

# Homework 1.2

Michael Brodskiy

Professor: A. Martsinkovsky

September 8, 2022

1.
  - Magnitude:  $\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = 5$  feet per second
  - Direction:  $\frac{1}{5}\langle 3, 4 \rangle = \langle \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \rangle$
3.
  - Magnitude:  $\sqrt{(-6)^2 + (1)^2 + (6)^2} = \sqrt{73}$  meters per second
  - Direction:  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{73}}\langle -6, 1, 6 \rangle = \langle \frac{-6}{\sqrt{73}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{73}}, \frac{6}{\sqrt{73}} \rangle$
5.
  - Magnitude:  $\sqrt{(1)^2 + (-1)^2 + (1)^2 + (-1)^2} = 2$
  - Direction:  $\frac{1}{2}\langle 1, -1, 1, -1 \rangle = \langle \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \rangle$
7.
  - Magnitude:  $\sqrt{(2)^2 + (-3)^2 + (1)^2} = \sqrt{14}$
  - Direction:  $\frac{1}{14}(2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}) = \frac{2}{14}\mathbf{i} - \frac{3}{14}\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{14}\mathbf{k}$
- 9.
- 10.
13.  $1\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + 2(-1) = -2.5 \Rightarrow \frac{-2.5}{(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2})} \left(\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}\right) = -1 \Rightarrow \cos^{-1}(-1) = \pi$ , thus the angle between them is  $\pi$ . Because one of the vectors is negative and one is positive, they are in opposite directions.
- 14.
- 15.
- 16.
- 19.
- 20.
- 21.
- 23.

24.

27.

29.

33.

36.

41.

42.

43.

45.

46.