Dobavljači sadržaja

Fakultet tehničkih nauka, Novi Sad

Pregled sadržaja

- Deljena podešavanja
- 2 Datoteke

- Deljena podešavanja (SharedPreferences) olakšavaju perzistentno skladištenje prostih tipova podataka
- Ti podaci se skladište u datoteci kao uređeni parovi ključ-vrednost

Deljenim podešavanjima se može pristupiti na dva načina:

- SharedPreferences getPreferences(int mode) koriste se podrazumevana deljena podešavanja aktivnosti
- SharedPreferences getSharedPreferences(String name, int mode) - moguće je koristiti više deljenih podešavanje čija imena se navode kao parametar

Konstanta	Opis
MODE_PRIVATE	The created file can only be accessed by the calling application
MODE_WORLD_READABLE	Allow all other applications to have read access to the created file (deprecated)
MODE_WORLD_WRITEABLE	Allow all other applications to have write access to the created file (deprecated)

Tabela: Vrednosti parametra "mode".

Vrednosti prostog tipa T mogu se zapisati u tri koraka:

- Pozvati edit() metodu koja započinje transakciju
- Odati vrednost(i) tipa T metodama oblika:
 - SharedPreference.Editor putT(String key, T value)
- Ozvati commit() metodu koja završava transakciju

Zapisane vrednosti mogu se pročitati metodama oblika:

• T getT(String key, T defaultValue)

Deljena podešavanja Datoteke SQLite Dobavljači sadržaja Punjači

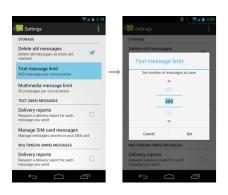
ExampleActivity.java

```
SharedPreferences settings = getPreferences(Context.MODE_PRIVATE);
SharedPreferences.Editor editor = settings.edit();
editor.putBoolean("silentMode", silentMode);
editor.commit();
```

ExampleActivity.java

SharedPreferences settings = getPreferences(Context.MODE_PRIVATE);
boolean silentMode = settings.getBoolean("silentMode", false);

PreferenceActivity



Slika: PreferenceActivity.

- Mnoge aplikacije omogućavaju korisnicima da prilagode svoje ponašanje
- U tu svrhu treba koristiti PreferenceActivity kako bi korisnici imali konzistentan grafički korisnički interfejs (i da bi sebi olakšali posao)

AndroidManifest.xml

ExampleActivity.java

```
public class ExampleActivity extends PreferenceActivity {
     @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle bundle) {
        super.onCreate(bundle);
        addPreferencesFromResource(R.xml.preferences);
     }
}
```

preferences.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
   <PreferenceScreen xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
     <CheckBoxPreference
3
       android:key="pref_sync"
       android:title="@string/pref_sync"
5
       android:summary="@string/pref_sync_summ"
       android:defaultValue="true" />
8
     <ListPreference
       android:dependency="pref_sync"
10
       android:key="pref_syncConnectionType"
11
       android:title="@string/pref_syncConnectionType"
12
       android:entries="@array/pref_syncConnectionTypes_entries"
13
       android:entryValues="@array/pref_syncConnectionTypes_values"
14
       android:defaultValue="@string/pref_syncConnectionTypes_default" />
15
16
   </PreferenceScreen>
17
```

Pregled sadržaja

- Deljena podešavanja
- 2 Datoteke

- Podaci koji se nalaze u operativnoj memoriji se ne čuvaju kada se uništi proces
- Komponente koje se nalaze u različitim procesima ne mogu da razmenjuju podatke koji se nalaze u operativnoj memoriji (ne dele adresni prostor)
- Najjednostavniji način da se prevaziđu ova ograničenja je korišćenje datoteka (Android je ipak distribucija Linux-a)

- Za rad sa datotekama koriste se klase iz java.io paketa (na isti način na koji se koristi u Java SE)
- Međutim, mogu se koristiti metode klase Context koje olakšavaju pristup internom i/ili eksternom skladištu podataka, rad sa privremenim datotekama i upravljanje pravima pristupa
 - FileInputStream openFileInput(String name)
 - FileOutputStream openFileOutput(String name, int mode)
 - String[] fileList()
 - boolean deleteFile(String name)
 - File getDir(String name, int mode)
 - File getCacheDir()
 - File getExternalCacheDir()
 - File getFilesDir()
 - File getExternalFilesDir(String type)

ExampleService.java

```
private void write() {
     FileOutputStream fos = null;
     try {
3
       fos = openFileOutput("test.txt", Context.MODE_PRIVATE);
4
       fos.write(bytes);
5
     } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
       Log.e(Constants.LOG_TAG, "File not found", e);
7
     } catch (IOException e) {
8
       Log.e(Constants.LOG_TAG, "IO problem", e);
     } finally {
10
       try {
11
          fos.close();
12
        } catch (IOException e) {
13
14
15
16
```

Konstanta	Opis
MODE_PRIVATE	The created file can only be ac-
	cessed by the calling application
MODE_APPEND	if the file already exists then write
	data to the end of the existing file
	instead of erasing it
MODE_WORLD_READABLE	Allow all other applications to
	have read access to the created
	file (deprecated)
MODE_WORLD_WRITEABLE	Allow all other applications to
	have write access to the created
	file (deprecated)

Tabela: Vrednosti parametra "mode".

ExampleService.java

```
private void read() {
     FileInputStream fis = null;
     Scanner scanner = null;
     StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
     try {
       fis = openFileInput("test.txt");
       scanner = new Scanner(fis);
       while (scanner.hasNextLine()) {
         sb.append(scanner.nextLine() + LINE_SEP);
11
     } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
12
       Log.e(Constants.LOG_TAG, "File not found", e);
13
     } finally {
14
       if (fis != null) {
15
         trv {
16
           fis.close();
17
         } catch (IOException e) {
18
19
20
       if (scanner != null) {
         scanner.close();
25
```

- Interno skladište podataka se nalazi u mobilnom uređaju
 - Uvek je dostupno
 - Obično je manjeg kapaciteta (i nije ga moguće proširiti)
 - Privatno ie
- Eksterno skladište podataka se (obično) nalazi na SD kartici
 - Nije uvek dostupno
 - Obično je većeg kapaciteta (i moguće ga je proširiti)
 - Javno ie

ExampleService.java

```
String state = Environment.getExternalStorageState();

if (Environment.MEDIA_MOUNTED.equals(state)) {

// We can read and write the media

} else if (Environment.MEDIA_MOUNTED_READ_ONLY.equals(state)) {

// We can only read the media

} else {

// Something else is wrong. It may be one of many other states,

// but all we need to know is we can neither read nor write
```

- Privremene datoteke treba skladištiti u cache direktorijumu (Android ih automatski briše kada ponestane slobodnog prostora)
 - File getCacheDir()
 - File getExternalCacheDir()
- Datoteke koje deli više aplikacija treba snimiti u javni eksterni direktorijum
 - File getExternalStoragePublicDirectory(String type)

Konstanta	Opis
DIRECTORY_ALARMS	Standard directory in which to
	place alarms
DIRECTORY_DCIM	The traditional location for pic-
	tures and videos when mounting
	the device as a camera.
DIRECTORY_DOCUMENTS	Standard directory in which to
	place documents that have been
	created by the user.
DIRECTORY_DOWNLOADS	Standard directory in which to
	place files that have been down-
	loaded by the user.
DIRECTORY_MOVIES	Standard directory in which to
	place movies that are available to
	the user.

Tabela: Tip javnog eksternog direktorijuma.

Konstanta	Opis
DIRECTORY_MUSIC	Standard directory in which to place any audio files that should be in the regular list of music for the user.
DIRECTORY_NOTIFICATIONS	Standard directory in which to place any audio files that should be in the list of notifications that the user can select.
DIRECTORY_PICTURES	Standard directory in which to place pictures that are available to the user.
DIRECTORY_PODCASTS	Standard directory in which to place any audio files that should be in the list of podcasts that the user can select (not as regular music).
DIRECTORY_RINGTONES	Standard directory in which to place any audio files that should be in the list of ringtones that the user can select (not as regular music).

Tabela: Tip javnog eksternog direktorijuma.



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