

# Homework 7

Michael Brodskiy

Professor: I. Salama

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1. (a) Using our formulas to obtain the marginal PDFs, we write:

$$f_X(x) = \int_0^\infty f_{XY}(x, y) dy$$
$$f_Y(y) = \int_0^\infty f_{XY}(x, y) dx$$

This gives us:

$$f_X(x) = 8e^{-4x} \int_0^\infty e^{-2y} dy$$
$$f_Y(y) = 8e^{-2y} \int_0^\infty e^{-4x} dx$$

We continue to solve to get:

$$f_X(x) = 8e^{-4x} \int_0^\infty e^{-2y} dy$$
$$f_X(x) = -4e^{-4x} [e^{-2y}] \Big|_0^\infty$$
$$\boxed{f_X(x) = 4e^{-4x}, \quad x \geq 0}$$

$$f_Y(y) = 8e^{-2y} \int_0^\infty e^{-4x} dx$$
$$f_Y(y) = -2e^{-2y} [e^{-4x}] \Big|_0^\infty$$
$$\boxed{f_Y(y) = 2e^{-2y}, \quad y \geq 0}$$

We may observe that the two are independent random variables, since:

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = f_X(x)f_Y(y)$$

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = (4e^{-4x}) (2e^{-2y})$$

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = 8e^{-(4x+2y)} \quad \checkmark$$

Furthermore, we may see that the individual PDFs follow an exponential form, with  $\lambda_x = 4$  and  $\lambda_y = 2$

- (b) We may express this probability using the bounds defined by  $y \geq 0$  and  $x \geq y$ , which gives us:

$$P[X > Y] = \int_0^\infty \int_y^\infty 8e^{-4x} e^{-2y} dx dy$$

We solve this to get:

$$P[X > Y] = \int_0^\infty -2e^{-2y} [e^{-4x}] \Big|_y^\infty dy$$

$$P[X > Y] = \int_0^\infty 2e^{-6y} dy$$

$$P[X > Y] = -\frac{1}{3} [e^{-6y}] \Big|_0^\infty$$

$$P[X > Y] = \frac{1}{3}$$

Similarly, we may express  $P[X + Y \leq 1]$  with bounds of  $0 \leq x \leq 1$  and  $0 \leq y \leq 1 - x$ , which gives us:

$$P[X + Y \leq 1] = \int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x} 8e^{-4x} e^{-2y} dy dx$$

We solve this to get:

$$P[X + Y \leq 1] = \int_0^1 -4e^{-4x} [e^{-2y}] \Big|_0^{1-x} dx$$

$$P[X + Y \leq 1] = \int_0^1 -4e^{-4x} [e^{-2+2x} - 1] dx$$

$$P[X + Y \leq 1] = -4e^{-2} \int_0^1 e^{-2x} dx + 4 \int_0^1 e^{-4x} dx$$

$$P[X + Y \leq 1] = 2e^{-2} [e^{-2x}] \Big|_0^1 - [e^{-4x}] \Big|_0^1$$

$$P[X + Y \leq 1] = 2e^{-4} - 2e^{-2} - e^{-4} + 1$$

$$P[X + Y \leq 1] = .7476$$

(c) Since  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent, we can expand this statement to write:

$$P[\min(X, Y) \geq .5] = P[X \geq .5, Y \geq .5] \rightarrow P[X \geq .5]P[Y \geq .5]$$

As such, we find each component as:

$$P[X \geq .5] = \int_{.5}^{\infty} 4e^{-4x} dx$$

$$P[Y \geq .5] = \int_{.5}^{\infty} 2e^{-2y} dy$$

We solve to find:

$$P[X \geq .5] = -[e^{-4x}] \Big|_{.5}^{\infty}$$

$$P[X \geq .5] = -[0 - e^{-2}]$$

$$P[X \geq .5] = .1353$$

$$P[Y \geq .5] = -[e^{-2y}] \Big|_{.5}^{\infty}$$

$$P[Y \geq .5] = -[0 - e^{-1}]$$

$$P[Y \geq .5] = .3679$$

We multiply the two to find:

$$P[\min(X, Y) \geq .5] = (.1353)(.3679)$$

$$\boxed{P[\min(X, Y) \geq .5] = .049787}$$

(d) Similar to part (c), we write:

$$P[\max(X, Y) \leq .5] = P[X \leq .5, Y \leq .5] \rightarrow P[X \leq .5]P[Y \leq .5]$$

This gives us:

$$P[X \leq .5] = \int_0^{.5} 4e^{-4x} dx$$

$$P[Y \leq .5] = \int_0^{.5} 2e^{-2y} dy$$

We solve to get:

$$P[X \leq .5] = \int_0^{.5} 4e^{-4x} dx$$

$$P[X \leq .5] = -[e^{-4x}] \Big|_0^{.5}$$

$$P[X \leq .5] = -[e^{-2} - 1]$$

$$P[X \leq .5] = .8647$$

$$P[Y \leq .5] = \int_0^{.5} 2e^{-2y} dy$$

$$P[Y \leq .5] = -[e^{-2y}]_0^{.5}$$

$$P[Y \leq .5] = -[e^{-1} - 1]$$

$$P[Y \leq .5] = .6321$$

We then multiply the two to find:

$$P[\max(X, Y) \leq .5] = (.8647)(.6321)$$

$$\boxed{P[\max(X, Y) \leq .5] = .5466}$$

2. (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
4. (a) To find  $P[X \leq 1]$ , we must first find the individual PDF of  $x$ . We begin by finding this:

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{24} \int_0^4 x + y dy$$

This gives us:

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{48} [2xy + y^2] \Big|_0^4$$

$$f_X(x) = \frac{x}{6} + \frac{1}{3}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2$$

From here, we get:

$$P[X \leq 1] = \int_0^1 f_X(x) dx$$

$$P[X \leq 1] = \frac{1}{6} \int_0^1 x + 2 dx$$

$$P[X \leq 1] = \frac{1}{12} [x^2 + 4x] \Big|_0^1$$

$$\boxed{P[X \leq 1] = \frac{5}{12}}$$

- (b)
- (c)
- 6. (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)
- 7. (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)
- 8. (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)
- 9. (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)