## Homework 6

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1. (a) Per the rules of Laplace Transforms, we can convolve two signals by the rule that:

$$y(t) = x_1(t) * x_2(t) \rightarrow Y(s) = X_1(s)X_2(s)$$

As such, we may obtain:

$$X_1(s) = \frac{1}{s+4}$$
 and  $X_2(s) = \frac{1}{s+2}$ 

Now, we account for the shifts. We know that, for  $x(t) \to x(t-t_o)$  the transform becomes  $X(s) \to e^{st_o}X(s)$ . Furthermore, we know that for  $x(-t) \to X(-s)$ . Thus, we find:

$$X_1(s) = \frac{e^{-3s}}{-s+4}$$
 and  $X_2(s) = \frac{e^{-2s}}{s+2}$ 

Multiplying together, we find:

$$Y(s) = \frac{e^{-5s}}{(4-s)(s+2)}, \text{ ROC: } -2 < \sigma < 4$$

(b)

2.

3. (a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

4. (a)

(b) i. ii.

iii.

- 5.
- 6.
- 7. (a)
  - (b)
- 8. (a)
  - (b)
  - (c)
  - (d)
  - (e)
  - (f)
  - (g)
- 9. (a)
  - (b)
  - (c)
  - (d)