



# Islamic University of Technology (IUT)

## Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC)



Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering (EEE)

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**Report Submission Date:** 17<sup>th</sup> Oct, 2019

**Course :** EEE 4606 (Microcontroller Based System Design Lab)

**Project No. : 04**

**Project Name:** Stepper Motor Control.

### **Objective:**

1. Familiarization with the AT89C52 Microcontroller.
2. Familiarization with the 4x4 Matrix Keypad.
3. Familiarization with the 16x2 LCD module (LM016L)
4. Familiarization with the ULN2003A motor driver IC.
5. Familiarization with the 28BYJ-48 Stepper Motor.

**Section** : C1

**Group** : 02

**Group Members** :

160021163 Md. Mohi Uddin Khan

160021135 Md. Robiul Ferdous

## OPERATION

In 4x4 Keypad, user should press any of the 16 keys to rotate Stepper motor according to following table:

Key	Clockwise Rotation
1	45 degree
2	90 degree
3	135 degree
4	180 degree
5	225 degree
6	270 degree
7	315 degree
8	360 degree

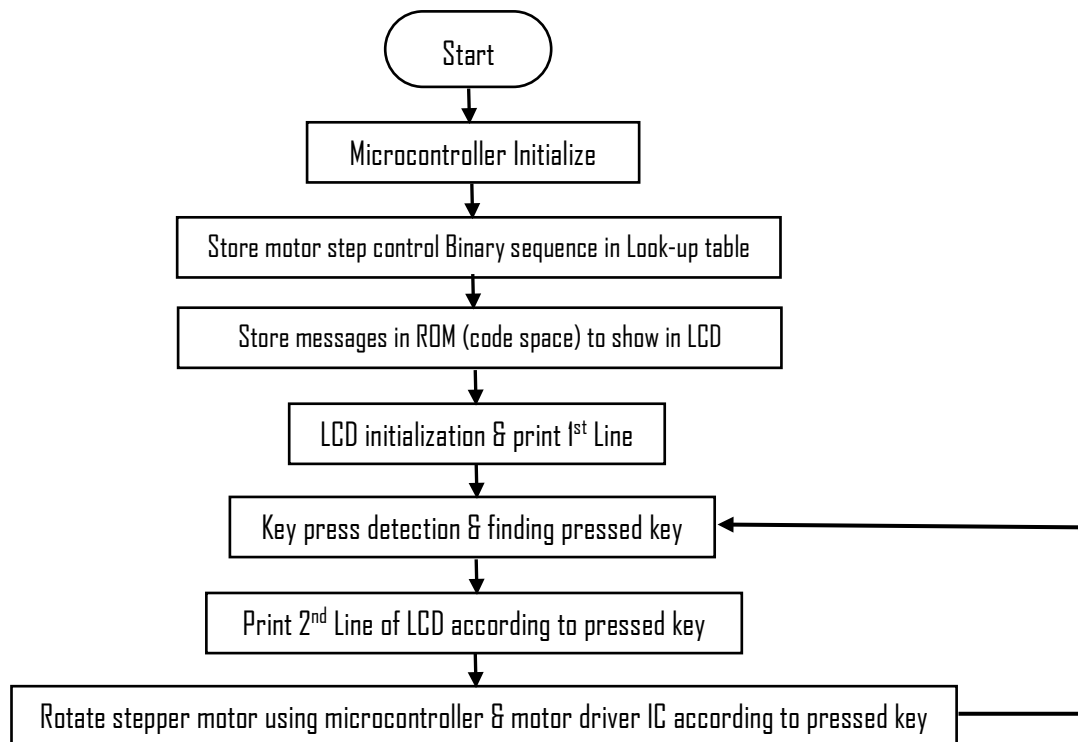
Key	Anti-Clockwise Rotation
9	45 degree
10	90 degree
11	135 degree
12	180 degree
13	225 degree
14	270 degree
15	315 degree
16	360 degree

**e.g:** User pressed key-2 & motor rotated to +90 degree. Now if user press key-9, motor will rotate -45 degree from +90 degree position; so, now motor is at  $90 - 45 = 45$  degree position. Now, if user press key-11, motor will be at  $45 - 135 = -90$  degree position. Pressing key-2 will turn motor to  $-90 + 90 = 0$  degree position.

Corresponding rotation angle is displayed on LCD panel.

## ALGORITHM

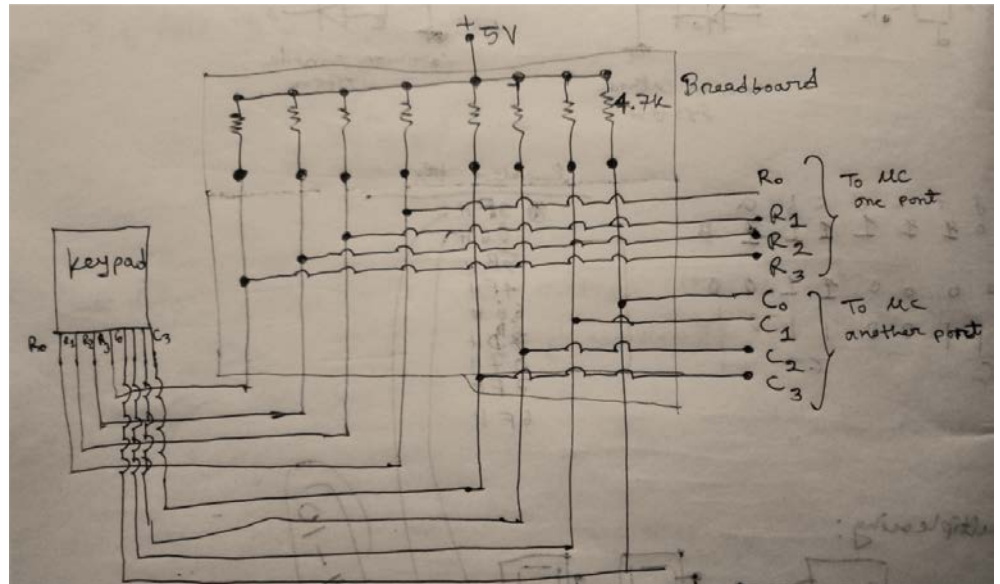
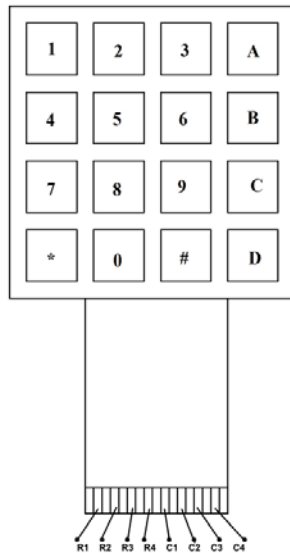
The program is designed according to the following Flow Chart :



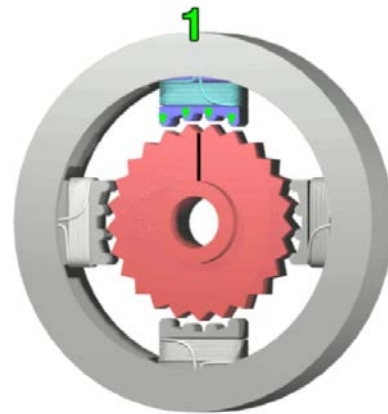
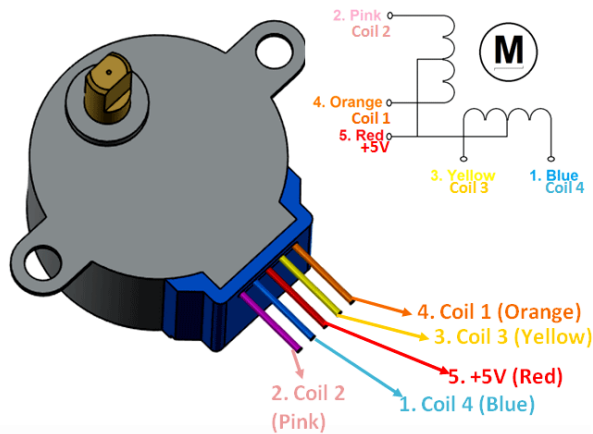
## Components Used

- AT89C52 microcontroller
- Resistors
- Capacitors
- 4x4 matrix keypad
- 16x2 LCD module (LM016L)
- ULN2003A motor driver IC
- 5Volt 28BYJ-48 Micro-Stepper Motor

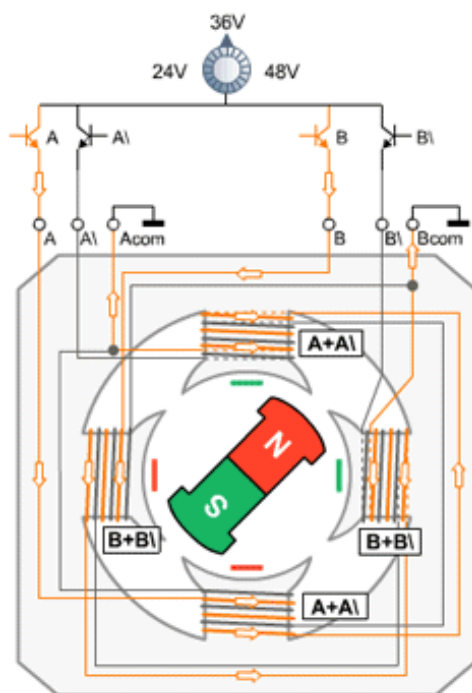
## Supporting Figures



Keypad Hardware connection using Pull-up resistors



Micro-Stepper Motor & it's Pinout diagram



### 6 Lead Unipolar Driver

Unipolar control is the most simple and cost-effective way to drive a stepper motor, but results in approximately 30% less torque in comparison to the nowadays widely used bipolar drivers. Since the cost advantage is very small today due to cheap integrated circuits, bipolar drivers are now used in most new applications.

### Stepmode

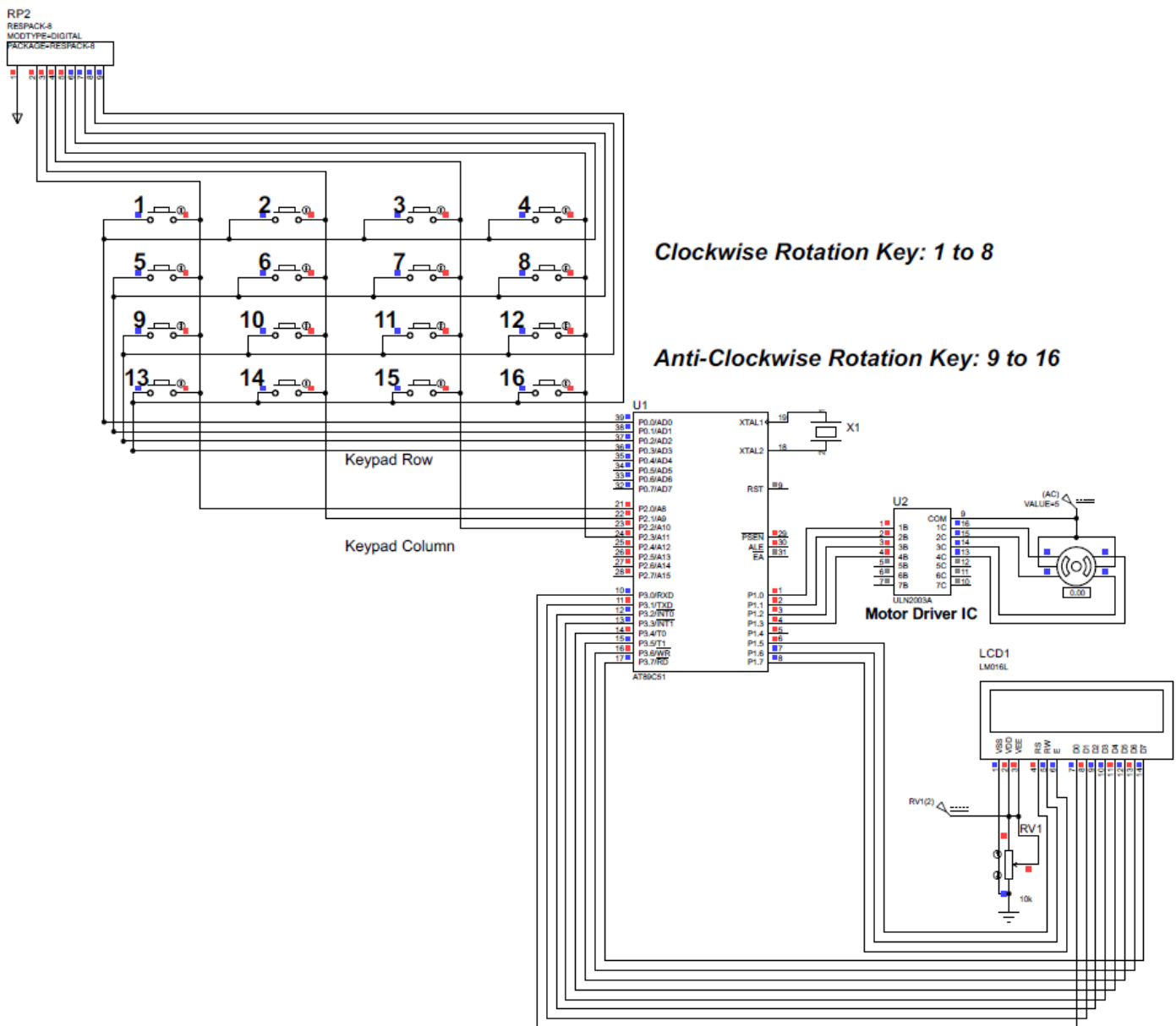
F	0	1	2	3				
H	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
B	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
A\	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
B\	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
dez	12	4	6	2	3	1	9	8

Step mode of Stepper motor & Binary Sequences

- To rotate micro-stepper motor to following angles, we need to execute previous page's half-stepmode binary sequence <ABA'B'> 'Total Steps needed' times in a nested-loop, where particular <ABA'B'> is considered as a single step.

Rotation Angle	Total Steps needed = 61H memory data * 62H memory data * 63H memory data [e.g: 2*32*8 = 510]	Loop Counter Registers' Loaded Values		
		61H byte memory	62H byte memory	63H byte memory
45 degree	510	2D	32D	8D
90 degree	1020	2D	64D	8D
135 degree	1530	2D	96D	8D
180 degree	2040	2D	128D	8D
225 degree	2550	2D	160D	8D
270 degree	3060	2D	192D	8D
315 degree	3570	2D	224D	8D
360 degree	4080	2D	255D	8D

## Circuit Diagram in PROTEUS



## ASSEMBLY CODE

```
ORG 00H
STEPPER EQU P1
LCD EQU P3
RS EQU P1.5
RW EQU P1.6
EN EQU P1.7

;STORING BINARY SEQUENCE OF STEPPER MOTOR
IN ROM
MOV R0,#51H ; INDIRECT ADDRESSING MODE
CAN BE USED BY ONLY R0 OR R1 REGISTER

MOV @R0,#00001001B
INC R0
MOV @R0,#00001000B
INC R0
MOV @R0,#00001100B
INC R0
MOV @R0,#00000100B
INC R0
MOV @R0,#00000110B
INC R0
MOV @R0,#00000010B
INC R0
MOV @R0,#00000011B
INC R0
MOV @R0,#00000001B

; LCD INITIALIZATION
MOV DPTR,#MSG_1
C1:CLR A
    MOVC A,@A+DPTR
    ACALL COMNWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    INC DPTR
    JZ SEND_DAT
    SJMP C1

SEND_DAT:MOV DPTR,#MSG_2
D1:    CLR A
        MOVC A,@A+DPTR
        JZ KEYPAD
        ACALL DATAWRT
        ACALL DELAY
        INC DPTR
        SJMP D1

KEYPAD:
MOV P2,#0FFH
K1:  MOV P0,#0
      MOV A,P2
      ANL A,#00001111B
      CJNE A,#00001111B,K1
K2:  LCALL DELAY
      MOV A,P2
      ANL A,#00001111B
      CJNE A,#00001111B,OVER
      SJMP K2
```

```
OVER:LCALL DELAY
      MOV A,P2
      ANL A,#00001111B
      CJNE A,#00001111B,OVER1
      SJMP K2
OVER1: MOV P0,#11111110B
      MOV A,P2
      ANL A,#00001111B
      CJNE A,#00001111B,ROW_0
      MOV P0,#11111101B
      MOV A,P2
      ANL A,#00001111B
      CJNE A,#00001111B,ROW_1
      MOV P0,#11111101B
      MOV A,P2
      ANL A,#00001111B
      CJNE A,#00001111B,ROW_2
      MOV P0,#11110111B
      MOV A,P2
      ANL A,#00001111B
      CJNE A,#00001111B,ROW_3
      LJMP K2
ROW_0:MOV DPTR,#KCODE0
      SJMP FIND
ROW_1:MOV DPTR,#KCODE1
      SJMP FIND
ROW_2:MOV DPTR,#KCODE2
      SJMP FIND
ROW_3:MOV DPTR,#KCODE3
      SJMP FIND
FIND:RRC A
      JNC MATCH
      INC DPTR
      SJMP FIND
MATCH:CLR A
      MOVC A,@A+DPTR
      MOV R7,A
;CODE FOR MICRO-STEPPER MOTOR
MOTOR:
MOV A,#0C0H ; LCD CURSOR TO 2ND LINE
ACALL COMNWRT
ACALL DELAY

      M_1:  CJNE R7,#01D,M_2
            MOV DPTR,#MSG_3
            D3:    CLR A
            MOVC A,@A+DPTR
            JZ E_1
            ACALL DATAWRT
            ACALL DELAY
            INC DPTR
            SJMP D3
            E_1:  MOV 60H,#32D ;COUNTER
FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP
            LCALL CLOCKWISE_ROTATION
            LJMP ENDD
```

M\_2:

CJNE R7,#02D,M\_3

MOV DPTR,#MSG\_4

D4: CLR A

MOVC A,@A+DPTR

JZ E\_2

ACALL DATAWRT

ACALL DELAY

INC DPTR

SJMP D4

E\_2: MOV 60H,#64D ;COUNTER

FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP

LCALL CLOCKWISE\_ROTATION

LJMP ENDD

M\_3:

CJNE R7,#03D,M\_4

MOV DPTR,#MSG\_5

D5: CLR A

MOVC A,@A+DPTR

JZ E\_3

ACALL DATAWRT

ACALL DELAY

INC DPTR

SJMP D5

E\_3: MOV 60H,#96D ;COUNTER

FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP

LCALL CLOCKWISE\_ROTATION

LJMP ENDD

M\_4:

CJNE R7,#04D,M\_5

MOV DPTR,#MSG\_6

D6: CLR A

MOVC A,@A+DPTR

JZ E\_4

ACALL DATAWRT

ACALL DELAY

INC DPTR

SJMP D6

E\_4: MOV 60H,#128D ;COUNTER

FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP

LCALL CLOCKWISE\_ROTATION

LJMP ENDD

M\_5:

CJNE R7,#05D,M\_6

MOV DPTR,#MSG\_7

D7: CLR A

MOVC A,@A+DPTR

JZ E\_5

ACALL DATAWRT

ACALL DELAY

INC DPTR

SJMP D7

E\_5: MOV 60H,#160D ;COUNTER

FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP

LCALL CLOCKWISE\_ROTATION

LJMP ENDD

M\_6:

CJNE R7,#06D,M\_7

MOV DPTR,#MSG\_8

D8: CLR A

MOVC A,@A+DPTR

JZ E\_6

ACALL DATAWRT

ACALL DELAY

INC DPTR

SJMP D8

E\_6: MOV 60H,#192D ;COUNTER

FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP

LCALL CLOCKWISE\_ROTATION

LJMP ENDD

M\_7:

CJNE R7,#07D,M\_8

MOV DPTR,#MSG\_9

D9: CLR A

MOVC A,@A+DPTR

JZ E\_7

ACALL DATAWRT

ACALL DELAY

INC DPTR

SJMP D9

E\_7: MOV 60H,#224D ;COUNTER

FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP

LCALL CLOCKWISE\_ROTATION

LJMP ENDD

M\_8:

CJNE R7,#08D,M\_9

MOV DPTR,#MSG\_10

D10: CLR A

MOVC A,@A+DPTR

JZ E\_8

ACALL DATAWRT

ACALL DELAY

INC DPTR

SJMP D10

E\_8: MOV 60H,#255D ;COUNTER

FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP

LCALL CLOCKWISE\_ROTATION

LJMP ENDD

M\_9:

CJNE R7,#09D,M\_10

MOV DPTR,#MSG\_M3

DM3: CLR A

MOVC A,@A+DPTR

JZ E\_M1

ACALL DATAWRT

ACALL DELAY

INC DPTR

SJMP DM3

```

E_M1: MOV 60H,#32D    ;COUNTER
FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP
    LCALL ANTICLOCKWISE_ROTATION
    LJMP ENDD

M_10:
    CJNE R7,#10D,M_11

    MOV DPTR,#MSG_M4
DM4:    CLR A
    MOVC A,@A+DPTR
    JZ E_M2
    ACALL DATAWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    INC DPTR
    SJMP DM4

E_M2: MOV 60H,#64D    ;COUNTER
FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP
    LCALL ANTICLOCKWISE_ROTATION
    LJMP ENDD

M_11:
    CJNE R7,#11D,M_12

    MOV DPTR,#MSG_M5
DM5:    CLR A
    MOVC A,@A+DPTR
    JZ E_M3
    ACALL DATAWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    INC DPTR
    SJMP DM5

E_M3: MOV 60H,#96D    ;COUNTER
FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP
    LCALL ANTICLOCKWISE_ROTATION
    LJMP ENDD

M_12:
    CJNE R7,#12D,M_13

    MOV DPTR,#MSG_M6
DM6:    CLR A
    MOVC A,@A+DPTR
    JZ E_M4
    ACALL DATAWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    INC DPTR
    SJMP DM6

E_M4: MOV 60H,#128D   ;COUNTER
FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP
    LCALL ANTICLOCKWISE_ROTATION
    LJMP ENDD

M_13:
    CJNE R7,#13D,M_14

    MOV DPTR,#MSG_M7
DM7:    CLR A
    MOVC A,@A+DPTR
    JZ E_M5
    ACALL DATAWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    INC DPTR
    SJMP DM7

```

```

E_M5: MOV 60H,#160D   ;COUNTER FOR MOTOR
ROTATION LOOP
    LCALL ANTICLOCKWISE_ROTATION
    LJMP ENDD

M_14:
    CJNE R7,#14D,M_15

    MOV DPTR,#MSG_M8
DM8:    CLR A
    MOVC A,@A+DPTR
    JZ E_M6
    ACALL DATAWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    INC DPTR
    SJMP DM8

E_M6: MOV 60H,#192D   ;COUNTER
FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP
    LCALL ANTICLOCKWISE_ROTATION
    LJMP ENDD

M_15:
    CJNE R7,#15D,M_16

    MOV DPTR,#MSG_M9
DM9:    CLR A
    MOVC A,@A+DPTR
    JZ E_M7
    ACALL DATAWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    INC DPTR
    SJMP DM9

E_M7: MOV 60H,#224D   ;COUNTER
FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP
    LCALL ANTICLOCKWISE_ROTATION
    LJMP ENDD

M_16:
    CJNE R7,#16D,E_M9

    MOV DPTR,#MSG_M10
DM10:   CLR A
    MOVC A,@A+DPTR
    JZ E_M8
    ACALL DATAWRT
    ACALL DELAY
    INC DPTR
    SJMP DM10

E_M8:  MOV 60H,#255D
;COUNTER FOR MOTOR ROTATION LOOP
    LCALL
ANTICLOCKWISE_ROTATION
E_M9:  LJMP ENDD

```

```

COMNWRT: MOV  LCD,A
          CLR  RS
          CLR  RW
          SETB EN
          ACALL DELAY
          CLR  EN
          RET

```

```

DATAWRT: MOV  LCD,A
          SETB RS
          CLR  RW
          SETB EN
          ACALL DELAY
          CLR  EN
          RET

```

; Delay time needs to be sufficiently small to rotate motor, motor won't rotate in case of too small or large delay.

```

DELAY:MOV R1,#1
      L3:MOV R2,#5
      L2:MOV R3,#100
      L1:DJNZ R3,L1
          DJNZ R2,L2
          DJNZ R1,L3
          RET

```

CLOCKWISE\_ROTATION:

```

          MOV 61H,#2D
      LP1: MOV 62H,60H
      LP2: MOV 63H,#8D
          MOV R0,#51H ; INDIRECT

```

ADRESSING MODE CAN BE USED BY ONLY R0 OR R1 REGISTER

```

      LP3: MOV STEPPER,@R0
          INC R0
          LCALL DELAY
          DJNZ 63H,LP3

```

```

          DJNZ 62H,LP2
          DJNZ 61H,LP1
          RET

```

ANTICLOCKWISE\_ROTATION:

```

          MOV 61H,#2D
      LM1: MOV 62H,60H
      LM2: MOV 63H,#8D
          MOV R0,#58H ; INDIRECT

```

ADRESSING MODE CAN BE USED BY ONLY R0 OR R1 REGISTER

```

      LM3: MOV STEPPER,@R0
          DEC R0
          LCALL DELAY
          DJNZ 63H,LM3

```

```

          DJNZ 62H,LM2
          DJNZ 61H,LM1
          RET

```

```

KCODE0: DB 1D,2D,3D,4D
KCODE1: DB 5D,6D,7D,8D
KCODE2: DB 9D,10D,11D,12D
KCODE3: DB 13D,14D,15D,16D

```

```

MSG_1:  DB 38H,0EH,01,06,80H,0
MSG_2:  DB '1/2MODE uSTEPPER',0
MSG_3:  DB 'STEP:1  ROT:45 D',0
MSG_4:  DB 'STEP:2  ROT:90 D',0
MSG_5:  DB 'STEP:3  ROT:135 D',0
MSG_6:  DB 'STEP:4  ROT:180 D',0
MSG_7:  DB 'STEP:5  ROT:225 D',0
MSG_8:  DB 'STEP:6  ROT:270 D',0
MSG_9:  DB 'STEP:7  ROT:315 D',0
MSG_10: DB 'STEP:8  ROT:360 D',0
MSG_M3: DB 'STEP:1  ROT:-45D',0
MSG_M4: DB 'STEP:2  ROT:-90D',0
MSG_M5: DB 'STEP:3  ROT:-135D',0
MSG_M6: DB 'STEP:4  ROT:-180D',0
MSG_M7: DB 'STEP:5  ROT:-225D',0
MSG_M8: DB 'STEP:6  ROT:-270D',0
MSG_M9: DB 'STEP:7  ROT:-315D',0
MSG_M10: DB 'STEP:8  ROT:-360D',0

```

ENDD:

```

          LJMP KEYPAD

```

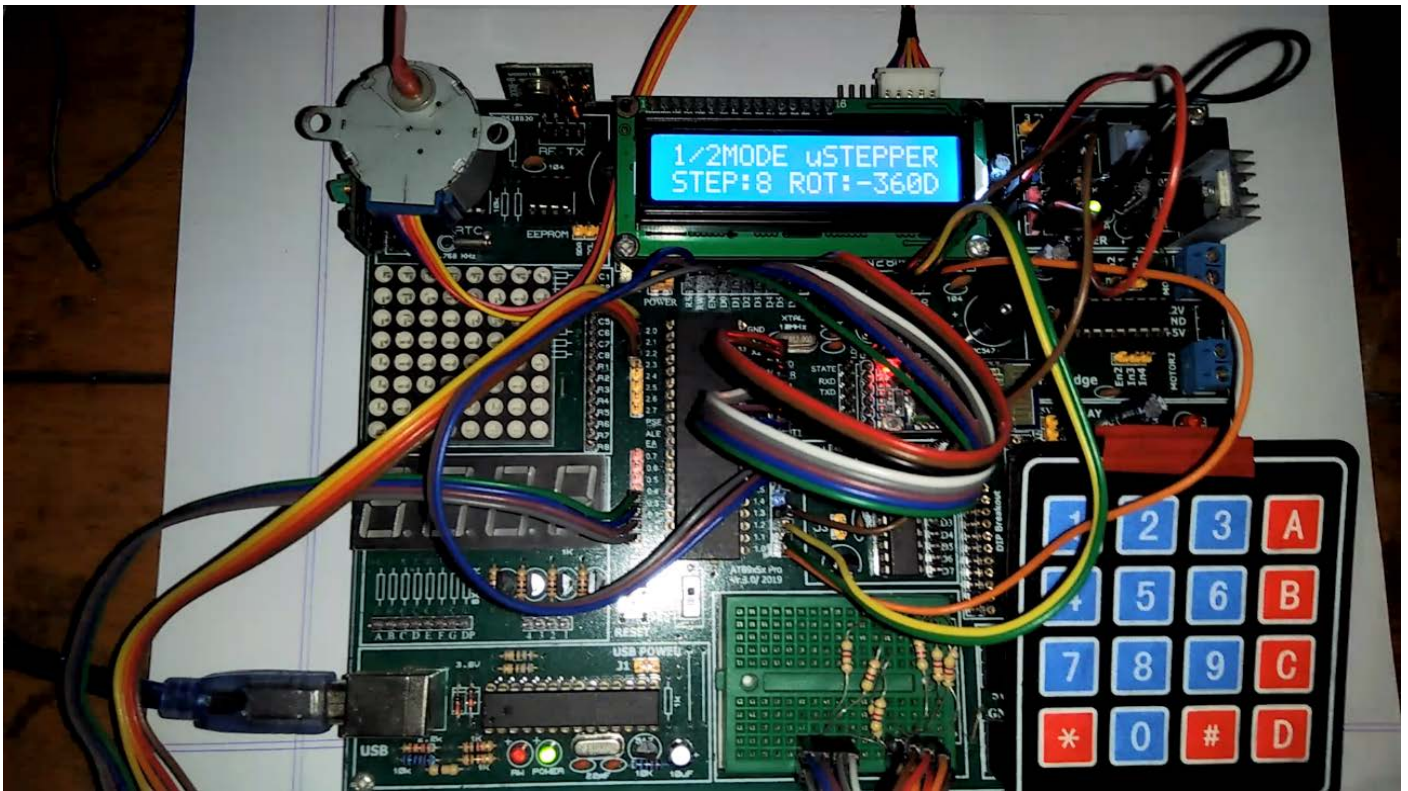
```

          END

```



## Hardware Connection



- Hardware Connection & Output Video:

Scan or Click on the QR code to access the video from Google Drive –



- Web Reference:

1. [http://www.8051projects.net/wiki/Stepper\\_Motor\\_Tutorial](http://www.8051projects.net/wiki/Stepper_Motor_Tutorial)

2. <https://www.seeedstudio.com/blog/2019/03/04/driving-a-28byj-48-stepper-motor-with-a-uln2003-driver-board-and-arduino/>