

Segment Tree

Concepts & Qns...



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codestorywithmik



CSwithMIK



codestorywithMIK

"No more fear of Segment Tree"

video - 14 <<

< WeekendWithMIK



Weekend
WITH MIK



Try this channel to see
my "Life behind the Scenes + Tech News"

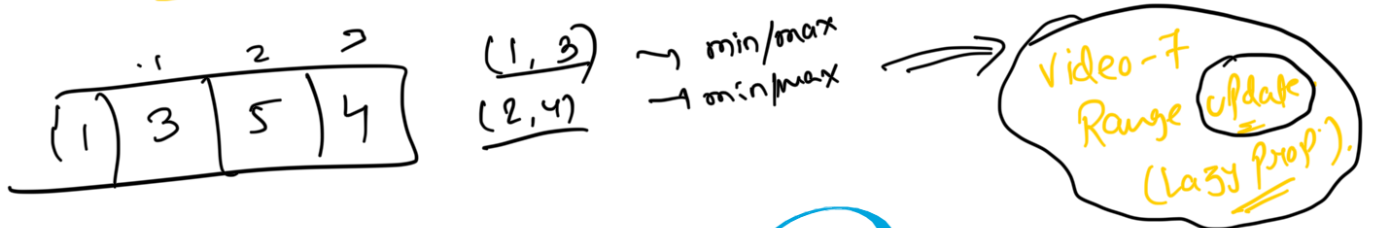
Motivation:-

If you want to see a change in
yourself, you need to act now.

It's never late to start and there is
no place for those who easily quit.



MIK...



Mutable Range

Min/Max



Range Update Query | Lazy Propagation | Segment Tree Concepts & Qns | Video 7 | codestorywithMIK

Must watch ...

$\{ a, b, c, d, e \}^n$

Indices: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4
Values: a, b, c, d, e
Updates: +1, +1, +1

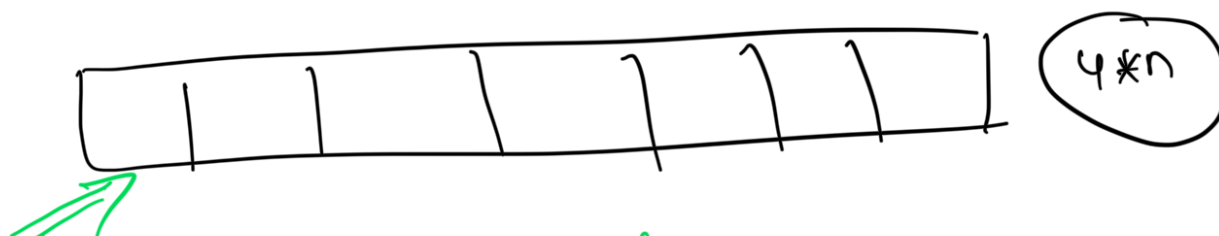
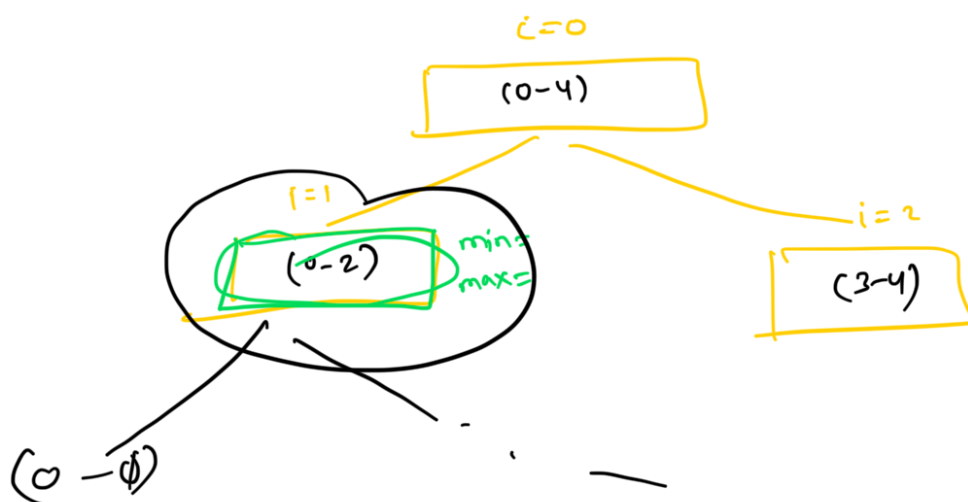
min-max (1, 3)

min-max (2, 4)

⋮

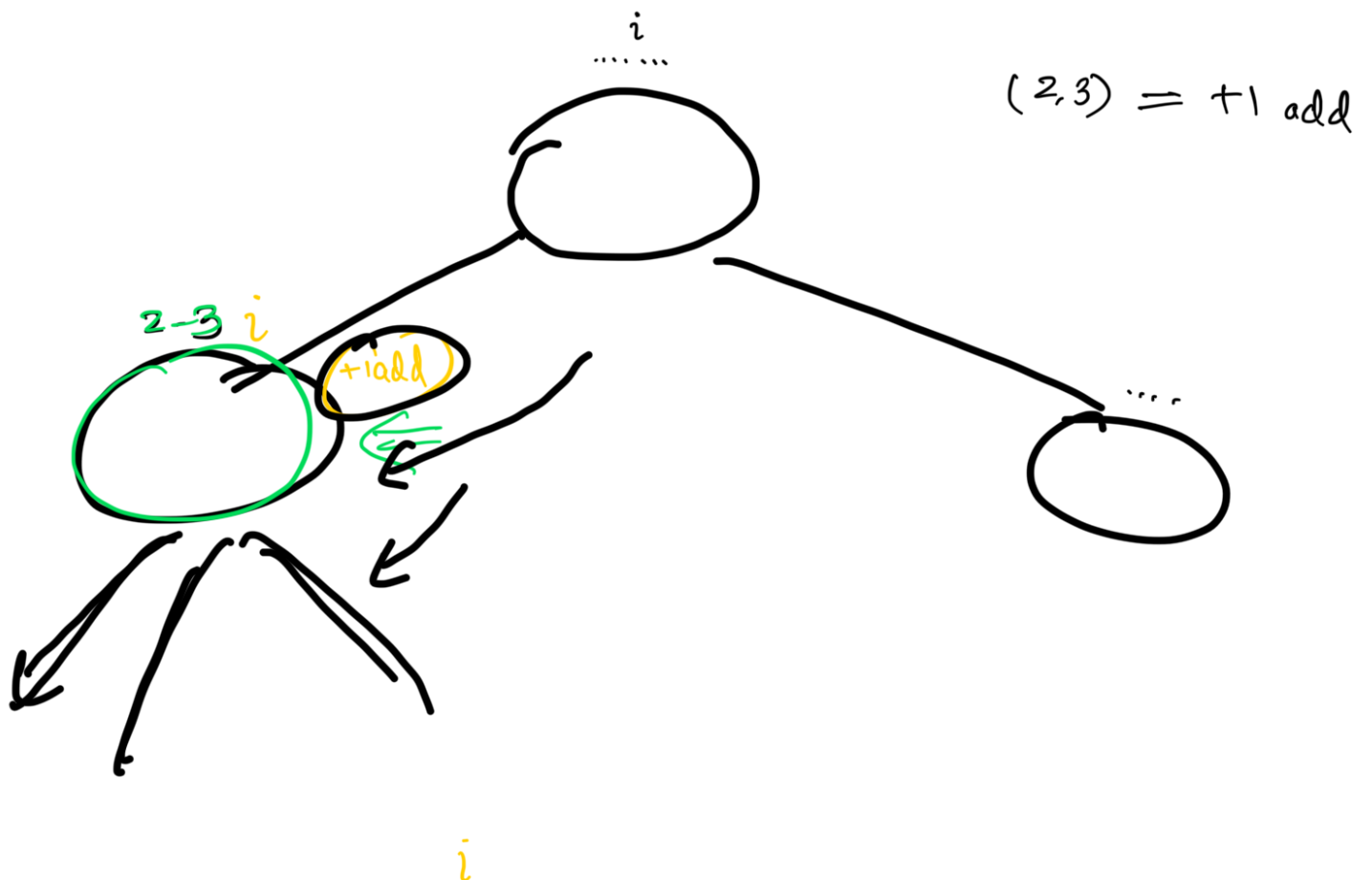
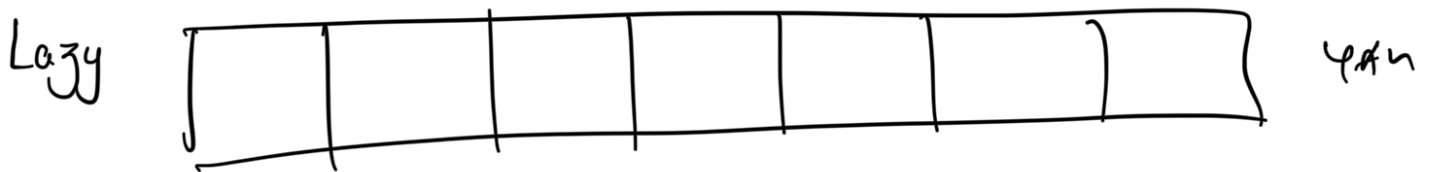
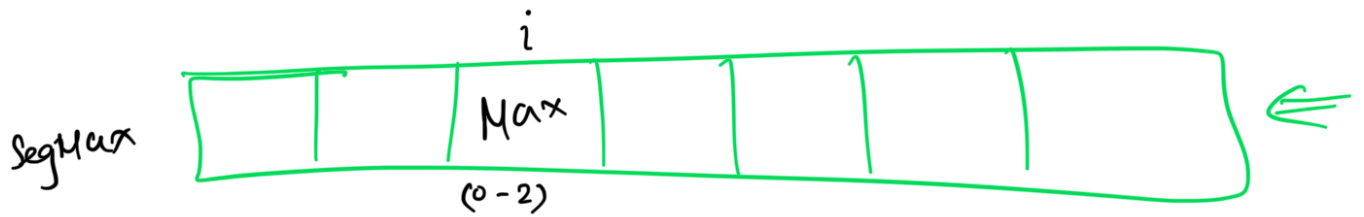
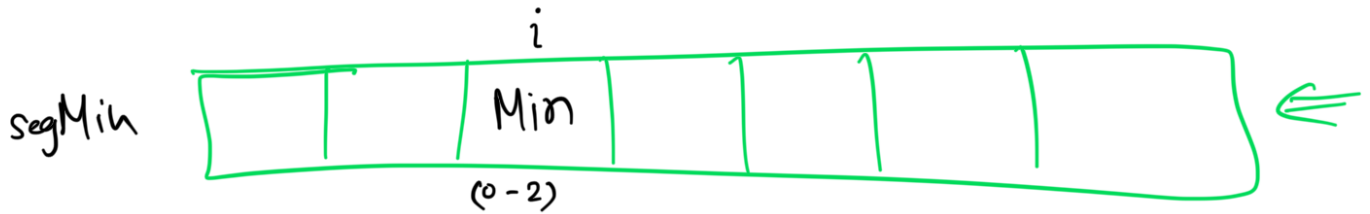
$\} Q * n \times$

Segment

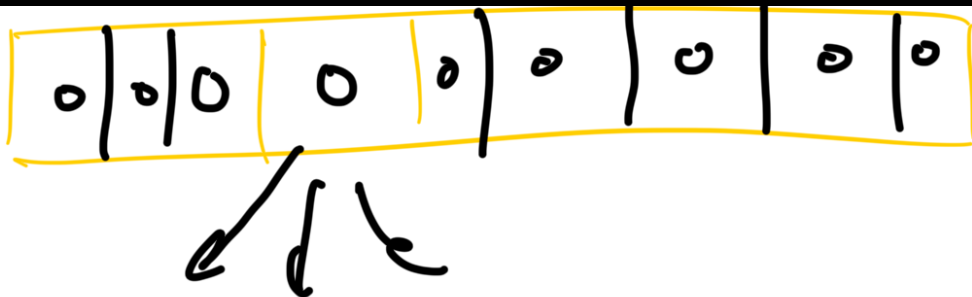


Node $\{$
 $\min =$
 $\max =$

segTree $\langle \text{Node} \rangle$ $(4 \times n)$.



log



$\{1, 2, 4, 3\}$

start = 0
end = 3
val = +1

updateRange(0, 3, +1, 0, 1, 0)

l = 0, r = 3

val = 1

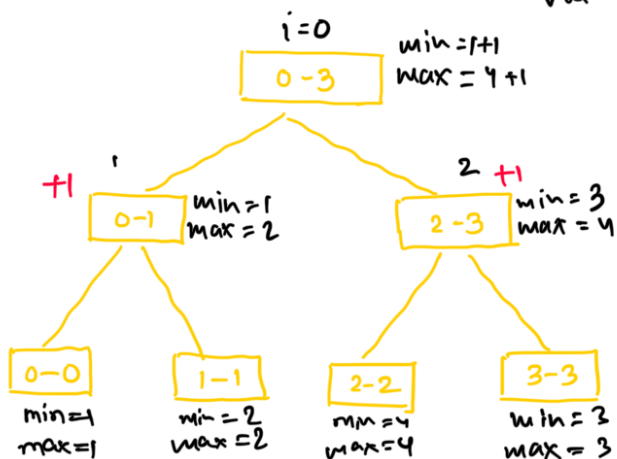
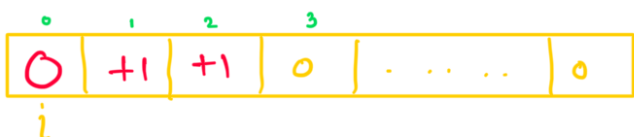
segMin



segMax



lazy



if (l >= start & r <= end) {
3

segMin[i] = min value in the range represented by ith node.

segMax[i] = max value in the range represented by ith node.

lazy[i] = value held at ith node to be propagated



```
if ( l >= start && r <= end ) {
```

```
    lazy[i] += val;
```

```
    // 2i+1 + val(lazy)
```

```
    // 2i+1 + val(lazy)
```

```
    // i+node
```

```
    min += val
```

```
    max += val
```

```
    // lazy[i] = 0;
```

```
}
```

```
void updateRange(querystart, root nodeend, i=0i, 0 - n-1l, updater, val) {
```

```
    propagate(i, l, r); → check lazy[i] != 0
```

```
    if ( start > r || end < l )
```

```
        return;
```

```
    if ( l >= start && r <= end ) {
```

```
        lazy[i] += val;
```

```
        propagate(i, l, r);
```

```
        return; // optimisation.
```

```
}
```

```
int mid = (l+r)/2;
```

```
updateRange(start, end, 2i+1, l, mid, val);
```

updateRange (start, end, 2i+2, mid+1, r, val);

segMin[i] = min(segMin[2i+1], segMin[2i+2]);

segMax[i] = min(segMax[2i+1], segMax[2i+2]);

}

void propagate (i, l, r) {

if (lazy[i] != 0) {

segMin[i] += val;

segMax[i] += val;

if (l != r) {

lazy[2i+1] += lazy[i];

lazy[2i+2] += lazy[i];


}

lazy[i] = 0;

}

i, l, r
[start, end]

$\log(n)$


$$Q * \log(u).$$

$$S.C = \underline{O(4 * n)}.$$

P.O.T.D.

