

Problem Set Chapter 1 & 2

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1. Convert the following:

(a) SKIP

(b) $800[\text{g L}^{-1}] \rightarrow [\text{lb in}^{-3}]$

$$1[\text{g}] = .002205[\text{lb}]$$

$$1[\text{L}] = 61.0237$$

$$\frac{800[\text{g}]}{1[\text{L}]} \cdot \frac{.002205[\text{lb}]}{1[\text{g}]} \cdot \frac{1[\text{L}]}{61.0237[\text{in}^3]} = .0289 \left[\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^3} \right]$$

2. SKIP

3. Name the following:

(a) $\text{LiOH} \rightarrow$ Lithium Hydroxide

(b) $\text{CaF}_2 \rightarrow$ Calcium Fluoride

(c) $\text{FeCO}_3 \rightarrow$ Iron (II) Carbonate

(d) $\text{S}_4\text{N}_2 \rightarrow$ Tetrasulfur Dinitride

(e) $\text{Zn}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow$ Zinc Nitrate

(f) $\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow$ Potassium Sulfate

(g) $\text{NO} \rightarrow$ Nitrogen Monoxide

(h) $\text{FeCl}_2 \rightarrow$ Iron (II) Chloride

(i) $\text{Na}_2\text{O} \rightarrow$ Sodium Oxide

(j) $\text{K}_2\text{S} \rightarrow$ Potassium Sulfide

(k) $\text{Cr}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3 \rightarrow$ Chromium (III) Sulfate

(l) $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$ Copper (II) Hydroxide

(m) $\text{KOH} \rightarrow$ Potassium Hydroxide

- (n) $CuI \rightarrow$ Copper (I) Iodide
4. Write the formula for the following compound:
- (a) Diselenium Diiodide $\rightarrow Se_2I_2$
 - (b) Tin (II) Phosphate $\rightarrow Sn_3(PO_4)_2$
 - (c) Potassium Dichromate $\rightarrow K_2Cr_2O_7$
 - (d) Gold (I) Sulfide $\rightarrow Au_2S$
 - (e) Barium Hydroxide $\rightarrow Ba(OH)_2$
 - (f) Ammonium Phosphate $\rightarrow (NH_4)_3PO_4$
 - (g) Potassium Sulfate $\rightarrow K_2SO_4$
 - (h) Calcium Nitrate $\rightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2$
 - (i) Iron (II) Carbonate $\rightarrow FeCO_3$
 - (j) Ammonium Dichromate $\rightarrow (NH_4)_2Cr_2O_7$
 - (k) Potassium Sulfide $\rightarrow K_2S$
 - (l) Cobalt (II) Nitrate $\rightarrow Co(NO_3)_2$
5. Calculate the mass (in grams) of nitric acid that is contained in a 3.5 liter mixture of 69.8% by weight of nitric acid. Density of mixture is $1.42[g\text{ cm}^{-3}]$

$$1[cm^3] = .001[L]$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$\rho V = m \rightarrow \frac{1.42[g]}{1[cm^3]} \cdot \frac{1000[cm^3]}{1[L]} \cdot 3.5[L] \cdot .698 = 3.47 \cdot 10^3[g]$$

6. The density of a piece of silver is $10.5[g\text{ mL}^{-1}]$. This piece is placed in a graduated cylinder containing $11.2[mL]$ of water, and then the water rises to $11.7[mL]$. What is the mass (in grams) of the piece of silver?

$$V_{Ag} = 11.7 - 11.2 = .5[mL]$$

$$m = \rho V \rightarrow m = .5[mL] \cdot \frac{10.5[g]}{1[mL]} = 5.25[g]$$

7. How long is a cylindrical bar with base area of $1.5[cm^2]$, if it is made of $898[kg]$ of iron with a density of $7.76[g\text{ cm}^{-3}]$.

$$898[kg] = 898000[g]$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \rightarrow \frac{\rho}{m} = \frac{1}{1.5l} \rightarrow l = \frac{m}{1.5\rho}$$

$$l = \frac{898000}{1.5 \cdot 7.76} = 7.7 \cdot 10^4[cm]$$

8. A square of foil with density $2.7[\text{g mL}^{-1}]$ is $5.1[\text{cm}]$ on a side and has a mass of $1.762[\text{g}]$. Calculate the thickness of the foil.

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \rightarrow V = \frac{m}{\rho} \rightarrow l = \frac{m}{A\rho}$$

$$l = \frac{1.762}{5.1 \cdot 5.1 \cdot 2.7} = .025[\text{cm}]$$

9. A certain material has a density of $12.8[\text{kg m}^{-3}]$. How many grams of this material are needed to fill a volume of $2[\text{ft}^3]$?

$$2[\text{ft}^3] = .056634[\text{m}^3]$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \rightarrow m = \rho V$$

$$m = \frac{12.8[\cancel{\text{kg}}]}{1[\cancel{\text{m}^3}]} \cdot .056634[\cancel{\text{m}^3}] \cdot \frac{1000[\text{g}]}{1[\cancel{\text{kg}}]} = 712[\text{g}]$$