Linear Algebra 4.6 Homework

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Problems 3, 7, 9, 11*, 17*, 23, 29, 35, 39, 41, 47

3. (a)
$$(4,3,1), (1,-4,0)$$

(b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

7.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 14 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & .5 \\ 0 & 1 & -.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)
$$\{(1,0,.5),(0,1,-.5)\}$$

(b) Two nonzero rows, so rank(A) = 2

9.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 18 \\ 7 & 40 & 116 \\ -3 & -12 & -27 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 18 \\ 0 & -2 & -10 \\ 0 & 6 & 27 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 12 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)
$$\{(1,0,0),(0,1,0),(0,0,1)\}$$

(b) Three non-zero rows, so rank(A) = 3

11.
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -4 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 6 - 6 & -4 \\ -2 & -4 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 2.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3.5 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)
$$\{(1,2,2,0),(0,0,0,1)\}$$

(b) Two non-zero rows, so rank(A) = 2

$$17. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 9 & -2 & 53 \\ -3 & 2 & 3 & -2 \\ 8 & -3 & -8 & 17 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & 15 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4.5 & -1 & 26.5 \\ 0 & 15.5 & 0 & 76.5 \\ 0 & -39 & 0 & 195 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \{(1, 0, -1, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1)\}$$

23.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1.5 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

(b) Two non-zero rows, so rank(A) = 2

29.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow x_1 = -2s - 3t, x_2 = s, x_3 = t \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

35.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 & | & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & | & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$39. \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 3 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 2 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1.5 & .5 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & -3 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -11 & -3.5 & -.5 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 2 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & .5 & .5 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 5 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{4}{3} & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{3} & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{1}{3}x_4, x_2 = \frac{4}{3}x_4, x_3 = -\frac{5}{3}x_4, x_4 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

41. (a) Three non-zero rows, so rank(A)=3. 5 columns, so nullity = 5-3=2

(b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = s \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

(c) Rows r_1 , r_2 , and $r_3 \Rightarrow \{(1,0,3,0,-4), (0,1,-1,0,2), (0,0,0,1,-2)\}$

(d) Columns
$$a_1$$
, a_2 , and a_4 , so: $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3\\4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\5\\7\\9 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\2\\-1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

(e) According to (b), it is linearly dependent

(f) i.
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1$$
, so it is linearly independent

ii.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, so linearly dependent

iii.
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -2$$
, so it is linearly independent

$$47. \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -4 & -2 & -20 \\ 12 & -6 & -4 & -29 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 & -7 \\ 3 & -2 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{4}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{3} \\ -\frac{3}{2} \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) $\left\{ \left(\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{3}{2}, -1, 1 \right) \right\}$
- (b) One solution term, so $\dim = 1$