# Algorithmic Thinking and Representations Homework

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### 1. Marble Flowchart:

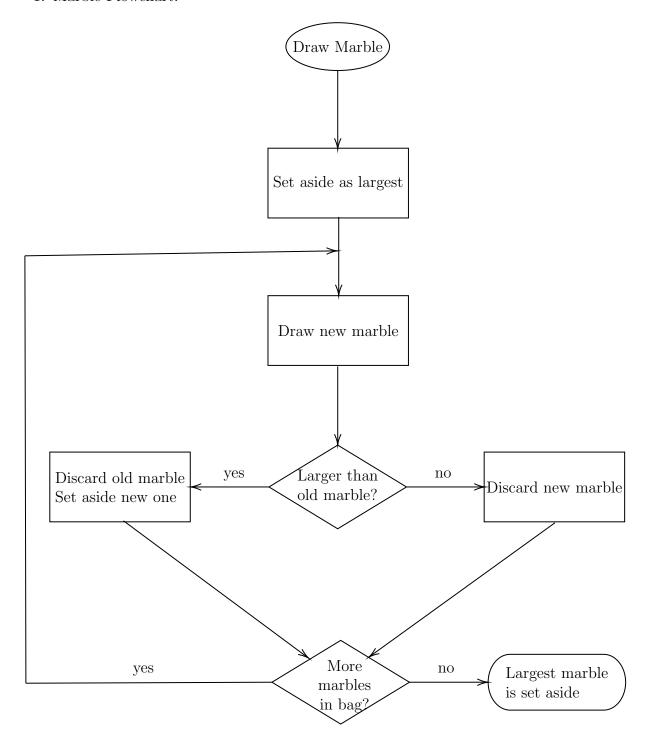


Figure 1: Flowchart for Drawing the Largest Marble

#### 2. Rock Paper Scissors Pseudocode:

### Algorithm 1 Rock, Paper, Scissors

```
1: procedure Rock Paper Scissors
       Players (P1 & P2) Throw Hands;
       if P1 has rock then
 3:
           if P2 has scissors then P1 wins; \rightarrow Game ends;
 4:
 5:
           else if P2 has paper then P2 wins; \rightarrow Game ends;
           else Tie; \rightarrow Play again;
 6:
       else if P1 has scissors then
 7:
           if P2 has paper then P1 Wins; \rightarrow Game ends;
 8:
           else if P2 has rock then P2 Wins; \rightarrow Game ends;
 9:
           else Tie; \rightarrow Play again;
10:
       else
11:
           if P2 has rock then P1 Wins; \rightarrow Game ends;
12:
           else if P2 has scissors then P2 Wins; \rightarrow Game ends;
13:
14:
           else Tie; \rightarrow Play again;
15:
```

#### 3. Blackjack Dealer Flowchart for n players:

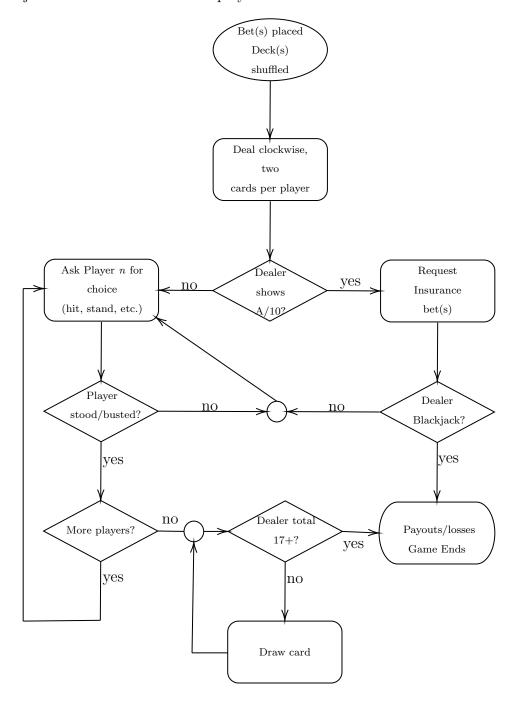


Figure 2: Flowchart for a Blackjack Dealer with n players

Initially, I had only the dealer perspective (where the dealer would draw to 17 or greater), and no actual player interaction. This was too simple, and not much of a game, so the player interaction, with n players, was added to make it more like the real game, and add complexity. Evaluation of who wins and who loses still omitted (simplified as "Payouts/losses"). Additionally, the dealer asking for insurance added more complexity, in addition to an integral part of the game.