

Finding Complexity using Counter Method

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Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void function (int n)
{
    int i= 1;
    int s =1;
    while(s <= n)
    {
        i++;
        s += i;
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

For example:

Input	Result
9	12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 v void function(int n){
3     int count=0;
4     int i=1;
5     count++;
6     int s=1;
7     count++;
8 v     while(s<=n){
9         count++;
10        i++;
11        count++;
12        s+=i;
13        count++;
14    }
15    count++;
16    printf("%d ",count);
17 }
18 v int main(){
19     int n;
20     scanf("%d ",&n);
21     function(n);
22     return 0;
23 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9	12	12	✓
✓	4	9	9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Started on	Sunday, 17 August 2025, 7:57 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Sunday, 17 August 2025, 8:11 PM
Time taken	14 mins 6 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 [Flag question](#)

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 v void func(int n){
3     int count=0;
4 v     if(n==1){
5         count++;
6         //printf("*");
7     }
8 v     else{
9         count++;
10 v         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
11             count++;
12             for(int j=1;j<=n;j++){
13                 count++;
14                 //printf("*");
15                 count++;
16                 //printf("*");
17                 count++;
18                 break;
19                 count++;
20             }
21             count++;
22         }
23         count++;
24     }
25
26     printf("%d ",count);
27 }
28 v int main(){
29     int n;
30     scanf("%d",&n);
31     func(n);
32     return 0;
33 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	12	12	✓
✓	1000	5002	5002	✓
✓	143	717	717	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Started on Saturday, 9 August 2025, 5:53 PM

State Finished

Completed on Saturday, 9 August 2025, 5:58 PM

Time taken 4 mins 15 secs

Marks 1.00/1.00

Grade 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00  Flag question

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
Factor(num) {  
    {  
        for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)  
        {  
            if (num % i == 0)  
            {  
                printf("%d ", i);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 void factor(int num){
3     int count=0;
4     for(int i=1;i<=num;++i){
5         count++;
6         if(num%i==0){
7             count++;
8         }
9     }
10    count++;
11 }
12    count++;
13    printf("%d ",count);
14 }
15 }
16 int main(){
17     int n;
18     scanf("%d",&n);
19     factor(n);
20     return 0;
21 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	31	31	✓
✓	25	54	54	✓
✓	4	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Started on	Saturday, 9 August 2025, 5:58 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Saturday, 9 August 2025, 6:03 PM
Time taken	4 mins 40 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00  Flag question

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void function(int n)
{
    int c= 0;
    for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
                c++;
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:
A positive Integer n

Output:
Print the value of the counter variable

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 void function(int n)
3 {
4     int c= 0;
5     int count=0;
6     count++;
7     for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++){
8         count++;
9         for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j){
10            count++;
11            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2){
12                count++;
13                c++;
14                count++;
15            }
16            count++;
17        }
18        count++;
19    }
20    count++;
21    printf("%d ",count);
22 }
23 int main(){
24     int n;
25     scanf("%d",&n);
26     function(n);
27     return 0;
28 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	30	30	✓
✓	10	212	212	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Started on	Saturday, 9 August 2025, 6:03 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Saturday, 9 August 2025, 6:06 PM
Time taken	3 mins 24 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Flag question

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n/= 10;

    }
    print(rev);
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 void reverse(int n)
3 {
4     int rev = 0, remainder;
5     int count=0;
6     count++;//for rev
7     count++;// for remainder
8     while (n != 0)
9     {
10         count++;
11         remainder = n % 10;
12         count++;
13         rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
14         count++;
15         n/= 10;
16         count++;
17     }
18     count++;
19     printf("%d ",count);
20 }
21 int main(){
22     int n;
23     scanf("%d",&n);
24     reverse(n);
25     return 0;
26 }
27 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	11	11	✓
✓	1234	19	19	✓

Passed all tests! ✓