

Step-by-step of how to create your personal website using R blogdown, Hugo, and GitHub.

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Date: 12/02/2019.

1. Sign up on GitHub:

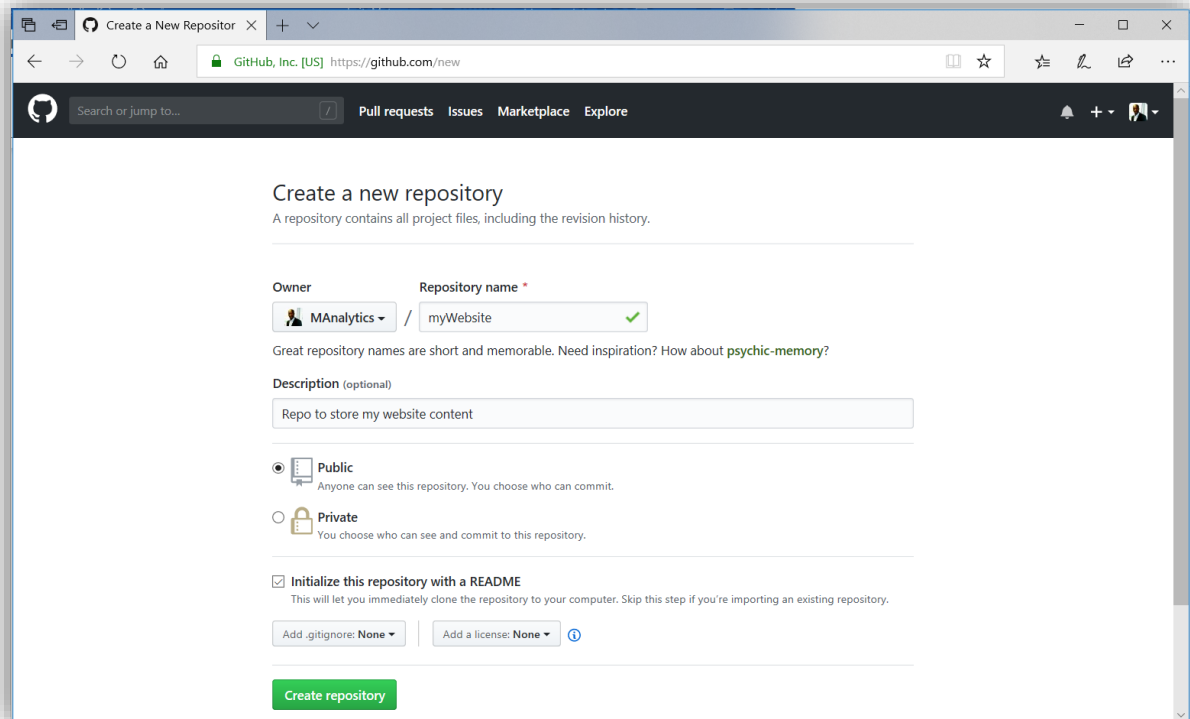
- (i) Sign up on 'GitHub.com' (if you don't already have one): <https://github.com/join?source=header-home>

2. Installation

- (i) Install **Desktop GitHub** software (if you don't already have it). After the installation, you can set it up (i.e. log into it) with your GitHub account details (above). Check your 'My Document' folder on your local PC, you should see that a folder named 'GitHub' has been created.

3. Create a GitHub Repository

- (i) Sign into your GitHub account (in your web browser).
- (ii) At the top right-hand corner of the page, click the + sign and select 'New repository'.
- (iii) For illustration, I created a repo called '*myWebsite*' ('repo' means 'repository'). This repo will hold all the contents of our website. You can type a short description if you want. Check the 'Public' option (for now), and also check 'Initialize this repository with a README' option.

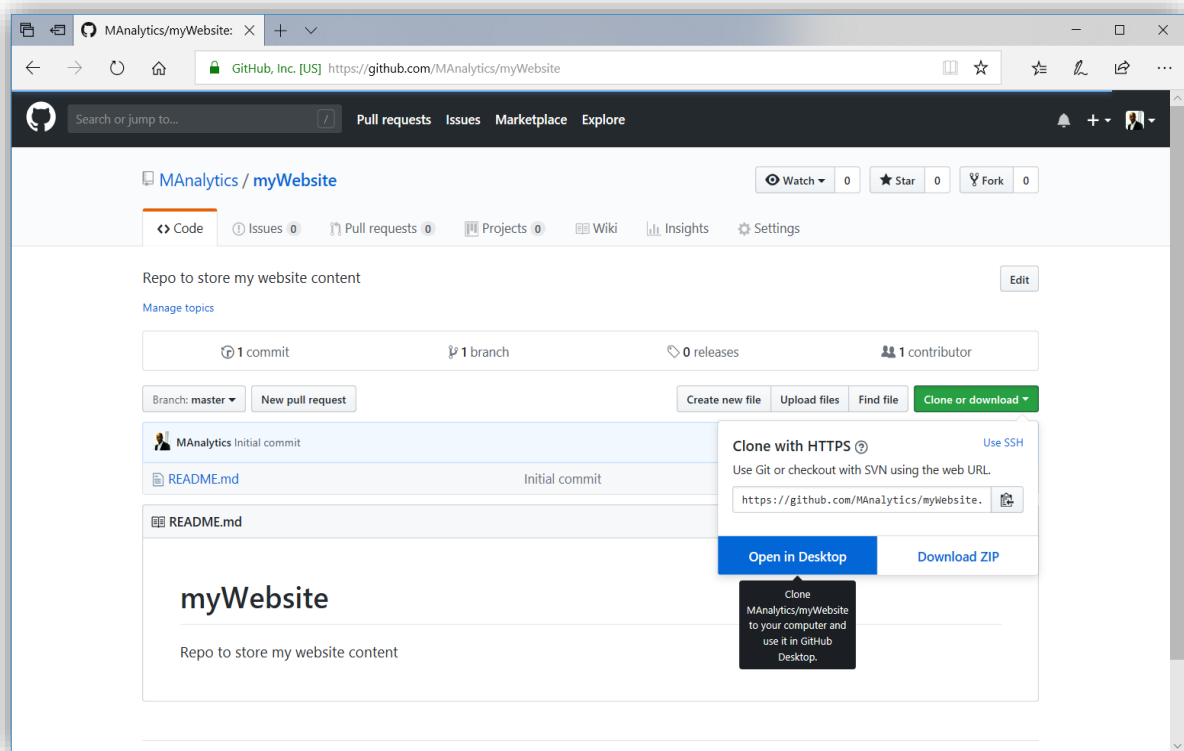


The screenshot shows the GitHub 'Create a new repository' page. The browser address bar shows 'https://github.com/new'. The page title is 'Create a new repository'. Below the title, it says 'A repository contains all project files, including the revision history.' The form has two main sections: 'Owner' and 'Repository name'. The 'Owner' is set to 'MAnalytics' and the 'Repository name' is 'myWebsite'. Below these, there is a 'Description (optional)' field with the text 'Repo to store my website content'. There are two radio buttons for visibility: 'Public' (selected) and 'Private'. Below these, there is a checkbox for 'Initialize this repository with a README' which is checked. At the bottom, there are two dropdown menus for 'Add .gitignore: None' and 'Add a license: None', and a green 'Create repository' button.



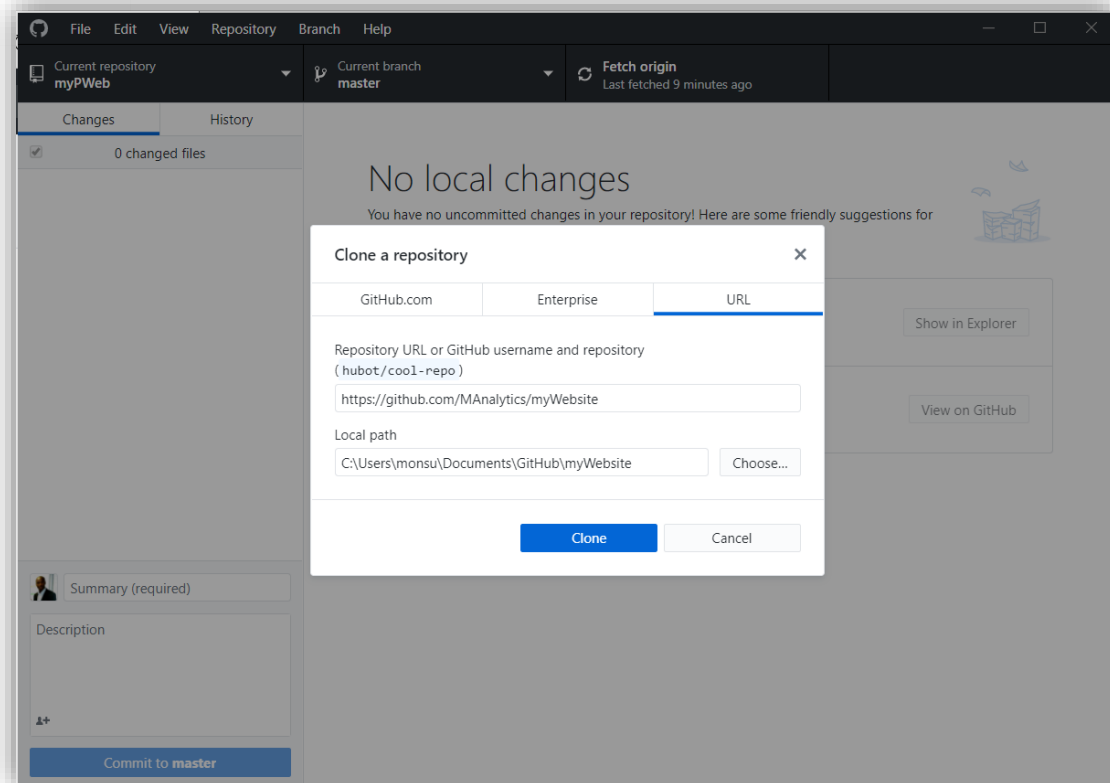
4. Cloning your repo onto your local machine

- (i) Make sure you are signed in to your GitHub account (web browser).
- (ii) Click the profile pic at the right-hand corner of the GitHub page, and select *'Your Repositories'*, to show all repositories in your account. Find and click on the new repository that you created (i.e. *'myWebsite'*).
- (iii) Click on *'Clone or download'* button.
- (iv) Click on *'Open in Desktop'* (This means that you are instructing GitHub to clone this repo onto your local PC and at the same time open it using the **'Desktop GitHub'** software that you installed).

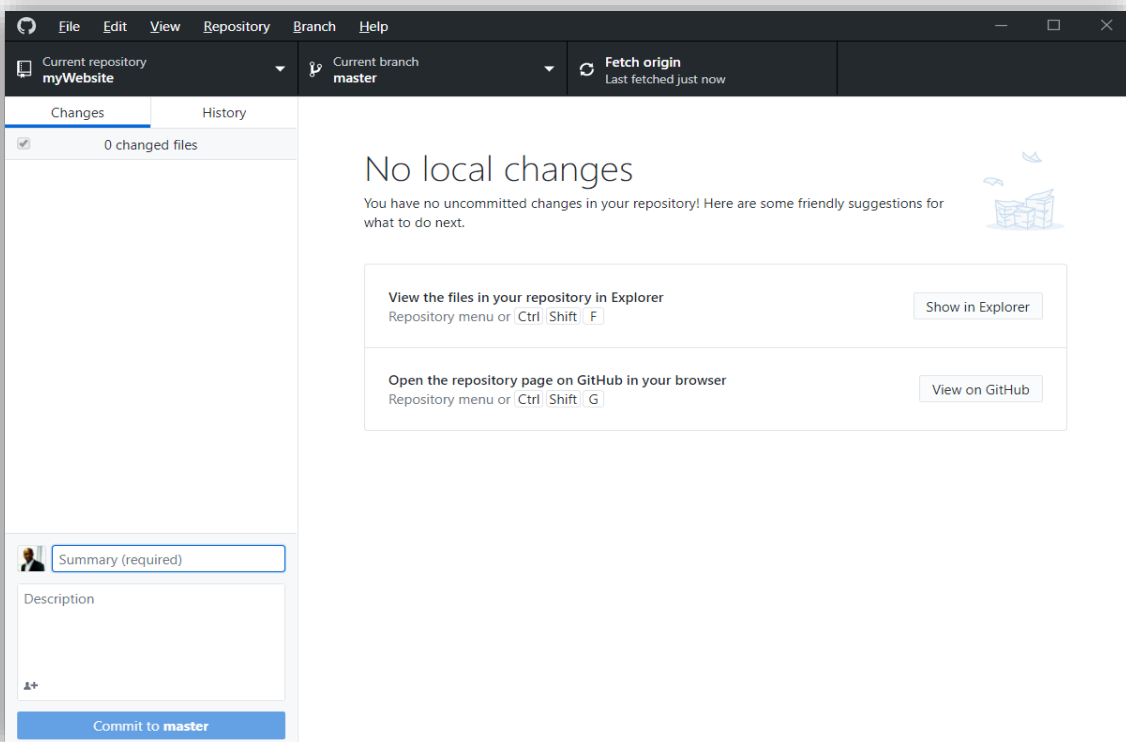


- (v) Your **Desktop GitHub** software will be loaded automatically, and you should see a similar window as below. Check that the *'Local path'* box ends with this: *"....\GitHub\myWebsite"*

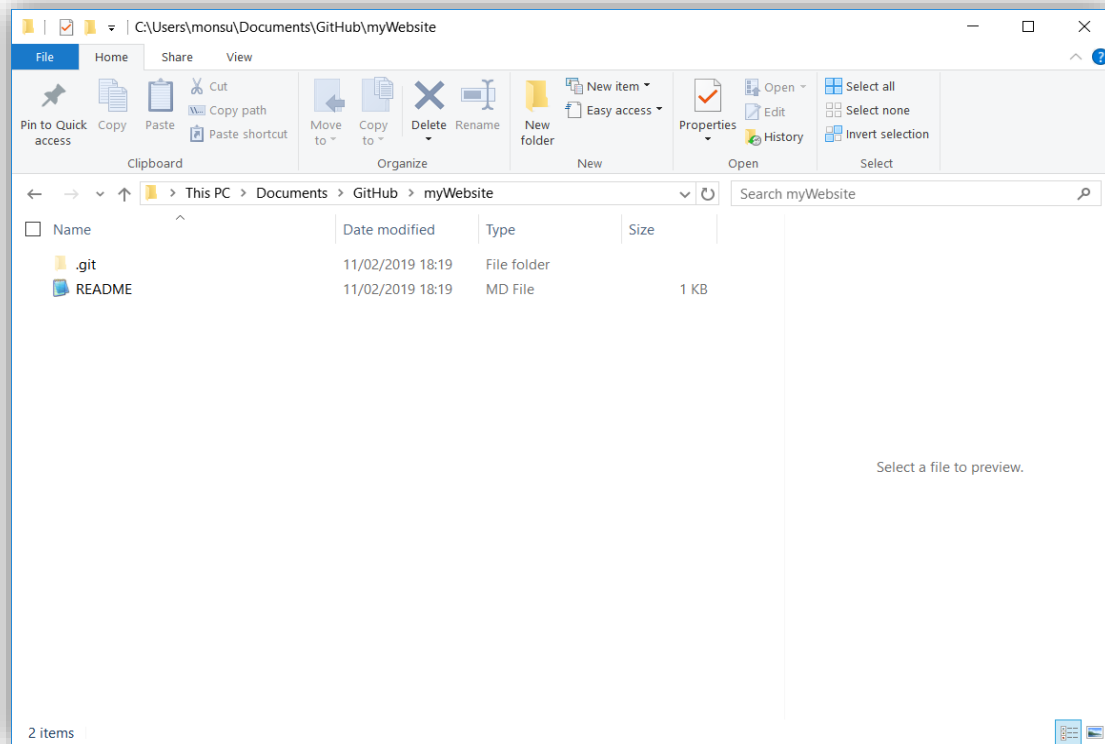




(vi) Click on 'Clone' button.

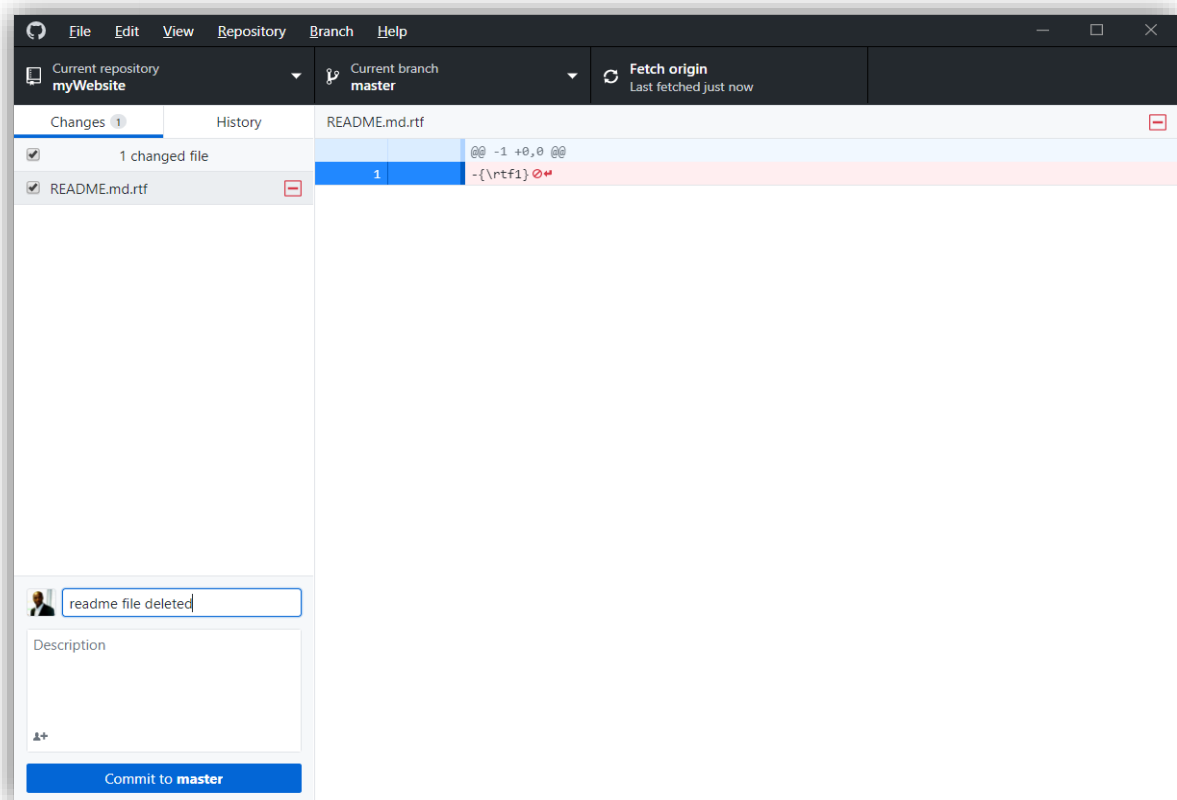


(vii) Now that you have successfully cloned the repo onto your PC, navigate to “....\My Document\GitHub” and delete the *README.md* file. Don’t add anything else to this folder just yet, *blogdown* requires that the directory is empty (However, do not delete the *.git* folder that appears).



(viii) Check the ‘*Desktop GitHub*’ program, you will see that the software is tracking the changes that you have made to the folder. That is, it detects the deletion you made from ‘*myWebsite*’ folder. This means that any time you make any changes, whatsoever, inside this folder, the software will detect it.





(ix) Next, you now need to update the corresponding '*myWebsite*' repo on your GitHub account. This can be done as follows:

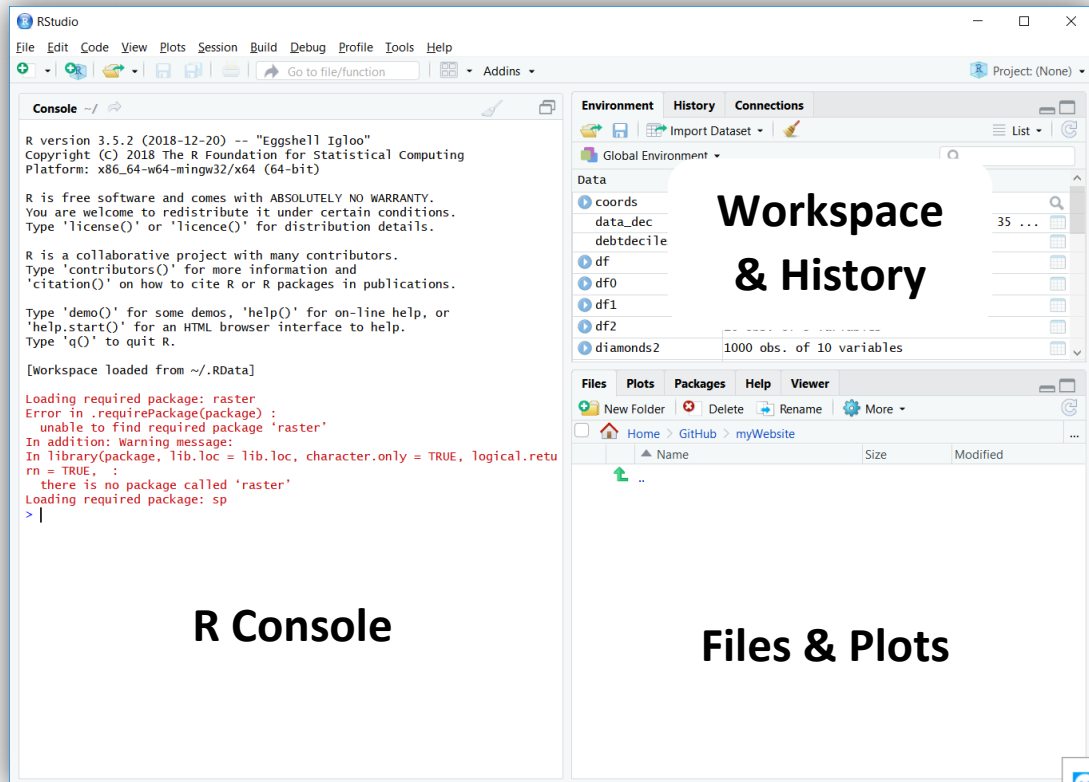
- Type a short description of the changes in the small description box beside your profile pic e.g. 'readme file deleted'.
- Click "*Commit to master*" button, and then click "*Push origin*" button. (Congratulations! You have just updated your GitHub '*myWebsite*' repo from your local machine)

FYI: This is one of the effective ways of updating the contents of a GitHub account.

5. Downloading the website template using RStudio

(i) Load *RStudio*.





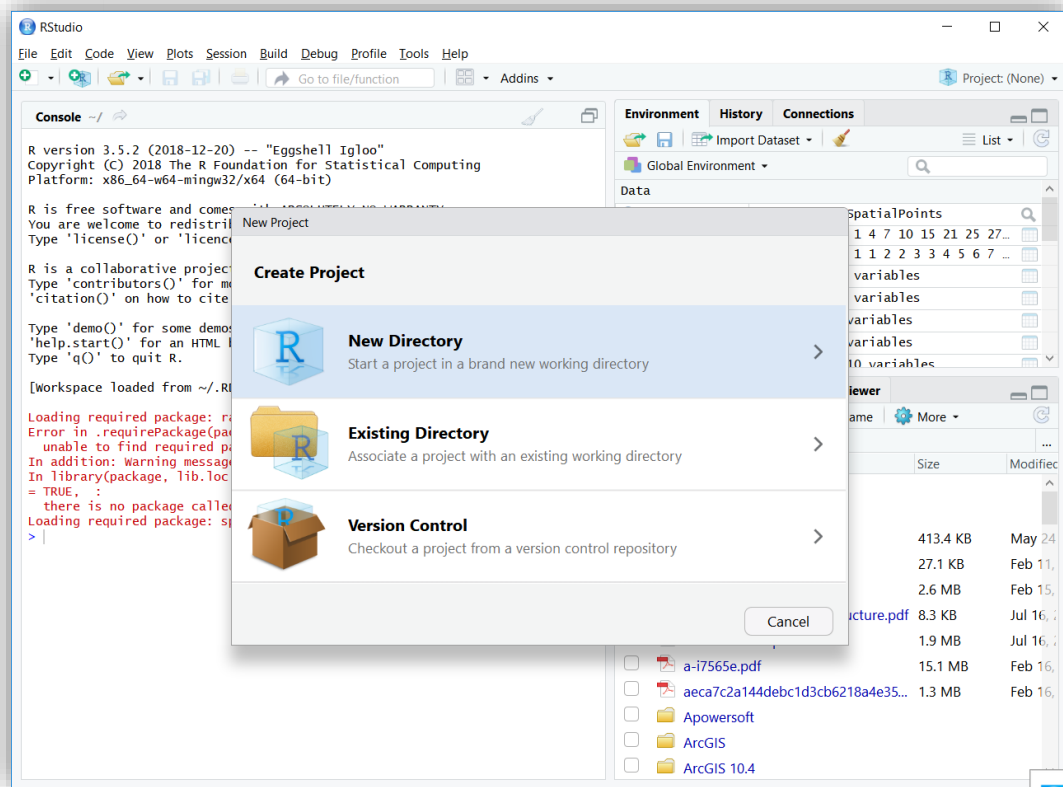
(ii) Download the 'blogdown' package by typing the code:

```
> install.packages("blogdown")
```

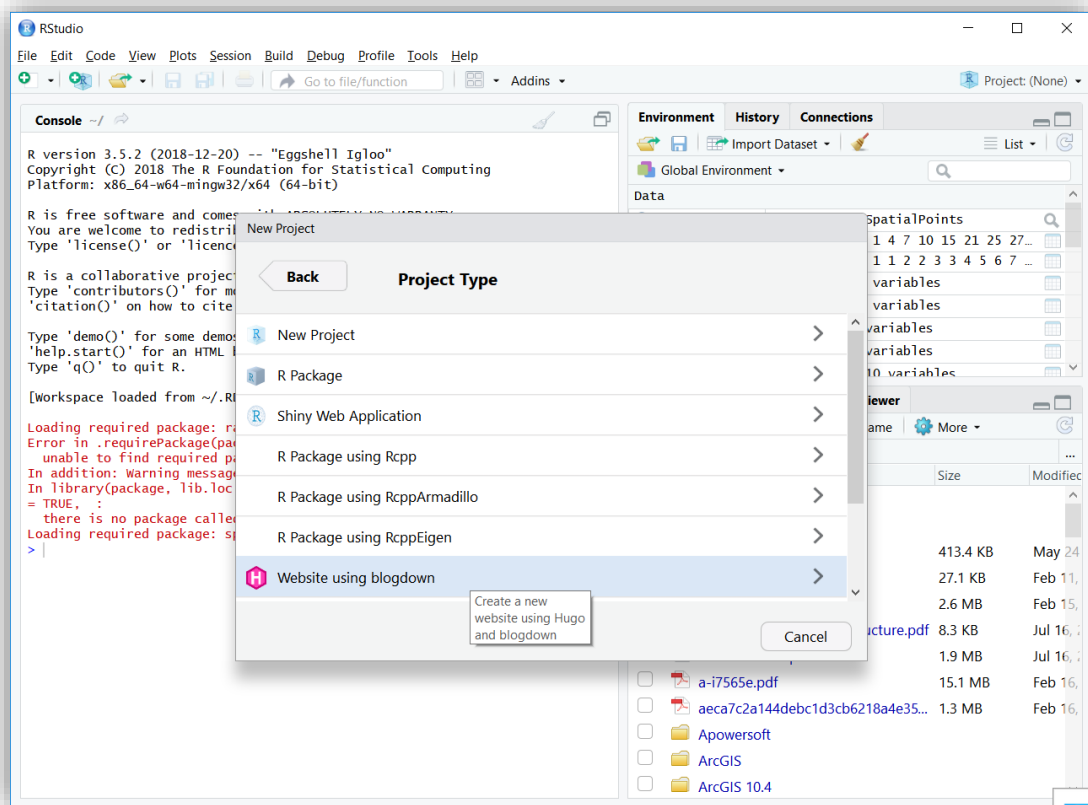
(iii) When successfully installed, re-load **RStudio**. Under the 'Files & Plots' section, select 'Files' tab and navigate to 'myWebsite' folder (it should be empty).

(iv) Click on 'File' menu, select 'New Projects...', and select 'New Directory'.





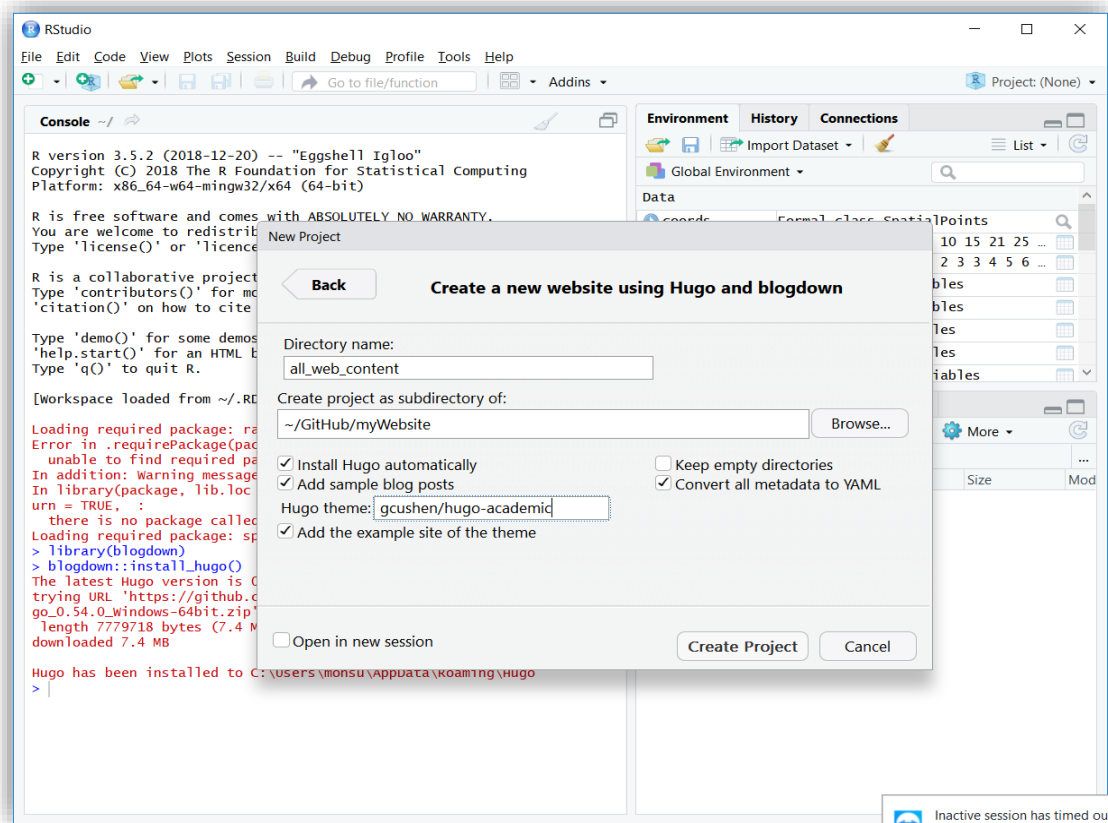
(v) Select 'Website using blogdown'



(vi) In the 'Directory name:' box, enter a name. Let's say: '*all_web_content*'. Ensure that you have the path suffix ".../GitHub/myWebsite" under the 'Create project as subdirectory of:'

(vii) In the 'Hugo theme:' box, enter the "GitHub_Username/templateRepo" of the Hugo template that intend to use. For example, to use the hugo-academic template, you have "*gcushen/hugo-academic*". ***I recommend that you experiment with this template first.*** The collection of the hugo templates can be found here: <https://themes.gohugo.io/>. You can also try: "*manalytics/mywebTemplate*" in order to use the template of my website: www.madepeju.com which was also based on the original hugo-academic template.

Then, click 'Create Project'.



(viii) You might get some error messages, just ignore them. From the 'Files & Plots' section, navigate to confirm that an '*all_web_content*' folder has been created as a subdirectory of *myWebsite* folder. The *all_web_content* folder will contain all the template files you need to build a website.

(ix) Set the *all_web_content* folder as your working directory using the *setwd()* command.

```
> setwd("C:/Documents/GitHub/myWebsite/all_web_content") #note the use of forward slash "/" instead of "\".
```

(x) Loading the libraries and installing hugo.

```
> library(blogdown)
```

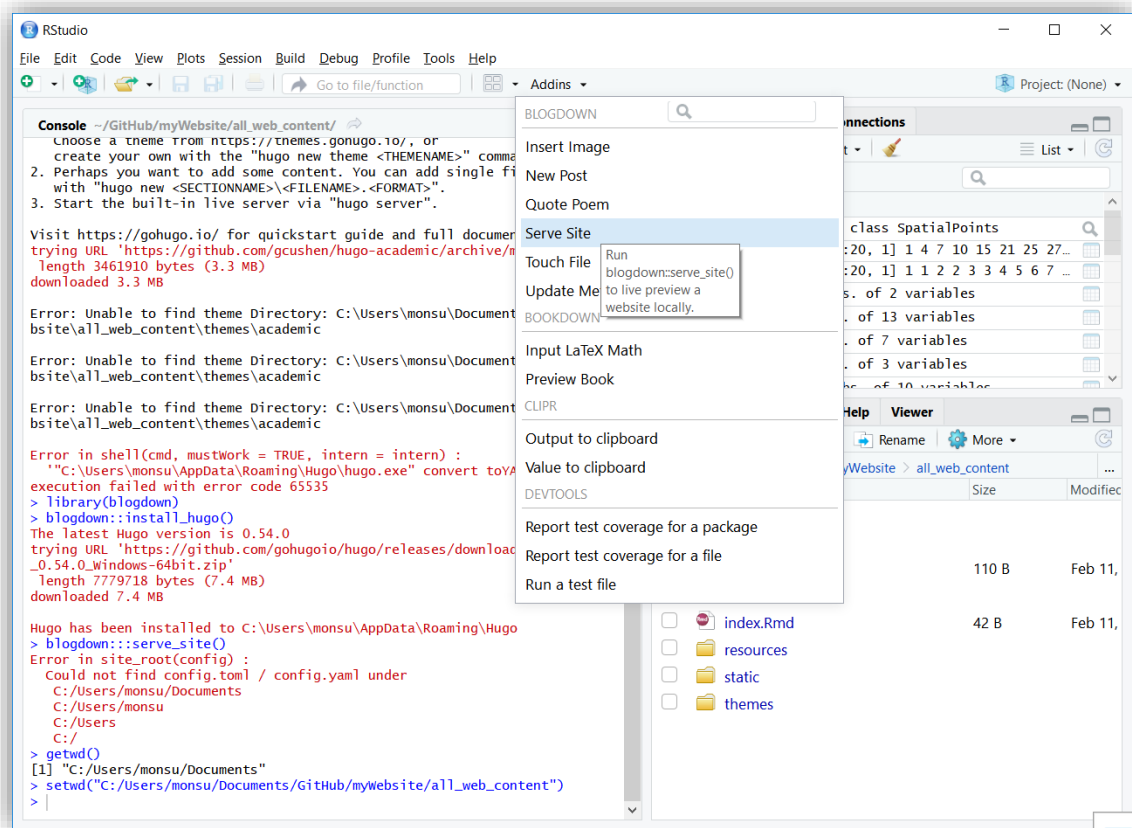
```
> blogdown::install_hugo() # installing hugo – a static site developer.
```

```
> blogdown::update_hugo() # make sure that you run this regularly too in order to keep hugo updated.
```



> `blogdown::hugo_version()` #It is important that you take note of the current version of the hugo using this same command and monitor whether it has changed. Why do you need to be doing this? Because you will need to enter the version of hugo in the Environmental Variables settings when deploying your website. I recommend using Netlify (www.netlify.com) to deploy your website because of its great compatibility with GitHub

(xi) Next, select 'Addins' and click 'Serve Site' to build the website.



(xii) If the website is built successfully, you will see a preview in the 'Files & Plots' section of the **RStudio**. You can also preview it in a web browser by clicking the 'Show in New Window' icon of the 'Files & Plots' section.



The RStudio console shows the following commands and output:

```

~/GitHub/myWebsite/all_web_content/
Error in snei(cmd, mustwork = TRUE, intern = intern) :
  "C:\Users\monsu\AppData\Roaming\Hugo\hugo.exe" convert toYAML --unsafe' execution failed with error code 65535
> library(blogdown)
> blogdown::install_hugo()
The latest Hugo version is 0.54.0
trying URL 'https://github.com/gohugoio/hugo/releases/download/v0.54.0/hugo_0.54.0_Windows-64bit.zip'
Length 7779718 bytes (7.4 MB)
downloaded 7.4 MB

Hugo has been installed to C:\Users\monsu\AppData\Roaming\Hugo
> blogdown::serve_site()
Error in site_root(config) :
  Could not find config.toml / config.yaml under
  C:/Users/monsu/Documents
  C:/Users/monsu
  C:/Users
  C:/
> getwd()
[1] "C:/Users/monsu/Documents"
> setwd("C:/Users/monsu/Documents/GitHub/myWebsite/all_web_content")
> blogdown::serve_site()
Warning: You are recommended to ignore certain files in config.toml: set the option ignoreFiles = ["\\.\Rmd$", "\\.\Rmarkdown$", "_files$", "_cache$"]
Rendering content/post/2015-07-23-r-rmarkdown.Rmd
Building sites æ!
+-----+
| EN      |
+-----+
Pages           | 66
Paginator pages | 0
Non-page files  | 18
Static files    | 8
Processed images| 23
Aliases         | 14
Sitemaps        | 1
Cleaned         | 0

Total in 2825 ms
To stop the server, run servr::daemon_stop(1) or restart your R session
Serving the directory C:\Users\monsu\Documents\GitHub\myWebsite\all_web_content at http://127.0.0.1:4321
>

```

The Environment pane shows the following data objects:

Object	Class	Attributes
coords	Formal class SpatialPoints	
data_dec	num	[1:20, 1] 1 4 7 10 15 21 25 27 32 35 ...
debtdeciles	int	[1:20, 1] 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 ...
df	100 obs. of 2 variables	
df0	10 obs. of 13 variables	
df1	10 obs. of 7 variables	
df2	16 obs. of 3 variables	
disorder2	1000 obs. of 10 variables	

The Files pane shows the 'Academic' folder. A red arrow points to the 'Show in New Window' button.

The preview window shows the 'Academic' theme logo and description:

Academic

The highly flexible website framework for Hugo with an extensible plugin mechanism. Create a beautifully simple site in under 10 minutes

(xiii) You should have the same preview as below:

The web browser shows the 'Academic' website preview. The URL is 127.0.0.1:4321/. The page features a dark blue background with a pattern of overlapping circles.

Academic Home Publications Posts Projects Tutorials Contact

The highly flexible website framework for Hugo with an extensible plugin mechanism. Create a beautifully simple site in under 10 minutes 🚀

Latest release v4.0.0

★ Star 2,249

📥 Install Now

Biography

Nelson Bighetti is a professor of artificial intelligence at the Stanford AI Lab. His research interests include distributed robotics, mobile computing and programmable matter. He leads the Robotic Neurobiology group, which develops self-reconfiguring robots, systems of self-organizing robots, and mobile sensor networks.

Nelson Bighetti
Professor of Artificial Intelligence
Stanford University

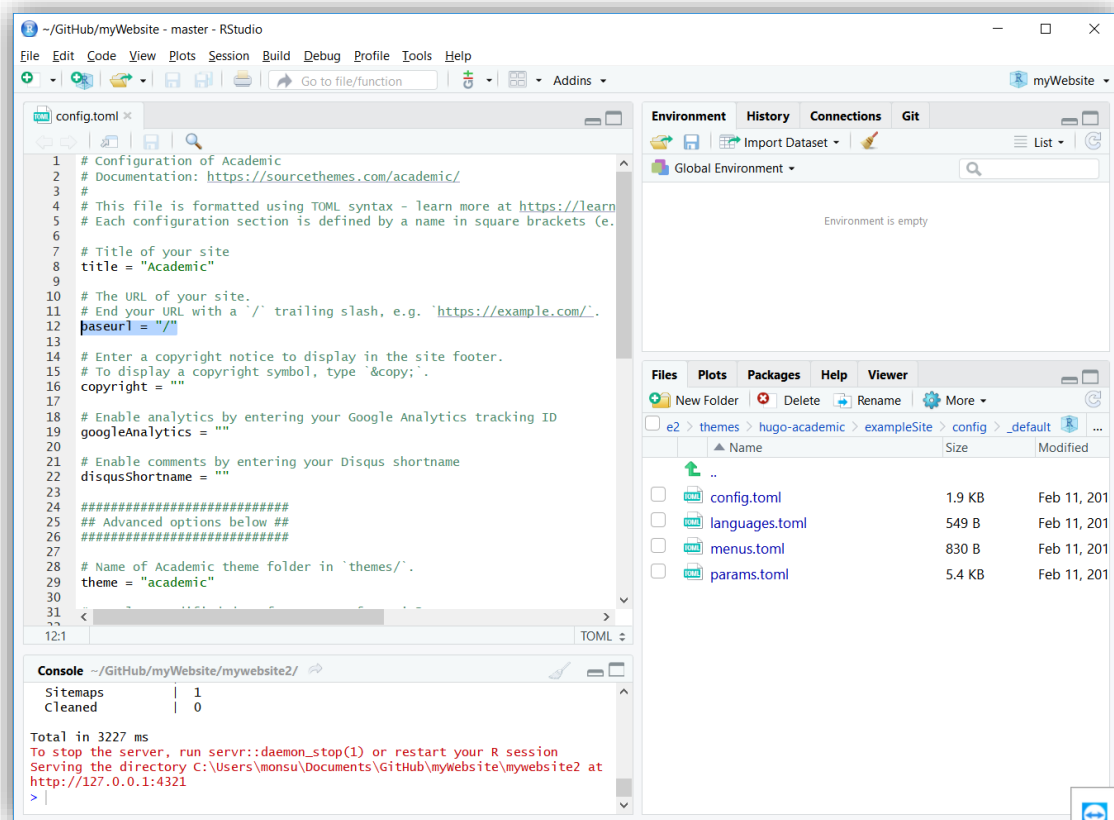
✉️ 🐦 📧 🌐

Interests **Education**



6. Editing the website

(i) The first step towards editing this website (i.e. the content of the folder: “... \My Document\GitHub\myWebsite”) is to first locate the ‘*config.toml*’ file and open it in **RStudio**. The ‘*config.toml*’ file contains basic settings of your website such as the *theme* and most of the *home page* settings. All files with the extensions *.md and *.Rmd can be edited using RStudio while other files such as images can be added or deleted directly through the window explorer.



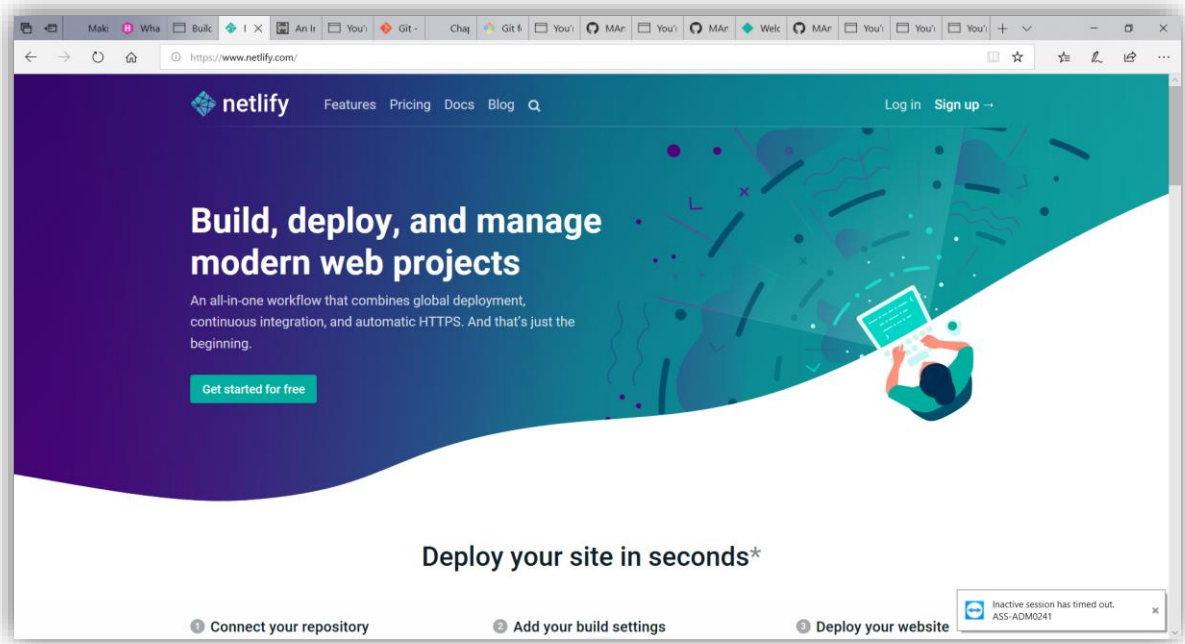
But remember that every time you make any changes, you have to carry out step 5(xi) to re-build the website. After the website has been built successfully, you then go to the ‘Desktop GitHub’ software to push the changes onto your GitHub account (i.e. update the “myWebsite” repo) using step 4(ix). Note that it is “myWebsite” repo that you are going to be deploying repeatedly as your actual website.

7. Deploying your website

At this point, you can set up a Netlify account (it’s free!). Through Netlify you will be able to connect your “myWebsite” repo and deploy it as a live website. This part is very easy. The *step-by-step* of how to do this can be found here: <https://www.netlify.com/blog/2016/09/29/a-step-by-step-guide-deploying-on-netlify/>. At first, Netlify will use the ‘public’ folder to serve your website (i.e. you will have something like *something-something.netlify.com*). Note: you will also have to specify your Hugo version in the *Environmental Variables* section (see step 5(ix)). Also note that a part of connecting your “myWebsite” repo include editing the ‘*baseurl* = “/”’ line of the *config.toml* file to *baseurl* = “*something-something.netlify.com*” in order for your website to be able to go live.



When the website is finally up and running, you can create a customised domain name for a token of \$9.99 per year. That is, you will have the opportunity to remove the '.netlify' from your '*something-something.netlify.com*'.



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What next?

Congratulations!

The next thing you will be doing now is to keep repeating the following 4 steps:

- (i) Edit, remove or add a files in "*C:\...\My Document\GitHub\myWebsite*" on your local PC using **RStudio** or directly from the **window explorer**
- (ii) Re-build the website in **RStudio** by clicking the 'Addins > Serve Site'
- (iii) Push the changes to your "*myWebsite*" repo using the **Desktop GitHub**.
- (iv) Deploy on *Netlify.com*.

