

# Problem Set Chapter 1 & 2

Michael Brodskiy

Instructor: Mr. Morgan

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1. Convert the following:

(a) SKIP

(b)  $800[\text{g L}^{-1}] \rightarrow [\text{lb in}^{-3}]$

$$1[\text{g}] = .002205[\text{lb}]$$

$$1[\text{L}] = 61.0237$$

$$\frac{800[\text{g}]}{1[\text{L}]} \cdot \frac{.002205[\text{lb}]}{1[\text{g}]} \cdot \frac{1[\text{L}]}{61.0237[\text{in}^3]} = .0289 \left[ \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^3} \right]$$

2. SKIP

3. Name the following:

(a)  $\text{LiOH} \rightarrow$  Lithium Hydroxide

(b)  $\text{CaF}_2 \rightarrow$  Calcium Fluoride

(c)  $\text{FeCO}_3 \rightarrow$  Iron (II) Carbonate

(d)  $\text{S}_4\text{N}_2 \rightarrow$  Tetrasulfur Dinitride

(e)  $\text{Zn}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \rightarrow$  Zinc Nitrate

(f)  $\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 \rightarrow$  Potassium Sulfate

(g)  $\text{NO} \rightarrow$  Nitrogen Monoxide

(h)  $\text{FeCl}_2 \rightarrow$  Iron (II) Chloride

(i)  $\text{Na}_2\text{O} \rightarrow$  Sodium Oxide

(j)  $\text{K}_2\text{S} \rightarrow$  Potassium Sulfide

(k)  $\text{Cr}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3 \rightarrow$  Chromium (III) Sulfate

(l)  $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$  Copper (II) Hydroxide

(m)  $\text{KOH} \rightarrow$  Potassium Hydroxide

- (n)  $CuI \rightarrow$  Copper (I) Iodide
4. Write the formula for the following compound:
- (a) Diselenium Diiodide  $\rightarrow Se_2I_2$
  - (b) Tin (II) Phosphate  $\rightarrow Sn_3(PO_4)_2$
  - (c) Potassium Dichromate  $\rightarrow K_2Cr_2O_7$
  - (d) Gold (I) Sulfide  $\rightarrow Au_2S$
  - (e) Barium Hydroxide  $\rightarrow Ba(OH)_2$
  - (f) Ammonium Phosphate  $\rightarrow (NH_4)_3PO_4$
  - (g) Potassium Sulfate  $\rightarrow K_2SO_4$
  - (h) Calcium Nitrate  $\rightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2$
  - (i) Iron (II) Carbonate  $\rightarrow FeCO_3$
  - (j) Ammonium Dichromate  $\rightarrow (NH_4)_2Cr_2O_7$
  - (k) Potassium Sulfide  $\rightarrow K_2S$
  - (l) Cobalt (II) Nitrate  $\rightarrow Co(NO_3)_2$
5. Calculate the mass (in grams) of nitric acid that is contained in a 3.5 liter mixture of 69.8% by weight of nitric acid. Density of mixture is  $1.42[g\text{ cm}^{-3}]$

$$1[\text{cm}^3] = .001[\text{L}]$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$\rho V = m \rightarrow \frac{1.42[\text{g}]}{1[\cancel{\text{cm}^3}]} \cdot \frac{1000[\cancel{\text{cm}^3}]}{1[\cancel{\text{L}}]} \cdot 3.5[\text{L}] \cdot .698 = 3.47 \cdot 10^3[\text{g}]$$

6. The density of a piece of silver is  $10.5[g\text{ mL}^{-1}]$ . This piece is placed in a graduated cylinder containing  $11.2[\text{mL}]$  of water, and then the water rises to  $11.7[\text{mL}]$ . What is the mass (in grams) of the piece of silver?

$$V_{Ag} = 11.7 - 11.2 = .5[\text{mL}]$$

$$m = \rho V \rightarrow m = .5[\text{mL}] \cdot \frac{10.5[\text{g}]}{1[\text{mL}]} = 5.25[\text{g}]$$

7. How long is a cylindrical bar with base area of  $1.5[\text{cm}^2]$ , if it is made of  $898[\text{kg}]$  of iron with a density of  $7.76[g\text{ cm}^{-3}]$ .

$$898[\text{kg}] = 898000[\text{g}]$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \rightarrow \frac{\rho}{m} = \frac{1}{1.5l} \rightarrow l = \frac{m}{1.5\rho}$$

$$l = \frac{898000}{1.5 \cdot 7.76} = 7.7 \cdot 10^4[\text{cm}]$$

8. A square of foil with density  $2.7[\text{g mL}^{-1}]$  is  $5.1[\text{cm}]$  on a side and has a mass of  $1.762[\text{g}]$ . Calculate the thickness of the foil.

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \rightarrow V = \frac{m}{\rho} \rightarrow l = \frac{m}{A\rho}$$

$$l = \frac{1.762}{5.1 \cdot 5.1 \cdot 2.7} = .025[\text{cm}]$$

9. A certain material has a density of  $12.8[\text{kg m}^{-3}]$ . How many grams of this material are needed to fill a volume of  $2[\text{ft}^3]$ ?

$$2[\text{ft}^3] = .056634[\text{m}^3]$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V} \rightarrow m = \rho V$$

$$m = \frac{12.8[\cancel{\text{kg}}]}{1[\cancel{\text{m}^3}]} \cdot .056634[\cancel{\text{m}^3}] \cdot \frac{1000[\text{g}]}{1[\cancel{\text{kg}}]} = 712[\text{g}]$$