# Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition

paper seminar

TEAM 3

#### ResNet?

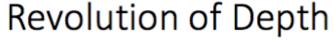
1st place on ILSVRC 2015 classification task

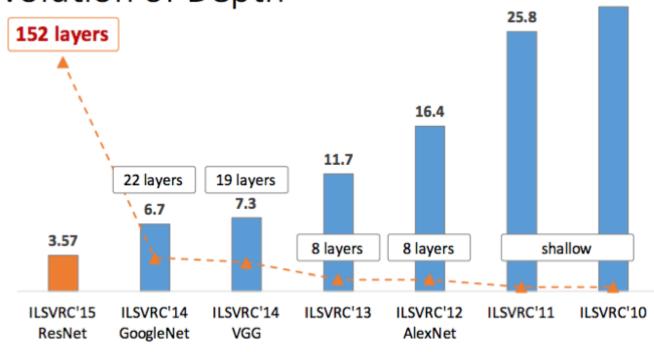
1st place on ImageNet detection

1<sup>st</sup> place on ImageNet localization

1st place on COCO detection

1st place on COCO segmentation





ImageNet Classification top-5 error (%)

28.2

#### Problem?

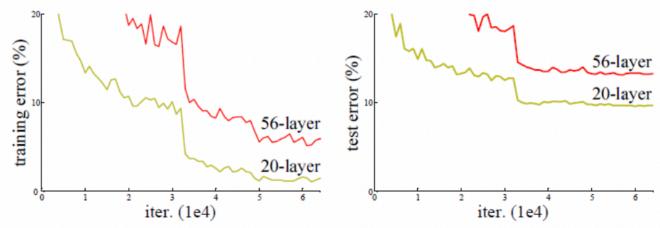
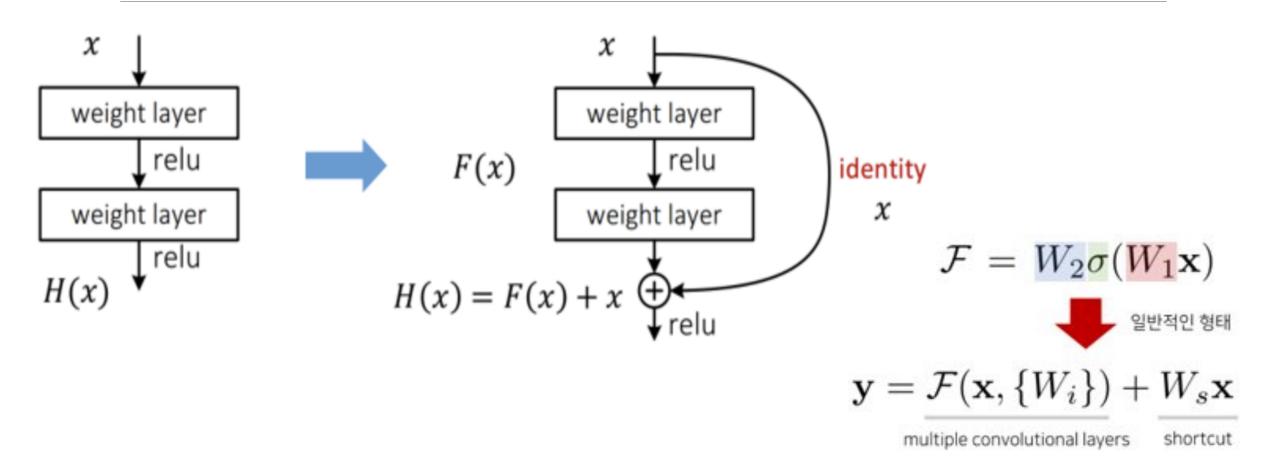


Figure 1. Training error (left) and test error (right) on CIFAR-10 with 20-layer and 56-layer "plain" networks. The deeper network has higher training error, and thus test error. Similar phenomena on ImageNet is presented in Fig. 4.

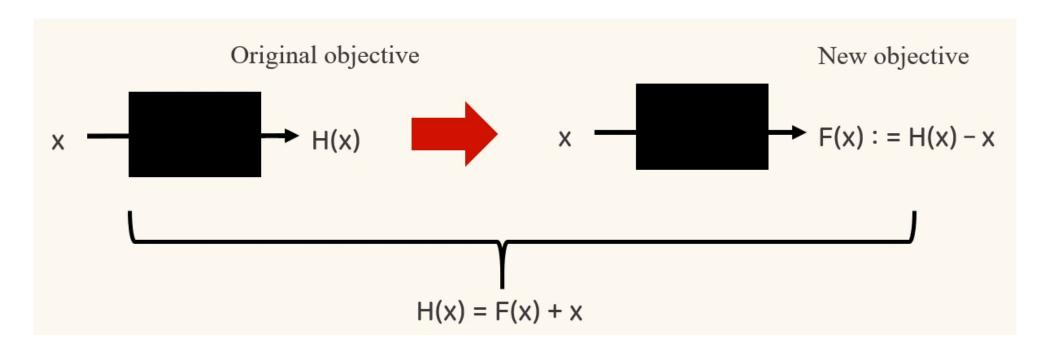
#### **Deep Layer**

>> Performance 증가?

# Structure - Identity Mapping

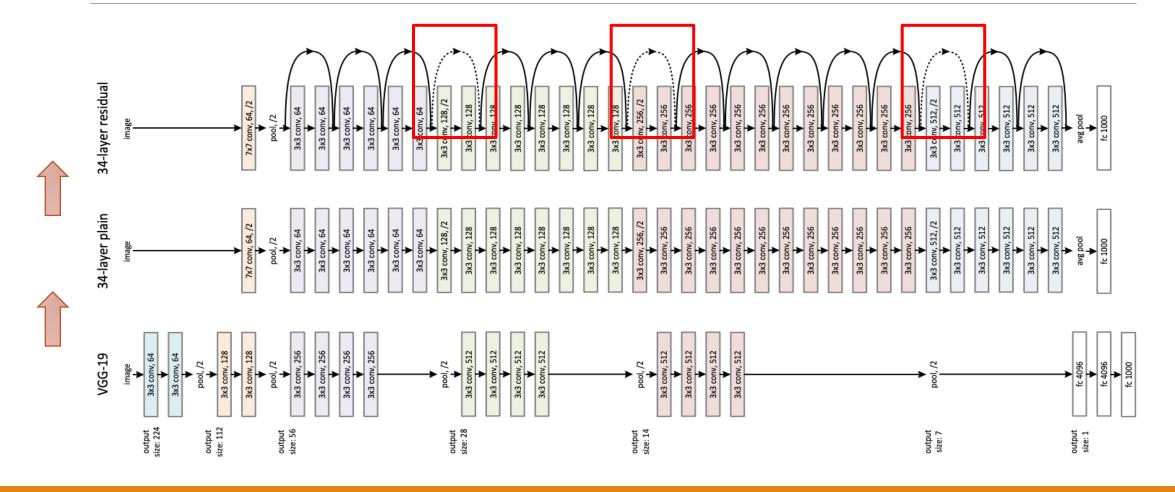


### Structure — How residual learning solves problem



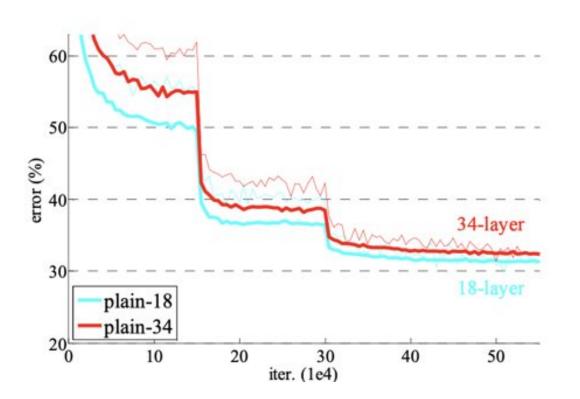
$$\mathbf{y}_l = h(\mathbf{x}_l) + \mathcal{F}(\mathbf{x}_l, \mathcal{W}_l),$$
  
 $\mathbf{x}_{l+1} = f(\mathbf{y}_l).$ 

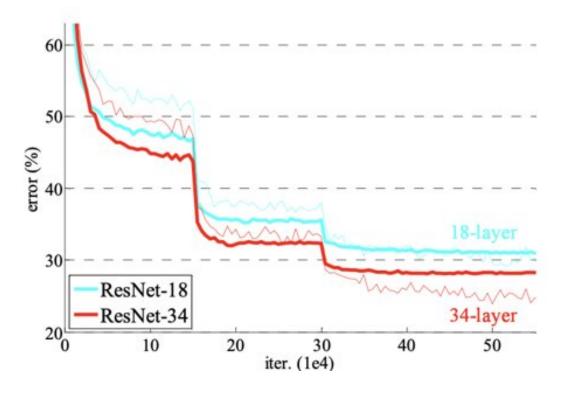
#### Structure



# Result

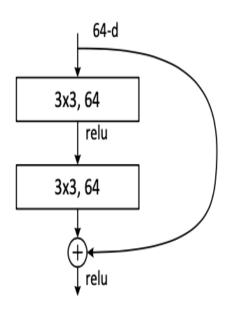
	plain	ResNet
18 layers	27.94	27.88
34 layers	28.54	25.03



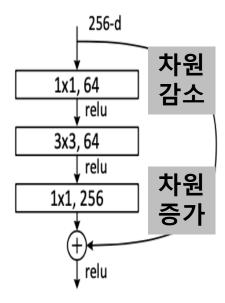


## Structure – Deeper Bottleneck Architecture

#### Non Bottle Neck Residual Block



#### Bottle Neck Residual Block



larras manas	autmut sina	10 1	24 1	50 Januar	101 1	152 1
layer name	output size	18-layer	34-layer	50-layer	101-layer	152-layer
convl	112×112			7×7, 64, stride 2	2	
				3×3 max pool, stric	ie 2	
conv2_x	56×56	$\left[\begin{array}{c}3\times3,64\\3\times3,64\end{array}\right]\times2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c}3\times3,64\\3\times3,64\end{array}\right]\times3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 1 \times 1, 256 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$	\[ \begin{array}{c} 1 \times 1, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 1 \times 1, 256 \end{array} \times 3 \]	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 64 \\ 3 \times 3, 64 \\ 1 \times 1, 256 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$
conv3_x	28×28	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3\times3, 128\\ 3\times3, 128 \end{array}\right] \times 2$	3×3, 128 3×3, 128 ×4	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{bmatrix} \times 4$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{bmatrix} \times 4$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 128 \\ 3 \times 3, 128 \\ 1 \times 1, 512 \end{bmatrix} \times 8$
conv4_x	14×14	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3\times3,256\\ 3\times3,256 \end{array}\right]\times2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 3\times3,256\\ 3\times3,256 \end{array}\right]\times6$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 1 \times 1, 1024 \end{bmatrix} \times 6$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 1 \times 1, 1024 \end{bmatrix} \times 23$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 256 \\ 3 \times 3, 256 \\ 1 \times 1, 1024 \end{bmatrix} \times 36$
conv5_x	7×7	$\left[\begin{array}{c}3\times3,512\\3\times3,512\end{array}\right]\times2$	$\left[\begin{array}{c}3\times3,512\\3\times3,512\end{array}\right]\times3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \times 1, 512 \\ 3 \times 3, 512 \\ 1 \times 1, 2048 \end{bmatrix} \times 3$
	1×1		avo	age pool, 1000-d fc,	softmax	
FL	OPs	1.8×10 <sup>9</sup>	3.6×10 <sup>9</sup>	3.8×10 <sup>9</sup>	7.6×10 <sup>9</sup>	11.3×10 <sup>9</sup>

Table 1. Architectures for ImageNet. Building blocks are shown in brackets (see also Fig. 5), with the numbers of blocks stacked. Downsampling is performed by conv3\_1, conv4\_1, and conv5\_1 with a stride of 2.

# Result

model	top-1 err.	top-5 err.
VGG-16 [41]	28.07	9.33
GoogLeNet [44]	-	9.15
PReLU-net [13]	24.27	7.38
plain-34	28.54	10.02
ResNet-34 A	25.03	7.76
ResNet-34 B	24.52	7.46
ResNet-34 C	24.19	7.40
ResNet-50	22.85	6.71
ResNet-101	21.75	6.05
ResNet-152	21.43	5.71

Table 3. Error rates (%, **10-crop** testing) on ImageNet validation. VGG-16 is based on our test. ResNet-50/101/152 are of option B that only uses projections for increasing dimensions.

method	top-1 err.	top-5 err.
VGG [41] (ILSVRC'14)	-	8.43 <sup>†</sup>
GoogLeNet [44] (ILSVRC'14)	-	7.89
VGG [41] (v5)	24.4	7.1
PReLU-net [13]	21.59	5.71
BN-inception [16]	21.99	5.81
ResNet-34 B	21.84	5.71
ResNet-34 C	21.53	5.60
ResNet-50	20.74	5.25
ResNet-101	19.87	4.60
ResNet-152	19.38	4.49

Table 4. Error rates (%) of **single-model** results on the ImageNet validation set (except  $^{\dagger}$  reported on the test set).

method	top-5 err. (test)
VGG [41] (ILSVRC'14)	7.32
GoogLeNet [44] (ILSVRC'14)	6.66
VGG [41] (v5)	6.8
PReLU-net [13]	4.94
BN-inception [16]	4.82
ResNet (ILSVRC'15)	3.57

Table 5. Error rates (%) of **ensembles**. The top-5 error is on the test set of ImageNet and reported by the test server.

### Paper parameter

- Resize the image
  - 256 x 480 (randomly sample to shorter side)
- Crop
  - 224 x 224
  - Randomly sampled from an image or its horizontal flip with the per-pixel mean subtracted
- Standard color augmentation
- Batch Normalization (each 'conv. BN activation')
- Train all plain/residual nets from scratch
- Weight : Initialize as reference \*(1)
- Stochastic Gradient Descent with mini-batch (size: 256)
- Learning Rate: 0.1 (lr/10 when the error plateaus)
- Weight decay: 0.0001
- Momentum: 0.9
- Iteration: up to  $60 \times 10^4$
- No drop-out

## **Thank You**

DEEP RESIDUAL LEARNING FOR IMAGE RECOGNITION