

$$5. \quad \pi_1: \begin{cases} y=1 \\ x+2 = -z+4 \end{cases} \quad \pi_2: \begin{cases} x=3 \\ y=2x-1 \\ z=-x+3 \end{cases}$$

$$\pi_1: \begin{cases} x = -2 + s \\ y = 1 \\ z = 4 - 2s \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} &\rightarrow -z+4 = 2x \\ &-z = -4 + 2x \cdot (-1) \\ &z = 4 - 2x \end{aligned}$$

a) São paralelas?

$$\vec{n}_{\pi_1} = (1, 0, -2) \quad \vec{n}_{\pi_2} = (0, 2, -1)$$

$$\frac{0}{2} = 0 \quad \text{e} \quad \frac{-2}{-1} = 2 \quad 0 \neq 2 \quad \text{logo não são paralelas}$$

São concorrentes?

$$\begin{aligned} y_{\pi_1} &= y_{\pi_2} \\ 1 &= 2x - 1 \\ x &= \frac{2-1}{2} \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{aligned} x_{\pi_1} &= x_{\pi_2} \\ -2 + s &= 3 \\ s &= 5 \end{aligned} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{aligned} z_{\pi_1} &= z_{\pi_2} \\ 4 - 2 \cdot 5 &= -1 + 3 \\ -6 &= 2 \end{aligned} \right.$$

$-6 = 2$  não é possível, dessa forma as retas não são concorrentes.

R: Como as retas não são paralelas e nem concorrentes, elas só podem ser reversas.





$$z = \frac{y-1}{-1} - 2x$$

$$z = \frac{y-1}{2} + 2x$$

$$-z = \frac{y-1}{2} + 2x$$

$$-z - 2x = \frac{y-1}{2}$$

$$y-1 = -2z - 4x$$

$$-4x - 2z - y + 1 = 0$$

$$\pi_1: \underline{-4x - y - 2z + 1 = 0}$$

$$S_2: \begin{cases} x = 3 + \lambda \\ y = -1 \\ z = 3 - 2\lambda \end{cases}$$

$$\pi_2: \begin{cases} x = 3 \\ y = -1 + 2\lambda \\ z = 3 - \lambda \end{cases}$$

$$\pi_2: \begin{cases} x = 3 + \lambda \rightarrow \lambda = x - 3 \\ y = -1 + 2\lambda \rightarrow \lambda = \frac{y+1}{2} \\ z = 3 - 2\lambda \rightarrow \end{cases}$$

$$z = 3 - 2(x-3) - \left(\frac{y+1}{2}\right)$$

$$z = 3 - 2x + 6 - \left(\frac{y+1}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{y+1}{2} = 9 - 2x - z$$

$$\pi_2: \underline{-4x - y - 2z + 17 = 0}$$

$$y+1 = 18 - 4x - 2z$$

d) Distância entre  $\pi_1$  e  $\pi_2$ : ?

$$\pi_1: -4x - y - 2z + 1 = 0 \quad d = -1$$

$$\pi_2: -4x - y - 2z + 17 = 0 \quad d = -17$$

distância entre dois planos:

$$d(\pi_1, \pi_2) = d(P, \pi_2) = \frac{|d_1 - d_2|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}}$$

$$d(\pi_1, \pi_2) = \frac{|-1 - (-17)|}{\sqrt{(-4)^2 + (-1)^2 + (-2)^2}}$$

$$d(\pi_1, \pi_2) = \frac{|16|}{\sqrt{16 + 1 + 4}}$$

$$d(\pi_1, \pi_2) = \frac{16}{\sqrt{21}}$$

e)  $\pi$  perpendicular a  $\pi_1$  e  $\pi_2$ : ?

$$\vec{n}_{\pi_1} = (1, 0, -2) \quad \vec{n}_{\pi_2} = (0, 2, 1) \quad \vec{n}_{\pi_1} \times \vec{n}_{\pi_2} = (2, 1, 2)$$

$$\pi \perp \pi_1 \quad P = (-2, 1, 4)$$

$$\vec{e} = (\vec{n}_{\pi_1} \times \vec{n}_{\pi_2}) \cdot \vec{n}_{\pi_1} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\vec{e} = -2i + 2j - k + 8j$$

$$\vec{e} = -2i + 10j - k$$

$$\vec{e} = (-2, 10, -1)$$

$$\text{equação geral: } -2(x+2) + 10(y-1) - (z-4) = 0$$

$$: -2x - 4 + 10y - 10 - z + 4 = 0$$

$$: -2x + 10y - z = 10$$



$$x_2: x=3, y=-1+2t \quad z=-t+3$$

$$-2 \cdot 3 + 10(-1+2t) - (3-t) = 10$$

$$-6 - 10 + 20t - 3 + t = 10$$

$$21t = 29$$

$$t = \frac{29}{21}$$

$$21$$

Substituindo:

$$x=3$$

$$y = -1 + 2 \cdot \frac{29}{21}$$

$$z = 3 - \frac{29}{21}$$

$$y = \frac{-21 + 58}{21}$$

$$z = \frac{63 - 29}{21}$$

$$y = \frac{37}{21}$$

$$z = \frac{34}{21}$$

$$x: \begin{cases} x = 3 + 4t \\ y = \frac{37}{21} + t \end{cases}$$

$$z = \frac{34}{21} + 2t$$

2) Coordenadas em pontos  $A = \pi_1 \cap \pi$   $B = \pi_2 \cap \pi$   
 substitui a variável para ficar diferente de  $\pi$

$$\pi: \begin{cases} x = 3 + 4t \\ y = \frac{37}{21} + t \\ z = \frac{34}{21} + 2t \end{cases}$$

$$\pi_1: \begin{cases} x = -2 + n \\ y = 1 \\ z = 4 - 2n \end{cases}$$

$$\pi_2: \begin{cases} x = 3 \\ y = -1 + 2u \\ z = 3 - u \end{cases}$$

$$A = \begin{cases} x = 3 + 4t = -2 + n \\ y = \frac{37}{21} + t = 1 \\ z = \frac{34}{21} + 2t = 4 - 2n \end{cases}$$

$$t = \frac{1 - 37}{21}$$

$$t = \frac{21 - 37}{21}$$

$$t = \frac{-16}{21}$$

$$3 + 4 \left( \frac{-16}{21} \right) = -2 + n$$

$$3 - \frac{64}{21} + 2 = n$$

$$\frac{63 - 64 + 42}{21} = n$$

$$\frac{41}{21} = n$$

$$\frac{34}{21} + 2 \cdot \left( \frac{-16}{21} \right) = 4 - 2 \cdot \left( \frac{41}{21} \right)$$

$$\frac{34}{21} - \frac{32}{21} = \frac{84}{21} - \frac{82}{21}$$

$$\frac{2}{21} = \frac{2}{21} \rightarrow \text{são iguais, portanto verdadeira}$$



$$x = -2 + \frac{41}{21}$$

$$y = 1$$

$$z = 4 - 2 \cdot \frac{41}{21}$$

$$x = \frac{-1}{21}$$

$$z = \frac{2}{21}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 21 & 21 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B: \begin{cases} x = 3 + 4t = 3 \\ y = \frac{37}{21} + t = -1 + 2u \\ z = \frac{34}{21} + 2t = 3 - u \end{cases}$$

$$3 + 4t = 3$$

$$4t = 0$$

$$t = 0$$

$$\frac{37}{21} + 0 = -1 + 2u$$

$$\frac{37 + 21}{21} = 2u$$

$$\frac{58}{21} = 2u$$

$$u = \frac{58}{21} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$u = \frac{58}{42}$$

$$u = \frac{29}{21}$$

$$\frac{34}{21} + 2 \cdot 0 = 3 - \frac{29}{21}$$

$$\frac{34}{21} = \frac{63 - 29}{21}$$

$$\frac{34}{21} = \frac{34}{21}$$

↪ iguais, portanto verdadeira

$$x = 3 + 4.0$$

$$x = 3$$

$$y = \frac{37}{21} + 0$$

$$21$$

$$y = \frac{37}{21}$$

$$z = \frac{34}{21} + 2.0$$

$$21$$

$$z = \frac{34}{21}$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 3, \frac{37}{21}, \frac{34}{21} \end{pmatrix}$$