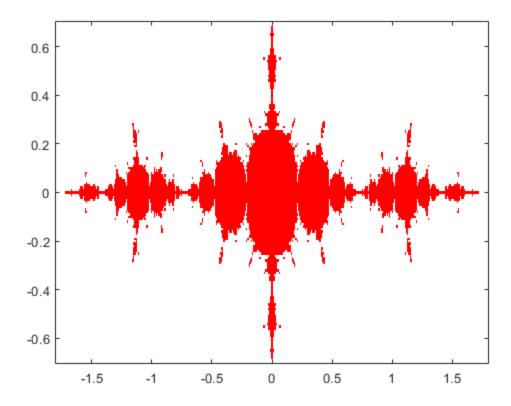
```
fixpt1 = (1 + sqrt(6))/2; %These are the fixed pts.
fixpt2 = (1 - sqrt(6))/2;
% those numbered 2 (outside) are white.
                          %Initialize array of pt colors to 2
M = 2*ones(141,361);
(white).
for j=1:141,
                          %Try init vals with imaginary parts btwn
   y = -.7 + (j-1)*.01;
                          % -0.7 \text{ and } -.7
   for i=1:361,
                          %and with real parts btwn
       x = -1.8 + (i-1)*.01; % -1.8 and 1.8
       z = x + 1i*y;
                          %1i is MATLAB symbol for sqrt(-1)
       zk = z;
       iflag1 = 0;
                         %iflag1 and iflag2 count the number of
 iterations
                          %
                              when a root is within 1.e-6 of a
       iflag2 = 0;
 fixed pt
       kount = 0;
                          %kount is the total number of iterations
       while kount < 100 & abs(zk) < 2 & iflag1 < 5 & iflag2 < 5,
          kount = kount+1;
          zk = phi(zk);
                         This is the fixed pt iteration.
           err1 = abs(zk-fixpt1); %Test for convergence to fixpt1.
           if err1 < 1.e-6, iflag1 = iflag1 + 1; else, iflag1 =</pre>
 0; end
           err2 = abs(zk-fixpt1); %Test for convergence to fixpt2.
           if err2 < 1.e-6, iflag2 = iflag2 + 1; else, iflag2 =</pre>
 0; end
       end
       if iflaq1 >= 5 | iflaq2 >= 5 | kount >= 100, %If orbit is
bounded, set
          M(j,i) = 1;
       end
   end
end
image([-1.8 \ 1.8],[-.7 \ .7],M), %This plots the results.
axis xy
                           %If you don't do this, vertical axis is
inverted
```

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