# Embedded Systems

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# 1 Embedded Systems

- A computer system embedded into another system
  - Constraints from external input/output
  - Application-specific
    - \* Diverse set of application areas

#### • Abstraction

- Productivity enhancer don't need to worry about details...
  - \* A car can be driven without the knowledge of how an internal combustion engine works
- ... until something goes wrong
  - \* Where's the dipstick? What's a spark plug? Am I out of gas?
- Important to understand the components and how they work together
- Hardware vs. Software
  - All computers, given enough time and memory, are capable of computing the same exact things
  - In theory, computers "compute" anything that's possible to compute
    - \* Given enough memory and time
  - In practice, "solving problems" involves computing under constraints
    - \* Time
      - · Weather forecast, next frame animation, ...
    - \* Cost
      - · iPod, automotive engine controller, ...
    - \* Power
      - · Smartphone, tablet, ...
- Layers of Abstraction

Problems
Algorithms
Language
Instruction Set Architecture
Microarchitecture
Circuits
Devices

#### - Problem Statement

- \* Stated using "natural language"
- \* May be ambiguous, imprecise

### - Algorithm

- \* Step-by-step procedure, recipe, guaranteed to finish
- \* Definiteness, effective computability, finiteness

### - Program

- \* Express the algorithm using a computer language
- \* High-level language, low-level language
- Instruction Set Architecture (ISA)
  - \* Specifies the set of instructions the computer can perform
  - \* Data types, addressing mode, hardware/software interface

#### - Microarchitecture

- \* Detailed organization of a processor implementation
- \* Different implementations of a single ISA

## - Logic Circuits

- \* Combine basic operations to realize microarchitecture
- Problem to algorithm is solved by software design, algorithm to program through programming, and program to instruction set architecture through compilation/interpretation
- Instruction set architecture to microarchitecture is solved through processor design, microarchitecture to a circuit is solved through logic/circuit design, and a circuit to a device is solved through the engineering process and fabrication

#### • Basic Building Blocks

- Electrons
- Transistors
- Logic Gates
- Combinational Logic Circuits
- Sequential Logic Circuits
  - \* Storage Elements and Memory
- Cores
- Memories
- Caches

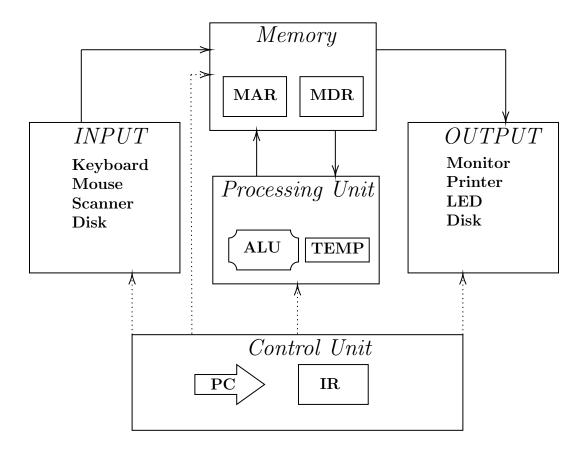


Figure 1: Processing System Flowchart