The mdframed package

Examples for `frametheme=PSTricks`

Marco Daniel v1.6a 2012/05/17

In this document I collect various examples for `frametheme=PSTricks`. Some presented examples are more or less exorbitant.

Contents

1 Loading 1

2 Examples 1

Example 1 – very simple 2
Example 2 – hidden line + frame title 2
Example 3 – Dash Lines 3
Example 4 – Double Lines 3
Example 5 – Shadow frame 3

1 Loading

In the preamble only the package `mdframed` width the option `frametheme=PSTricks` is loaded. All other modifications will be done by `\mdfdefinestyle` or `\mdfsetup`.

Note

Every `\global` inside the examples is necessary to work with the package `showexpl`. X

2 Examples

All examples have the following settings:

```
\mdfsetup{skipabove=\topskip,skipbelow=\topskip}
\newrobustcmd\ExampleText{%
An \textit{inhomogeneous linear} differential equation
has the form
\begin{align}
L[v ] = f,
\end{align}
where $L$ is a linear differential operator, $v$ is
the dependent variable, and $f$ is a given non−zero
function of the independent variables alone.
}
```

Example 1 – very simple

```
\global\mdfdefinestyle{exampledefault}{%
        linecolor=red,middlelinewidth=3pt,%
        leftmargin=1cm,rightmargin=1cm
}
\begin{mdframed}[style=exampledefault,roundcorner=5]
\ExampleText
\end{mdframed}
```

An *inhomogeneous linear* differential equation has the form

$$L[v] = f, \tag{1}$$

where L is a linear differential operator, v is the dependent variable, and f is a given non-zero function of the independent variables alone.

Example 2 – hidden line + frame title

```
\global\mdfapptodefinestyle{exampledefault}{%
 topline=false,rightline=false,bottomline=false,
 frametitlerule=true,innertopmargin=6pt,
 outerlinewidth=6pt,outerlinecolor=blue,
 pstricksappsetting={\addtopsstyle{mdfouterlinestyle}{linestyle=dashed}},
 innerlinecolor=yellow,innerlinewidth=5pt}%
\begin{mdframed}[style=exampledefault,frametitle={Inhomogeneous linear}]
\ExampleText
\end{mdframed}
```

Inhomogeneous linear

An *inhomogeneous linear* differential equation has the form

$$L[v] = f, \tag{2}$$

where L is a linear differential operator, v is the dependent variable, and f is a given non-zero function of the independent variables alone.

Example 3 – Dash Lines

```
\global\mdfdefinestyle{exampledefault}{%
    pstrickssetting={linestyle=dashed,},linecolor=red,linewidth=5pt}
\begin{mdframed}[style=exampledefault,]
\ExampleText
\end{mdframed}
```

An *inhomogeneous linear* differential equation has the form

$$L[v] = f, \tag{3}$$

where L is a linear differential operator, v is the dependent variable, and f is a given non-zero function of the independent variables alone.

Example 4 – Double Lines

```
\global\mdfdefinestyle{exampledefault}{%
    pstrickssetting={doubleline=true,doublesep=6pt},
    linecolor=red,linewidth=5pt,middlelinewidth=4pt}
\begin{mdframed}[style=exampledefault,]
\ExampleText
\end{mdframed}
```

An *inhomogeneous linear* differential equation has the form

$$L[v] = f, \tag{4}$$

where L is a linear differential operator, v is the dependent variable, and f is a given non-zero function of the independent variables alone.

Example 5 – Shadow frame

```
\newmdenv[shadow=true,
          shadowsize=11pt,
          linewidth=8pt,
          frametitlerule=true,
          roundcorner=10pt,
          ]{myshadowbox}
\begin{myshadowbox}[frametitle={Inhomogeneous linear}]
\ExampleText
\end{myshadowbox}
```

Inhomogeneous linear

An *inhomogeneous linear* differential equation has the form

$$L[v] = f, \tag{5}$$

where L is a linear differential operator, v is the dependent variable, and f is a given non-zero function of the independent variables alone.