

TASK 4

Develop a hand gesture recognition model that can accurately identify and classify different hand gestures from image or video data, enabling intuitive human-computer interaction and gesture-based control systems.

```
In [2]: import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

import keras
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # for plotting
import os # provides a way of using operating system dependent functions
import cv2 #Image handling library
import numpy as np

# Import of keras model and hidden layers for our convolutional network
from keras.layers import Conv2D, Activation, MaxPool2D, Dense, Flatten

CATEGORIES = ["01_palm", '02_l', '03_fist', '04_fist_moved', '05_thumb',
IMG_SIZE = 50

# paths for dataset
data_path = "/Users/manojt/Documents/leapGestRecog"
```

```
In [3]: # Loading the images and their class(0 - 9)
image_data = []
for dr in os.listdir(data_path):
    for category in CATEGORIES:
        class_index = CATEGORIES.index(category)
        path = os.path.join(data_path, dr, category)
        for img in os.listdir(path):
            try:
                img_arr = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path, img), cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
                image_data.append([cv2.resize(img_arr, (IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE)), class_index])
            except Exception as e:
                pass

image_data[0]
```

```
Out[3]: [array([[ 5,  6,  6, ...,  5,  4,  5],
                [ 5,  6,  7, ...,  3,  4,  3],
                [ 6,  6,  7, ...,  3,  3,  4],
                ...,
                [ 7, 10, 11, ...,  5,  5,  5],
                [ 8, 10, 12, ...,  3,  5,  5],
                [ 8,  9, 11, ...,  5,  5,  5]], dtype=uint8),
0]
```

```
In [4]: # shuffle the input data
import random
random.shuffle(image_data)
```

```
In [5]: input_data = []
        label = []
        for X, y in image_data:
            input_data.append(X)
            label.append(y)
```

```
In [6]: label[:10]
```

```
Out[6]: [9, 4, 0, 7, 5, 5, 4, 7, 3, 6]
```

```
In [7]: plt.figure(1, figsize=(10,10))
        for i in range(1,10):
            plt.subplot(3,3,i)
            plt.imshow(image_data[i][0], cmap='hot')
            plt.xticks([])
            plt.yticks([])
            plt.title(CATEGORIES[label[i]][3:])
        plt.show()
```



The code creates a visual representation of hand gestures by displaying grayscale images in a 3x3 grid. Each image corresponds to a specific finger gesture, allowing easy identification and understanding of various hand movements. The absence of axis labels enhances clarity, making it a straightforward tool for diagnosing finger-based hand gestures.

```
In [8]: # Normalizing the data
input_data = np.array(input_data)
label = np.array(label)
input_data = input_data/255.0
input_data.shape
```

```
Out[8]: (20000, 50, 50)
```

```
In [9]: # one hot encoding
label = keras.utils.to_categorical(label, num_classes=10, dtype='i1')
label[0]
```

```
Out[9]: array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1], dtype=int8)
```

```
In [10]: # reshaping the data
input_data.shape = (-1, IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE, 1)
```

```
In [11]: # splitting the input_data to train and test data
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(input_data, label,
```

```
In [12]: model = keras.models.Sequential()

model.add(Conv2D(filters = 32, kernel_size = (3,3), input_shape = (IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE, 1)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))

model.add(Conv2D(filters = 32, kernel_size = (3,3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.3))

model.add(Conv2D(filters = 64, kernel_size = (3,3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.3))

model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              optimizer = 'rmsprop',
              metrics = ['accuracy'])
```

This block defines the architecture of the Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) model for hand gesture recognition.

```
In [13]: model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs = 7, batch_size=32, validation_data=
```

Train on 14000 samples, validate on 6000 samples

Epoch 1/7

14000/14000 [=====] - 7s 521us/step - loss: 0.3391 - accuracy: 0.8910 - val_loss: 0.0507 - val_accuracy: 0.9820

Epoch 2/7

14000/14000 [=====] - 3s 225us/step - loss: 0.0180 - accuracy: 0.9945 - val_loss: 0.0060 - val_accuracy: 0.9992

Epoch 3/7

14000/14000 [=====] - 3s 233us/step - loss: 0.0086 - accuracy: 0.9974 - val_loss: 0.0038 - val_accuracy: 0.9993

Epoch 4/7

14000/14000 [=====] - 4s 271us/step - loss: 0.0062 - accuracy: 0.9984 - val_loss: 0.0013 - val_accuracy: 0.9997

Epoch 5/7

14000/14000 [=====] - 3s 228us/step - loss: 0.0066 - accuracy: 0.9985 - val_loss: 0.0047 - val_accuracy: 0.9990

Epoch 6/7

14000/14000 [=====] - 3s 245us/step - loss: 0.0033 - accuracy: 0.9992 - val_loss: 0.0018 - val_accuracy: 0.9997

Epoch 7/7

14000/14000 [=====] - 3s 231us/step - loss: 0.0011 - accuracy: 0.9998 - val_loss: 0.0013 - val_accuracy: 0.9997

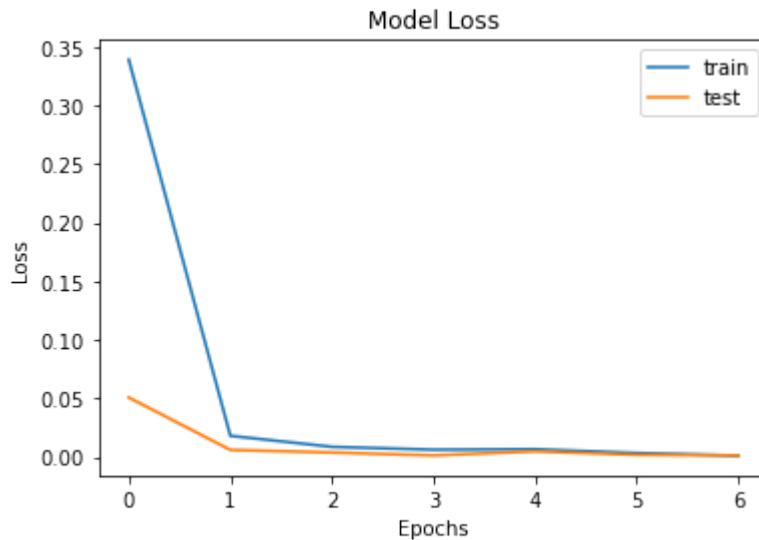
```
Out[13]: <keras.callbacks.callbacks.History at 0x7fac0c13ec10>
```

```
In [14]: model.summary()
```

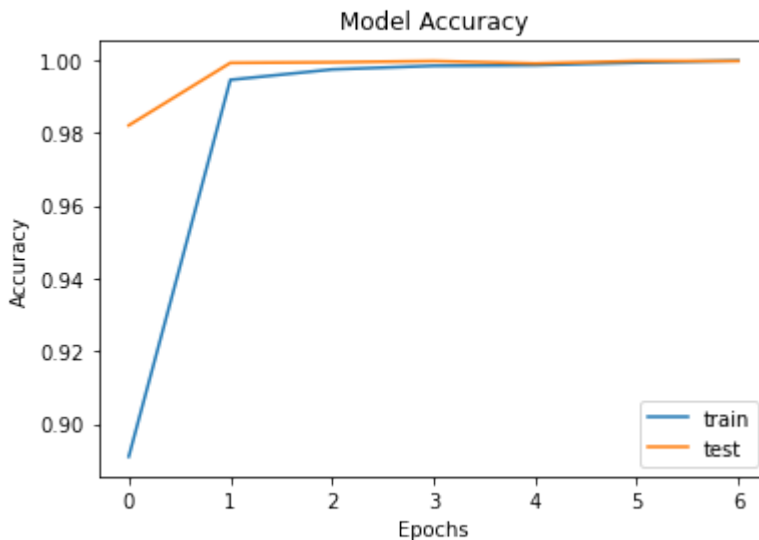
Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
=====		
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 48, 48, 32)	320
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 48, 48, 32)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 46, 46, 32)	9248
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 46, 46, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 23, 23, 32)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 23, 23, 32)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 21, 21, 64)	18496
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 21, 21, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 10, 10, 64)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 10, 10, 64)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 6400)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	1638656
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 10)	2570
=====		
Total params: 1,669,290		
Trainable params: 1,669,290		
Non-trainable params: 0		

```
In [15]: plt.plot(model.history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(model.history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [16]: plt.plot(model.history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(model.history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'])
plt.show()
```



```
In [17]: #calculate loss and accuracy on test data

test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)

print('Test accuracy: {:.2f}%'.format(test_accuracy*100))

6000/6000 [=====] - 1s 98us/step
Test accuracy: 99.97%
```

Test accuracy: 99.97% highlights the model's exceptional performance. It correctly recognized hand gestures in 99.97% of the test samples, demonstrating its high accuracy and reliability for human-computer interaction and gesture-based control systems.

```
In [22]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
import seaborn as sn
cat = [c[3:] for c in CATEGORIES]
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
cm = confusion_matrix(np.argmax(y_test, axis=1), np.argmax(model.predictions, axis=1))
sn.heatmap(cm, annot=True, xticklabels=cat, yticklabels=cat)
plt.plot()
```

Out [22]: []

