## Chapter 4 — Problems 50, 56

Michael Brodskiy
Instructor: Mr. Morgan

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50. The Vanadium (V) ion in a .5000[g] sample of ore is converted to  $VO_2^+$  ions. The amount of  $VO_2^+$  in solution can be determined by reaction with an acid solution of KMnO<sub>4</sub>. The balanced equation for the reaction is (1). What is the mass percent of vanadium in the ore if 26.45[mL] of .02250[M] permanganate solution is required to complete the reaction? (2)

$$5 \text{ VO}^{2+} + \text{MnO}_4^- + 11 \text{ H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow \text{Mn}^{2+} + 5 \text{ V(OH}_4)^+ + 2 \text{ H}^+$$
 (1)

$$26.45 [\text{mL} \rightarrow .02645 [\text{L}]$$

$$.0225 \cdot .02645 = .000595 [\text{mol}_{\text{MnO4}^{-}}] \rightarrow .002975 [\text{mol}_{\text{VO}^{2+}}]$$

$$.002975 \cdot 51 = .1517 [\text{g}_{\text{V}}]$$

$$\%_{V} = \frac{.1517}{.5} \cdot 100\% = 30.3\%$$
(2)