

Homework 10

1. Study the following knowledge points by heart, and copy them to your answer sheet: (50')

Standards on hypothesis testing for a parameter in a normal population $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$.

parameters to be tested	conditions	H_0	H_1	the rejection region for H_0	involved statistic
μ	σ^2 is known	$\mu = \mu_0$ $\mu \leq (\text{or } =)\mu_0$ $\mu \geq (\text{or } =)\mu_0$	$\mu \neq \mu_0$ $\mu > \mu_0$ $\mu < \mu_0$	$ Z > z_{\alpha/2}$ $Z > z_\alpha$ $Z < -z_\alpha$	$Z = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu_0}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}} \sim N(0, 1)$
μ	σ^2 is unknown	$\mu = \mu_0$ $\mu \leq (\text{or } =)\mu_0$ $\mu \geq (\text{or } =)\mu_0$	$\mu \neq \mu_0$ $\mu > \mu_0$ $\mu < \mu_0$	$ t > t_{\alpha/2}(n-1)$ $t > t_\alpha(n-1)$ $t < -t_\alpha(n-1)$	$t = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu_0}{S / \sqrt{n}} \sim t(n-1)$
σ^2	μ is known	$\sigma^2 = \sigma_0^2$ $\sigma^2 \leq (\text{or } =)\sigma_0^2$ $\sigma^2 \geq (\text{or } =)\sigma_0^2$	$\sigma^2 \neq \sigma_0^2$ $\sigma^2 > \sigma_0^2$ $\sigma^2 < \sigma_0^2$	$\chi^2 > \chi_{\alpha/2}^2(n)$ or $\chi^2 < \chi_{1-\alpha/2}^2(n)$ $\chi^2 > \chi_\alpha^2(n)$ $\chi^2 < \chi_{1-\alpha}^2(n)$	$\chi^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \mu)^2}{\sigma_0^2} \sim \chi^2(n)$
σ^2	μ is unknown	$\sigma^2 = \sigma_0^2$ $\sigma^2 \leq (\text{or } =)\sigma_0^2$ $\sigma^2 \geq (\text{or } =)\sigma_0^2$	$\sigma^2 \neq \sigma_0^2$ $\sigma^2 > \sigma_0^2$ $\sigma^2 < \sigma_0^2$	$\chi^2 > \chi_{\alpha/2}^2(n-1)$ or $\chi^2 < \chi_{1-\alpha/2}^2(n-1)$ $\chi^2 > \chi_\alpha^2(n-1)$ $\chi^2 < \chi_{1-\alpha}^2(n-1)$	$\chi^2 = \frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma_0^2} \sim \chi^2(n-1)$

when the signs “ \leq ” and “ \geq ” in H_0 are replaced by “ $=$ ”, the rejection regions for H_0 keep unchanged.

2. Suppose that the measurement accuracy of a range finder is $\sigma = 10m$. Now, a set of 9 measurements about the distance of an object which is 500m away is obtained with sample mean $\bar{X} = 510m$. Given the significance level $\alpha = 0.05$, whether the range finder has systems errors or not? (Hint: $\sigma = 10m$ is known, and test if $\mu = 500$ or not. $\Phi(1.96) = 0.975$)? (20')
3. Suppose that the heights of a kind animal in a region obey a normal distribution. Now 36 animals are randomly selected, and the measured mean height is $\bar{X} = 67.5$, the sample variance $S^2 = 13^2$. Given the significance level $\alpha = 0.05$. (It is known that the critical points $t_{0.025}(35) = 2.0301$, $t_{0.025}(36) = 2.2081$, $t_{0.05}(35) = 1.6896$, $\chi_{0.025}^2(35) = 53.203$, $\chi_{1-0.025}^2(35) = 20.569$). (30')
- (1) Can we say that the mean height of this kind of animal in this region is 71.5?
- (2) Can we say that the variance of this kind of animals' heights in this region is 12^2 ?