

# Comparison of Six POS Tagging Methods on 10K Sentences Myanmar Language (Burmese) POS Tagged Corpus

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## 1. Introduction

- Part-of-Speech (POS) tagging is an important issue in natural language processing (NLP)
- A robust Myanmar POS tagger is necessary for Myanmar NLP research and not available publicly yet
- We developed a manually annotated ten thousand (10K) sentences POS tagged corpus for the general domain
- Evaluated with six POS tagging approaches, CRFs, HMM, MaxEnt, SVM, Ripple Down Rules-based (RDR) and Two hours of annotation approach (i.e. combination of HMM and MaxEnt)

## 3. Statistic of POS Tag-set

No.	POS-tag	Frequency	Proportion
1	n	59957	28.04%
2	part	44074	20.61%
3	ppm	34958	16.35%
4	v	28702	13.42%
5	punc	14374	6.72%
6	conj	10578	4.95%
7	adj	6302	2.95%
8	num	3527	1.65%
9	adv	2671	1.25%
10	pron	2579	1.21%
11	tn	2121	0.99%
12	fw	2080	0.97%
13	part_neg	1409	0.66%
14	abb	264	0.12%
15	sb	159	0.07%
16	int	95	0.04%

## 5. Accuracy on Training Data Size

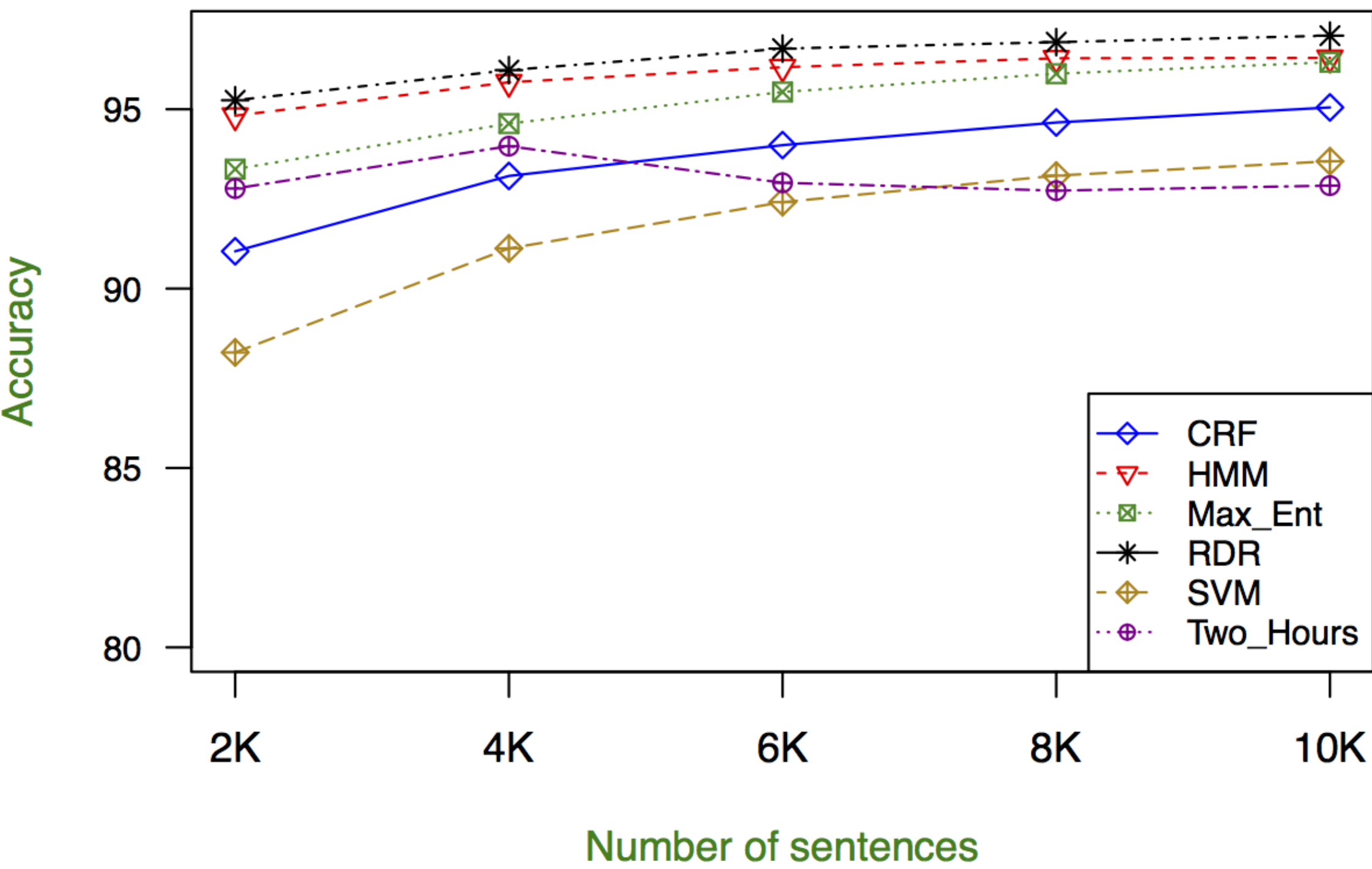


Fig. Accuracies of six POS tagging methodologies on varying training data sizes

## 2. Proposed POS Tag-set

- Based on 10 POS tag-set defined by Myanmar Language Commission
- 16 POS are used to meet futher NLP processing such as semantic processing
- **abb** (Abbreviation), **adj** (Adjective), **adv** (Adverb), **conj** (Conjunction), **fw** (Foreign Word), **num** (Number), **int** (Interjection), **n** (Noun), **part** (Particle), **part\_neg** (Negative Particle), **ppm** (Post Positional Marker), **pron** (Pronoun), **punc** (Punctuation), **sb** (Symbol), **tn** (Text Number), **v** (Verb)

## 4. Result of Six Methodologies

Methods	Closed Test-set	Open Test-set
CRFs	97.77%	95.05%
HMM	97.31%	96.43%
MaxEnt	96.55%	96.31%
RDR	98.42%	97.05%
SVM	99.83%	93.55%
Two-Hours	95.83%	92.87%

## 6. Error Analysis

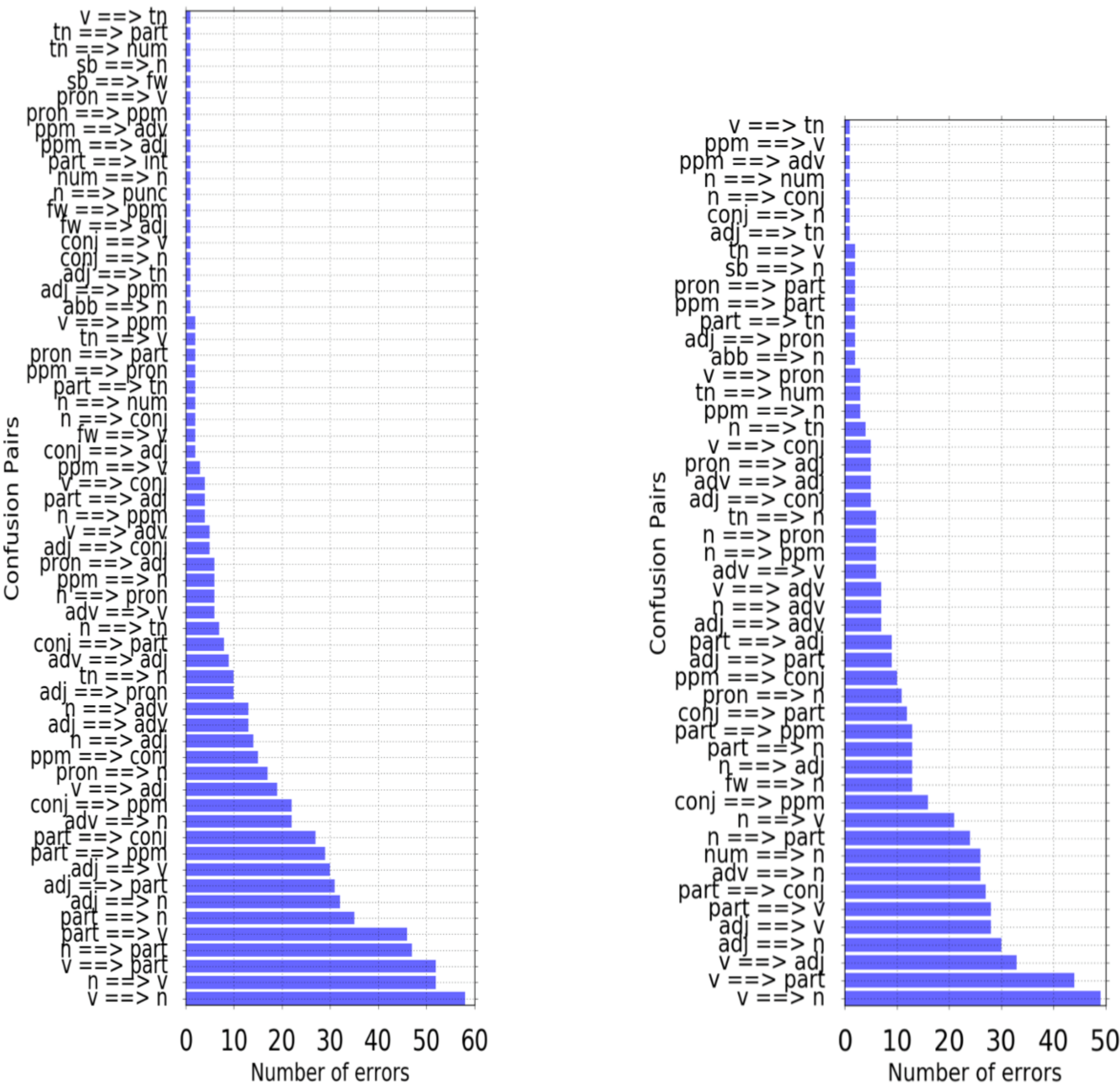


Fig. Confusion pairs with 10K model. Left: 3gHMM, Right: RDR