GENERAL DEFINITIONS •Carrier" shall include the party on whose behalfthis Bill of Lading has been issued, the Vessel, her owner(s), operatoi(s), demise, time, slot and space charterers or any person or entity to the extend bound by this Bill ofLading. •Merchant" includes the booking party, consignor, exporter, shipper, importer. Holder of this Billof Lading, consignee, owner, receiver oflhe Goods, anyperson owning or entitled to the possession ofthe Goods orthis Bill of Lading, any person having a present orfuture interest in the goods and anyone acting on behalfofany such person. • Holder\* means anyperson forthe time being in possession ofthis Bill of Lading towhom theproperty in thegoods has passed on or by reason of the consignment of the Goods or the endorsement ofthis Bill ofLadingor otherwise. «Vessel" includes any substituted vessel and any vessel to which transshipmentmaybe made or employed in the per<sup>®</sup> formance of this contract. • Goods\* means the cargo received from the Shipper and includes any container not supplied by or on behalfofthe Carrier. •Container\* includes any container (including an open top container) flat rack, platform, trailer, transportable lank, pallet, cradle, shelfor anyother device used for the transportation of Goods. • Port to Port Shipment" arises where the carriage called for by this Bill ofLading Is not Combined Transport. • Combined Transport Shipment\* arises when the place ofreceipt and/or the place ofdelivery are indicated on the face hereofin the relevantspace(s). The terms FCL and 1.CL mutt be interpreted as hereunder: FCL/FCL applies to a container packed under the shippersresponsibility and unpacked under the consignee's respon sibility, even when such operation are physically effected on theirbehalfby the Carrier or his agents-; LCL/LCL applies to a container packed and unpacked undertheCarriers' responsibility; FCL/LCL appliestoacontainer packed under the shipper's responsibility, even when this operation is physically effected on his behalf by the Carrier or his agents, and unpacked under the Carrier's responsibility; LCL/FCL applies to a container packed under the Carrier's responsibility, and unpacked under the consignees respon sibility, even when this operation is physically effected on his behalfbythe Carrier or his agents, VGM meansverified gross mass asstatestheSOLASContainer Weight Verification request also the IMO Guidelines, Section 6. Demurrage and Detention DEFINITIONS "Demurrage": the charge, related to the useofthe equipment only, the Merchant paysfor carrier's equipmentkept belyond the free time offered by the Carrierfor takingdelivery ofgoodsin the port, terminal ordepot. "Detention": the charge the Merchant pays for delliningCartiers equipment outside the port, terminal or depot, be yound the free time. "Merged Demurrage & Detention" (merged D&D): is the charge related to the use of equipment only, the .Merchant pays for canter's equipment kept beyond the free time offered by the Carrier, when Demurrage and Detention is merged into one single period. "Free time": the periodoftime offeredby theCarrierto the Merchant freeofcharge, coveringboth demurrage period and detention period, beyondwhich additional chargessuch as, but notlimited to demurrage and detention charges, will be due to the Carrier. "Storage Costs": those costs related but not limited to quay rent, charged to both Carrier's equipment and shipper's equipmentfor containersstaying on ground. "Reefer Services": services such as Powersupplyand Monitoring. Demurrage and Detention and D&D Merged do not include storage costs and reefer services which are charges! to the Merchantseparatelyunlessduly indicated in the published general tariffofthe country. Ifnot otherwise indicated the following rules of calculations are applied: Merged Demurrage & Detention Time (merged D&D): For import cargo, the merged D&D time isthe duration elapsed asfrom "discharge" of the vessel of the full container till "return" of the emptyequipment to the assigned terminal or depot. For export cargo, the "loaded" on board vessel. Each dayor part thereofis due in full. Duration are expressed either in calendar days. The first chargeable day isthe first day following the list day offree time. CLAUSE PARAMOUNT Thecontract evidenced bythis Bill of Lading is, in respect of so much of the carriage herebycovered and extendsfrom the lime when the goods are loaded on to thevessel at the port ofloading until they are discharged therefrom (being the period of carriage covered by the rules

hereinafter mentioned) to have effect: (a) Where ihe port ofloading, or failing theport offoldingtheportofdischarge, isin alfrrilorywherelegislation giving compuhory effecttothe Hague Rules contained inthe InternationalConvention concerningBills ofLadingof2.5th August 1921 asamended in Brussels 1968 (the Hague and VisbyRules) isin force subject to such legislation; and (b)In anyother case, asifthe said Hague Rules conferredby the said legislationand rulesasifthe same were herein specifically setout. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed tobe a surrender by theCarrier of anyofhis privileges, rightsor immunities or an increase of any of his responsibilities orliabilities underthe said legislation or rulesifand to the extent that anyprovision ofihis Bill of Ladingisrepugnant Io orinconsistentwhit the said legislation orrules, this BillofLadingshall,inrespectofthe period ofcarriage covered by the said legislationorrules, have effect asifthat provision had never been inserted herein, and that prevision shall be void but onlylo the extent of such repugnancy or inconsistency arid no further. I. SUB-CONTRACTING (1) The Carrier shallbe entitled to sub-contract on anytermsihewholeor any part of the carriage, loading, un-loading, storing, warehousing, handling and anyand all duties whatsoever undertaken by the Carrierin relation to the Goods. (2) Every such servant, agent and sub-contractoroftheCarrierincluding, but not limited lo, theowner, charterer, operator, master, officer and crewofthevessel, and employees, agents, representatives, and all stevedores, terminal operators, watch men, carpenlers, laihets, ship cleaners, surveytars and other independent contractors of any nalure what so ever, shall have the benefit ofall provisionsherein for the benefit of the Carrier as if such provisions were expressly for their benefiL In entering into this contract, the Cartier, to the extent of those provisions, does not only in its own behalfbut also as agent and trustee forsuch servants, agents and sub-contractors. (3) The expression sub-contradorin this clause shall include direct and indirectsub-contractors and iheir respective servants and agents. I). CARR]ER'S RE.SPONS)01 LIT Y - PORTTO PORT SHII'MENT (I) Where the carriagecalled forbythis Bill of Lading is a Port to PortShipment then, whatever the custom oftheport and the freight tariff applicable, the Carrier is deemed to take possession of the Goods on loading on the vessel and Io deliversameondischarge from ihevessel and the Carrier shall not beliable forloss or damage to the Goods during the period before loading onor after discharge from thevessel, howsoever such loss or damage arises and even if an original of the Bill of Ladingis not presented or accomplishes! bythe Merchant or his agent ondischarge from the vessel. (2) Loading shall be deemed to have commenced when the Goods are connected with the tackle alongside the vessel, and discharge shall be deemed lo have been completed when the Goods are disconnected from the tackle. (3) Fortheoperation ofhandling, stowage, loading or unloading carried outbefore loadingot after discharge from the vessel, the stevedore or/and theShip Agent aredeemed to acton behalfoftheMerchant even iftheywerechosen bythe Carrier, in particular, when these operations are performedby a publicor semlptiblicor monopolistic organism. (4) Notwithstanding the above, in case and to the extent that the governing law, or a contractual arrangement, or custom and practice, oranycourt ortribunal decision extendstheCarrier's periodofresponsibility whetherincontract, tort, bailment or otherwise to all or any part ofthe period before loading, or the period after discharge, including for misdelivery, then Carrier shall have the benefit ofevery right, defence, immunity, limitation and liberty provided for in the Hague Rulesduringsuchadditionalperiodofre.sponsibi.lity, notwithstanding Ihat the loss, damageor misdelivery did not occur during the carriage by sea. III. CARR1ER'S RESPONSIB1LITY' - COMBINED TRANSPORT (J)Where the carriagecalled forby Ihis BillofLading is a CombinedTransportShipment, ihen theCarrierundertakes responsibility from ihe place ofreceipt if named herein or from the port ofloading lo ihe port of discharge ot the place ofdelivery ifnamed herein. (2) The Carrier shall be liable for loss or damage occurring during carriage, provided (hat when receipt and custody operations before loading, or custody and deliveryoperations afterdischarge are carriedout by a publicorsemipublic or monopolistic organism, then the Carrier's responsibility will be governed like in clause 4 -Port lo Port Shipment-, and in such

casetheCarrier Will act asforwarding agent only as concerns pre carriage and/orcarriage. (3) Exclusions: The Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage ifsuch loss or damage was caused by; a) An act or omission ofthe Merchant. b) Insufficiencyofot defective condition ofpacking or marking by or on behalfofthe Merchant, c) Handling, loading, stowage or unloadingofthe Goodsl>y ot on behalfofthe Merchant, d) Inherent vice of the Goods. e) Strike, lock-out, stoppage or restraint oflabor, f) Anuc.learincide.nl, g) anycause or event which the Carrier could not avoid and the consequences of which he could not prevent by the exetc Ise ufieasuuable Jiligeiice. (4) Theburden ofthe proofthat the lossor damagewasdue loone or more ofthe above causesor event shall rest upon theCarrier. When theCarrier establishes that, in thecircumstances of the case, ihe loss or damage could be attributed loone or more ofihecausesor eventsspecified in (b)to (d) above, itshall l>e presumed that is was socaused. The Mer Ochant shall, however, be entitled to prove that the loss or damagewas nol, in fact, caused eilher wholly or partly by one ormore ofthese causes orevents.. (5) As agreed in thelermsonthe reversehereof.the non•marilimepartofthecarriage shallbegoverned either by the pro2visions containedinanyInternationalConvention or National Lawcompulsorily applicable to themeansoftransport utilizes! or, when such testsare not compulsorily applicable, by ihe Spanish Lav\*' applicableto Ihemeansoftransport utilized. However, ifit can be proved ihat ihe loss or damage occurredwhile the Goods were in custodyofan inland carrier, the liability ofthe Carrier and ihe amountofcompensation shall be determined in accordance with the inlandcarrier's contract of catriage or lariff, ifsuch contractor tariffis applicable. IV. SUNDRY' LIABILITY PROY'ISIONS (Applicable to both Port lo Port Shipment and Combined Transport). (1) Delay The Carrier does not undertake that theGoodsshall arrive atthe PortofDischargeofPlaceor Delivery at anyparticular time orto meet any particularmarket or use and Save as provided in clause V above the Carrier shall in no circum2stancesbe liable for direct, indirect or consequential loss or damagecaused by any delay. Where underthe provisions ofclause above, the Carrierisliable for delay, liability shall be limited to the element of the freight applicable to the relevant stage of Transport and that part of the Goods which have been delayed. (2) Supply of containers The terms of this Bill of Lading shall govern the responsibility of the Carrier in connection with or arising out of the supply of a Container to the Merchant, whether supplied before or after the Goods are received by the Carrierfor car@riage or delivered to Ihe Merchant. The Merchant at destination shall have to return ihe Container duly cleaned in good state and condition, as deemed delivered to the shipper before the commencemenl ofthe Carriage, vsithin ihe time allowed, by the Carrier, failing which the persons failing within the definition of Merchant in clause 1 shall be jointly and severally liable vis-a-vis the Carrier to pay any costs ofcleaning and/or repair as well as demurrage; any such personsshall be likewise liable lo pay Ihe replacement value of any Container no Ireturned within thirtydays of its remittance to the shipper/consignee and des':med lost as a result thereof. (3) Y'alue For the purposeofdetermining theextent ofiheCarrier'sliability forlossofor damage lo theGoods, the sound value ofthe Good is agreed to be the invoice value plusfreight and insurance ifpaid. (4) Ad Y'alorem Higher compensation than ihat provided by Clause Y'l (6) whichever maybe applicable, may be claimed only when, wilh the consent of the Carrier, the value of the Goods declared by the shipper, which exceeds the limits laid down in ihis clause, has been stated in this Bill ofLading and extra freight actually paid ifrequired. In that case the amount of ihe declared value shall be substituted for those limits. Any partial loss or damage shall be adjusted pro rata on the basissuch declared value. (5) Nolice of loss or damage The Carrier shall bedeemed primsfade to have delivered the Goods as described in this Bill ofLadingunless notice ofloss ofordamageto the Goods indicating the special nature of such loss ot damage shall havebeen given Inwilling totheCarrier orlo hisrepresentativeatthe Port ofDischarge (or Place of Deliveryifsame is named on the face hereof) beforeor at the lime of removal of the Goodsinto thecustodyofthe person entitled lo deliverythereofunder this Bill of Lading, or, if the loss or damage is not apparent, within threeworking days thereafter. If a Place of Delivery has been named on the face

hereof, any such notice shall have also to be s-enl to the last inland carrier before or at the limeofremoval, or within three working daysthereafter if the loss or damage is nol apparent, and in any case a confirmation of such notice shallhave to be made to such inland Carrier by registered letter within three working daysofthe lime ofdelivery, falling which no responsibility shall attach to iheCarrier. Subject lo the above provisions ofthissub-clause Y'I (5), no loss ofor damage to the Goodsshall be opposable to the Carrier unlessthe latter or his representative have twen called for ajoint examination before the opening oflhe con2tainer In case of apparent damages or in case ofnon-apparent damages assoon as such loss or damage have been re2 vealed upon openingoftheContainer, the unstuffingoperations being then immediately stopped.. Loss or damage are deemed to be apparent when the Container is delivered without any seal or without the original seal affixed when the Carrier had taken possession ofihe Conlainer. When the Carrier or his representative have been so called for a joint examination or survey and is not effectively present, the examination orsurvey reportshall not be opposable to the Carrier unlessthe surveyor was appointed by the local competentCourt. (6) Limitation ofliability The Carrier shall be entitled to the same tights oflimitation as are or would be availableunder the International Con2venlion. ihe National Lawor under lhe provisions of the inland carrier's contract of carriage or tariff, applicable lo Ihe maritime or non-maritime part ofihe carriage by virtue ofthe clause Law and Jurisdiction on the face hereofor by virtue ofihe clause V above. When the provisions of the International Convention, NationalLaw, ifcompulsorily applicable, or ofthe inland carriers contract ofcarriageortariffapplicabledo notdeterminean amount ofcompensalion. the Cartier'sliability shall inno event exceed 100 Sterlinglawful money of the U.K. pet package or unit. In Ihe event of lossor damage occurring at sea incircumstancesinwhich the owner/operalor of the Vessel is entitled lo limit hi.s liability byestablishing a limitation fund undet the International Convenlion relalingto the Limitation of Liabilityfor MaritimeClaimssigned at London on 19th November 1976 or under anyequivalent applicable convention or national legislation, then the liabilityoftheCartiershallbelimited lo iheproportion ofsaid limitalion fund allocated to the Goods covered by this Bill ofLading. (7) Scope ofApplication Save as otherwise provided herein the Carrier shall in no circumstances whatsoever and howsoever arising be liable for direct or indirect or consequential loss or damage. 'Ihe defences and limits ofliability provided for in this Bill of lading shall apply in any action against the Carrier for loss or damage or delay whether the action le founded inCon2tract orin Tort. (8) Inspection ofGoods TheCarrier, or anyperson to whom theCarrier hassubcontracted the carriageor anyperson authorized bytheCarrier, shall beentitled, but under noobligation, toopen any package or Container atany time and to inspect the contents. If it thereupon appears that the contents or any part thereofcannot safely or properly be carried or carried further, either al all or without incurring any additional expense or taking any measures in relation lo such pac.kj.ge or Con@taineror its contents of anypart thereof, the Carrier may without notice to Ihe Merchant abandon Ihe transportation thereofand/ot take any measures and/orincur anyreasonable additional expense tocarryor to continue thecarriage orto store the same ashore or afloat under cover or in the open, at any place, which abandonment orstorage shall be deemed to constitute due delivery under this Bill ofLading. The Merchant shall indemnify the Carrier against any reasonable additional expense so incurred. The Carrin in exercising the liberties contained in this clause shall nol be under any obligation to take any particular measures and the Carrier shall not be liable for any loss, damage or delay howsoever arising from any action orlack ofaction underthis clause. Ifby order ofanyauthority al anyplace, the Goods have to be unpacked from the Containers to be inspected, theCar2rier will not be liable for any loss or damage incurred during such unpacking, inspection or repacking. The Carrier shall be entitled to recover the costs of unpacking, inspection and repacking from the Merchant.. If it appears ihat (he Goods have lost their value, then the Carrier shall be entitles!, with ihe agreement of the Merchant, to destroy such Goods, and all expenses and costs

incurred therefrom shall be paidby ihe Merchant. (9) Time bar Where the carriage called for bythis BillofLading Is aCombinedTransport Shipment am! when the provisions of the International Convention or ofihe National Law, applicable to the non-maritime part of the carriage by virtue of the clause Law and Jurisdiction on the face hereof, do not determine a time bar, the Carrier shall be discharged of all liability unless suit is brought and notice ihereof given to the Carrier within nine months after deliveryofthe Goods or the dale when the Goodsshould have been delivered. V. SHIPPER-PACKED CONTAINERS (1) If a container has been stuffed byor on Lie-halfofthe shipper, this Bill ofLading shall be a receipt only fortheCon@tainerfs) and the Carrier shall not be liable for loss ofdamage lo the contents and the Merchant shall indemnify the Carrier against anyinjury, loss,damage, liaMilyor expense IncurredbytheCarrierifsuch injury,loss,damage,liability or expense has been caused by: a) ihe manner in which the Container has been packed, stuffed orloaded, or b) ihe unsuilabilityofihe Goodsfot carriage inthe Container(s)supplied, or c) lhe unsuitability or defective condition of the Container which would have been apparent upon reasonable in spection by the Merchant at or prior to the time iheContainer wasfilled, packed, sluffed orloaded. The shippershall inspectConlainer(s)before stuffingthemand iheuseoftheContainers)shall beprima fadeevidence oftheirBeing sound and suitable for use. (2) TheCarrier has no responsibility whatsoever for the unsuilability, defective condilion or for the functioning of Containers) not owned norleased by IheCarrier. (3) TheContainer and the Goodsshall be deemed to constitute one package only forthe purpose ofdetermining the limit oftheCarrier'sliability. (4) Ifa shipper-packed Container is delivered by the Cartier wilh itsoriginal seal as affixed by the shipperinlactsuch delivery shall constitute full and complete performanceofthe Carrier's obligations hereunder and ihe Carrier shall not be liable for any shortage of Goods ascertained al delivery. Y'l. DE.5CR1PTION OF GOODS (1) This Bill of Lading shall be prima fade evidence of the receipt by the Carrier in apparent good order and condilion, except asotherwise noted, of the total number of Containers only, if packed by Ilie Shipper oronhisbehalf, orifotherwi.se, ihe total number of packages or other units specified on the reverse sidehereof. (2) Norepresentation is madebytheCarrier aslo weight, contents, measure, quantity, quality, description, condilion, marks, numbers or value of Goods and the Carrier shall be under no responsibility whatsoever in respect of such description or particulars. (3) Any statement herein that iron or sled goods of any description have been shipped in apparent good order and condition does not involve anyadmission from the Carrier asto the absence of rust, for which the Carrier accepts no responsibility. Vil, MERCHANT'S RESPONSIBILITY (1) The Merchant warrantslotheCarrierthattheparticulars relating totheGoodsassetout overleaf havebeenchecked by the Shipper on receipt ofthis Bill ofLading and that such particulars and any other particularsfurnished by or on behalfofthe Shipper are correct. (2) The Merchant shall indemnify ihe carrier against all loss, damage, fines and expenses arisingorresulting fromin2accuracies in or inadequacy of such particulars or from any other causes in connection wilh the Goods. (3) The Merchant shallcomplywithall regulations orrequirements of custom, port or anyother official bodyand shall bear and pay all duties, taxes, fines, imposts, expenses or losses (including., without prejudice lo ihe generality of the foregoing, expenses and losses arising from inability for the vessel lohave aberth, anddelay in thevoyage, and full redutn freight for Ihe Goods, ifreturned, or if on - carried the full freighl from the port of discharge or the place of delivery to ihe amended port of discharge or place ofdelivery- incurred orsuffered by reason of any failure to So comply, orby reasonofanylackofdocumentsor of anymisded aration or omission by the Merchantsuch as incorrect weight, or any illegal, incorrect or Insufficient marking, numbering or addressing of the Goods on the Bill of Lading and shall consequently indemnify the Carrier. VIII. FREIGHT AND CHARGES (1) Freight whether prepayable or to be collected shall be deemed fully earned on receipt ofthe Goods by iheCarrier and shallbe paid and non-returnable in any event. (2) TheCarrier shall have the right lo demand payment offreight and charges whether payable at the time ofreceipt of the Goods or before

delivery of the Goods eilher in the tariffcurrency or, at ils option, in any other transferable currency at the rate of exchange provided for in the applicable tariff. (3) The freight has been calculated on the basts of particulars furnished by or on behalf of the shipper. The Carrier may at anytime open any Coniairier or olher package or unit in order to reweigh, remeasure or tevalue thecontents; ansi if the particularsfurnished by ot on behalfoflhe shipper are incorrect, it is agreed that a sum equal to double the correct freight less the freight charged shall be payable asliquidated damagesto (heCartier, and in addition the Merchant shall reimburse the Carrier for all further payments, disadvantages and consequences tesulling therefrom. (-1) The Merchant shall be liable to Carrier for the payment ofal) freight, demurrage /detention, General Average and other charges due hereunder, wilhout discount,together with anyCourt Costs, expenses and reasonable attorney fees incurred in collecting any sums due Carrier. Payment ofocean freight and charges to a freighl forwarder, broker or anyone Olherthan the Carrier or its authorized agent, shall nol be deemed payment to the Carrier and shall be made at the payer's sole risk. Merchant to remain liable for all charges hereunder notwithstanding any extension ofcredit to the freight forwarder or broker by Carrier. (5) Particular attention is drawn to the Terms and Conditions therein relating lo Container and vehicle demurrage/ detention. Copses ofthe relevant provisions of the Applicable Tariffare obtainable from the Carrier or its agents upon request or on Carrier's website. In ihe case ofinconsistency between this Bill of Lading and ihe ApplicableTariff, this Bill ofLading shall prevail. www.marguis.a.com (6) The personsfallingwithin ihe definition of Merchant in Clause 1 shall bejointly and severally liable for the payment of any amount due underthis Clause X. IX. LIEN The Carrier shall have a lien on ihe Goods and any documents relating thereto for all sums payable lo the Carrier undet Ihis contractor any other contract and for general average conlrrbulions to whomsoever due and for the cost ofrecovering the same, and for that purpose shall have the righl tia sell the Goods by public auction or private treaty without notice to the Merchant. X. OPT1ONALSTOYYAGE, DECK CARGO AND LIY'E AN1MAIS (1) The Carrier has ihe righl toacceptcargo of all kindsdangerous or otherwise for carriageon or under deck, including explosives, munitions, warlike materials of nuclear material. Ifin connection with any port regulation dangerous or objectionable cargo issubmilled to any extra handling en route orfinal destination, all expensesthereoflo be for ac@count of such Goods. (2) The Carrier Is at iil>erty lostow the Goodsin poop, deckhouses, shelterdeck, spare-bunkers, tonnage-opening, or any covered-in space and Goodsso stowed shall bedeemed for allpurposeslobe stowed under deck, also lo carrythe Gixids below deck and/or on deck In connecting ships and/orlighters and/or anycraft whatsoever. (3) The Goods maybe packed by the Carrierin Containers and consolidated with olher goods in Containers. (4) Goodswhetherslowed incontainers or not, maybe carried on deckor under deckwithout notice to iheMerchant unless on ihe reverse side hereofil isspecifically stipulated that the Container(s) or Goods willtiecarried under deck Ifcarried on deck, the Carriershall not be required to note, markorstamp on ihe Bill ofLading anystatement of such on deck carriage. Such goods whether carries! on deck or under deck and whether ot not slated to be carried on deck shall participate in general averageand shall bedeemed to bewithin the definilion ofgoodsforihe purposeof"The internalional Con Ivenlion for the unification of certain rules relating to Bill of Lading dated Brussels, ihe 2.5lh August 1924 amend- ed or not' or for the purposes of »Ihe USCarriage ofGoodsbySea Act 1936 (COGSA) \*, whichever is applicable. (5) Goods on deck, staled hereinlo be so carried andlive animals are received, handled, loaded, stowed, carried, kepi and discharged at Merchants risk and the Carrier shall not be liable for lossihereof, damage or delay whichever and howsoever occurring even though resulting from unseaworthinessofthe vessel orfromihe negligence ofthe Carrier, ilsservants or agents or in case ofdeviation of the vessel. X1. MEH!ODS AND ROUTEOF TRANSPORTATION (1) The Carrier mayal any time without notice to the Merchant: a) use any means oftransport or storage whatsoever, transfer the Goods from one conveyance to another including bul not limited to transshipping or carrying the same on anothervessel than that named on lhe face hereofor by

anyolher means oftransport whatsoever, b) unpack and remove Goods which have been stowed into a Container and forward the same in a Container or otherwise, c) proceed by any route in his discretion (whether or not thenearest or most direct or customaryoradvertised route) at any speed and proceed to orstay at any place or port whatsoever once ormore often and in anyorder, d) load or unload the Goads at any place or port (whether or not any such port is named overleaf as the port the loading or port of discharge) and siore the Goods all anysuch place or port, e) comply with any orders orrecommendations given by any government or authorily or any person or body acting or purporting to act as or on liehalfofsuch government or authorilyor having under the terms of the Insurance on the conveyance employed by the Carrierthe right to give orders ordirections, f) permit the vessel to proceed with ot wilhoul pilots. (2) The liberties set out in sub-clau.se (1) may be invoked by IheCarrierfor any purpose whatsoever whether or not connected with the carriage ofGoods including bunkering, undergoing repairs, towing or being towed, adjusting instruments, drydocking and assisting vessels in allsituations. Anything done In accordance with sub-clause (1) or any delay arising therefrom shall be deemed lo be within the contractual carriage and shall not be a deviation. XII. MATTERS AFFECTING PERFORMANCE (1) Ifal anytime the performance of the contract evidenced bythis Bill of Lading is or islikely to be affected by any hindrance, risk, delay, difficully or disadvantage ofwhatsoever kind which Cannot be avoided by ihe exercise ofrealsonable endeavors, the Carrier (whether or not ihe transport is commenced) may, without notice lo the Merchanl, Ireat the performance of this contract as terminated and abandon ihe carriage of the Goods and place the Goods or any part ofthem at the Merchant's disposal at any place or port which the Carrier may deem safe and convenient, whereupon the responsibility of the Carrier in respect of such Goodsshall cease. (2) The Carriershall neverthelessbe entitled to full freight andcharges on Goodsreceived fortransportatfan, and the Merchant shall pay anyadditional costs of carriage to and delivery and storage at such place or port. (3) The Carrier undertakes to use all reasonableendeavorstoforwardGoods,thecarriageofwhich hasbeensuspended, assoon as possible afterthe cause ofhindrance, risk delay, difficultyor disadvantage has been removed butmakes no representalions asto the maximum period between such removal and the forwardingofthe Goodsto Ihe port ofdis@charge or place ofdelivery named in this Bill ofLading. (4) In such case, transportation lo final destination shall be considered as a newcontract of carriage and ihe Carrier shall be entitled to full freight and charges on Goods. XII1. PERISHABLECARGO (I) By tendering Goods of a perishable nature fot carriagewithout any written request noted on Ihe reverse side of this Bill of Lading for carriage in a specialized Coniairier or within a specific temperature range, or subject to any special care, or for carriage otherwise than in a Container the merchant accepts that the carriage may properly be un dertaken in a general purpose Container wilhout any special altention. (2) Ln case ofrefrigerated Containers) packed by or on behalfofthe Merchant, the Merchant undertakes that the Goodshave been properly stowed in the Container(s) and that the thermostatic controls have been adequately set by him before receiptofthe Goods by the Carrier. (3) The Merchant's attention is drawn to the fact that the refrigerated Container(s) are nol designed to freeze down cargowhich has notbeen presented forstuffing all or below ils designated carryingtemperature, and the Carriershall not be responsible for Ihe consequences of cargo presented at a higher temperature than ihat required forthe trans

portation. (4) If the above requirements are not complied wilh, the Carriershall not be liablefor anylossordamage totheGoods howsoever arising. XI\r. DANGEROUS GOODS ()) The Merchant undertakes not to lender for transportation any Goods which are of adangerous, inflammable, radio-activeor damagingnature, or which areormay become liable todamage anyproperty, whatsoever, without pre viously giving written notice of their nature lo ihe Carrier who must give his express consent in isriting for the car- ,riage; ... , TheContainers) or other covering In which the Goods are lobe transported have lo be distinctlymarked on outside so asto Indicate Ihe nature and characterofany such Goods as required by anylaw's orregulations which maybe

ap@plicable during the carriage. (2) Ifanysuch Goods are delivered to the Carrierwilhoulsuch written consentcommunication and markingor if, at any time, these goods become of adangerous, inflammable radio-activeor damaging nature, they may, at any time or place, be unloaded, destroyed, disposed of, abandoned orrendered harmless without compensation to the Merchant and without prejudice lo the Carriers right to freight, and ifthe Merchant has not given nolice of their nature to the Carrier, the Canter shall be under no liability to make anygenera) average contribution in respect of such Goods. (3) The Merchant undertakes that such Goods are pack'dinamanned adequate towilhstandtheordinary riskofcar@riage having tegaril to their nalure and In compliance with all law-sorregulations which maybe applicable during car Priage. (4) Whether or not the Merchant was aware ofthe nalure ofthe Goods, he shall indemnify the Carrier against all claims, losses, damages or expenses arisingout in consequence ofihe carriage of such Goods. XV. SANCTIONS CLAUSE (I)Carrierwarrantsthat it, or anyofilssubsidiariesor affiliates., ils parent company, are not a parly identified on the U.S. Commerce Department's Denied Persons List or Entity Lisi; the U.S. Treasury Department's list of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons; The U.S. Stale Department's Debarred List or any other similar list of prohibited or denied parties in relation to suspected acts ofterrorism, human rights violations, weapon or nuclear proliferation activities and/or weapons ofmass destruction, maintained by any other country including the EU and ihe UN.In the event that Owner, a subsidiary, affiliate, or parent company, is included on any such list during the Charter Party period, Charterersshall have the option to cancel this Charter Party and redeliver the Y'essel(s) at any lime and place should the Vessel's ability lo trade within the agreed limits and/or Charterers' use of the Y'essel be af Dected in anyway (2) In iheevent that Merchant, a subsidiary, affiliate, or parentcompany, isincluded on anysuch list during thecarriage of the goods covered L>y this Bill oflading. Ownersshall have the option to cancel this carriage ofthe Goods and dis2charge the Goods all any time and place should the Ves.sel(s)'s ability to trade. (3) The Carriersha!) not be obliged lo complywith any ordersfor the employment of the Y'essel(s) which is, or could result in a sanctioned transaclion.IftheY'essel(s)isperformingavoyage, operation orsendeewhich becomesor could result in a sanctioned transaction, the Carrier may, by notice to ihe Sterchanl, refuse to proceed with Ihe employment, or the voyage, operation or service requested. No act or omission of the Carrier, master ot managers of the Y'e ssel(s) sha.ll at any lime constitute a waiver of this provision XV). REGULATIONS REI.ATING TO GOODS TheMerchantshallcomplywith all regulationsorrequirements of Customs, port andother authorities, and shallbear and pay all duties, taxes, fines, imposts, expenses or lossesincurred or suffered by reason thereofor by reason of any illegal, incorrect or insufficient marking, numbering or addressingol'lheGoods, and indemnifytheCarrierin respect Ihereof. XVI1. NOTIFICATION AND DELIVERY' (1) Notification Any mention herein ofparties lo be notified ofihe arrival of the Goods is solely for information of the Carrier, and failure to give such notification shall not involve the Carrierin any liability norrelieve the Merchant of any obligation hereunder. (2) Remiltance lo public organism In any case the remitlance of the Goodsto any public, semipublic or monopolistic organism entitled to receive them shallbe considered as deliveryand the responsibility ofthe Carrier shall wholly cease al ihe time of such reriiiltance. Similarly the forced delivery to customs or any olher authorily whether effective or purely formal shall constitute dellivery ofthe Goods, (3) Delivery at port of discharge In case of Port lo Port Shipment, the Merchantshall take delivery of the Goods upon discharge and all expensesin@curred by reason ofthe Merchant's failure or inability to lake delivery ofthe Goods as aforesaid will be fot the Mer@chant's accounl. The Carriershall be atliberty lodischarge the Goods ot any partIhereofat the port ofdischarge, without notice, and -whatever the law of the custom of the port- the tesponsibility of the Carrier in respect of the Goods or ihal part thereofdischarged as aforesaid shall wholly cease on discharge from (lie vessel according to the provisions of Clause IV above. (4) Delivery al place of delivery In case of Combined Transport Shipment, the Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods or Containers within the time provided fot in the

Carrier's Tariff Incorporated herein (clause I!) or, in any case, within 6 days following the sending by theCarrier or his agent of a registered letter giving notice to the Merchant that the Goods or Containers are available and requesting the Merchant lo take deliveryofihe Goods ot containers. The responsibility of the Carriershall whollycease by the remittance of the Goosis or Containers to theConsignee or any person acting on his behalfot in case offailure of the Merchanl to take deliveryofthe Goods within 6 days ofthe formal request givenby the Carrier to do so. White thecarri age called for by this Bill of Lading is Combined Transport Shipment, the Carrier may request the re2millance of the Bill of Lading from the Merchant at the port of discharge prior to the inland carriage. Should lhe Merchant have failed to remit the Bill of Lading. Ihen the responsibility ofihe Carrier shall wholly cease and delivery shall be deemed lo have taken place at the port of discharge. (5) Failure to lake delivery (Port to Port Shipment and Combined Transport) a) Whenever deliveryofihe Goods or Containers is not taken by ihe Merchant in due time, the cost of the storage and or containers demurragesshall forthwith upon demand be paid by the Merchant to iheCarrier; b) Ifthedeliveryofthe Goosis or anypart thereofisnot taken bythe MerchantIn accordance tilth this BillofLading, the Carriermaywithout notice unpacked the Goods or that part thereofifpacked in Coniainets and/orstorethe Goods orthat part thereofashore, afloat, in the open or under cover. Ifihe Merchant fails to take delivery ofihe Goods or part ofthem within thirty days ofdelivery becoming due undersub-clause3or4 above, orifin the opinion of the Carrier they are likely to be stolen, deteriorated, decayed, become wvrlhless or incur charges whether for storage, demurrages or otherwise representing more than fifty perce.nl ofiheir possible proceeds ofsale, the Carrier may, al his discretion and subject to his lien and wilhout notice and without any liabilitywhatsoever allaching to him.sellordispose of the Goods by auctionor by pihale treaty and apply to proceeds of sale in reduction ofihe sums due to iheCarrier from the Merchant in respect of this Bill ofLading. c) Refusal by the Merchant lo accept delivery ofthe Goodsin accordance with the terms of the Bill of Lading shall Constitute an absolute waiver by the Merchant to ihe Carrier of any claim whatsoever relating to the Goods or carriage thereof. XVIII. BOTH-TO-BLAMECOLLISION CLAUSE If the carrying ship comes into collision wilh another ship as a result offthe negligence ofthe other ship and any ad, neglect or default In Ihe navigation or the management ofihe carrying ship, the Merchant undertakes to pay to the Carrier, or, where the Carrierls not the owner and in possession of the carrying ship, to pay to the Carrier as trustee for the owner and/or demise charterer of the carrying Vessel, a sum sufficient to indemnify the Carrier and/or the owner and/or demise charterer ofthe carrying ship against all lossliability to (he olher or non-carrying ship ot her owners insofar assuch loss orliability representsloss ofot damage to, or anyclaim whatsoever ofihe Merchant, paid ot payablebytheolher or non-carryingship orhet owners as part ofiheir claim against thecarrying shipor her owner or demise charterer oriheCartier. The foregoing provisions shall also applywhere the owners, operators, or those in charge of any ship ofships orobjects, other than, ot in addition to, the colliding ships or objects are at fault in respect to a collision, contact, standingor other accident.. XIX- GENERAL AVERAGE In the event ofaccident, danger, damage, ordisaster before or after the commencement ofihe voyage, resulting from any cause whatsoever, due to negligenceor not, forwhich, orfortheconsequence of which, the Carrieris not respon sible, L>y statute, contractor crthenvi.se, the Merchantshall contribute with the Carrie! in general average to the payment of any sacrifices, losses or expenses of ageneral average nature that may I>e made or incurted and shall pay salvage and special charges incutred in respect of the Goods. General average to be adjusted all any port or place at the Carrier's option, and to be settled according to the York/ Anlwetp Rules 1991, this covering al) Goods, whether carrier on or under-deck. Such security including a cash deposit as theCarrier maydeem sufficient to cover the estimated conlribution of the Goods and any salvage and special charges thereof, shall, ifrequires!, be submitted to the Carrier priorto delivery of ihe Gds. Ifa salving Y'essel is owned or operated by iheCartier, salvage shall t>e paid for asfully asifthe said

salving Y'essel or vessels belonged to strangers. XX. SANCTIONS CLAUSE The Merchant warrantsthal il, or anyofilssubsidiaries or affiliates, its parent company, ate not a party identified on ihe U.S. Commerce Department's Denied Persons List or EntityLisi; ihe LIS. TYeasury Department's list of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons; The LIS. State Department's Debarred Listor anyothersimilarlist ofpro@hibited ot denied partiesin relation lo suspected acts ofterrorism, human rightssiolalions, weaponor nuclear prolif@eration activities and/or weaponsofmassdestruction, maintained by anyother countryincluding Ihe EU and the UN. In the event IhattheMerchant, a subsidiary, affiliate, ot parent company, isincluded on any such list during the contract of carriage, the Carrier shall have the option to cancel this Contiact and discharge the cargo carried pursuant to this Bill of Lading al any lime and place at the Merchant's liability and cost. The Cartier shall not be obliged to comply with any orders for the employment ofihe Y'essel(s) which is, or could result in a sanctionedtransaction. If the Vessel(s) is performing a voyage, operationorscnicewhich becomesor could result in a sanctionedtransaction, ihe Carriermay, by notice to the . Merchant, refuse to proceed with the employment, or ihe voyage, operation or service requested. No act or omission ofiheCarrier, master ormanagers of the Y'essci(s) shall all any time constitute a waiver ofthis provision, XXL Y'ARIATION OF THECONTRACT No servant or agent ofihe Carrier shall have power to waive or vary any offthe terms hereofunless such waiver or variation isin writing and specifically authorized orratified in writingby the Carrier. XX11. Y'ALIDITY' OFTIIECLAUSES In the event that anything herein contained is inconsistent with any applicable international convention or national lawwhich, cannot be departed from by private contract, the provisions here of shall to ihe extentofsuch inconsistency but no further be null and void. XX111. SEPARA01LITY" AND Y'AR1ATION OFTERMS, FIN AL CONTRACT The terms of this Bill of Lading shall be separate and, if any terms or provision hereofor a.by party of any terms or provision shall be invalid to any exlenl, it shall be invalid that that exlenl, bul not further and such circumstance shall not affect eh validity or enforceabilityofany otherterm or provision hereof. This Bill of Lading is the final con Itract between the parties which superseded any prior agreement or understanding. XXINO1 ICES TheCattiershall beentitled togive notice to the Merchanl of any circumstance affecting directly or indirectly the per®formance orinletpietalion ofihis contract and such communications may be given by all means available, including but not limited lo. telephone, electronic transmission, whatsappor notices via lhe Cartier's website. Such notices will be deemed sent and delivered when sent by the Merchant to the relevant ad