

$$I_1 = I_2 + I_3 + I_4$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V_1}{R_1}$$

$$I_2 = -V_2 \cdot S_c$$

$$I_3 = \frac{-V_2}{R_2}$$

$$I_4 = \frac{-V_0}{R_3}$$

$$I_5 = \frac{V_2}{R_3} = -V_b S_c \Rightarrow V_b = -\frac{V_2}{S_c R_3} ; V_0 = -V_b \Rightarrow V_0 = \frac{V_2}{S_c R_3} \rightarrow V_2 = V_0 S_c R_3$$

$$\frac{V_1}{R_1} = -V_2 S_c - \frac{V_2}{R_2} - \frac{V_0}{R_3}$$

$$\frac{V_1}{R_1} = -V_0 S_c R_3 \cdot S_c - \frac{V_0 S_c R_3}{R_2} - \frac{V_0}{R_3}$$

$$\frac{V_1}{R_1} = -V_0 \left( S^2 C^2 R_3 + \frac{S C R_3}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_0}{V_1} = -\frac{1}{R_1} \cdot \frac{1}{S^2 C^2 R_3 + \frac{S C R_3}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}} = -\frac{1}{R_1} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{S^2 C^2 R_3^2 R_2 + S C R_3^2 + R_2}{R_2 R_3}}$$

$$\frac{V_0}{V_1} = -\frac{1}{R_1} \cdot \frac{R_2 R_3}{S^2 C^2 R_3^2 R_2 + S C R_3^2 + R_2} \cdot \frac{C^2 R_3^2 R_2}{C^2 R_3^2 R_2} = -\frac{\left( \frac{R_3}{R_1} \right)}{\left( \frac{C}{R_1} \right)} \cdot \frac{1}{S^2 + S \frac{1}{C R_2} + \frac{1}{C^2 R_3^2}}$$

= -K



$$T(s) = \frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = -K \frac{1/C^2 R_3^2}{s^2 + s \frac{1}{CR_2} + \frac{1}{C^2 R_3^2}}$$

$$K = \frac{R_3}{R_1}$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{1}{C^2 R_3^2} \Rightarrow \omega_0 = \frac{1}{CR_3}$$

$$\omega_0 = 1$$

$$Q = 3$$

$$\frac{\omega_0}{Q} = \frac{1}{CR_2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{CR_3} \cdot \frac{1}{R_2} = Q$$

$$Q = \frac{R_2}{R_3}$$

$$\frac{1}{CR_3} = 1 \Rightarrow 3 = 1$$

$$3 = \frac{R_2}{R_3} \Rightarrow \text{Adopto } R_3 = 1k$$

$$R_2 = 3k$$

$$C = \frac{1}{R_3} = 1mF$$

$$|T(0)| = 20 \text{ dB}$$

$$20 \text{ dB} = 10$$

$$T(j\omega) = \frac{-K}{- \omega^2 + j\omega \frac{1}{CR_2} + \frac{1}{C^2 R_3^2}}$$

$$|T(j\omega)| = \frac{K}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{C^2 R_3^2} - \omega^2\right)^2 + \left(\omega \frac{1}{CR_2}\right)^2}}$$

$$|T(0)| = \frac{-K}{\frac{1}{C^2 R_3^2}} = \frac{-1}{\frac{R_3}{R_1} \cdot \frac{1}{C^2 R_3^2}} = \frac{-R_3}{R_1} = 20 \text{ dB}$$

$$R_2 = 3k \rightarrow 20 \log \left| -\frac{R_3}{R_1} \right| = 20 \text{ dB} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{R_3}{R_1} = 10 \rightarrow R_1 = \frac{1k}{10} = 100 \Omega$$



Normalización en frecuencia:

$$\$ = \frac{s}{\omega_0}$$

$$T(s) = -K \frac{\omega_0^2}{s^2 + s \frac{\omega_0}{Q} + \omega_0^2}$$

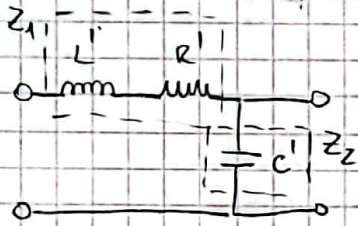
$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{1}{C^2 R_3^2}$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{CR_3}$$

$$\frac{\omega_0}{Q} = \frac{1}{CR_2}$$

$$Q = R_2/R_3$$

$$T(\$) = -K \frac{\omega_0^2}{\$^2 \omega_0^2 + \$ \frac{\omega_0^2}{Q} + \omega_0^2} = \frac{-1}{\$^2 + \$ \frac{1}{Q} + 1}$$

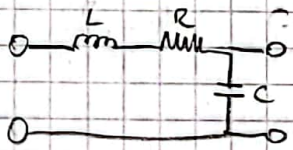


$$Z_1 = sL + R \rightarrow Z_1(\$) = \$\omega_0 L + R$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{1}{sc} \rightarrow Z_2(\$) = \frac{1}{\$ \omega_0 C}$$

$$L' = \omega_0 L = \frac{L}{CR_3} \quad C' = \omega_0 C = \frac{C}{CR_3} = \frac{1}{R_3}$$

Normalización en impedancia:



$$\begin{aligned} Z_1 &= sL + R \rightarrow Z = \frac{Z_1 Z_2}{Z_1 + Z_2} = \frac{1/sc}{sL + R + 1/sc} = \frac{1}{s^2 LC + sCR + 1} \\ Z_2 &= 1/sc \rightarrow \\ Z &= \frac{Z}{R_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$Z = \frac{1}{R_2} = \frac{1}{s^2 LC + sCR + 1}$$

$$Z = \frac{1}{s^2 LCR + sCR^2 + 1}$$



## Sensibilidades

$$S_C^{w_0} = \frac{C}{w_0} \frac{\partial w_0}{\partial C} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial C} \left[ \frac{1}{C R_3} \right] = -\frac{1}{R_3 C^2}$$

$$= \frac{C}{1/R_3} \cdot -\frac{1}{R_3 C^2} = -1 \quad \boxed{S_C^{w_0} = -1}$$

$$S_{R_2}^Q = \frac{R_2}{Q} \frac{\partial Q}{\partial R_2} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial R_2} \left[ \frac{R_2}{R_3} \right] = 1/R_3$$

$$= \frac{R_2}{R_2/R_3} \cdot \frac{1}{R_3} \Rightarrow \boxed{S_{R_2}^Q = 1}$$

$$S_{R_3}^Q = \frac{R_3}{Q} \frac{\partial Q}{\partial R_3} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial R_3} \left[ \frac{R_2}{R_3} \right] = -\frac{R_2}{R_3^2}$$

$$S_{R_3}^Q = \frac{R_3}{R_2/R_3} \cdot -\frac{R_2}{R_3^2} \Rightarrow \boxed{S_{R_3}^Q = -1}$$

Resoluto Pso Butterworth

$$T_2(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + s \underbrace{2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}_{\sqrt{2}/2} + 1}$$



$$\Rightarrow Q = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad w_0 = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \frac{1}{C R_3} = 1 \quad \text{Adopto } \boxed{C=1} \rightarrow \boxed{R_3=1}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{R_2}{R_3} \quad \rightarrow \boxed{R_2 = 0,707}$$

$$K = \frac{R_3}{R_1} = 1 \quad \rightarrow \boxed{R_1 = R_3 = 1}$$



Circuito pasabanda con componentes originales. Con que parámetros puedo diseñarlo?

$$R_3 = R_4 = \frac{1}{\omega_0 C} = \rightarrow \left[ \omega_0 = \frac{1}{R_3 C} = \frac{1}{1 \cdot 1} = 1 \right]$$

$$R_3 = R_1 = Q \cdot R_2 \Rightarrow \frac{R_1}{R_2} = Q \rightarrow \left[ Q = \frac{1}{0,707} = 1,41 \right]$$