiple Nessus plugins identified directories on the web server that are browsable.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?0a35179e>

### Solution

Make sure that browsable directories do not leak confidential information or give access to sensitive resources. Additionally, use access restrictions or disable directory indexing for any that do.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/09/15, Modified: 2021/01/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following directories are browsable :

```
http://192.168.0.126/manual/  
http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/  
http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/
```

## 40984 - Browsable Web Directories

### Synopsis

Some directories on the remote web server are browsable.

### Description

Multiple Nessus plugins identified directories on the web server that are browsable.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?0a35179e>

### Solution

Make sure that browsable directories do not leak confidential information or give access to sensitive resources. Additionally, use access restrictions or disable directory indexing for any that do.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/09/15, Modified: 2021/01/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The following directories are browsable :

```
https://192.168.0.126/manual/  
https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/  
https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/
```

## 11213 - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

### Synopsis

Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.

### Description

The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.

### See Also

[https://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper\\_XST\\_ebook.pdf](https://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper_XST_ebook.pdf)

<http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24>

<https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html>

### Solution

Disable these HTTP methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

4.0

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 9506

BID	9561
BID	11604
BID	33374
BID	37995
CVE	CVE-2003-1567
CVE	CVE-2004-2320
CVE	CVE-2010-0386
XREF	CERT:288308
XREF	CERT:867593
XREF	CWE:16
XREF	CWE:200

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual host in your configuration file :

```
RewriteEngine on
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
RewriteRule .* - [F]
```

Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2 support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable' directive.

Nessus sent the following TRACE request :

```
----- snip -----
TRACE /Nessus422846365.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.0.126
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
```

```
----- snip -----
```

and received the following response from the remote server :

```
----- snip -----
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Wed, 08 Mar 2023 01:04:43 GMT
Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Connection: close
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
```

```
TRACE /Nessus422846365.html HTTP/1.1
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
```



```
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
Accept-Language: en
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.0.126
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
```

```
----- snip -----
```

## 11213 - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

### Synopsis

Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.

### Description

The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.

### See Also

[https://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper\\_XST\\_ebook.pdf](https://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper_XST_ebook.pdf)

<http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24>

<https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html>

### Solution

Disable these HTTP methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

4.0

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 9506

BID	9561
BID	11604
BID	33374
BID	37995
CVE	CVE-2003-1567
CVE	CVE-2004-2320
CVE	CVE-2010-0386
XREF	CERT:288308
XREF	CERT:867593
XREF	CWE:16
XREF	CWE:200

## Plugin Information

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual host in your configuration file :

```
RewriteEngine on
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
RewriteRule .* - [F]
```

Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2 support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable' directive.

Nessus sent the following TRACE request :

```
----- snip -----
TRACE /Nessus1664474979.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.0.126
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
```

```
----- snip -----
```

and received the following response from the remote server :

```
----- snip -----
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Wed, 08 Mar 2023 01:04:43 GMT
Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Connection: close
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
```

```
TRACE /Nessus1664474979.html HTTP/1.1
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
```

```
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
Accept-Language: en
Connection: Close
Host: 192.168.0.126
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
```

```
----- snip -----
```

## 44076 - OpenSSH < 4.3 scp Command Line Filename Processing Command Injection

### Synopsis

The version of SSH running on the remote host has a command injection vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is potentially affected by an arbitrary command execution vulnerability. The scp utility does not properly sanitize user-supplied input prior to using a system() function call. A local attacker could exploit this by creating filenames with shell metacharacters, which could cause arbitrary code to be executed if copied by a user running scp.

### See Also

[https://bugzilla.mindrot.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=1094](https://bugzilla.mindrot.org/show_bug.cgi?id=1094)

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-4.3>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 4.3 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

6.1

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.6 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 16369

CVE CVE-2006-0225

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 4.3
```

## 10802 - OpenSSH < 3.0.1 Multiple Flaws

### Synopsis

The remote host has an application that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host appears to be running OpenSSH version 3.0.1 or older. Such versions are reportedly affected by multiple flaws :

- Provided KerberosV is enabled (disabled by default), it may be possible for an attacker to partially authenticate.
- It may be possible to crash the daemon due to a excessive memory clearing bug.

### See Also

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2001/Nov/152>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 3.0.1 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	3560
CVE	CVE-2001-1507

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/11/20, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh



## 44079 - OpenSSH < 4.9 'ForceCommand' Directive Bypass

### Synopsis

The remote SSH service is affected by a security bypass vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH installed on the remote host is earlier than 4.9. It may allow a remote, authenticated user to bypass the 'sshd\_config' 'ForceCommand' directive by modifying the '.ssh/rc' session file.

### See Also

<https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-4.9>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 4.9 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

6.1

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	28531
CVE	CVE-2008-1657
XREF	CWE:264

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2  
Installed version   : 2.9p2  
Fixed version       : 4.9
```

## 44065 - OpenSSH < 5.2 CBC Plaintext Disclosure

### Synopsis

The SSH service running on the remote host has an information disclosure vulnerability.

### Description

The version of OpenSSH running on the remote host has an information disclosure vulnerability. A design flaw in the SSH specification could allow a man-in-the-middle attacker to recover up to 32 bits of plaintext from an SSH-protected connection in the standard configuration. An attacker could exploit this to gain access to sensitive information.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?4984aeb9>

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/cbc.adv>

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-5.2>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 5.2 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

2.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	32319
CVE	CVE-2008-5161
XREF	CERT:958563
XREF	CWE:200

### Plugin Information

192.168.0.126

131

Published: 2011/09/27, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 5.2
```

## 31737 - OpenSSH X11 Forwarding Session Hijacking

### Synopsis

The remote SSH service is prone to an X11 session hijacking vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the version of SSH installed on the remote host is older than 5.0. Such versions may allow a local user to hijack X11 sessions because it improperly binds TCP ports on the local IPv6 interface if the corresponding ports on the IPv4 interface are in use.

### See Also

<https://bugs.debian.org/cgi-bin/bugreport.cgi?bug=463011>

<https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-5.0>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 5.0 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

6.0

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	28444
CVE	CVE-2008-1483
CVE	CVE-2008-3234
XREF	Secunia:29522
XREF	CWE:264

### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/04/03, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

The remote OpenSSH server returned the following banner :

SSH-1.99-OpenSSH\_2.9p2

## 59076 - OpenSSL 0.9.8 < 0.9.8x DTLS CBC Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote host may be affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL 0.9.8 earlier than 0.9.8x. As such, the OpenSSL library itself is reportedly affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

An integer underflow error exists in the file 'ssl/d1\_enc.c' in the function 'dtls1\_enc'. When in CBC mode, DTLS record length values and explicit initialization vector length values related to DTLS packets are not handled properly, which can lead to memory corruption and application crashes.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120510.txt>  
<https://www.openssl.org/news/changelog.html>  
<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=22538>  
[https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show\\_bug.cgi?id=820686](https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=820686)

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8x or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	53476
CVE	CVE-2012-2333

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/05/11, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8x
```



## 59076 - OpenSSL 0.9.8 < 0.9.8x DTLS CBC Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote host may be affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL 0.9.8 earlier than 0.9.8x. As such, the OpenSSL library itself is reportedly affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

An integer underflow error exists in the file 'ssl/d1\_enc.c' in the function 'dtls1\_enc'. When in CBC mode, DTLS record length values and explicit initialization vector length values related to DTLS packets are not handled properly, which can lead to memory corruption and application crashes.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120510.txt>  
<https://www.openssl.org/news/changelog.html>  
<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=22538>  
[https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show\\_bug.cgi?id=820686](https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=820686)

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8x or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	53476
CVE	CVE-2012-2333

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/05/11, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8x
```

## 17747 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6f Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is vulnerable to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6f.

A remote attacker can trigger a denial of service by sending a specially crafted SSLv2 CLIENT\_MASTER\_KEY message.

### See Also

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=7659>

<https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/339948>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6f or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	8746
CVE	CVE-2002-1568
XREF	RHSA:2003:291

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner          : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version    : 0.9.6f
```

## 17747 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6f Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is vulnerable to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6f.

A remote attacker can trigger a denial of service by sending a specially crafted SSLv2 CLIENT\_MASTER\_KEY message.

### See Also

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=7659>

<https://www.securityfocus.com/archive/1/339948>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6f or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	8746
CVE	CVE-2002-1568
XREF	RHSA:2003:291

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6f
```

## 11267 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6j / 0.9.7b Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote host has an application that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host is using a version of OpenSSL older than 0.9.6j or 0.9.7b.

This version is vulnerable to a timing-based attack that could allow an attacker to guess the content of fixed data blocks and may eventually be able to guess the value of the private RSA key of the server.

An attacker may use this implementation flaw to sniff the data going to this host and decrypt some parts of it, as well as impersonate the server and perform man-in-the-middle attacks.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20030219.txt>

<http://eprint.iacr.org/2003/052/>

### Solution

Upgrade to version 0.9.6j (0.9.7b) or newer.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	6884
BID	7148
CVE	CVE-2003-0078
CVE	CVE-2003-0131
CVE	CVE-2003-0147

XREF RHSA:2003:101-01  
XREF SuSE:SUSE-SA:2003:024

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2003/02/20, Modified: 2022/04/11

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www



## 11267 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6j / 0.9.7b Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote host has an application that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host is using a version of OpenSSL older than 0.9.6j or 0.9.7b.

This version is vulnerable to a timing-based attack that could allow an attacker to guess the content of fixed data blocks and may eventually be able to guess the value of the private RSA key of the server.

An attacker may use this implementation flaw to sniff the data going to this host and decrypt some parts of it, as well as impersonate the server and perform man-in-the-middle attacks.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20030219.txt>

<http://eprint.iacr.org/2003/052/>

### Solution

Upgrade to version 0.9.6j (0.9.7b) or newer.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	6884
BID	7148
CVE	CVE-2003-0078
CVE	CVE-2003-0131
CVE	CVE-2003-0147

XREF RHSA:2003:101-01  
XREF SuSE:SUSE-SA:2003:024

#### Plugin Information

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Published: 2003/02/20, Modified: 2022/04/11

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

## 17748 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6k Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is vulnerable to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6k.

A remote attacker can trigger a denial of service by using an invalid client certificate.

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6k or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	8732
CVE	CVE-2003-0543
CVE	CVE-2003-0544
XREF	CERT-CC:CA-2003-26
XREF	CERT:255484
XREF	CERT:380864

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6k
```

## 17748 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6k Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is vulnerable to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6k.

A remote attacker can trigger a denial of service by using an invalid client certificate.

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6k or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	8732
CVE	CVE-2003-0543
CVE	CVE-2003-0544
XREF	CERT-CC:CA-2003-26
XREF	CERT:255484
XREF	CERT:380864

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6k
```

## 17749 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6l Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is vulnerable to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6l.

A remote attacker can trigger a denial of service by using an invalid client certificate.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20031104.txt>

<https://marc.info/?l=bugtraq&m=106796246511667&w=2>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6l or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	8970
CVE	CVE-2003-0851
XREF	CERT:412478

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6l
```



## 17749 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6l Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is vulnerable to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6l.

A remote attacker can trigger a denial of service by using an invalid client certificate.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20031104.txt>

<https://marc.info/?l=bugtraq&m=106796246511667&w=2>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6l or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	8970
CVE	CVE-2003-0851
XREF	CERT:412478

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6l
```

## 17750 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is vulnerable to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6m or 0.9.7d.

A remote attacker can crash the server by sending an overly long Kerberos ticket or a crafted SSL/TLS handshake.

### See Also

<https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/ta04-078a>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20040317.txt>

<http://marc.info/?l=bugtraq&m=107953412903636&w=2>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	9899
CVE	CVE-2004-0079
CVE	CVE-2004-0112
XREF	CERT:484726

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6m
```

## 17750 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is vulnerable to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.6m or 0.9.7d.

A remote attacker can crash the server by sending an overly long Kerberos ticket or a crafted SSL/TLS handshake.

### See Also

<https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/ta04-078a>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20040317.txt>

<http://marc.info/?l=bugtraq&m=107953412903636&w=2>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	9899
CVE	CVE-2004-0079
CVE	CVE-2004-0112
XREF	CERT:484726

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.6m
```

## 12110 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d Multiple Remote DoS

### Synopsis

The remote service is prone to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host is using a version of OpenSSL which is older than 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d. There are several bugs in such versions that may allow an attacker to cause a denial of service against the remote host.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20040317.txt>

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2004/Mar/155>

### Solution

Upgrade to version 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d or newer.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	9899
CVE	CVE-2004-0079
CVE	CVE-2004-0081
CVE	CVE-2004-0112

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/03/17, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www



## 12110 - OpenSSL < 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d Multiple Remote DoS

### Synopsis

The remote service is prone to a denial of service attack.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host is using a version of OpenSSL which is older than 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d. There are several bugs in such versions that may allow an attacker to cause a denial of service against the remote host.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20040317.txt>

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2004/Mar/155>

### Solution

Upgrade to version 0.9.6m / 0.9.7d or newer.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	9899
CVE	CVE-2004-0079
CVE	CVE-2004-0081
CVE	CVE-2004-0112

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/03/17, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

## 17759 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8 Weak Default Configuration

### Synopsis

The default configuration of OpenSSL on the remote server uses a weak hash algorithm.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8.

The default configuration uses MD5 instead of a stronger hash algorithm. An attacker could forge certificates.

If you never generate certificates on this machine, you may ignore this warning.

### See Also

<https://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/+source/openssl/+bug/19835>

<https://usn.ubuntu.com/179-1/>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

CVE CVE-2005-2946

XREF CWE:310

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8
```

## 17759 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8 Weak Default Configuration

### Synopsis

The default configuration of OpenSSL on the remote server uses a weak hash algorithm.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8.

The default configuration uses MD5 instead of a stronger hash algorithm. An attacker could forge certificates.

If you never generate certificates on this machine, you may ignore this warning.

### See Also

<https://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/+source/openssl/+bug/19835>

<https://usn.ubuntu.com/179-1/>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

CVE CVE-2005-2946

XREF CWE:310

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8
```

## 56996 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8h Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote web server has multiple SSL-related vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server uses a version of OpenSSL older than 0.9.8h. As such, it may be affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A double-free error exists related to the handling of server name extension data and specially crafted TLS 1.0 'Client Hello' packets. This can cause application crashes. Note that successful exploitation requires that OpenSSL is compiled with the TLS server name extensions.

(CVE-2008-0891)

- A NULL pointer dereference error exists related to anonymous Diffie-Hellman key exchange and TLS handshakes. This can be exploited by omitting the 'Server Key exchange message' from the handshake and can cause application crashes. (CVE-2008-1672)

- On 32-bit builds, an information disclosure vulnerability exists during certain calculations for NIST elliptic curves P-256 or P-384. This error can allow an attacker to recover the private key of the TLS server.

The following are required for exploitation :

- 32-bit build
- Use of elliptic curves P-256 and/or P-384
- Either the use of ECDH family ciphers and/or the use of ECDHE family ciphers without the SSL\_OP\_SINGLE\_ECDH\_USE context option

(CVE-2011-4354)

Note that Nessus has not attempted to verify that these issues are actually exploitable or have been patched but instead has relied on the version number found in the Server response header.

### See Also

<https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2011/12/01/6>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20080528.txt>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8h or later or apply the vendor-supplied patches.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.2

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	29405
BID	50882
CVE	CVE-2008-0891
CVE	CVE-2008-1672
CVE	CVE-2011-4354
XREF	CERT:520586
XREF	CERT:661475
XREF	CWE:189
XREF	CWE:287

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2011/12/02, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8h
```



## 56996 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8h Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

---

The remote web server has multiple SSL-related vulnerabilities.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the remote web server uses a version of OpenSSL older than 0.9.8h. As such, it may be affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A double-free error exists related to the handling of server name extension data and specially crafted TLS 1.0 'Client Hello' packets. This can cause application crashes. Note that successful exploitation requires that OpenSSL is compiled with the TLS server name extensions.

(CVE-2008-0891)

- A NULL pointer dereference error exists related to anonymous Diffie-Hellman key exchange and TLS handshakes. This can be exploited by omitting the 'Server Key exchange message' from the handshake and can cause application crashes. (CVE-2008-1672)

- On 32-bit builds, an information disclosure vulnerability exists during certain calculations for NIST elliptic curves P-256 or P-384. This error can allow an attacker to recover the private key of the TLS server.

The following are required for exploitation :

- 32-bit build
- Use of elliptic curves P-256 and/or P-384
- Either the use of ECDH family ciphers and/or the use of ECDHE family ciphers without the SSL\_OP\_SINGLE\_ECDH\_USE context option

(CVE-2011-4354)

Note that Nessus has not attempted to verify that these issues are actually exploitable or have been patched but instead has relied on the version number found in the Server response header.

### See Also

---

<https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2011/12/01/6>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20080528.txt>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8h or later or apply the vendor-supplied patches.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### VPR Score

---

4.2

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	29405
BID	50882
CVE	CVE-2008-0891
CVE	CVE-2008-1672
CVE	CVE-2011-4354
XREF	CERT:520586
XREF	CERT:661475
XREF	CWE:189
XREF	CWE:287

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2011/12/02, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8h
```

## 17761 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8i Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8i.

A remote attacker can crash the server by sending a DTLS ChangeCipherSpec packet before the ClientHello.

### See Also

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=17369>

<https://rt.openssl.org/Ticket/Display.html?id=1679&user=guest&pass=guest>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8i or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

5.1

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.1 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	35174
CVE	CVE-2009-1386
XREF	EDB-ID:8873

### Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8i
```

## 17761 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8i Denial of Service

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8i.

A remote attacker can crash the server by sending a DTLS ChangeCipherSpec packet before the ClientHello.

### See Also

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=17369>

<https://rt.openssl.org/Ticket/Display.html?id=1679&user=guest&pass=guest>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8i or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

5.1

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.1 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	35174
CVE	CVE-2009-1386
XREF	EDB-ID:8873

### Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8i
```

## 17762 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8j Signature Spoofing

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by a signature validation bypass vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8j.

A remote attacker could implement a man-in-the-middle attack by forging an SSL/TLS signature using DSA and ECDSA keys which bypass validation of the certificate chain.

### See Also

<https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/TA09-133A>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8j or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.0

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	33150
CVE	CVE-2008-5077
XREF	CWE:20

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

### Plugin Output

192.168.0.126

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b  
Reported version : 0.9.6b  
Fixed version  : 0.9.8j
```



## 17762 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8j Signature Spoofing

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by a signature validation bypass vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8j.

A remote attacker could implement a man-in-the-middle attack by forging an SSL/TLS signature using DSA and ECDSA keys which bypass validation of the certificate chain.

### See Also

<https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/TA09-133A>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8j or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.0

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	33150
CVE	CVE-2008-5077
XREF	CWE:20

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

### Plugin Output

192.168.0.126

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b  
Reported version : 0.9.6b  
Fixed version  : 0.9.8j
```

## 17763 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8k Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL prior to 0.9.8k. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in the ASN1\_STRING\_print\_ex() function due to improper string handling. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause an invalid memory access and application crash.

(CVE-2009-0590)

- A flaw exists in the CMS\_verify() function due to improper handling of errors associated with malformed signed attributes. A remote attacker can exploit this to repudiate a signature that originally appeared to be valid but was actually invalid. (CVE-2009-0591)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists due to improper handling of malformed ASN.1 structures. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause an invalid memory access and application crash. (CVE-2009-0789)

- A memory leak exists in the SSL\_free() function in ssl\_lib.c. A remote attacker can exploit this to exhaust memory resources, resulting in a denial of service condition. (CVE-2009-5146)

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20090325.txt>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL version 0.9.8k or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	34256
BID	73121
CVE	CVE-2009-0590
CVE	CVE-2009-0591
CVE	CVE-2009-0789
CVE	CVE-2009-5146
XREF	CWE:119
XREF	CWE:189
XREF	CWE:287

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner          : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version    : 0.9.8k
```

## 17763 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8k Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL prior to 0.9.8k. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in the ASN1\_STRING\_print\_ex() function due to improper string handling. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause an invalid memory access and application crash.

(CVE-2009-0590)

- A flaw exists in the CMS\_verify() function due to improper handling of errors associated with malformed signed attributes. A remote attacker can exploit this to repudiate a signature that originally appeared to be valid but was actually invalid. (CVE-2009-0591)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists due to improper handling of malformed ASN.1 structures. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause an invalid memory access and application crash. (CVE-2009-0789)

- A memory leak exists in the SSL\_free() function in ssl\_lib.c. A remote attacker can exploit this to exhaust memory resources, resulting in a denial of service condition. (CVE-2009-5146)

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20090325.txt>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL version 0.9.8k or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	34256
BID	73121
CVE	CVE-2009-0590
CVE	CVE-2009-0591
CVE	CVE-2009-0789
CVE	CVE-2009-5146
XREF	CWE:119
XREF	CWE:189
XREF	CWE:287

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner          : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version    : 0.9.8k
```

## 17765 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8l Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

---

The remote server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8l. As such, it may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A remote attacker could crash the server by sending malformed ASN.1 data. This flaw only affects some architectures, Win64 and other unspecified platforms. (CVE-2009-0789)
- A remote attacker could saturate the server by sending a big number of 'future epoch' DTLS records. (CVE-2009-1377)
- A remote attacker could saturate the server by sending duplicate DTLS records, or DTLS records with too big sequence numbers. (CVE-2009-1378)
- A remote attacker could spoof certificates by computing MD2 hash collisions. (CVE-2009-2409)

### See Also

---

<http://voodoo-circle.sourceforge.net/sa/sa-20090326-01.html>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20090325.txt>

<http://voodoo-circle.sourceforge.net/sa/sa-20091012-01.html>

<https://rt.openssl.org/Ticket/Display.html?id=1930&user=guest&pass=guest>

<https://rt.openssl.org/Ticket/Display.html?id=1931&user=guest&pass=guest>

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=18187>

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=18188>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8l or later.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### VPR Score

---

6.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	34256
BID	35001
CVE	CVE-2009-0789
CVE	CVE-2009-1377
CVE	CVE-2009-1378
CVE	CVE-2009-2409
XREF	EDB-ID:8720
XREF	CWE:119
XREF	CWE:189
XREF	CWE:310
XREF	CWE:399

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8l
```



## 17765 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8l Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

---

The remote server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

---

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.8l. As such, it may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A remote attacker could crash the server by sending malformed ASN.1 data. This flaw only affects some architectures, Win64 and other unspecified platforms. (CVE-2009-0789)
- A remote attacker could saturate the server by sending a big number of 'future epoch' DTLS records. (CVE-2009-1377)
- A remote attacker could saturate the server by sending duplicate DTLS records, or DTLS records with too big sequence numbers. (CVE-2009-1378)
- A remote attacker could spoof certificates by computing MD2 hash collisions. (CVE-2009-2409)

### See Also

---

<http://voodoo-circle.sourceforge.net/sa/sa-20090326-01.html>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20090325.txt>

<http://voodoo-circle.sourceforge.net/sa/sa-20091012-01.html>

<https://rt.openssl.org/Ticket/Display.html?id=1930&user=guest&pass=guest>

<https://rt.openssl.org/Ticket/Display.html?id=1931&user=guest&pass=guest>

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=18187>

<http://cvs.openssl.org/chngview?cn=18188>

### Solution

---

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8l or later.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### VPR Score

---

6.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

5.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	34256
BID	35001
CVE	CVE-2009-0789
CVE	CVE-2009-1377
CVE	CVE-2009-1378
CVE	CVE-2009-2409
XREF	EDB-ID:8720
XREF	CWE:119
XREF	CWE:189
XREF	CWE:310
XREF	CWE:399

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.81
```

## 58564 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8u Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote host may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server uses an OpenSSL version prior to 0.9.8u. As such, it is reportedly affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- An error exists in the function 'mime\_hdr\_cmp' that could allow a NULL pointer to be dereferenced when parsing certain MIME headers. (CVE-2006-7250)
- The fix for CVE-2011-4619 was not complete.
- An error exists in the Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) and PKCS #7 implementation such that data can be decrypted using Million Message Attack (MMA) adaptive chosen cipher text attack. (CVE-2012-0884)
- An error exists in the function 'mime\_param\_cmp' in the file 'crypto/asn1/asn\_mime.c' that can allow a NULL pointer to be dereferenced when handling certain S/MIME content. (CVE-2012-1165)

Note that SSL/TLS applications are not necessarily affected, but those using CMS, PKCS #7 and S/MIME decryption operations are.

### See Also

<https://marc.info/?l=openssl-dev&m=115685408414194&w=2>  
<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120312.txt>  
<https://www.openssl.org/news/changelog.html>  
<https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2012/03/13/2>  
<https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2012/02/28/14>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?82fc5c0b>  
<https://rt.openssl.org/Ticket/Display.html?id=2711&user=guest&pass=guest>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8u or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

---

BID	51281
BID	52181
BID	52428
BID	52764
CVE	CVE-2006-7250
CVE	CVE-2011-4619
CVE	CVE-2012-0884
CVE	CVE-2012-1165

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/04/02, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8u
```

## 58564 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8u Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote host may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server uses an OpenSSL version prior to 0.9.8u. As such, it is reportedly affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- An error exists in the function 'mime\_hdr\_cmp' that could allow a NULL pointer to be dereferenced when parsing certain MIME headers. (CVE-2006-7250)
- The fix for CVE-2011-4619 was not complete.
- An error exists in the Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) and PKCS #7 implementation such that data can be decrypted using Million Message Attack (MMA) adaptive chosen cipher text attack. (CVE-2012-0884)
- An error exists in the function 'mime\_param\_cmp' in the file 'crypto/asn1/asn\_mime.c' that can allow a NULL pointer to be dereferenced when handling certain S/MIME content. (CVE-2012-1165)

Note that SSL/TLS applications are not necessarily affected, but those using CMS, PKCS #7 and S/MIME decryption operations are.

### See Also

<https://marc.info/?l=openssl-dev&m=115685408414194&w=2>  
<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20120312.txt>  
<https://www.openssl.org/news/changelog.html>  
<https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2012/03/13/2>  
<https://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2012/02/28/14>  
<http://www.nessus.org/u?82fc5c0b>  
<https://rt.openssl.org/Ticket/Display.html?id=2711&user=guest&pass=guest>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8u or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

---

BID	51281
BID	52181
BID	52428
BID	52764
CVE	CVE-2006-7250
CVE	CVE-2011-4619
CVE	CVE-2012-0884
CVE	CVE-2012-1165

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/04/02, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8u
```

## 44074 - Portable OpenSSH < 3.8p1 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

Remote attackers may be able to cause information to leak from aborted sessions.

### Description

According to its banner, a version of OpenSSH earlier than 3.8p1 is running on the remote host and is affected by the following issues:

- There is an issue in the handling of PAM modules in such versions of OpenSSH. As a result, OpenSSH may not correctly handle aborted conversations with PAM modules. Consequently, that memory may not be scrubbed of sensitive information such as credentials, which could lead to credentials leaking into swap space and core dumps. Other vulnerabilities in PAM modules could come to light because of unpredictable behavior.
- Denial of service attacks are possible when privilege separation is in use. This version of OpenSSH does not properly signal non-privileged processes after session termination when 'LoginGraceTime' is exceeded. This can allow connections to remain open thereby allowing the denial of service when resources are exhausted. (CVE-2004-2069)

### See Also

<https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~mgk25/otpw.html#opensshbug>

[https://bugzilla.mindrot.org/show\\_bug.cgi?id=632](https://bugzilla.mindrot.org/show_bug.cgi?id=632)

<http://www.nessus.org/u?e86aec66>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?bbd79dfd>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?d2f25e5c>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 3.8p1 or later.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	9040
BID	14963
CVE	CVE-2004-2069

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 3.8p1
```



## 57608 - SMB Signing not required

### Synopsis

---

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

### Description

---

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

### See Also

---

<http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3>

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723>

<https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea>

### Solution

---

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

---

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/139/smb

## 90317 - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak encryption algorithms or no algorithm at all.

### Description

Nessus has detected that the remote SSH server is configured to use the Arcfour stream cipher or no cipher at all. RFC 4253 advises against using Arcfour due to an issue with weak keys.

### See Also

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4253#section-6.3>

### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to remove the weak ciphers.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/04, Modified: 2016/12/14

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The following weak server-to-client encryption algorithms are supported :
```

```
    arcfour
```

```
The following weak client-to-server encryption algorithms are supported :
```

```
    arcfour
```

## 42880 - SSL / TLS Renegotiation Handshakes MiTM Plaintext Data Injection

### Synopsis

The remote service allows insecure renegotiation of TLS / SSL connections.

### Description

The remote service encrypts traffic using TLS / SSL but allows a client to insecurely renegotiate the connection after the initial handshake.

An unauthenticated, remote attacker may be able to leverage this issue to inject an arbitrary amount of plaintext into the beginning of the application protocol stream, which could facilitate man-in-the-middle attacks if the service assumes that the sessions before and after renegotiation are from the same 'client' and merges them at the application layer.

### See Also

<http://www.ietf.org/mail-archive/web/tls/current/msg03948.html>

<http://www.g-sec.lu/practicaltls.pdf>

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5746>

### Solution

Contact the vendor for specific patch information.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

7.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:P)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.5 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	36935
CVE	CVE-2009-3555
XREF	CERT:120541
XREF	CWE:310

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2009/11/24, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
TLSv1 supports insecure renegotiation.
```

```
SSLv3 supports insecure renegotiation.
```

## 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

### Synopsis

---

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

### Description

---

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below :

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

### See Also

---

<https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en>

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509>

### Solution

---

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

The following certificate was part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it has expired :

```
| -Subject      : C=--/ST=SomeState/L=SomeCity/O=SomeOrganization/OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit/  
CN=localhost.localdomain/E=root@localhost.localdomain  
| -Not After    : Sep 26 09:32:06 2010 GMT
```

The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority :

```
| -Subject      : C=--/ST=SomeState/L=SomeCity/O=SomeOrganization/OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit/  
CN=localhost.localdomain/E=root@localhost.localdomain  
| -Issuer       : C=--/ST=SomeState/L=SomeCity/O=SomeOrganization/OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit/  
CN=localhost.localdomain/E=root@localhost.localdomain
```

## 15901 - SSL Certificate Expiry

### Synopsis

The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.

### Description

This plugin checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL- enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

### Solution

Purchase or generate a new SSL certificate to replace the existing one.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The SSL certificate has already expired :

```
Subject      : C=--, ST=SomeState, L=SomeCity, O=SomeOrganization, OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit,
CN=localhost.localdomain, emailAddress=root@localhost.localdomain
Issuer       : C=--, ST=SomeState, L=SomeCity, O=SomeOrganization, OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit,
CN=localhost.localdomain, emailAddress=root@localhost.localdomain
Not valid before : Sep 26 09:32:06 2009 GMT
Not valid after  : Sep 26 09:32:06 2010 GMT
```



## 89058 - SSL DROWN Attack Vulnerability (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption)

### Synopsis

The remote host may be affected by a vulnerability that allows a remote attacker to potentially decrypt captured TLS traffic.

### Description

The remote host supports SSLv2 and therefore may be affected by a vulnerability that allows a cross-protocol Bleichenbacher padding oracle attack known as DROWN (Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption). This vulnerability exists due to a flaw in the Secure Sockets Layer Version 2 (SSLv2) implementation, and it allows captured TLS traffic to be decrypted. A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this to decrypt the TLS connection by utilizing previously captured traffic and weak cryptography along with a series of specially crafted connections to an SSLv2 server that uses the same private key.

### See Also

<https://drownattack.com/>

<https://drownattack.com/drown-attack-paper.pdf>

### Solution

Disable SSLv2 and export grade cryptography cipher suites. Ensure that private keys are not used anywhere with server software that supports SSLv2 connections.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

5.1

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

### 3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 83733  
CVE CVE-2016-0800  
XREF CERT:583776

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/01, Modified: 2019/11/20

#### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The remote host is affected by SSL DROWN and supports the following vulnerable cipher suites :

##### Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x04, 0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x02, 0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5

##### High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
RC4-MD5	0x01, 0x00, 0x80	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	MD5

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}  
{Cipher ID code}  
Kex={key exchange}  
Auth={authentication}  
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}  
MAC={message authentication code}  
{export flag}

### Synopsis

---

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

### Description

---

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

### See Also

---

<https://www.rc4nomore.com/>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0>

<http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf>

<http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/>

[https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII\\_Attacking\\_SSL\\_when\\_using\\_RC4.pdf](https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII_Attacking_SSL_when_using_RC4.pdf)

### Solution

---

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

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5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

### VPR Score

---

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

### 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

#### References

BID 58796  
BID 73684  
CVE CVE-2013-2566  
CVE CVE-2015-2808

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :

##### Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x02, 0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
EXP1024-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x60	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC4(56)	MD5
EXP1024-RC4-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x64	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC4(56)	
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5

##### High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
RC4-MD5	0x01, 0x00, 0x80	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	MD5
RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x04	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	MD5
RC4-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x05	RSA	RSA	RC4(128)	

The fields above are :

```
{Tenable ciphername}  
{Cipher ID code}  
Kex={key exchange}  
Auth={authentication}  
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}  
MAC={message authentication code}  
{export flag}
```

## 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

### Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

### Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities :

```
| -Subject : C=--/ST=SomeState/L=SomeCity/O=SomeOrganization/OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit/  
CN=localhost.localdomain/E=root@localhost.localdomain
```

## 26928 - SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of weak SSL ciphers.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer weak encryption.

Note: This is considerably easier to exploit if the attacker is on the same physical network.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?6527892d>

### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible to avoid the use of weak ciphers.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### References

XREF	CWE:326
XREF	CWE:327
XREF	CWE:720
XREF	CWE:753
XREF	CWE:803
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:934

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/10/08, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

192.168.0.126

Here is the list of weak SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x04, 0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x02, 0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x14	DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP1024-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x62	RSA(1024)	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP1024-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00, 0x61	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC2-CBC(56)	MD5
EXP1024-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x60	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC4(56)	MD5
EXP1024-RC4-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x64	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC4(56)	
EXP-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00, 0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	

The fields above are :

```
{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}
```

## 81606 - SSL/TLS EXPORT\_RSA <= 512-bit Cipher Suites Supported (FREAK)

### Synopsis

The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.

### Description

The remote host supports EXPORT\_RSA cipher suites with keys less than or equal to 512 bits. An attacker can factor a 512-bit RSA modulus in a short amount of time.

A man-in-the-middle attacker may be able to downgrade the session to use EXPORT\_RSA cipher suites (e.g. CVE-2015-0204). Thus, it is recommended to remove support for weak cipher suites.

### See Also

<https://www.smacktls.com/#freak>

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20150108.txt>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?b78da2c4>

### Solution

Reconfigure the service to remove support for EXPORT\_RSA cipher suites.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

4.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	71936
CVE	CVE-2015-0204
XREF	CERT:243585

### Plugin Information



Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

EXPORT\_RSA cipher suites supported by the remote server :

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
EXP-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00, 0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}  
{Cipher ID code}  
Kex={key exchange}  
Auth={authentication}  
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}  
MAC={message authentication code}  
{export flag}

## 78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

### Synopsis

---

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

### Description

---

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

### See Also

---

<https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html>

<https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf>

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00>

### Solution

---

Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

### Risk Factor

---

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

---

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

---

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

## VPR Score

---

5.3

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

---

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

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BID	70574
CVE	CVE-2014-3566
XREF	CERT:577193

## Plugin Information

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Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2020/06/12

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

## 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

### See Also

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00>

### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2020/03/31

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
TLsv1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.
```

## 10816 - Webalizer < 2.01-09 Multiple XSS

### Synopsis

A web application on the remote host has multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities.

### Description

Webalizer, a web server log analysis application, was detected on the remote host. This version of Webalizer has multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities that could allow malicious HTML tags to be injected in the reports.

### See Also

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2001/Oct/223>

### Solution

Upgrade to Version 2.01-09 and change the directory in 'OutputDir'.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	3473
CVE	CVE-2001-0835
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:74
XREF	CWE:79
XREF	CWE:442
XREF	CWE:629
XREF	CWE:711
XREF	CWE:712

XREF	CWE:722
XREF	CWE:725
XREF	CWE:750
XREF	CWE:751
XREF	CWE:800
XREF	CWE:801
XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

#### Plugin Information

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Published: 2001/12/03, Modified: 2021/01/19

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

## 10816 - Webalizer < 2.01-09 Multiple XSS

### Synopsis

A web application on the remote host has multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities.

### Description

Webalizer, a web server log analysis application, was detected on the remote host. This version of Webalizer has multiple cross-site scripting vulnerabilities that could allow malicious HTML tags to be injected in the reports.

### See Also

<https://seclists.org/bugtraq/2001/Oct/223>

### Solution

Upgrade to Version 2.01-09 and change the directory in 'OutputDir'.

### Risk Factor

Medium

### VPR Score

5.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	3473
CVE	CVE-2001-0835
XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:74
XREF	CWE:79
XREF	CWE:442
XREF	CWE:629
XREF	CWE:711
XREF	CWE:712

XREF	CWE:722
XREF	CWE:725
XREF	CWE:750
XREF	CWE:751
XREF	CWE:800
XREF	CWE:801
XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

#### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2001/12/03, Modified: 2021/01/19

#### Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www



## 44075 - OpenSSH < 4.0 known\_hosts Plaintext Host Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote host is running a version of OpenSSH prior to 4.0. Versions of OpenSSH earlier than 4.0 are affected by an information disclosure vulnerability because the application stores hostnames, IP addresses, and keys in plaintext in the 'known\_hosts' file. A local attacker, exploiting this flaw, could gain access to sensitive information that could be used in subsequent attacks.

### See Also

<https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-4.0>

<http://nms.csail.mit.edu/projects/ssh/>

<http://www.eweek.com/c/a/Security/Researchers-Reveal-Holes-in-Grid/>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 4.0 or later.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

5.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

1.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE CVE-2005-2666

CVE CVE-2007-4654

CVE CVE-2004-2760

XREF CWE:16

XREF CWE:255

XREF CWE:399

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 4.0
```

## 19592 - OpenSSH < 4.2 Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server has multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH installed on the remote host has the following vulnerabilities :

- X11 forwarding may be enabled unintentionally when multiple forwarding requests are made on the same session, or when an X11 listener is orphaned after a session goes away. (CVE-2005-2797)

- GSSAPI credentials may be delegated to users who log in using something other than GSSAPI authentication if 'GSSAPIDelegateCredentials' is enabled. (CVE-2005-2798)

- Attempting to log in as a nonexistent user causes the authentication process to hang, which could be exploited to enumerate valid user accounts.

Only OpenSSH on Mac OS X 10.4.x is affected.

(CVE-2006-0393)

- Repeatedly attempting to log in as a nonexistent user could result in a denial of service.

Only OpenSSH on Mac OS X 10.4.x is affected.

(CVE-2006-0393)

### See Also

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-4.2>

<https://lists.apple.com/archives/security-announce/2006/Aug/msg00000.html>

<https://support.apple.com/?artnum=304063>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH 4.2 or later. For OpenSSH on Mac OS X 10.4.x, apply Mac OS X Security Update 2006-004.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

5.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

3.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:S/C:P/I:N/A:N)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

---

2.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

---

BID	14727
BID	14729
BID	19289
CVE	CVE-2005-2797
CVE	CVE-2005-2798
CVE	CVE-2006-0393

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2005/09/07, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

## 44080 - OpenSSH X11UseLocalhost X11 Forwarding Port Hijacking

### Synopsis

The remote SSH service may be affected by an X11 forwarding port hijacking vulnerability.

### Description

According to its banner, the version of SSH installed on the remote host is older than 5.1 and may allow a local user to hijack the X11 forwarding port. The application improperly sets the 'SO\_REUSEADDR' socket option when the 'X11UseLocalhost' configuration option is disabled.

Note that most operating systems, when attempting to bind to a port that has previously been bound with the 'SO\_REUSEADDR' option, will check that either the effective user-id matches the previous bind (common BSD-derived systems) or that the bind addresses do not overlap (Linux and Solaris). This is not the case with other operating systems such as HP-UX.

### See Also

<https://www.openssh.com/txt/release-5.1>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSH version 5.1 or later.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

1.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

0.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	30339
CVE	CVE-2008-3259
XREF	CWE:200

### Plugin Information

192.168.0.126

221

Published: 2011/10/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 5.1
```

## 17754 - OpenSSL < 0.9.7f Insecure Temporary File Creation

### Synopsis

Arbitrary files could be overwritten on the remote server.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.7f.

The der\_chop script that is shipped with these versions allows a malicious user to overwrite arbitrary files.

Note that this was fixed in the 0.9.6 CVS but no new version was published in the 0.9.6 branch.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/vulnerabilities.html#2004-0975>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.7f or later.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

2.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	11293
CVE	CVE-2004-0975

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

### Plugin Output

192.168.0.126

tcp/80/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b  
Reported version : 0.9.6b  
Fixed version  : 0.9.7f
```



## 17754 - OpenSSL < 0.9.7f Insecure Temporary File Creation

### Synopsis

Arbitrary files could be overwritten on the remote server.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote server is running a version of OpenSSL that is earlier than 0.9.7f.

The der\_chop script that is shipped with these versions allows a malicious user to overwrite arbitrary files.

Note that this was fixed in the 0.9.6 CVS but no new version was published in the 0.9.6 branch.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/vulnerabilities.html#2004-0975>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.7f or later.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

2.7

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	11293
CVE	CVE-2004-0975

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/04, Modified: 2018/11/15

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b  
Reported version : 0.9.6b  
Fixed version  : 0.9.7f
```

## 64532 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8y Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote host may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL prior to 0.9.8y. The OpenSSL library is, therefore, reportedly affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- An error exists related to the handling of OCSP response verification that could allow denial of service attacks.

(CVE-2013-0166)

- An error exists related to the SSL/TLS/DTLS protocols, CBC mode encryption and response time. An attacker could obtain plaintext contents of encrypted traffic via timing attacks. (CVE-2013-0169)

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20130204.txt>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8y or later.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	57778
BID	60268
CVE	CVE-2013-0166
CVE	CVE-2013-0169

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2013/02/09, Modified: 2022/12/05

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/80/www

```
Banner          : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version    : 0.9.8y
```

## 64532 - OpenSSL < 0.9.8y Multiple Vulnerabilities

### Synopsis

The remote host may be affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

### Description

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of OpenSSL prior to 0.9.8y. The OpenSSL library is, therefore, reportedly affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- An error exists related to the handling of OCSP response verification that could allow denial of service attacks.

(CVE-2013-0166)

- An error exists related to the SSL/TLS/DTLS protocols, CBC mode encryption and response time. An attacker could obtain plaintext contents of encrypted traffic via timing attacks. (CVE-2013-0169)

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20130204.txt>

### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8y or later.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

3.6

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	57778
BID	60268
CVE	CVE-2013-0166
CVE	CVE-2013-0169

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2013/02/09, Modified: 2022/12/05

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
Banner      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
Fixed version  : 0.9.8y
```

## 53841 - Portable OpenSSH ssh-keysign ssh-rand-helper Utility File Descriptor Leak Local Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

Local attackers may be able to access sensitive information.

### Description

According to its banner, the version of OpenSSH running on the remote host is earlier than 5.8p2. Such versions may be affected by a local information disclosure vulnerability that could allow the contents of the host's private key to be accessible by locally tracing the execution of the ssh-keysign utility. Having the host's private key may allow the impersonation of the host.

Note that installations are only vulnerable if ssh-rand-helper was enabled during the build process, which is not the case for \*BSD, OS X, Cygwin and Linux.

### See Also

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/portable-keysign-rand-helper.adv>

<http://www.openssh.com/txt/release-5.8p2>

### Solution

Upgrade to Portable OpenSSH 5.8p2 or later.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

3.4

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	47691
CVE	CVE-2011-4327
XREF	Secunia:44347

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2011/05/09, Modified: 2018/07/16

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

```
Version source      : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
Installed version   : 2.9p2
Fixed version       : 5.8p2
```



## 70658 - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled

### Synopsis

The SSH server is configured to use Cipher Block Chaining.

### Description

The SSH server is configured to support Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) encryption. This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext message from the ciphertext.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server and does not check for vulnerable software versions.

### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable CBC mode cipher encryption, and enable CTR or GCM cipher mode encryption.

### Risk Factor

Low

### VPR Score

2.5

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID	32319
CVE	CVE-2008-5161
XREF	CERT:958563
XREF	CWE:200

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2018/07/30

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

192.168.0.126

The following client-to-server Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms are supported :

```
3des-cbc
aes128-cbc
aes192-cbc
aes256-cbc
blowfish-cbc
cast128-cbc
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
rijndael128-cbc
rijndael192-cbc
rijndael256-cbc
```

The following server-to-client Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms are supported :

```
3des-cbc
aes128-cbc
aes192-cbc
aes256-cbc
blowfish-cbc
cast128-cbc
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
rijndael128-cbc
rijndael192-cbc
rijndael256-cbc
```

## 153953 - SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak key exchange algorithms.

### Description

The remote SSH server is configured to allow key exchange algorithms which are considered weak.

This is based on the IETF draft document Key Exchange (KEX) Method Updates and Recommendations for Secure Shell (SSH) draft-ietf-curdle-ssh-kex-sha2-20. Section 4 lists guidance on key exchange algorithms that SHOULD NOT and MUST NOT be enabled. This includes:

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1

diffie-hellman-group1-sha1

gss-gex-sha1-\*

gss-group1-sha1-\*

gss-group14-sha1-\*

rsa1024-sha1

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?b02d91cd>

<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8732>

### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable the weak algorithms.

### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/22/ssh

The following weak key exchange algorithms are enabled :

```
diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
```

## 71049 - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

### Description

The remote SSH server is configured to allow either MD5 or 96-bit MAC algorithms, both of which are considered weak.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/11/22, Modified: 2016/12/14

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms
are supported :
```

```
  hmac-md5
  hmac-md5-96
  hmac-sha1-96
```

```
The following server-to-client Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms
are supported :
```

```
  hmac-md5
  hmac-md5-96
  hmac-sha1-96
```

## 83875 - SSL/TLS Diffie-Hellman Modulus <= 1024 Bits (Logjam)

### Synopsis

The remote host allows SSL/TLS connections with one or more Diffie-Hellman moduli less than or equal to 1024 bits.

### Description

The remote host allows SSL/TLS connections with one or more Diffie-Hellman moduli less than or equal to 1024 bits. Through cryptanalysis, a third party may be able to find the shared secret in a short amount of time (depending on modulus size and attacker resources). This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext or potentially violate the integrity of connections.

### See Also

<https://weakdh.org/>

### Solution

Reconfigure the service to use a unique Diffie-Hellman moduli of 2048 bits or greater.

### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

3.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 74733

CVE CVE-2015-4000  
XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2015/05/28, Modified: 2022/12/05

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

Vulnerable connection combinations :

SSL/TLS version : SSLv3  
Cipher suite : TLS1\_CK\_DHE\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_DES40\_CBC\_SHA  
Diffie-Hellman MODP size (bits) : 512  
Logjam attack difficulty : Easy (could be carried out by individuals)

SSL/TLS version : TLSv1.0  
Cipher suite : TLS1\_CK\_DHE\_RSA\_EXPORT\_WITH\_DES40\_CBC\_SHA  
Diffie-Hellman MODP size (bits) : 512  
Logjam attack difficulty : Easy (could be carried out by individuals)

## 83738 - SSL/TLS EXPORT\_DHE <= 512-bit Export Cipher Suites Supported (Logjam)

### Synopsis

The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.

### Description

The remote host supports EXPORT\_DHE cipher suites with keys less than or equal to 512 bits. Through cryptanalysis, a third party can find the shared secret in a short amount of time.

A man-in-the-middle attacker may be able to downgrade the session to use EXPORT\_DHE cipher suites. Thus, it is recommended to remove support for weak cipher suites.

### See Also

<https://weakdh.org/>

### Solution

Reconfigure the service to remove support for EXPORT\_DHE cipher suites.

### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

### VPR Score

3.9

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

2.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

### References

BID 74733



CVE CVE-2015-4000  
XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004

## Plugin Information

---

Published: 2015/05/21, Modified: 2022/12/05

## Plugin Output

---

tcp/443/www

```
EXPORT_DHE cipher suites supported by the remote server :
```

```
Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
```

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x14	DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export					

```
The fields above are :
```

```
{Tenable ciphername}  
{Cipher ID code}  
Kex={key exchange}  
Auth={authentication}  
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}  
MAC={message authentication code}  
{export flag}
```

## 48204 - Apache HTTP Server Version

### Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

### Description

The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner.

### See Also

<https://httpd.apache.org/>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2022/09/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
URL      : http://192.168.0.126/
Version  : 1.3.20
Source   : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
backported : 0
modules  : (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
os       : Unix
```

## 48204 - Apache HTTP Server Version

### Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

### Description

The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner.

### See Also

<https://httpd.apache.org/>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2022/09/08

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
URL      : https://192.168.0.126/
Version  : 1.3.20
Source   : Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
backported : 0
modules  : (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
os       : Unix
```

## 33817 - CGI Generic Tests Load Estimation (all tests)

### Synopsis

Load estimation for web application tests.

### Description

This script computes the maximum number of requests that would be done by the generic web tests, depending on miscellaneous options. It does not perform any test by itself.

The results can be used to estimate the duration of these tests, or the complexity of additional manual tests.

Note that the script does not try to compute this duration based on external factors such as the network and web servers loads.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2022/04/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Here are the estimated number of requests in miscellaneous modes
for one method only (GET or POST) :
[Single / Some Pairs / All Pairs / Some Combinations / All Combinations]

arbitrary command execution (time based) : S=72          SP=72          AP=72          SC=0          AC=72
format string                            : S=24          SP=24          AP=24          SC=0          AC=24
cross-site scripting (comprehensive test): S=48          SP=48          AP=48          SC=0          AC=48
injectable parameter                     : S=24          SP=24          AP=24          SC=0          AC=24
arbitrary command execution              : S=192         SP=192         AP=192         SC=0
AC=192
local file inclusion                     : S=12          SP=12          AP=12          SC=0          AC=12
directory traversal                       : S=300         SP=300         AP=300         SC=0
AC=300
web code injection                       : S=12          SP=12          AP=12          SC=0          AC=12
blind SQL injection (4 requests)         : S=48          SP=48          AP=48          SC=0          AC=48
```

persistent XSS	: S=48	SP=48	AP=48	SC=0	AC=48
directory traversal (write access)	: S=24	SP=24	AP=24	SC=0	AC=24
XML injection	: S=12	SP=12	AP=12	SC=0	AC=12
blind SQL injection AC=144	: S=144	SP=144	AP=144	SC=0	
SQL injection AC=288	: S=288	SP=288	AP=288	SC=0	
directory traversal (extended test) AC=612	: S=612	SP=612	AP=612	SC=0	
SSI injection	: S=36	SP=36	AP=36	SC=0	AC=36
unseen parameters AC=420	: S=420	SP=420	AP=420	SC=0	
SQL injection (2nd order)	[...]				

## 33817 - CGI Generic Tests Load Estimation (all tests)

### Synopsis

Load estimation for web application tests.

### Description

This script computes the maximum number of requests that would be done by the generic web tests, depending on miscellaneous options. It does not perform any test by itself.

The results can be used to estimate the duration of these tests, or the complexity of additional manual tests.

Note that the script does not try to compute this duration based on external factors such as the network and web servers loads.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2022/04/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Here are the estimated number of requests in miscellaneous modes
for one method only (GET or POST) :
[Single / Some Pairs / All Pairs / Some Combinations / All Combinations]

injectable parameter           : S=24      SP=24      AP=24      SC=0      AC=24
blind SQL injection (4 requests) : S=48      SP=48      AP=48      SC=0      AC=48
arbitrary command execution (time based) : S=72      SP=72      AP=72      SC=0      AC=72
cross-site scripting (comprehensive test): S=48      SP=48      AP=48      SC=0      AC=48
directory traversal (extended test) : S=612     SP=612     AP=612     SC=0
AC=612
arbitrary command execution    : S=192     SP=192     AP=192     SC=0
AC=192
local file inclusion           : S=12      SP=12      AP=12      SC=0      AC=12
web code injection             : S=12      SP=12      AP=12      SC=0      AC=12
SQL injection                   : S=288     SP=288     AP=288     SC=0
AC=288
```

directory traversal (write access)	: S=24	SP=24	AP=24	SC=0	AC=24
unseen parameters	: S=420	SP=420	AP=420	SC=0	
AC=420					
format string	: S=24	SP=24	AP=24	SC=0	AC=24
directory traversal	: S=300	SP=300	AP=300	SC=0	
AC=300					
XML injection	: S=12	SP=12	AP=12	SC=0	AC=12
persistent XSS	: S=48	SP=48	AP=48	SC=0	AC=48
SSI injection	: S=36	SP=36	AP=36	SC=0	AC=36
SQL injection (2nd order)	: S=12	SP=12	AP=12	SC=0	AC=12
blind SQL injection	[...]				

## 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

### Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

### Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

### See Also

<http://cpe.mitre.org/>

<https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE :
```

```
cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel -> Linux Kernel
```

```
Following application CPE's matched on the remote system :
```

```
cpe:/a:apache:http_server:1.3.20 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server
```

```
cpe:/a:modssl:mod_ssl:2.8.4 -> mod_ssl
```

```
cpe:/a:openssl:openssl:0.9.6b -> OpenSSL Project OpenSSL
```



## 132634 - Deprecated SSLv2 Connection Attempts

### Synopsis

Secure Connections, using a deprecated protocol were attempted as part of the scan

### Description

This plugin enumerates and reports any SSLv2 connections which were attempted as part of a scan. This protocol has been deemed prohibited since 2011 because of security vulnerabilities and most major ssl libraries such as openssl, nss, mbed and wolfssl do not provide this functionality in their latest versions. This protocol has been deprecated in Nessus 8.9 and later.

### Solution

N/A

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2020/01/06, Modified: 2020/01/06

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Nessus attempted the following SSLv2 connection(s) as part of this scan:
```

```
Plugin ID: 11032
Timestamp: 2023-03-07 20:04:34
Port: 443
```

## 54615 - Device Type

### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

### Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote device type : general-purpose  
Confidence level : 70
```

## 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

### Synopsis

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

### Description

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

### See Also

<https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following card manufacturers were identified :
```

```
08:00:27:07:5D:FC : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH
```

## 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

### Synopsis

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

### Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:  
- 08:00:27:07:5D:FC
```

## Synopsis

Links to external sites were gathered.

## Description

Nessus gathered HREF links to external sites by crawling the remote web server.

## Solution

n/a

## Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/04, Modified: 2011/08/19

## Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
112 external URLs were gathered on this web server :
URL... - Seen on...

http://192.168.1.104/ - /usage/usage_200909.html
http://curl.haxx.nu/ - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html
http://cwis.kub.nl/~frw/people/koops/lawsurvy.htm - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_overview.html
http://digitalid.verisign.com/server/apacheNotice.htm - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html
http://forum.swarthmore.edu/epigone/modperl - /manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_faq.html
http://jya.com/wass-ch.htm - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html
http://kioptrix.level1/ - /usage/usage_200909.html
http://kioptrix.level1/poweredby.png - /usage/usage_200909.html
http://kioptrix.level1/test.php - /usage/usage_200909.html
http://localhost/perl/myscript - /manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_cgi.html
http://outside.organic.com/mail-archives/modperl/ - /manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_faq.html
http://perl.apache.org/ - /manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_faq.html
http://perl.apache.org/src/ - /manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_api.html
http://raven.covalent.net/ - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_compat.html
http://www.apache-ssl.org/ - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_overview.html
http://www.apache.org/ - /
http://www.apache.org/dist/ - /manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_faq.html
http://www.apache.org/docs/dso.html - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_overview.html
http://www.apache.org/docs/misc/FAQ.html#year2000 - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html
http://www.belsign.be - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html
http://www.bmwi.de/presse/1998/1208prm2.html - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html
http://www.c2.net/products/stronghold/ - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_compat.html
http://www.certisign.com.br - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html
http://www.consensus.com/ietf-tls/ - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_overview.html
http://www.counterpane.com/ - /manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_intro.html
http://www [ ... ]
```



## 49704 - External URLs

### Synopsis

Links to external sites were gathered.

### Description

Nessus gathered HREF links to external sites by crawling the remote web server.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/04, Modified: 2011/08/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
107 external URLs were gathered on this web server :
URL... - Seen on...

http://curl.haxx.nu/ -
http://cwis.kub.nl/~frw/people/koops/lawsurvy.htm -
http://digitalid.verisign.com/server/apacheNotice.htm -
http://forum.swarthmore.edu/epigone/modperl -
http://jya.com/wass-ch.htm -
http://localhost/perl/myscript -
http://outside.organic.com/mail-archives/modperl/ -
http://perl.apache.org/ -
http://perl.apache.org/src/ -
http://raven.covalent.net/ -
http://www.apache-ssl.org/ -
http://www.apache.org/ -
http://www.apache.org/dist/ -
http://www.apache.org/docs/dso.html -
http://www.apache.org/docs/misc/FAQ.html#year2000 -
http://www.belsign.be -
http://www.bmwi.de/presse/1998/1208prm2.html -
http://www.c2.net/products/stronghold/ -
http://www.certisign.com.br -
http://www.consensus.com/ietf-tls/ -
http://www.counterpane.com/ -
http://www.engelschall.com/ -
http://www.iks-jena.de/produkte/ca/ -
http://www.lothar.com/tech/crypto/ -
http://www.modssl.org/ -
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html -
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#apssl-diff -
```

```
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#cert-dummy -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#cert-ownca -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#cert-real -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#change-passphrase -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#cipher-adh -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#cipher-shared -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#ciphers -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#contact -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#core-dbm -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#core-dumped -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#core-php3 -  
http://www.modssl.org/docs/2.8/ssl_faq.html#dso-sym -  
http://www.m [...] ]
```



## 84502 - HSTS Missing From HTTPS Server

### Synopsis

The remote web server is not enforcing HSTS.

### Description

The remote HTTPS server is not enforcing HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS). HSTS is an optional response header that can be configured on the server to instruct the browser to only communicate via HTTPS. The lack of HSTS allows downgrade attacks, SSL-stripping man-in-the-middle attacks, and weakens cookie-hijacking protections.

### See Also

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6797>

### Solution

Configure the remote web server to use HSTS.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2015/07/02, Modified: 2021/05/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
The remote HTTPS server does not send the HTTP
"Strict-Transport-Security" header.
```

## 43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

### Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

### Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb>

[https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test\\_HTTP\\_Methods\\_\(OTG-CONFIG-006\)](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006))

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Based on the response to an OPTIONS request :

- HTTP methods HEAD OPTIONS POST TRACE GET are allowed on :

/cgi-bin

- HTTP methods HEAD OPTIONS TRACE GET are allowed on :

/

/icons

/manual

/manual/mod

/manual/mod/mod\_perl

/manual/mod/mod\_ssl

/usage

Based on tests of each method :

- HTTP methods ACL BASELINE-CONTROL BCOPY BDELETE BMOVE BPROPFIND BPROPPATCH CHECKIN CHECKOUT COPY DEBUG DELETE GET HEAD INDEX LABEL LOCK MERGE MKACTION MKCOL MKWORKSPACE MOVE NOTIFY OPTIONS ORDERPATCH PATCH POLL POST PROPFIND PROPPATCH PUT REPORT RPC\_IN\_DATA RPC\_OUT\_DATA SEARCH SUBSCRIBE TRACE UNCHECKOUT UNLOCK UNSUBSCRIBE UPDATE VERSION-CONTROL X-MS-ENUMATTS are allowed on :

/cgi-bin

- HTTP methods COPY DELETE GET HEAD LOCK MKCOL MOVE OPTIONS PATCH POST PROPFIND PROPPATCH TRACE UNLOCK are allowed on :

/

/icons

/manual

/manual/mod

/manual/mod/mod\_perl

/manual/mod/mod\_ssl

/usage

- Invalid/unknown HTTP methods are allowed on :

/cgi-bin

## 43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

### Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

### Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb>

[https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test\\_HTTP\\_Methods\\_\(OTG-CONFIG-006\)](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006))

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

Based on the response to an OPTIONS request :

- HTTP methods HEAD OPTIONS TRACE GET are allowed on :

/

- /manual
- /manual/mod
- /manual/mod/mod\_perl
- /manual/mod/mod\_ssl

Based on tests of each method :

- HTTP methods COPY DELETE GET HEAD LOCK MKCOL MOVE OPTIONS PATCH  
POST PROPFIND PROPPATCH TRACE UNLOCK are allowed on :

/

- /manual
- /manual/mod
- /manual/mod/mod\_perl
- /manual/mod/mod\_ssl

## 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

### Synopsis

A web server is running on the remote host.

### Description

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
The remote web server type is :
```

```
Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
```

## 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

### Synopsis

A web server is running on the remote host.

### Description

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931

### Plugin Information

Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
The remote web server type is :
```

```
Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
```

## 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

### Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

### Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Protocol version : HTTP/1.1

SSL : no

Keep-Alive : no

Options allowed : GET, HEAD, OPTIONS, TRACE

Headers :

Date: Wed, 08 Mar 2023 01:06:17 GMT

Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod\_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b

Last-Modified: Thu, 06 Sep 2001 03:12:46 GMT

ETag: "8805-b4a-3b96e9ae"

Accept-Ranges: bytes

Content-Length: 2890

Connection: close

Content-Type: text/html

Response Body :

<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 3.2 Final//EN">

<HTML>

<HEAD>

<TITLE>Test Page for the Apache Web Server on Red Hat Linux</TITLE>

</HEAD>

<!-- Background white, links blue (unvisited), navy (visited), red (active) -->

<BODY BGCOLOR="#FFFFFF">



```
<H1 ALIGN="CENTER">Test Page</H1>
This page is used to test the proper operation of the Apache Web server after
it has been installed.  If you can read this page, it means that the Apache
Web server installed at this site is working properly.

<HR WIDTH="50%">

<H2 ALIGN="CENTER">If you are the administrator of this website:</H2>
<P>
You may now add content to this directory, and replace this page.  Note that
until you do so, people visiting your website will see this page, and not your
content.
</P>

<P>If you have upgraded from Red Hat Linux 6.2 and earlier, then you are
seeing this page because the default <A
href="manual/mod/core.html#documentroot"><STRONG>DocumentRoot</STRONG></A>
set in <TT>/etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf</TT> has changed.  Any subdirectories
which existed under <TT>/home/httpd</TT> should now be moved to
<TT>/var/www</TT>.  Alternatively, the contents of <TT>/var/www</TT> can be
moved to <TT>/home/httpd</TT>, and the configuration file can be updated
accordingly.
</P>

<HR WIDTH="50%">
<H2 ALIGN="CENTER">If you are a member of the general public:</H2>

<P>
The fact that you are seeing this page indicates that the website you just
visited is either experiencing problems, or is undergoing routine maintenance.
</P>

<P>
If you would like to let the admini [...]
```

## 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

### Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

### Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.0 200 OK
```

```
Protocol version : HTTP/1.0
```

```
SSL : yes
```

```
Keep-Alive : no
```

```
Options allowed : GET, HEAD, OPTIONS, TRACE
```

```
Headers :
```

```
    Date: Wed, 08 Mar 2023 01:06:17 GMT
```

```
    Server: Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
```

```
    Last-Modified: Thu, 06 Sep 2001 03:12:46 GMT
```

```
    ETag: "8805-b4a-3b96e9ae"
```

```
    Accept-Ranges: bytes
```

```
    Content-Length: 2890
```

```
    Connection: close
```

```
    Content-Type: text/html
```

```
Response Body :
```

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 3.2 Final//EN">
```

```
<HTML>
```

```
<HEAD>
```

```
  <TITLE>Test Page for the Apache Web Server on Red Hat Linux</TITLE>
```

```
</HEAD>
```

```
<!-- Background white, links blue (unvisited), navy (visited), red (active) -->
```

```
<BODY BGCOLOR="#FFFFFF">
```

```
<H1 ALIGN="CENTER">Test Page</H1>
This page is used to test the proper operation of the Apache Web server after
it has been installed. If you can read this page, it means that the Apache
Web server installed at this site is working properly.

<HR WIDTH="50%">

<H2 ALIGN="CENTER">If you are the administrator of this website:</H2>
<P>
You may now add content to this directory, and replace this page. Note that
until you do so, people visiting your website will see this page, and not your
content.
</P>

<P>If you have upgraded from Red Hat Linux 6.2 and earlier, then you are
seeing this page because the default <A
href="manual/mod/core.html#documentroot"><STRONG>DocumentRoot</STRONG></A>
set in <TT>/etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf</TT> has changed. Any subdirectories
which existed under <TT>/home/httpd</TT> should now be moved to
<TT>/var/www</TT>. Alternatively, the contents of <TT>/var/www</TT> can be
moved to <TT>/home/httpd</TT>, and the configuration file can be updated
accordingly.
</P>

<HR WIDTH="50%">
<H2 ALIGN="CENTER">If you are a member of the general public:</H2>

<P>
The fact that you are seeing this page indicates that the website you just
visited is either experiencing problems, or is undergoing routine maintenance.
</P>

<P>
If you would like to let the admin [...]
```

## 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

### Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

### Risk Factor

None

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2019/10/04

### Plugin Output

icmp/0

```
The difference between the local and remote clocks is 68401 seconds.
```

## 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

```
An SMB server is running on this port.
```

## 106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

### Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

```
The remote host does NOT support the following SMB dialects :
_version_  _introduced in windows version_
2.0.2      Windows 2008
2.1        Windows 7
2.2.2      Windows 8 Beta
2.2.4      Windows 8 Beta
3.0        Windows 8
3.0.2      Windows 8.1
3.1        Windows 10
3.1.1      Windows 10
```

## 50344 - Missing or Permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors HTTP Response Header

### Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive Content-Security-Policy (CSP) frame-ancestors response header or does not set one at all.

The CSP frame-ancestors header has been proposed by the W3C Web Application Security Working Group as a way to mitigate cross-site scripting and clickjacking attacks.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?55aa8f57>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?07cc2a06>

<https://content-security-policy.com/>

<https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP2/>

### Solution

Set a non-permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors header for all requested resources.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following pages do not set a Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors response header or set a permissive policy:

- <http://192.168.0.126/>
- <http://192.168.0.126/manual/>
- <http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/>
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_api.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_api.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_cgi.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_cgi.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_faq.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_faq.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/index.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/index.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_compat.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_compat.html)

- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_faq.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_glossary.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_glossary.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_howto.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_howto.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_intro.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_intro.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_overview.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_overview.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_reference.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_reference.html)
- <http://192.168.0.126/usage/>
- [http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage\\_200909.html](http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage_200909.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage\\_202303.html](http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage_202303.html)



## 50344 - Missing or Permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors HTTP Response Header

### Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive Content-Security-Policy (CSP) frame-ancestors response header or does not set one at all.

The CSP frame-ancestors header has been proposed by the W3C Web Application Security Working Group as a way to mitigate cross-site scripting and clickjacking attacks.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?55aa8f57>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?07cc2a06>

<https://content-security-policy.com/>

<https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP2/>

### Solution

Set a non-permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors header for all requested resources.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The following pages do not set a Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors response header or set a permissive policy:

- <https://192.168.0.126/>
- <https://192.168.0.126/manual/>
- <https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/>
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_api.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_api.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_cgi.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_cgi.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_faq.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_faq.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/index.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/index.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_compat.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_compat.html)

- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_faq.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_glossary.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_glossary.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_howto.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_howto.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_intro.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_intro.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_overview.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_overview.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_reference.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_reference.html)

## 50345 - Missing or Permissive X-Frame-Options HTTP Response Header

### Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive X-Frame-Options response header or does not set one at all.

The X-Frame-Options header has been proposed by Microsoft as a way to mitigate clickjacking attacks and is currently supported by all major browser vendors

### See Also

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clickjacking>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?399b1f56>

### Solution

Set a properly configured X-Frame-Options header for all requested resources.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following pages do not set a X-Frame-Options response header or set a permissive policy:

- http://192.168.0.126/
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl/
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_api.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_cgi.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_faq.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/index.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_compat.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_faq.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_glossary.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_howto.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_intro.html
- http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html

- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_reference.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_reference.html)
- <http://192.168.0.126/usage/>
- [http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage\\_200909.html](http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage_200909.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage\\_202303.html](http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage_202303.html)

## 50345 - Missing or Permissive X-Frame-Options HTTP Response Header

### Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

### Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive X-Frame-Options response header or does not set one at all.

The X-Frame-Options header has been proposed by Microsoft as a way to mitigate clickjacking attacks and is currently supported by all major browser vendors

### See Also

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clickjacking>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?399b1f56>

### Solution

Set a properly configured X-Frame-Options header for all requested resources.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The following pages do not set a X-Frame-Options response header or set a permissive policy:

- https://192.168.0.126/
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl/
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_api.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_cgi.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_faq.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/index.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_compat.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_faq.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_glossary.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_howto.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_intro.html
- https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html

- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_reference.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_reference.html)

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself :

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2022/06/09

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

Information about this scan :

```
Nessus version : 10.5.0
Nessus build : 20097
Plugin feed version : 202303071400
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : ubuntu1404-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : CyberMan
```

```
Scan policy used : CyberMan
Scanner IP : 192.168.0.226
Port scanner(s) : nessus_tcp_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT : 223.973 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 2
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched)
CGI scanning : enabled
Web application tests : enabled
Web app tests - Test mode : single
Web app tests - Try all HTTP methods : yes
Web app tests - Maximum run time : 5 minutes.
Web app tests - Stop at first flaw : CGI
Max hosts : 100
Max checks : 5
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : None
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Scan Start Date : 2023/3/8 1:33 IST
Scan duration : 2202 sec
```



## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins.

Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
Port 22/tcp was found to be open
```

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins.

Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Port 80/tcp was found to be open
```

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins.

Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

```
Port 111/tcp was found to be open
```

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins.

Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

```
Port 139/tcp was found to be open
```

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins.

Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Port 443/tcp was found to be open
```

## 10335 - Nessus TCP scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a classical TCP port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Once a TCP connection is open, it grabs any available banner for the service identification plugins.

Note that TCP scanners are more intrusive than SYN (half open) scanners.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/32768

```
Port 32768/tcp was found to be open
```

## 11936 - OS Identification

### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2022/03/09

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Remote operating system :  
Confidence level : 70  
Method : SinFP
```

```
The remote host is running
```

## 117886 - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

### Synopsis

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

### Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745 : 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695 : 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following issues were reported :

```
- Plugin      : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
  Plugin ID   : 110723
  Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided
  Message     :
  Credentials were not provided for detected SSH service.
```



## 57323 - OpenSSL Version Detection

### Synopsis

Nessus was able to detect the OpenSSL version.

### Description

Nessus was able to extract the OpenSSL version from the web server's banner. Note that security patches in many cases are backported and the displayed version number does not show the patch level. Using it to identify vulnerable software is likely to lead to false detections.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0682

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/16, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Source      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
```

## 57323 - OpenSSL Version Detection

### Synopsis

Nessus was able to detect the OpenSSL version.

### Description

Nessus was able to extract the OpenSSL version from the web server's banner. Note that security patches in many cases are backported and the displayed version number does not show the patch level. Using it to identify vulnerable software is likely to lead to false detections.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0682

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/16, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Source      : Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b
Reported version : 0.9.6b
```

### Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

### Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

### Solution

Install the patches listed below.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2023/02/14

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
. You need to take the following 3 actions :
```

```
[ Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.55 Multiple Vulnerabilities (170113) ]
```

```
+ Action to take : Upgrade to Apache version 2.4.55 or later.
```

```
+ Impact : Taking this action will resolve the following 19 different vulnerabilities :  
CVE-2022-37436, CVE-2022-36760, CVE-2022-31813, CVE-2022-30556, CVE-2022-30522  
CVE-2022-29404, CVE-2022-28615, CVE-2022-28614, CVE-2022-28330, CVE-2022-26377  
CVE-2022-23943, CVE-2022-22721, CVE-2022-22720, CVE-2022-22719, CVE-2021-40438  
CVE-2021-39275, CVE-2021-34798, CVE-2008-2168, CVE-2006-20001
```

```
[ OpenSSL < 0.9.8y Multiple Vulnerabilities (64532) ]
```

```
+ Action to take : Upgrade to OpenSSL 0.9.8y or later.
```

```
+ Impact : Taking this action will resolve the following 43 different vulnerabilities :  
CVE-2012-2333, CVE-2012-2131, CVE-2012-2110, CVE-2012-1165, CVE-2012-0884  
CVE-2011-4619, CVE-2011-4577, CVE-2011-4576, CVE-2011-4354, CVE-2011-4109  
CVE-2011-4108, CVE-2011-1945, CVE-2009-5146, CVE-2009-2409, CVE-2009-1386  
CVE-2009-1378, CVE-2009-1377, CVE-2009-0789, CVE-2009-0653, CVE-2009-0591  
CVE-2009-0590, CVE-2008-5077, CVE-2008-1672, CVE-2008-0891, CVE-2007-4995  
CVE-2007-3108, CVE-2006-7250, CVE-2005-2946, CVE-2004-0975, CVE-2004-0112
```

CVE-2004-0081, CVE-2004-0079, CVE-2003-0851, CVE-2003-0544, CVE-2003-0543  
CVE-2003-0147, CVE-2003-0131, CVE-2003-0078, CVE-2002-1568, CVE-2002-0659  
CVE-2002-0657, CVE-2002-0656, CVE-2002-0655

[ Portable OpenSSH ssh-keysign ssh-rand-helper Utility File Descriptor Leak Local Information  
Disclosure (53841) ]

+ Action to take : Upgrade to Portable OpenSSH 5.8p2 or later.

+ Impact : Taking this action will resolve the following 23 different vulnerabilities :

CVE-2011-4327, CVE-2008-5161, CVE-2008-3259, CVE-2008-1657, CVE-2007-4752  
CVE-2007-4654, CVE-2007-2243, CVE-2007-0726, CVE-2006-5794, CVE-2006-4925  
CVE-2006-0393, CVE-2006-0225, CVE-2005-2798, CVE-2005-2797, CVE-2005-2666  
CVE-2004-2760, CVE-2004-2069, CVE-2002-0765, CVE-2001-1507, CVE-2001-1380  
CVE-2001-1029, CVE-2001-0872, CVE-2001-0816

## 10180 - Ping the remote host

### Synopsis

It was possible to identify the status of the remote host (alive or dead).

### Description

Nessus was able to determine if the remote host is alive using one or more of the following ping types :

- An ARP ping, provided the host is on the local subnet and Nessus is running over Ethernet.
- An ICMP ping.
- A TCP ping, in which the plugin sends to the remote host a packet with the flag SYN, and the host will reply with a RST or a SYN/ACK.
- A UDP ping (e.g., DNS, RPC, and NTP).

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/06/24, Modified: 2022/12/28

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote host is up
The host replied to an ARP who-is query.
Hardware address : 08:00:27:07:5d:fc
```

## 53335 - RPC portmapper (TCP)

### Synopsis

An ONC RPC portmapper is running on the remote host.

### Description

The RPC portmapper is running on this port.

The portmapper allows someone to get the port number of each RPC service running on the remote host by sending either multiple lookup requests or a DUMP request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/04/08, Modified: 2011/08/29

### Plugin Output

tcp/111/rpc-portmapper

## 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

### Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

### Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :

The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :

    diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
    diffie-hellman-group1-sha1

The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :

    ssh-dss
    ssh-rsa

The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :

    3des-cbc
    aes128-cbc
    aes192-cbc
    aes256-cbc
    arcfour
    blowfish-cbc
    cast128-cbc
    rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
    rijndael128-cbc
    rijndael192-cbc
    rijndael256-cbc

The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :

    3des-cbc
```

```
aes128-cbc
aes192-cbc
aes256-cbc
arcfour
blowfish-cbc
cast128-cbc
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
rijndael128-cbc
rijndael192-cbc
rijndael256-cbc
```

The server supports the following options for `mac_algorithms_client_to_server` :

```
hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-ripemd160
hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
hmac-sha1
hmac-sha1-96
```

The server supports the following options for `mac_algorithms_server_to_client` :

```
hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-ripemd160
hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
hmac-sha1
hmac-sha1-96
```

The server supports the following options for `compression_algorithms_client_to_server` :

```
none
zlib
```

The server supports the following options for `compression_algorithms_server_to_client` :

```
none
zlib
```



## 149334 - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

### Synopsis

The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.

### Description

The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.

### See Also

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

## 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

### Synopsis

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

### Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the
SSH protocol :
```

- 1.33
- 1.5
- 1.99
- 2.0

```
SSHv1 host key fingerprint : b8:74:6c:db:fd:8b:e6:66:e9:2a:2b:df:5e:6f:64:86
```

## 153588 - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

### Description

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Although NIST has formally deprecated use of SHA-1 for digital signatures, SHA-1 is still considered secure for HMAC as the security of HMAC does not rely on the underlying hash function being resistant to collisions.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the remote SSH server.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/05

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported :
```

```
hmac-sha1
hmac-sha1-96
```

```
The following server-to-client SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported :
```

```
hmac-sha1
hmac-sha1-96
```

## 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

### Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

### Description

It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0933

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
SSH version : SSH-1.99-OpenSSH_2.9p2
SSH supported authentication : publickey,password,keyboard-interactive
```

## 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications.

### Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
This port supports SSLv2/SSLv3/TLSv1.0.
```

## 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

### Synopsis

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

### Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Subject Name:

Country: --
State/Province: SomeState
Locality: SomeCity
Organization: SomeOrganization
Organization Unit: SomeOrganizationalUnit
Common Name: localhost.localdomain
Email Address: root@localhost.localdomain

Issuer Name:

Country: --
State/Province: SomeState
Locality: SomeCity
Organization: SomeOrganization
Organization Unit: SomeOrganizationalUnit
Common Name: localhost.localdomain
Email Address: root@localhost.localdomain

Serial Number: 00

Version: 3

Signature Algorithm: MD5 With RSA Encryption

Not Valid Before: Sep 26 09:32:06 2009 GMT
Not Valid After: Sep 26 09:32:06 2010 GMT

Public Key Info:

Algorithm: RSA Encryption
```

```
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 CE 01 5E 22 B9 6D 69 52 A1 BE 01 E9 AF 40 2E 62 83 6D 2C
            6A A0 C7 0C DE 9B C6 1E C7 05 B0 9B 3E 7C 71 E7 F8 28 D4 D4
            35 F8 E0 B3 C3 34 EC 30 3A 5E 94 A9 BF 86 B5 92 6F EA 3B 95
            7A D0 F0 71 36 DB A1 C0 B6 04 CF BA C7 A8 32 57 F1 FA 69 8B
            82 B2 C0 B0 AC EB 95 29 6A 7B 97 DC 55 A5 A7 63 21 35 26 86
            1F AE 07 CD 6A CA AA 29 B7 FF D9 E1 31 F0 C3 B4 9E CC B2 50
            5E 2D 7E 1A B9 A9 DE 21 43
Exponent: 01 00 01

Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
Signature: 00 56 0A E6 A6 9A DF 92 67 7C BF 2D 04 D1 49 99 BD 67 48 70
            3A C8 61 1B D4 59 CC 12 17 07 3A 6C 6A 89 78 9A F4 09 84 81
            FA 30 D0 CC 0E 82 BB B9 ED C6 3A E5 5F 11 23 1C 50 41 6C 5E
            22 10 C2 43 9E E4 13 14 6B C8 09 02 1C AE A2 68 1F 79 6A 00
            EE F7 BB 84 DE 04 38 E1 BF 99 FE 87 E4 B7 EC 21 DD D6 5B E0
            46 0A 0E 6B 2F 5D 59 A2 CA 3B 25 13 86 02 85 D8 77 0F 58 C6
            48 8F 67 EB A2 8E 5E 8A 13

Extension: Subject Key Identifier (2.5.29.14)
Critical: 0
Subject Key Identifier: EC E7 51 4B 43 6B 6C D0 7C 80 4F 6A 52 37 30 F0 B1 7C C4 A0

Extension: Authority Key Identifier (2.5.29.35)
Critical: 0
Key Identifier: EC E7 51 4B 43 6B 6C D0 7C 80 4F 6A 52 37 30 F0 B1 7C C4 A0
Country: --
State/Province: SomeState
Locality: SomeCity
Organization: SomeOrg [...]
```

## 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a>

<https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server :

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x04, 0x00, 0x80	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x14	DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP1024-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x62	RSA(1024)	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP1024-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00, 0x61	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC2-CBC(56)	MD5



EXP-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00, 0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
DES-CBC3-MD5	0x07, 0x00, 0xC0	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	MD5
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	

The fields above are :

```
{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}
```

## 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

### Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html>

<http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffcd>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2022/07/25

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :  
Each group is reported per SSL Version.

SSL Version : TLSv1

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x14	DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export					
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1					
EXP1024-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x62	RSA(1024)	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1 export					
EXP1024-RC2-CBC-MD5	0x00, 0x61	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC2-CBC(56)	MD5
export					
EXP1024-RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x60	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC4(56)	MD5
export					
EXP1024-RC4-SHA	0x00, 0x64	RSA(1024)	RSA	RC4(56)	
SHA1 export					
EXP-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export					

EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00, 0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	

High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)

Name	Code	[...]
------	------	-------

## 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

### See Also

<https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html>

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\\_key\\_exchange](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman_key_exchange)

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\\_forward\\_secrecy](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect_forward_secrecy)

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server :

#### Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x14	DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	

#### Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
-----	-----	---	----	-----	---
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	

The fields above are :

```
{Tenable ciphername}  
{Cipher ID code}  
Kex={key exchange}  
Auth={authentication}  
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}  
MAC={message authentication code}  
{export flag}
```

## 94761 - SSL Root Certification Authority Certificate Information

### Synopsis

A root Certification Authority certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain.

### Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that contains a self-signed root Certification Authority certificate at the top of the chain.

### See Also

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2003/cc778623\(v=ws.10\)](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2003/cc778623(v=ws.10))

### Solution

Ensure that use of this root Certification Authority certificate complies with your organization's acceptable use and security policies.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/11/14, Modified: 2018/11/15

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The following root Certification Authority certificate was found :

```
| -Subject          : C=--/ST=SomeState/L=SomeCity/O=SomeOrganization/OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit/  
CN=localhost.localdomain/E=root@localhost.localdomain  
| -Issuer           : C=--/ST=SomeState/L=SomeCity/O=SomeOrganization/OU=SomeOrganizationalUnit/  
CN=localhost.localdomain/E=root@localhost.localdomain  
| -Valid From       : Sep 26 09:32:06 2009 GMT  
| -Valid To         : Sep 26 09:32:06 2010 GMT  
| -Signature Algorithm : MD5 With RSA Encryption
```

## 53360 - SSL Server Accepts Weak Diffie-Hellman Keys

### Synopsis

The remote SSL/TLS server accepts a weak Diffie-Hellman public value.

### Description

The remote SSL/TLS server accepts a weak Diffie-Hellman (DH) public key value.

This flaw may aid an attacker in conducting a man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attack against the remote server since it could enable a forced calculation of a fully predictable Diffie-Hellman secret.

By itself, this flaw is not sufficient to set up a MiTM attack (hence a risk factor of 'None'), as it would require some SSL implementation flaws to affect one of the clients connecting to the remote host.

### See Also

<https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~rja14/Papers/psandqs.pdf>

<https://tls.mbed.org/tech-updates/security-advisories/polarssl-security-advisory-2011-01>

### Solution

OpenSSL is affected when compiled in FIPS mode. To resolve this issue, either upgrade to OpenSSL 1.0.0, disable FIPS mode or configure the ciphersuite used by the server to not include any Diffie-Hellman key exchanges.

PolarSSL is affected. To resolve this issue, upgrade to version 0.99-pre3 / 0.14.2 or higher.

If using any other SSL implementation, configure the ciphersuite used by the server to not include any Diffie-Hellman key exchanges or contact your vendor for a patch.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/04/11, Modified: 2020/06/12

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
It was possible to complete a full SSL handshake by sending a DH key
with a value of 1.
```

## 22964 - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

### Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
An SSH server is running on this port.
```



## 22964 - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
A web server is running on this port.
```

## 22964 - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2022/07/26

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
A TLSv1 server answered on this port.
```

tcp/443/www

```
A web server is running on this port through TLSv1.
```

## 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

### Synopsis

---

The remote service implements TCP timestamps.

### Description

---

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

### See Also

---

<http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt>

### Solution

---

n/a

### Risk Factor

---

None

### Plugin Information

---

Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2019/03/06

### Plugin Output

---

tcp/0

## 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

### Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

### Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

Please note the following :

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0504

### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/06/27, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
SSH was detected on port 22 but no credentials were provided.  
SSH local checks were not enabled.
```



## 10287 - Traceroute Information

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

### Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2020/08/20

### Plugin Output

udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.0.226 to 192.168.0.126 :  
192.168.0.226  
192.168.0.126
```

```
Hop Count: 1
```

## 135860 - WMI Not Available

### Synopsis

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

### Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vulnerabilities that exist on the remote host.

### See Also

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

```
Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.
```

### Synopsis

The remote web server hosts linkable content that can be crawled by Nessus.

### Description

The remote web server contains linkable content that can be used to gather information about a target.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?5496c8d9>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/06/24, Modified: 2016/06/24

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following sitemap was created from crawling linkable content on the target host :

- <http://192.168.0.126/>
- <http://192.168.0.126/manual/>
- <http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/>
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_api.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_api.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_cgi.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_cgi.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_faq.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_faq.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/index.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/index.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_compat.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_compat.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_faq.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_glossary.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_glossary.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_howto.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_howto.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_intro.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_intro.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_overview.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_overview.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_reference.html](http://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_reference.html)
- <http://192.168.0.126/usage/>
- [http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage\\_200909.html](http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage_200909.html)
- [http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage\\_202303.html](http://192.168.0.126/usage/usage_202303.html)



Attached is a copy of the sitemap file.

## 91815 - Web Application Sitemap

### Synopsis

The remote web server hosts linkable content that can be crawled by Nessus.

### Description

The remote web server contains linkable content that can be used to gather information about a target.

### See Also

<http://www.nessus.org/u?5496c8d9>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/06/24, Modified: 2016/06/24

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The following sitemap was created from crawling linkable content on the target host :

- <https://192.168.0.126/>
- <https://192.168.0.126/manual/>
- <https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/>
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_api.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_api.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_cgi.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_cgi.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_perl/mod\\_perl\\_faq.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_perl/mod_perl_faq.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/index.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/index.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_compat.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_compat.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_faq.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_faq.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_glossary.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_glossary.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_howto.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_howto.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_intro.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_intro.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_overview.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_overview.html)
- [https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod\\_ssl/ssl\\_reference.html](https://192.168.0.126/manual/mod/mod_ssl/ssl_reference.html)

Attached is a copy of the sitemap file.

## 11032 - Web Server Directory Enumeration

### Synopsis

It is possible to enumerate directories on the web server.

### Description

This plugin attempts to determine the presence of various common directories on the remote web server. By sending a request for a directory, the web server response code indicates if it is a valid directory or not.

### See Also

<http://projects.webappsec.org/w/page/13246953/Predictable%20Resource%20Location>

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF           OWASP:OWASP-CM-006

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/26, Modified: 2021/08/17

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
The following directories were discovered:  
/cgi-bin, /icons, /manual, /usage
```

```
While this is not, in and of itself, a bug, you should manually inspect  
these directories to ensure that they are in compliance with company  
security standards
```

## 49705 - Web Server Harvested Email Addresses

### Synopsis

Email addresses were harvested from the web server.

### Description

Nessus harvested HREF mailto: links and extracted email addresses by crawling the remote web server.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/04, Modified: 2018/05/24

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following email addresses have been gathered :

- 'ben@algroup.co.uk', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_faq.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html
- 'eay@aus.rsa.com', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html
- 'fjh@alum.mit.edu', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_intro.html
- 'tjh@cryptsoft.com', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html
- 'rse@engelschall.com', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_intro.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_faq.html
- 'root@porky.devel.redhat.com', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_api.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_faq.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_cgi.html
- 'modssl-users@modssl.org', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_faq.html
- 'mailto:fdc@cliwe.ping.de', referenced from :



## 49705 - Web Server Harvested Email Addresses

### Synopsis

Email addresses were harvested from the web server.

### Description

Nessus harvested HREF mailto: links and extracted email addresses by crawling the remote web server.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/04, Modified: 2018/05/24

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

The following email addresses have been gathered :

- 'ben@algroup.co.uk', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_faq.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html
- 'eay@aus.rsa.com', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html
- 'fjh@alum.mit.edu', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_intro.html
- 'tjh@cryptsoft.com', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html
- 'rse@engelschall.com', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_faq.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_intro.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_overview.html
- 'root@porky.devel.redhat.com', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_cgi.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_api.html  
/manual/mod/mod\_perl/mod\_perl\_faq.html
- 'modssl-users@modssl.org', referenced from :  
/manual/mod/mod\_ssl/ssl\_faq.html
- 'mailto:fdc@cliwe.ping.de', referenced from :



## 11422 - Web Server Unconfigured - Default Install Page Present

### Synopsis

The remote web server is not configured or is improperly configured.

### Description

The remote web server uses its default welcome page. Therefore, it's probable that this server is not used at all or is serving content that is meant to be hidden.

### Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/20, Modified: 2018/08/15

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
The default welcome page is from Apache.
```



## 11422 - Web Server Unconfigured - Default Install Page Present

### Synopsis

The remote web server is not configured or is improperly configured.

### Description

The remote web server uses its default welcome page. Therefore, it's probable that this server is not used at all or is serving content that is meant to be hidden.

### Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/20, Modified: 2018/08/15

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
The default welcome page is from Apache.
```

### Synopsis

Nessus can crawl the remote website.

### Description

This plugin makes a mirror of the remote website(s) and extracts the list of CGIs that are used by the remote host.

It is suggested that you change the number of pages to mirror in the 'Options' section of the client.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/05/04, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Webmirror performed 34 queries in 3s (11.0333 queries per second)
```

```
The following CGIs have been discovered :
```

```
+ CGI : /manual/
  Methods : GET
  Argument : D
    Value: A
  Argument : M
    Value: A
  Argument : N
    Value: D
  Argument : S
    Value: A

+ CGI : /manual/mod/
  Methods : GET
  Argument : D
    Value: A
  Argument : M
    Value: A
  Argument : N
    Value: D
  Argument : S
    Value: A
```

```
+ CGI : /manual/mod/mod_perl/  
Methods : GET  
Argument : D  
  Value: A  
Argument : M  
  Value: A  
Argument : N  
  Value: D  
Argument : S  
  Value: A  
  
Directory index found at /manual/  
Directory index found at /manual/mod/  
Directory index found at /manual/mod/mod_perl/
```

### Synopsis

Nessus can crawl the remote website.

### Description

This plugin makes a mirror of the remote website(s) and extracts the list of CGIs that are used by the remote host.

It is suggested that you change the number of pages to mirror in the 'Options' section of the client.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2001/05/04, Modified: 2023/02/13

### Plugin Output

tcp/443/www

```
Webmirror performed 27 queries in 3s (9.000 queries per second)
```

```
The following CGIs have been discovered :
```

```
+ CGI : /manual/mod/
  Methods : GET
  Argument : D
    Value: A
  Argument : M
    Value: A
  Argument : N
    Value: D
  Argument : S
    Value: A
```

```
+ CGI : /manual/
  Methods : GET
  Argument : D
    Value: A
  Argument : M
    Value: A
  Argument : N
    Value: D
  Argument : S
    Value: A
```

```
+ CGI : /manual/mod/mod_perl/
  Methods : GET
  Argument : D
    Value: A
  Argument : M
    Value: A
  Argument : N
    Value: D
  Argument : S
    Value: A

Directory index found at /manual/mod/
Directory index found at /manual/
Directory index found at /manual/mod/mod_perl/
```