Let

$$Q(\beta_0, \beta_1) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} K(\frac{X_i - x}{h}) (Y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 (X_i - x))^2,$$

where K is a kernel and h > 0 is the bandwidth. Let $K_i := K\left(\frac{X_{i-x}}{h}\right)$. Lets derive with regard to β_0 and let it be equal to 0:

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta_0} = \sum_{i=1}^n 2K_i (\beta_0 + \beta_1 (X_i - x) - Y_i) = 0$$

Divide by 2:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} K_i (\beta_0 + \beta_1 (X_i - x) - Y_i) = 0$$

Expand the summation:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} K_i \beta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} K_i \beta_1 (X_i - x) - \sum_{i=1}^{n} K_i Y_i = 0$$

Factor out β_0 and β_1 :

$$\beta_0 \sum_{i=1}^n K_i + \beta_1 \sum_{i=1}^n K_i (X_i - x) = \sum_{i=1}^n K_i Y_i$$

Lets derive with regard to β_1 and let it be equal to 0:

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial \beta_1} = \sum_{i=1}^n 2K_i(X_i - x) \left(\beta_0 + \beta_1(X_i - x) - Y_i\right) = 0$$

Divide by 2:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} K_i(X_i - x) (\beta_0 + \beta_1(X_i - x) - Y_i) = 0$$

Expand the summation:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} K_i(X_i - x)\beta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^{n} K_i(X_i - x)\beta_1(X_i - x) - \sum_{i=1}^{n} K_i(X_i - x)Y_i = 0$$

Factor out β_0 and β_1 :

$$\beta_0 \sum_{i=1}^n K_i(X_i - x) + \beta_1 \sum_{i=1}^n K_i(X_i - x)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n K_i(X_i - x) Y_i$$

We then get the following system

$$\begin{cases} \beta_0 \sum_{i=1}^n K_i + \beta_1 \sum_{i=1}^n K_i (X_i - x) = \sum_{i=1}^n K_i Y_i \\ \beta_0 \sum_{i=1}^n K_i (X_i - x) + \beta_1 \sum_{i=1}^n K_i (X_i - x)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n K_i (X_i - x) Y_i \end{cases}$$

The solution for $\hat{\beta}_0$:

$$\widehat{\beta}_0 = \frac{\sum_i K_i (X_i - x)^2 \sum_i K_i Y_i - \sum_i K_i (X_i - x) \sum_i K_i (X_i - x) Y_i}{\sum_i K_i \sum_i K_i (X_i - x)^2 - (\sum_i K_i (X_i - x))^2}$$

Substituting the $S_{n,k}(x)$ notation:

$$\hat{m}(x) = \widehat{\beta}_0 = \frac{(nh)^2 \sum_{i=1}^n \left(S_{n,2}(x) - S_{n,1}(x)(X_i - x) \right) \frac{K_i}{nh} Y_i}{(nh)^2 \left(S_{n,0}(x) S_{n,2}(x) - S_{n,1}(x)^2 \right)} = \sum_{i=1}^n w_{n,i}(x) Y_i$$

so

$$w_{n,i}(x) = \frac{\left(S_{n,2}(x) - S_{n,1}(x)(X_i - x)\right)K\left(\frac{X_i - x}{h}\right)}{nh\left(S_{n,0}(x)S_{n,2}(x) - S_{n,1}(x)^2\right)}$$

Finally, we can check that the weights sum to 1:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} w_{n,i}(x) = \frac{S_{n,2}(x) \sum_{i} K_{i} - S_{n,1}(x) \sum_{i} K_{i}(X_{i} - x)}{nh(S_{n,0}(x)S_{n,2}(x) - S_{n,1}(x)^{2})} = \frac{nh(S_{n,0}(x)S_{n,2}(x) - S_{n,1}(x)^{2})}{nh(S_{n,0}(x)S_{n,2}(x) - S_{n,1}(x)^{2})} = 1$$

0.1 Computational part

1) as grow N the h_{AMISE} error diminish because with a bigger a N we generally get a better estimation of simga and theta so the error get smaller