

SQL-3

Table: **Courses**

+-----+-----+	
Column Name	Type
+-----+-----+	
student	varchar
class	varchar
+-----+-----+	

(student, class) is the primary key column for this table.

Each row of this table indicates the name of a student and the class in which they are enrolled.

Write an SQL query to report all the classes that have **at least five students**.

Return the result table in **any order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Courses table:

+-----+-----+	
student	class
+-----+-----+	

A	Math	
B	English	
C	Math	
D	Biology	
E	Math	
F	Computer	
G	Math	
H	Math	
I	Math	
+-----+-----+		

Output:

+-----+		
class		
+-----+		
Math		
+-----+		

Explanation:

- Math has 6 students, so we include it.
- English has 1 student, so we do not include it.
- Biology has 1 student, so we do not include it.
- Computer has 1 student, so we do not include it.