The for...in loop



```
var myself = {firstname:"Rabbil", lastname:"Hasan", age:29,city:"Dhaka"};
for (props in myself) {
  console.log(myself[props]);
}
```

The for...of loop



```
var nameArray = ['Kamal', 'Jamal', 'Tomal', 'Malalmal'];
for(let oneName of nameArray)
{
  console.log(oneName);
}
```

simple for loop

```
ES6
```

```
var i;
var sum=0;
for(i=1;i<=10;i++)
{
    console.log(i);
}</pre>
```

Variable Hoisting



Hoisting মানে উত্তোলন Value assign আগে, Declare পরে

Variable Scope



Global Scope: In the global scope, the variable can be accessed from any part of the JavaScript code. Local Scope: In the local scope, the variable can be accessed within a function where it is declared.

]

ES6 Variables



Using let:

- let keyword is assigned the block scope
- let cannot be re-declared.
- can be reassigned a value.

Using const:

- It cannot be reassigned a value.
- It is block scoped.
- A constant cannot be re-declared.

Using var

- let can be re-declared.
- can be reassigned a value.

Dynamic function



Functions by using the function constructor.

```
var f = function (){
};
```

ES6 Rest Parameter



- Using rest parameter, a function can be called with any number of arguments.
- Rest parameter is prefixed with three dots (...).

```
function show(...numbers) {
    let sum = 0;
    for (let i of numbers) {
        sum += i;
    }
    console.log("Sum = "+sum);
    }
    show(1, 2, 2);
}
```

Without using spread operator

```
let poorCountry=['bangladesh','sirilanka'];
let richCounry=[...poorCountry,'America','Canda','Italy'];
console.log(richCounry)
```

```
let poorCountry=['bangladesh','sirilanka'];
let richCounry=['America','Canda','Italy'];
richCounry.push(poorCountry);
```

ES6 Spread Operator

• Spread= প্রসার, বিস্তার

- three dots (...).
- Array কে প্রশস্ত করে নতুন ভেলু যোগ করে

```
let poorCountry = ['Bangldesh', 'Sirilanka'];

let richCountry = ['China', 'Canada', 'America'];

let richCountry = [...poorCountry, 'China', 'Canada', 'America'];
```

ES6 Set

- Set is a collection of data
- Set is almost like array
- But it does not contain any duplicates.

```
var mySet= new Set();
mySet.add("Green")
mySet.add("Red")
mySet.add("Orange")
console.log(mySet);
```

```
let colors = new Set(['Green', 'Red', 'Orange', 'Yellow', 'Red']);
console.log(colors);
```

ES6 Arrays



ES6 Map

Map is a collection of data

```
var map = new Map();

map.set('key1', 'Bangladesh');
map.set('key2', 'India');
map.set('key3', 'Canada');
map.set('key4', 'America');

console.log(map.values());
console.log(map.keys());
```

ES6 Array de-structuring

break down a complex structure into simpler parts.

```
var countries = ["Bangladesh", "India", "China", "Germany", "Canada"];
// destructuring assignment
var[a,b,c,d] = countries;
console.log(d);
```

ES6 Multidimensional Arrays

```
var one=["A","B","C","D","E"]
var two=["A","B","C","D","E"]
var three=["A","B","C","D","E"]

var total=[one,two,three]
```

Simple Array

```
var MyArray = new Array(1,2,3,4,5);
```

```
var MyArray = [1,2,3,4,5];
```

ES6 Arrays

- ES6 Arrays
- ES6 Array Methods
- ES6 Array destructuring
- ES6 Map
- ES6 Set

ES6 Arrow Function



- To write smaller function syntax.
- Arrow functions make your code more readable and structured.
- Arrow functions are anonymous functions
- Can declare without the function keyword.

Arrow functions cannot be used as the constructors.

Anonymous function



- A function without a name
- It can be declared dynamically at runtime
 An anonymous function can be assigned within a variable.

ES6 Function



- Simple Function
- Parameterized functions
- Rest Parameters
- Returning functions
- Anonymous function
- Parameterized Anonymous function
- Arrow functions
- The Function Constructor

ES6 Module



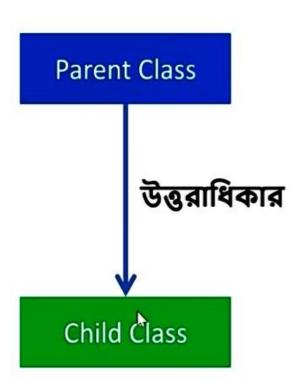
- Module জোট,একত্রিত কিছু
- ES6 Module Export ES6 Module Import
- Modules make it easy to maintain the code
- Debug the code
- Reuse the piece of code



Super Keyword

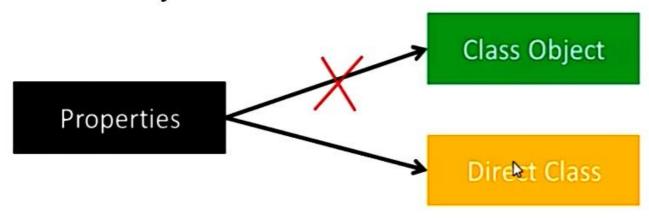


Class Inheritance



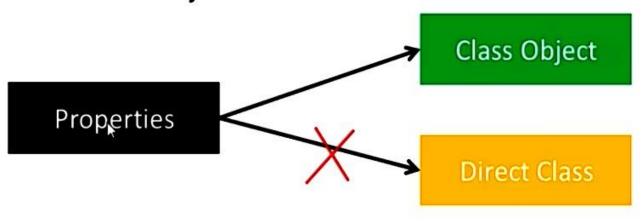


With Static Keyword:





Without Static Keyword:





ES6 Class Constructor

D

- Constructor হচ্ছে ক্লাসের নিজেম্ব মেথড/ফাংশন
- ক্লাস অবজেক্ট তৈরি হলেই, Constructor অটো কল হয়
- অন্য ফাংশনের মতোই Constructor কাজ করে
- কিন্তু Constructor রিটার্ন করতে পারে না



ক্লাস কেনো দরকার ?

- Before ES6, it was hard to create a class in JavaScript.
- But in ES6, we can create the class by using the class keyword

ES6 Set

- .clear()
- .delete(value)
- .has(value)
- .values()
- Set.size

Module Export Import

- Class Export
- Function Export
- Variable Export
- Class Import
- Function Import
- Variable Import

- Named: Export-Import By Using Same Name
- Default: Export Import By Using Any Name