

Forelæsningsnoter

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5-lags modellen recap

TCP - Three way handshake - til at etablere en forbindelse UDP - behøver ikke etablere en forbindelse

application - message - http, ssh, ftp, dhcp, dns, smtp transport - segment - TCP, UDP network - datagram - IPv4, IPv6, ICMP data-link - frame - ARP, bluetooth, MAC, WIFI, ether bits - physical

udp - man broadcaster ved at sende en pakke til 255.255.255

smtp - simple mail transport protocol - anvender TCP

DNS - anvender UDP

DHCP - dynamic host configuration protocol - tildeler IP - man starter med at broadcaste til alle for at få at vide om en DHCP server eksisterer. (DORA - Discover, offer, request, acknowledge).

Agenda full packet capture

- kan hurtigt fylde meget da, evt. hvis man uploader en fil på 4gb vil den også gemme filen i et full packet capture.

tools

netflow

Traffic capturing options

full packet capture - dumping all traffic

session data - only gather info about the traffic

packet strings - dumping application level headers

Full packet capture takes huge amount of space - privacy issues

basically this is what wireshark does for us. In linux we can also use tcpdump for capturing traffic

tcpdump -i eth0 -w dmp.pcap

kan være et gdpr issue.

How to actually collect data hardware taps pros: can be scaled for needs cons: can be very expensive for high speed

mirroring the port on the switch (SPAN) pros: Available if the switch supports it. no downtime cons: can be a problem if collecting more data than the port speed.

tcpdump tcpdump kan give forkert checksum, dette skyldes at tcpdump fanger pakken før checksum er beregnet.