The mdframed package ¹

auto-split frame environment

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The standard methods for framing text (\fbox or \fcolorbox) require you to handle page breaks by hand, meaning that you have to split the \fbox into two. The present package defines the environment mdframed which automatically deals with pagebreaks in framed text.

By defining new environments the user may choose between several individual designs.

Linked files: mdframed-example-default.pdf mdframed-example-tikz.pdf mdframed-example-pstricks.pdf mdframed-example-texsx.pdf

FYI: I create a repository for mdframed on github where you can download the current development status.

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1. Motivation

Many users wish to (further) emphasize lemmata, definitions, proofs, etc. The package mdframed allows you to create environments with breakable frames. I think an example is the best way to demonstrate its properties.

Theorem 1.1 (Pythagorean theorem) In any right triangle, the area of the square whose side is the hypotenuse is equal to the sum of the areas of the squares whose sides are the two legs.

¹Extending the package framed.sty

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

The frame was defined with the following settings.

```
\new mdtheorem env[\%]
                                          .%
   outerlinewidth
                     = 2
                                          ,%
   leftmargin
                      = 40
                                          ,%
   rightmargin
                      = 40
                                          ,%
   backgroundcolor = yellow
                                          ,%
   outerlinecolor
                      = blue
                                          ,%
   innertopmargin
                        \topskip
                                          ,%
   splittopskip
                      = \setminus topskip
   ntheorem
                                          ,%
                      = true
 [{ theorem } { Theorem } [ section ]
\begin{theorem} Pythagorean theorem
\mathbf{end} { theorem }
```

2. Syntax

Required packages by mdframed

The package itself loads the packages

```
kvoptions xparse etoolbox color.
```

Depending on the option framemthod mdframed will load

```
xcolor tikz pstricks.
```

Load the package as usual:

Only the option framemethod should be loaded by the optional argument of \usepackage. All other options should be loaded with \mdfsetup or related environments. The package should be loaded after amsthm if you need the package.

Provided environment

The package defines only one environment with the following syntax:

To create own environments with mdframed see section 4.

Autodetecting floats

mdframed detects whether the environment is used inside float or minipage environments. If you use mdframed in such an environment mdframed will use the option nobreak automatically.

Twoside-mode

If you are using mdframed inside twoside-mode you can set the option innermargin and outermargin (see section 5.2.1). The length will be ignored if you use the option usetwoside=false.

3. The frames

Normally you can say mdframed draws only some lines. To allow page breaks the following designs are supported. If you load the package with framemethod=default you can only draw a single line. Inside the gray boxes of the images below the text will be printed.

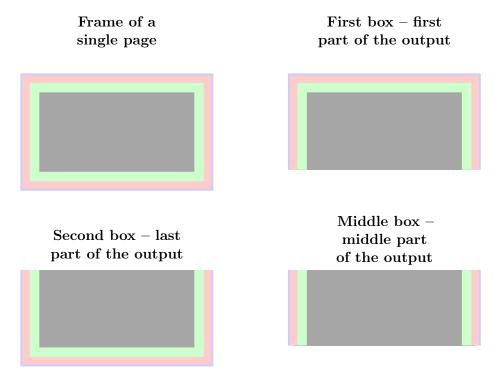


Figure 1: The basic frames

4. Commands

The following commands should countenance your by the handling with mdframed.

\newmdenv[options]{env-name}

The command allows the definition of a new environment which is surrounded by mdframed. The command has the following syntax:

```
\newmdenv[<MDFRAMED OPTIONS>]{Name of the environment}
```

In this way you can say:

```
\newmdenv[linecolor=red,frametitle=Infobox]{infobox}
\begin{infobox}[backgroundcolor=yellow]
Some Infos\ldots
```

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{end}\{\mbox{infobox}\}}
```

\renewmdenv[options]{env-name}

By using this command you can redefine environments which are created by \newmdenv.

\surroundwithmdframed[options]{environment}

Sometimes you have predefined environments. This commands allows you to surround an predefined environment with mdframed without changing the original name. To set a mdframed around the environment verbatim you can simple say.

```
\verb|\surroundwithmdframed[linewidth=2pt]| \{ verbatim \}
```

\mdflength{options}

If you want to work with length defined by mdframed (for example innerleftmargin) you can use the command \mdflength.

```
The distance is \hspace{\mdflength{innerleftmargin}}\ \the\mdflength{innerleftmargin}
```

The result will be:

The distance is 10.0pt

\mdfsetup{options}

To set the options you can use the optional argument of \usepackage or you can use the command \undersetup which is not limited to the preamble. Inside a group the settings work only local.

At this point I want to recommend the usage of the command \mdfsetup instead of setting package option via the optional argument of \usepackage. So you are avoiding breaking of non robust commands.² The sole exception is the option framemethod which must given as an optional argument of \usepackage.

\mdfdefinestyle{options}

\mdfdefinestyle allows the user to define different styles which can be used as an option of mdframed via style. The option style is explained in section 5.2.3.

Here a small example:

```
\label{lem:mdfdefinestyle} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$mdfdefinestyle$} {mystyle}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$leftmargin=1cm,linecolor=blue}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$begin$} {mdframed}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$leftmargin=1cm,linecolor=blue}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$loo$}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$loo$}$}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$loo$}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$loo$}$}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$loo$}$}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$loo$}$}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$loo$}$}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$loo$}$}$} $$ \mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mb
```

\mdfapptodefinestyle{options}

This commands add options to a defined style.³

²Thanks to Heiko Oberdiek and Philipp Stephani kvoptions-Declaration von Optionen schlägt fehl

³Thanks to Martin Scharrer and Enrico Gregorio:

http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/34684/argument-of-setkeys

5. Options

The package provides various options to manipulate frames. In the following section all options are listed. Some internal macros which can be manipulated are not shown in this documentation. The listed options are divided in global and local options. The global options can not be used inside \mdfsetup.

5.1. Global Options

The following options are only global options.

 ${f xcolor}$

By setting this key, the package xcolor will be loaded with the given value(s). Without any value mdframed loads the package color without any options. If the package xcolor is already loaded the given option will be ignored. I recommend to load xcolor before mdframed.

framemethod $\operatorname{default}=$ default

With this key you can change the way frames are drawn. You can decide whether the frame is drawn with

- 1. LATEX-commands \hrule, \vrule, \rule,
- 2. TikZ (the package TikZ will be loaded) or
- 3. PSTricks (the package pstricks will be loaded).

The option framemethod requires a string. Allowed combinations are listed in the following table.

Method Allowed keys

ETEX-commands default, tex, latex, none, 0

TikZ tikz, pgf, 1

PSTricks pstricks, ps, postscript, 2

Table 1: Allowed keys for framemethod

FYI

It is independently whether the method is written with no, one or more capital letter.

Note

The manipulation of the frames depends on the option framemethod. For further information see below.

5.2. Global and Local Options

The options listed below can be set globally or locally and they are not limited to the preamble. I tried to define self explained names.

default and style=defaultoptions

This is sets the default options defined by mdframed.

Here a small example:

```
\mdfsetup{%
    middlelinecolor=red,
    middlelinewidth=2pt,
    backgroundcolor=red!10,
    roundcorner=10pt}
\begin{mdframed}
    Text\par Text
\end{mdframed}

\begin{mdframed}[default]
    Text\par Text
\end{mdframed}
```

```
Text
Text
```

```
\begin{array}{c} \text{Text} \\ \text{Text} \end{array}
```

5.2.1. Options with lengths

In figure (2) you can see the adjustable lengths (compare also figure (1)) which will be described below. All lengths accept two kinds of input. The first one is a length (e.g. 2pt) and the second one is a number (e.g. 2) which will be multiplied by 1 defaultunit. The figure shows three different colored frames.

 ${\tt default = pt}$

see the sentence above.

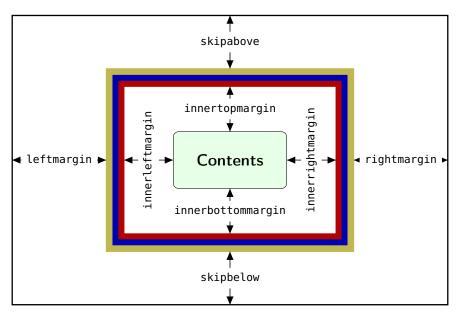


Figure 2: adjustable lengths of mdframed

skipabove default=0pt

Sets an additional skip above the frame.

skipbelow $\operatorname{default} = 0\,\mathsf{pt}$

Sets an additional skip below the frame.

 ${\color{red}\mathsf{margin}}$

This option is not longer supported. Use leftmargin and rightmargin instead.

Sets the length of the left margin of the environment. This option has an effect only in singleside-mode or, in twoside-mode, if the option usetwoside=false has been given. See also options outermargin and innermargin.

rightmargin ${
m default}{=}{0}\,{
m pt}$

Sets the length of the right margin of the environment. This option has an effect only in singleside-mode or, in twoside-mode, if the option usetwoside=false has been given. See also options outermargin and innermargin.

 ${\bf innerleftmargin} \\ {\bf default}{\bf =10\,pt}$

Sets the length of the inner left margin of the environment.

innerrightmargin ${
m default}{=}{\tt 10\,pt}$

Sets the length of the inner right margin of the environment.

innertopmargin ${
m default}{=}.4\$ baselineskip

Sets the length of the inner top margin of the environment.

innerbottommargin ${
m default}{=}.4$ \baselineskip

Sets the length of the inner bottom margin of the environment.

The following lengths are not shown in figure (2).

userdefinedwidth $default = \verb|\linewidth|$

Sets the width of the whole mdframed environment. The width represent the width including the line width and the inner margins. The outer margins will be ignored.

outermargin ${\rm default}{=}\,0\,{\rm pt}$

Sets the length of the outer margin. This option is only available in twoside-mode.

innermargin default=0pt

Sets the length of the inner margin. This option is only available in twoside-mode.

 $\operatorname{splittopskip}$ $\operatorname{default} = 0 \operatorname{pt}$

Sets the length of the skip above the split part of the environment.

splitbottomskip $\operatorname{default} = 0 \, \mathsf{pt}$

Sets the length of the skip below the split part of the environment.

linewidth default=0.4pt

Sets the width of the line around the environment.

This works only with framemethod=default.

roundcorner default=0pt

Sets the size of the radius of the corners of the frames.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ or PSTricks.

innerlinewidth default=0pt

Sets the width of the inner line around the environment.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ or PSTricks.

5. Options

outerlinewidth default=0pt

Sets the width of the outer line around the environment.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ or PSTricks.

middlelinewidth $\operatorname{default}=0.4\,\mathrm{pt}$

Sets the width of the middle line around the environment.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ or PSTricks.

5.2.2. Colored Options

 ${\it linecolor} \\ {\it default=black}$

Sets the color of the line around the environment.

 ${
m backgroundcolor}$ ${
m default}$ = white

Sets the color of the background of the environment.

Sets the color of the contents of the environment.

innerlinecolor default=linecolor

Sets the color of the inner line around the environment.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ or PSTricks.

middlelinecolor default=linecolor

Sets the color of the middle line around the environment.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ or PSTricks.

outerlinecolor $\operatorname{default}=$ linecolor

Sets the color of the outer line around the environment.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ or PSTricks.

5.2.3. General options

everyline $\operatorname{default} = \mathsf{false}$

Allows to draw a bottom and a top line at splitted frames.

 ${\tt font} \\$

Sets the font of the environment.

Before setting this boolean key, you have to load the package ntheorem. With this option you set the values \theorempreskipamount and \theorempostskipamount to 0 pt.

 ${\tt nobreak} \\ {\tt default=false}$

Sometimes it is useful to prevent a frame from splitting. The nobreak option is used for this purpose. If you activate this option you can enable it by setting nobreak=false.

 $\operatorname{default} = \operatorname{\sf true}$

If you set the twoside option you can work with outermargin. This option disable this and you work with leftmargin and rightmargin.

needspace default=0 pt

Sometimes it is useful to set a minimum height before a frame should be splitted. For such cases you can use needspace. The option requires a length which sets the minimum height before a frame will be splitted.

style

If you define a special style with \mdfdefinestyle you can use the key style to load the style. mdframed has no predefined styles yet.

settings $\operatorname{default} = \mathsf{none}$

This option allows the user to commit some macros. An example is shown in the example files. align default=left

Sometimes it is useful to align the environment itself. For this you have the option align which can be set to the following strings:

- left,
- right and
- center.

The alignments left or right depend on the given lengths leftmargin and rightmargin. Later I will present an example to demonstrate my bad English explanation.

ignorelast descenders default = false

Try to ignore the last descenders of the environment mdframed. The complete idea was inspired by Tobias Weh and the solution was provided by Stefan Lemke. See How to make mdframed ignore descenders in last line

draft $\operatorname{default} = \mathsf{false}$

Activate the draft mode for the package. This option is useful for framemethod=tikz which clips the contents related to the surrounded frame. The options is motivated by the question mdframed+tikz to display overfullrule at tex.stackexchange.

shadow $\operatorname{default}$ =false

Draw a shadow. The shadow doesn't influence the bounding box so the shadow can be drawn in the margin without any overfull box. Note if you are using the TikZ you must load the library. mdframed doesn't do the job to avoid double loading of a library.

shadowsize $\operatorname{default}=8\,\mathrm{pt}$

Specify the size of the shadow.

shadowcolor $\operatorname{default}=$ black!50

Specify the color of the shadow.

pstrickssetting $\operatorname{default}=$ {}

With this key you can pass several options to \psset. For example if you want all lines dashed you will have to set pstrickssetting={linestyle=dashed}. It is very important to put the options of pstrickssetting in brackets.

This works only with framemethod=PSTricks.

pstricksappsetting $ext{default}=\{\}$

mdframed works with defined styles for the different elements. By using \addtopsstyle in combination with this option you can expand the definition. The predefined styles are

- $\bullet \ \mathsf{mdfbackgroundstyle}$
- mdfframetitlebackgroundstyle
- mdfouterlinestyle
- mdfinnerlinestyle
- mdfmiddlelinestyle

Before you change one please have a look at the file md-frame-2.mdf to see the settings.

This works only with framemethod=PSTricks.

tikzsetting $ext{default}=\{\}$

With this key you can pass several options to \tikzset. Some examples are listed in the next section. It is very important to put the options of tikzsetting in brackets.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ.

apptotikzsetting $\operatorname{default}=\{\}$

With this key you can add several options to tikzsetting. This key based on the idea of manipulation of predefined keys of mdframed. The package mdframed defines via \tikzset the following keys to draw frames.

- \tikzset{mdfbox/.style}
- \tikzset{mdfcorners/.style}
- \tikzset{mdfbackground/.style}
- \tikzset{mdfinnerline/.style}
- \tikzset{mdfouterline/.style}
- \tikzset{mdfmiddleline/.style}
- \tikzset{mdfframetitlerule/.style}
- \tikzset{mdfframetitlebackground/.style}
- \tikzset{mdfshadow/.style}

Before you change one please have a look at the file md-frame-1.mdf to see the settings.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ.

 $\operatorname{default}=\{\}$

With this key you can put extra material to the drawing environment of mdframed only for a non splitted frame.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ and PSTricks.

firstextra $ext{default={}}$

With this key you can put extra material to the drawing environment of mdframed only for the first part of the splitted frame.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ and PSTricks.

 $\operatorname{default}=\{\}$

With this key you can put extra material to the drawing environment of mdframed only for the middle part of the splitted frame.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ and PSTricks.

 $\operatorname{default}=\{\}$

With this key you can put extra material to the drawing environment of mdframed only for the second part of the splitted frame.

This works only with framemethod=TikZ and PSTricks.

5.3. Hidden Lines 5. Options

5.3. Hidden Lines

 $\operatorname{default} = \operatorname{true}$

Draws a line at the top.

bottomline $\operatorname{default}$ =true

Draws a line at the bottom.

leftline $\operatorname{default} = \mathsf{true}$

Draws a line on the left.

rightline ${
m default}{=}{\sf true}$

Draws a line on the right.

hidealllines $\operatorname{default}$ =false

With this option you can decide whether all lines should be drawn or not.

5.4. Frametitle

In this section all relevant options of the frame title will be presented. They are not divided in their properties.

frametitle $\operatorname{default} = \mathsf{none}$

The environment gets a title. To set a title use frametitle={The Title of the frame} as an option of the environment.

frametitlefont default=\normalfont\bfseries

Sets the format of the frametitle.

Align the frametitle. This option must be set via \mdfsetup.

frametitlerule $\operatorname{default} = \operatorname{false}$

Set this key to true to get a line between the frame title and the text.

frametitlerulewidth ${
m default}{=}.2\,{
m pt}$

Sets the width of the line between the text and the title of mdframed.

frametitleaboveskip $\operatorname{default} = 5\,\mathrm{pt}$

Sets the skip of the frame title to the margin above of mdframed.

frametitlebelowskip $\operatorname{default}=5\,\mathrm{pt}$

Sets the skip of the frame title to the rule of the frame title.

frametitlebackgroundcolor $\operatorname{default}=\mathsf{backroundcolor}$

Sets the color of the background of the frametitle

repeatframetitle $\operatorname{default}$ =false

Repeat the frame title on every frame.

FYI and Note

The splitting of the frame title is really a fiddly issue. If you want to use the option repeatframetitle a splitting is more than wrong. On the other hand if you use the option repeatframetitle the user must prepare the contents well.

The following picture demonstrates the behaviour of the lengths if the option frametitle is used.

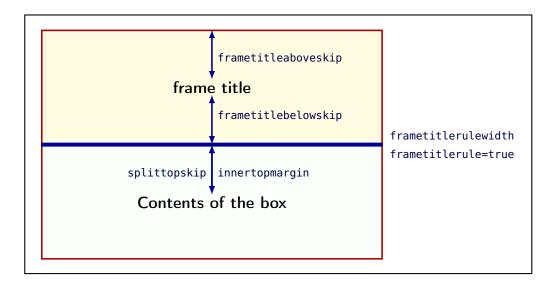


Figure 3: Behavior of the lengths if frametitle is used

5.5. Title commands inside the environment

To provide titles inside the environment mdframed you can one of the two following commands. The relavant options are listed below.

\mdfsubtitle

Set a title inside mdframed of the internal level 1.

\mdfsubsubtitle

Set a title inside mdframed of the internal level 2.

Both commands have the same syntax. They accept one optional and one mandatory argument. The optional argument sets the option of mdframed whereby everything will be local. The second argument of subtitle also allows paragraph breaking.

5.5.1. Options related to the title of level 1

subtitleaboveline $\operatorname{default} = \mathsf{false}$

Decide to draw a line above the subtile.

subtitlebelowline $\operatorname{default} = \mathsf{false}$

Decide to draw a line below the subtitle.

subtitlefont default=\normalfont\bfseries

Sets the font for subtitles.

 ${\tt subtitle background color} \\ {\tt default = white}$

Sets the background color of the subtitle between the above and below line.

subtitleabovelinecolor default=black

Sets the line color of the line above.

 ${
m subtitle below line color}$ ${
m default = black}$

Sets the line color of the line below.

5. Options

subtitleabovelinewidth ${
m default}{=}0.8\,{
m pt}$

Sets the line width of the line above.

subtitlebelowlinewidth ${
m default}{=}0.6\,{
m pt}$

Sets the line width of the line below.

 ${\it subtitle above skip} \\ {\it default=\baseline skip}$

Sets the skip before the subtitle line above will be drawn.

subtitlebelowskip $\operatorname{default}=1.2$ \baselineskip

Sets the skip after the subtitle line below is drawn.

subtitleinneraboveskip $\operatorname{default}=0.5$ \baselineskip

Sets the skip after the line above and the subtitle itself.

subtitleinnerbelowskip ${
m default}{=}$ 0.5\baselineskip

Sets the skip after the subtitle and the line below.

Here an example to demonstrate the behaviour:

Some Text ...

Notes

Some Text ...

```
\newmdenv[%
roundcorner=5pt,
subtitlebelowline=true,subtitleaboveline=true,
subtitlebackgroundcolor=yellow,
backgroundcolor=blue!20!white
]{subtitleenv}
\begin{subtitleenv}
Some Text \ldots
\mdfsubtitle{Notes}
Some Text \ldots
\end{subtitleenv}
```

5.5.2. Options related to the title of level 2

subsubtitleaboveline $\operatorname{default} = \mathsf{false}$

Decide to draw a line above the subsubtile.

subtitlebelowline $\operatorname{default} = \operatorname{false}$

Decide to draw a line below the subsubtitle.

Sets the font for subsubtitles.

 ${\tt subsubtitle background color} \\ {\tt default = white}$

Sets the background color of the subsubtitle between the above and below line.

 ${f subsubtitle above line color}$ ${f default = black}$

Sets the line color of the line above.

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Sets the line color of the line below.

subsubtitleabovelinewidth

default=0.8pt

Sets the line width of the line above.

subsubtitlebelowlinewidth

default=0.6 pt

Sets the line width of the line below.

subsubtitleaboveskip

 $ext{default} = ext{f baselineskip}$

Sets the skip before the subsubtitle line above will be drawn.

subsubtitlebelowskip

default=1.2\baselineskip

Sets the skip after the subsubtitle line below is drawn.

subsubtitleinneraboveskip

 $default = 0.5 \begin{tabular}{l} default = 0.5 \begin{tabular}{l} default = 0.5 \end{tabular}$

Sets the skip after the line above and the subsubtitle itself.

subsubtitleinnerbelowskip

default=0.5\baselineskip

Sets the skip after the subsubtitle and the line below.

5.6. Theorems

In this section is described which commands can help you to define theorem environments with mdframed.

\newmdtheoremenv

Since the package is often used to highlight theorem environments, the package provides acommand to simplify this process. The command has the following syntax:

The last four arguments are equivalent to the command \newtheorem. Only the first optional argument is able to pass mdframed-options. A simple example is:

```
\theoremstyle{<some style>}
\newmdtheoremenv[linecolor=blue]{lemma}{Lemma}[section]
...
\begin{lemma}[Some title]
foo foo foo foo foo foo
\end{lemma}
```

So far there is no \renewmdtheoremenv!

\mdtheorem

This is a special kind of \newtheorem. The command has the following syntax.

As you can see the arguments are equal to \newtheorem but the command ignores every \theoremstyle. This is based on the following behavior.

5.7. Footnotes 6. Examples

The command \mdtheorem creates two environments based on the given first mandatory argument. The first environment is named like the given argument and creates a numbered theorem. The second environment is named like the first mandatory argument with a star. This environment has the same formating but isn't numbered.

The syntax of the new defined environments is equal to the normal theorem environments.

```
\begin{environment}[optional title]
...
\end{environment}
```

What happened? The caption of the command will be set as the frame title. In this way all options of the frame title are available. Furthermore mdframed provides additional options explained below.

theoremseparator $\operatorname{default} = \{:\}$

Sets the separator of the caption and the title of the theorem. The theoremseparator will be printed only if an theorem title is given.

theoremtitlefont $ext{default} = \{\}$

Via the option frametitlefont you can manipulate the font of the frame title. The option theorem:itlefont allows to set a different font to the title of the theorem.

theoremspace $\operatorname{default}=$ \space

Sets the space after theoremseparator.

Examples can be found in the attached files.

5.7. Footnotes

Inside the environment you can use the command \footnote as usual. mdframed uses the syntax of environment minipage with the same counter.

Every footnote text will be collected inside a box and will be displayed at the end of the environment mdframed.

footnotedistance $ext{default} = ext{bigskipamount}$

The length is the distance between the end of the environment mdframed and the displaying of the \footnoterule.

footnoteinside $\operatorname{default} = \operatorname{true}$

The position of the footnotes can be changed with the option footnoteinside. The footnotes will be displayed at the end of the environment but you can decide whether the output is inside mdframed or after.

Note

The output of the footnotes with the option footnoteinside=false are not in a splitted frame. I think it isn't useful because the first line of a new page shouldn't be a footnote.

6. Examples

I outsource the examples in four files to limit the documentation. The files are

mdframed-example-default

Demonstration of examples created with framemethod=default.

mdframed-example-tikz

Demonstration of examples created with framemethod=TikZ.

mdframed-example-pstricks

Demonstration of examples created with framemethod=pstricks.

mdframed-example-texsx

Demonstration of examples like interaction with listings

The examples are often not equivalent but normally they can be adapted to another method. So I really recommend to have a look to all example files.

The Korean TeXGroup created a very nice presentation. I want to show the link because it's really a great work: kts 2012 mdframed.

7. Errors, Warnings and Messages

The package mdframed provides different errors, warnings and messages in the log-file. Some IATEX-editors like TEXMaker or TEXStudio have a special tab for errors and warnings but not for messages. So you should look in the log-File itself.

The following errors and warnings are generated by mdframed.

The package ... does not exist but needed by **mdframed**

To avoid this problem you should install the required packages which are listed in section 2.

package option **style** is depreciated use **framemethod** instead **style**

With version 0.9d mdframed changed the meaning of the option style. The option is used to load a defined style by \mdfdefinestyle. Instead use framemethod (see section 5.1).

Unknown framemethod mdframed

The input string for the option framemethod is unknown. See section 5.1.

You have not loaded **ntheorem** yet

To use the option ntheorem you have to load the package ntheorem.

You have only a width of 3cm

The package mdframed calculates the width of the contents based on the given options. If the width of the contents is smaller than 3 cm you will get this warnings. You should change the settings to get a greater width.

```
You got a bad break
you have to change it manually
by changing the text, the space
or something else
```

Sometimes you have enough vertical space for the rules and the space between the rules and the contents but not for the contents itself. In this situation you will get this warning because the contents of this box is empty. You have the possibility to change the settings or include a \clearpage in front of the environment mdframed. So far I have no idea how to avoid such things.

```
You got a bad break
because the split box is empty
You have to change the page settings
like enlargethispage or something else
You got a bad break
```

See the explanation above.

```
You got a bad break
because the last split box is empty
You have to change the settings
```

The same reason as above but only in the last box.

```
Option ... is already consumed and has no effect on input line ...
```

If you set a global option inside the document body you will get this warning.

8. Known Problems

In this section I will collect known problems. In case you encounter any further problems, please drop me an email, marco.daniel at mada-nada.de.

Do you have any ideas / wishes on further extensions to this package? Please let me know!

- 1. So far the environment isn't compatible with the package gmverb.
- 2. If you load the package picins the frame will no be splitted. That based on a problem of the package 'picins' which defines \@captype global. To work with the package picins you can use the following hack.

```
\label{lem:continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuous_continuou
```

\makeatother

- 3. mdframed can't handle the option allowframebreaks of the class beamer.
- 4. A nested mdframed environment can't be splitted.

9. ToDo

It is important to update the documentation

- 1. see "Known Problems".
- 2. So far it isn't possible to combine the environment \begin{multicols} of the package multicol with mdframed with the whole option list.
- 3. Create new styles.
- 4. Improve page breaks.
- 5. Improve footnotes.
- 6. Improve documentation and examples.
- 7. Create styles for frametitle.
- 8. Create an inline version of mdframed that's works like \fbox
- 9. Add \ht\strutbox to file md-frame-1.mdf

10. Acknowledgements

Dick Nickalls; Dietrich Grau; Piazza Luca; Jobst Hoffmann; Martin Scharrer; Enrico Gregorio; Heiko Oberdiek; Philipp Stephani.

Thanks for proofreading
Alan Munn and Nahid Shajari
I hope I forgot nobody.

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A. More information

In the following section I want to present how to create your own frame.

A.1. How does mdframed work?

With the environment \begin{mdframed} ... \end{mdframed} the whole contents will be saved in a \savebox called \mdf@splitbox@one. After the calculation of the width and the height of the \mdf@splitbox@one (done by mdframed.sty) the box will be set sequently (done by md-frame-X.mdf). The following figure demonstrates this.



Figure 4: Setting the contents of mdframed

The width of the contents is the result of the settings of leftmargin, rightmargin, linewidth, innerleftmargin and innerrightmargin (see figure (2)).

A.2. The Framecommands

The package mdframed knows four kinds of "Framecommand". These commands tell LATEX how to set the contents of mdframed.

\mdf@putbox@single This command sets the contents of a single unsplit frame.

\mdf@putbox@first This command sets the contents of the first frame of a split frame.

\mdf@putbox@middle This command sets the contents of the middle frame of a split frame.

\mdf@putbox@second This command sets the contents of the last frame of a split frame.

Using the explained commands we give an example. The command \box uses the contents of the savebox and types them out.

First we want to type out the single box without any settings (but with the calculated width).

```
\label{lem:lem:makeatletter} $$ \def\mdf@putbox@single{\box\mdf@splitbox@one} $$ \makeatother $$
```

I am using the command \leftline to start the "Framecommands" at the left.

Now you have to know how the lengths are named. Every length which can be modified by the options has the following syntax:

```
\mdf@<Name of the Length>@length
```

For example the leftmargin is:

To create only a line at the left with the correct leftmargin you can set \mdf@putboxsingle as follows

In this way you can do what you want. If you create your own style you can save the file as md-frame-X.mdf. X must be an integer. In this way you can use the option framemethod to load the file by setting framemethod=X.

A.3. Revision history

Version 1.8X submitted XX Mar 2013

• added \topskip=0pt to remove unwanted space after \newpage or \clearpage

Version 1.8 submitted 09 Mar 2013

 \bullet fixed bugs (e.g. related to \parskip of KOMA) \bullet allow margin notes with framemethod=tikz \bullet fixed some typos

Version 1.6d submitted 21 Sep 2012

 \bullet fixed bugs \bullet added option draft

Version 1.6b submitted 02 Jun 2012

• added commands \mdfsubtitle and \mdfsubsubtitle • added options subtitleaboveline, subtitleaboveline, subsubtitleaboveline, subsubtitleaboveline, subtitleabovelinecolor, subtitleabovelinecolor, subtitleabovelinecolor, subtitleabovelinecolor, subtitleabovelinecolor, subtitleabovelinecolor, subtitleabovelinecolor, subtitleabovelinecolor, subtitleabovelinewidth, subtitleaboveskip, subtitleaboveskip, subtitleaboveskip, subtitleaboveskip, subtitleabovelinewidth, subsubtitleabovelinewidth, subsubtitleabovelinewidth, subsubtitleaboveskip, subsubtitleabovelinewidth, subsubtitleaboveskip, subsu

Version 1.5 submitted 10 Mar 2012

• fixed bug (Thanks Nicolas Roy) • expanded documentation (Thanks Martin Wilhelm Leidig) • added options singleextra, firstextra, middleextra and secondextra • expanded examples

Version 1.4d submitted 30 Mar 2012

• fixed bug (Thanks Nicolas Roy) • added approach to documentation to work with picins • new implementation of option hidealllines, now you can set \mdfsetup{hidealllines=true,leftline=true} printing only the left line (inspired by Tobias Weh) • added option everyline to draw a top and bottom line at splitted frames

Version 1.4 submitted 4 Mar 2012

- ullet fixed bug in combination with $\mbox{marginpar}$ (Thanks Juan Carlos Trujillo Ortega) ullet fixed bug with option font
- \bullet fixed bug inside frametitle (Thanks Yi, Hoze) \bullet removed unnessary groups (Thanks Yi, Hoze) \bullet changed the definition of listings to allow copy paste of the examples

Version 1.3a submitted 5 Feb 2012

• fixed bug (Thanks to Dietrich Grau)

Version 1.3 submitted 4 Feb 2012

• fixed documentation (Thanks to Dietrich Grau) • added option shadow • improved handling \parindent and \parskip (Thanks to Enrico Gregorio and Joseph Wright)

Version 1.2 submitted 8 Jan 2012

ullet fixed documentation (Thanks to Dietrich Grau) ullet fixed bug in combination with amsthm ullet fixed bug in \newmdtheoremenv ullet defined new styles via \newpsstyle

This works only with framemethod=PSTricks. • added new commands for interaction with TikZ and PSTricks

• expand frame title option by option frametitlerule, frametitlerulewidth, frametitlefont,

 \bullet changed internal names \bullet expanded examples

Version 1.0b submitted 9 Dec 2011

• fixes documentation (Thanks to Dietrich Grau) • fixes bug in \newmdtheoremenv • fixes bug with overfull boxes (Thanks to Dietrich Grau) • defined \newpsstylemdfbackgroundstyle and mdflinestyle This works only with framemethod=PSTricks. • created dtx-file (Thanks to Kevin Godby) • added \@parboxrestore to \mdf@lrbox

Version 1.0 submitted 13 Nov 2011

• add option userdefinedwidth • add option align • add option apptotikzsetting • create new command \mdfapptodefinestyle • changed internal algorithm • removed calc instead using ε -TEX \dimexpr • expand documentation • trying to fixe problems with xcolor • fixed bug with framemethod=pstricks • create file mdframed-example-default • create file mdframed-example-tikz • create file mdframed-example-pstricks • create file mdframed-example-texsx (texsx stands for tex stackexchange)

Version 0.9g submitted 08 Oct 2011

• fixed documentation • added small footnote compatibility

Version 0.9f submitted 04 Oct 2011

ullet fixes bugs (thanks to Lars Madsen) ullet added option hidealllines ullet fixed documentation

Version 0.9e submitted 11 Sep 2011

• working with twoside modus

Version 0.9d submitted 10 Sep 2011

• changed the meaning of the option style!!! (inspired by Lars Madsen) • added option framemethod (inspired by Lars Madsen) • added options needspace (inspired by Lars Madsen) • added new command \mdfdefinestyle (inspired by Lars Madsen) • fixes documentation • renamed md-frame-3.mdf to md-frame-2.mdf

Version 0.9b submitted 7 Sep 2011

• fixes bugs in \newmdtheoremenv (Thanks to Enrico Gregorio)

Version 0.9a submitted 5 Sep 2011

• fixes bugs (Thanks to Lars Madson) • expanded documentation (added revision history)

Version 0.9 submitted 4 Sep 2011

 \bullet added option nobreak \bullet detecting float environments to prevent split calculation \bullet expand documentation (Thanks to Alan Munn)

Version 0.8a

 \bullet fixes bugs \bullet fixes documentation

Version 0.8 submitted 22 Aug 2011

• added commands: \newmdenv, \renewmdenv, \newmdtheoremenv • fixes bugs • fixes documentation

Version 0.7a submitted 6 August 2011

- added option frametitle added option frametitlefont allow twolumn-mode changed the calculation
- \bullet added option ${\tt tikzsetting}$ \bullet added options for hidden lines for all styles \bullet fixes bugs

Version 0.6a submitted 22 Dec 2010

 \bullet fixes bugs \bullet added $\mbox{mdfsetup}$ \bullet expanded documentation

B. Implementation

And finally, here's how it all works. . .

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C. Index

The index only collect package relevant words. $\,$

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