### **NAME**

mbsegyinfo – Output some basic statistics of segy format seismic data files.

## **VERSION**

Version 5.0

### **SYNOPSIS**

mbsegyinfo [-Ifilename -Llonflip -O -H -V]

### DESCRIPTION

**MBsegyinfo** is a utility for reading a segy format seismic data file or files and outputting some basic statistics. The table generated shows the filename, data counts, navigation totals, time and navigation of the first and last data records, minimum and maximum data values, and the geographic bounding box of the data.

An important function of **mbsegyinfo** is to generate segy information, or ".sinf" files, that may be parsed by other **MB-System** programs and macros. To create an ".sinf" file, simply direct the output of **mbsegyinfo** to a file named by adding the suffix ".sinf" to the input swath data filename. The **-O** option accomplishes this same task automatically.

#### MB-SYSTEM AUTHORSHIP

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### **OPTIONS**

- **–H** This "help" flag cause the program to print out a description of its operation and then exit immediately.
- -I filename
  Sets the input segy seismic data filename. Default: infile = "stdin".
- -L lonflip

Sets the range of the longitude values returned. If lonflip=-1 then the longitude values will be in the range from -360 to 0 degrees. If lonflip=0 then the longitude values will be in the range from -180 to 180 degrees. If lonflip=1 then the longitude values will be in the range from 0 to 360 degrees. Default: **mbsegyinfo selects the bext longitude range based on the first data.** 

**-O**This option causes the program output to be directed to ".sinf" files rather than to stdout. Each ".sinf" file is named using the original data file path with an ".sinf" suffix appended.

-V Normally, mbsegyinfo only prints out the statistics obtained by reading all of the data. If the −V flag is given, then mbsegyinfo works in a "verbose" mode and outputs the program version being used and all read error status messages.

## **EXAMPLES**

Suppose one wishes to know something about the contents of a segy subbottom profiler data file named 20040722\_152111.s7k.segy. The following will suffice:

mbsegyinfo -I 20040722\_152111.s7k.segy

## and returns the following output:

SEGY Data File: 20040722\_152111.s7k.segy

File Header Info:

Channels: 1
Auxiliary Channels: 0
Sample Interval (usec): 64
Number of Samples in Trace: 8330

Trace length (sec): 0.533120

Data Format: IEEE 32 bit integer

CDP Fold: 0

Data Totals:

Number of Traces: 2527

Min Max Delta:

 Shot number:
 56
 2582
 2527

 Shot trace:
 1
 1
 1

 RP number:
 56
 2582
 2527

 RP trace:
 1
 1
 1

 Delay (sec):
 0.0000000
 0.0000000
 0.0000000

Range (m): 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000

Receiver Elevation (m): -224.030000 -2.860000 -221.170000 Source Elevation (m): -224.030000 -2.860000 -221.170000 Source Depth (m): 2.860000 224.030000 -221.170000 Receiver Water Depth (m): 51.510000 487.670000 -436.160000 Source Water Depth (m): 51.510000 487.670000 -436.160000

## Navigation Totals:

Start of Data:

Time: 07 22 2004 15:20:37.029000 JD204

Lon: -121.8573 Lat: 36.7755

End of Data:

Time: 07 22 2004 15:44:15.438000 JD204

Lon: -121.8572 Lat: 36.7952

Limits:

Minimum Longitude: -121.8574 Maximum Longitude: -121.8572 Minimum Latitude: 36.7755 Maximum Latitude: 36.7952

## **SEE ALSO**

mbsystem(1), mbsegylist(1), mbsegygrid(1), SIOSEIS(http://sioseis.ucsd.edu/)

# **BUGS**

Maybe. Depends on who's asking...