

Specification Approval Sheet

产品规格书

Battery Type: GRPA495183-25C-44.4V 22000mAh

电池型号: GRPA495183-25C-44.4V 22000mAh

| | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------|
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| E | 修正部分参数 | Linli | Zhaoshixing | 2021-3-15 |
| | | | | |

Appendix

附

Customer's Checking Criterion
(customer required)

客户验收标准（客户必填）：

☒ By Grepow's Testing Criterion for Lithium Polymer Battery.

按格瑞普电池有限公司电池检验标准

☐ By Customer's Testing Request and Criterion (Customer must supply the checking criterion)

按客户要求检验（需附验货标准）

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1. Scope 适用范围

This document describes the Product Specification of the Lithium-Polymer (LIP) rechargeable battery cell supplied by SHENZHEN GREPOW BATTERY CO.,LTD.

本规格说明书描述了深圳市格瑞普电池有限公司生产的可充电聚合物锂离子电池的产品性能指标

2. Specification 产品规格

Package specification 电池组规格

| Package (电池组) | NO | Items | Specifications |
|------------------|----|--|--|
| | 1 | Combination method (组合方式) | 12 S 1 P (十二串一并) |
| | 2 | Nominal capacity 标称容量 | 22000mAh @ 0.2C Discharge(放电) |
| | 3 | Minimum capacity 最小容量 | 21500mAh @ 0.2C Discharge(放电) |
| | 4 | Nominal voltage 标称电压 | 44.4V |
| | 5 | PACK Voltage(As of shipment) 电池电压(出货状态) | 45.0~46.2V (cell: 3.75~3.85V) |
| | 6 | Internal Impedance(内阻) | ≤12m Ω |
| | 7 | Dimensions (尺寸) | MAX (T*W*H) : 116*172*235.5mm±1mm |
| | 8 | Pack weight (电池重量) | 6000±100 g (APPROX) |
| | 9 | Standard Charge 标准充电 | 0.2C CC (constant current) charge to50.4V, then CV(constant voltage 50.4V)charge till charge current decline to ≤0.05C 0.2C CC (恒流) 充电至 50.4V, 再 CV (恒压 50.4V) 充 电直至充电电流≤0.05C |
| | 10 | Rapid Charge 快速充电 | Constant Current 30A, Constant Voltage50.4V, 0.05C cut-off 持续电流: 30A 持续电压: 50.4V 截止电流: 0.05C |
| | 11 | Charging time 充电时间 | Standard Charging: 7.5 hours(Ref.) 标准充电: 7.5 小时 (参考值) Rapid charge: 1.0 hours(Ref.) 快速充电: 1.0 小时 (参考值) |
| | 12 | Standard discharge 标准放电 | Constant current 0.2C end voltage 38.4V 持续电流: 0.2C 截止电压: 38.4V |
| | 13 | Maximum discharge current 最大放电持续电流 | Constant current 100A end voltage 42.6V 持续电流 100A 截止电压: 42.6V |

注: If no otherwise specified, an interval rest time is 30min between charging and discharging.
如果没有特别说明, 电池充放电间隔时间为 30 分钟。

3. Protection Circuit Characteristics (at 25℃)保护板特性

3.1 保护板参数

| 类别 Category | 项目 Item | 规格（典型值） Specification (typical value) | 备注 Remarks |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| 充电参数 Charging parameters | 最大充电电压 Maximum charging voltage | 50.4V | 充电器管控 Controlled by charger |
| | 最大充电电流 Maximum charging current | 30.0A | 充电器管控 Controlled by charger |
| | 工作温度（充电） Working temperature (charging) | +4℃~+45℃ | |
| | | | |
| 放电参数 Discharge parameters | 可持续工作电流 Continuous working current | 100A | |
| | 峰值电流 Peak current | 150A | <3 秒 |
| | 工作温度（放电） Working temperature (discharge) | +10℃~+85℃ | |
| | | | |
| 采集误差 Acquisition tolerance | 采集串数 Acquisition of Serials battery | 12S | |
| | 单体电压采集误差 Acquisition tolerance of single cell voltage | ± 5mV | 25℃ |
| | 电流采集误差 Acquisition tolerance of current | ± 5% | 25℃ |
| | 温度采集误差 Acquisition tolerance of temperature | ± 2℃ | |
| 均衡功能 Balancing function | 均衡方式 Balancing method | 内置被动均衡 Built-in passive balancing | |
| | 单体电压均衡启动门限 Activation of single cell voltage tolerance balancing | 3900mV | |
| | 均衡电流 Balancing current | 30-50mA | |
| | 单体电压差均衡启动门限 Activation of single cell voltage tolerance balancing | > 40mV | |
| | 单体电压差均衡关闭门限 Inactivation of single cell voltage tolerance balancing | < 20mV | |
| 电量管理 Capacity management | SOC 容量统计误差 SOC capacity statistics tolerance | < 5% | |
| | SOC 过低告警值 Low SOC alarm value | < 5% | |
| 功耗参数 Power consumption parameters | 运行状态功耗 Working power consumption | <10mA | |
| | 休眠静态功耗 Sleeping mode power consumption | < 500uA | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| | | | |
| 保护参数 Protection parameters | 单体电池过充告警值 Overcharge alarm value of single cell | $> 4.250 \pm 0.05V$ | 红灯+白灯常亮告警 red light + white light always on alarm |
| | 单体电池过充告警延迟值 Overcharge alarm latency value of single cell | 2-5S | |
| | 单体电池过充告警恢复值 Overcharge alarm release value of single cell | $< 4.180 \pm 0.05V$ | 红灯+白灯熄灭 red light + white light off |
| | 单体电池过放告警值 Over-discharge alarm value of single cell | $< 3.30 \pm 0.10V$ | 红灯+白灯常亮告警 red light + white light always on alarm |
| | 单体电池过放告警延迟值 Over-discharge alarm latency value of single cell | 2-5S | |
| | 单体电池过放告警恢复值 Over-discharge alarm release value of single cell | $> 3.650 \pm 0.1V$ | 红灯+白灯熄灭 red light + white light off |
| | 放电高温一级告警值 Value of first-level high temperature alarm when discharge | $\geq 50^{\circ}C$ | 白灯闪烁 white light flashing |
| | 放电高温一级告警延迟值 Latency value of first-level high temperature alarm when discharge | 2-5S | |
| | 放电高温一级告警恢复值 Release value of first-level high temperature alarm when discharge | $< 45^{\circ}C$ | 白灯熄灭 white light off |

| | | | |
|------|--|---------------------------|---|
| 保护参数 | 放电高温二级告警值 Value of second-level high temperature alarm when discharge | $\geq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 红灯闪烁 red light flashing |
| | 放电高温二级告警恢复值 Release value of second-level high temperature alarm when discharge | $\leq 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 红灯熄灭, 转白灯闪烁 red light off, white light flash |
| | 放电低温警告值 Value of low temperature alarm when discharge | $\leq 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 白灯闪烁 white light flashing |
| | 放电低温告警延迟值 Latency value of low temperature alarm when discharge | 2-5S | |
| | 放电低温告警恢复值 Release value of low temperature alarm when discharge | $\geq 15^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 白灯熄灭 white light off |
| | 充电高温一级告警值 Value of first-level high temperature alarm when charge | $\geq 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 白灯闪烁 white light flashing |
| | 充电高温一级告警延迟值 Latency value of first-level high temperature alarm when charge | 2-5S | |
| | 充电高温一级告警恢复值 Release value of first-level high temperature alarm when charge | $< 45^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 白灯熄灭 white light off |
| | 充电高温二级告警值 Value of second-level high temperature alarm when charge | $\geq 75^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 红灯闪烁 white light flashing |
| | 充电高温二级告警恢复值 Release value of second-level high temperature alarm when charge | $\leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 红灯熄灭, 转白灯闪烁 red light off, white light flash |
| | 充电低温警告值 Value of low temperature alarm when charge | $< 4^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 白灯闪烁 white light flashing |
| | 充电低温告警延迟值 Latency value of low temperature alarm when charge | 2-5S | |
| | 充电低温告警恢复值 Release value of low temperature alarm when charge | $\geq 15^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 白灯熄灭 white light off |
| | 充电一级过流告警值 First-level over-current alarm value when charging | $\geq 50\text{A}$ | 白灯常亮 white light always on |
| | 充电一级过流告警延时值 First-level latency value of over-current alarm when charging | 2-5S | |

充电一级过流告警解除
First-level clearness value of over-current alarm when charging

电流 $< 50\text{A}$, 或者断开电源自动解除
Current $< 50\text{A}$, or disconnect the power and automatically release

白灯熄灭
white light off

充电二级过流告警值
Second-level over-current alarm value when charging

$\geq 60\text{A}$

红灯+白灯常亮
red light +white light always on

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|
| | 充电二级过流告警解除 Second-level clearness value of over-current alarm when charging | 电流 $<60A$, 或者断开电源自动解除 Current $< 60A$, or disconnect the power and automatically release | 电流: $50<I<60A$ 时, 红灯熄灭, 白灯亮起; $I<50A$ 时, 红+白灯熄灭 Current: When $50<I<60A$, the red light is off and the white light is on; when $I<50A$, the red + white light is off |
| | 充电短路告警 Short circuit alarm when charging | 充电电流 $\geq 70A$ Charge current $\geq 70A$ | 红灯+白灯常亮 red light +white light always on |
| | 充电短路解除 Short circuit clearness when charging | 断开电源或者手动解除 Disconnect power or manually release | 红+白灯熄灭 red light +white light off |
| | 放电短路保护 Short circuit protection when charging | 无/ | |
| | 电池组反充电保护 Battery pack anti-charging protection | 无/ | |
| 通讯方式 Communication | CAN | 支持Supported | 外部定义可选 External Definition Optional |

注：以上参数为推荐参考值, 如有细微修订, 恕不另行通知。

Note: The above parameters are recommended values for reference, which is subject to minor revision without notice.

3.2 工作状态说明

3.2.1 通常状态 Working status description

保护板正确连接上电后，在没有过压、欠压、过流、短路以及过温等告警状态发生时，可以进行正常充放电。

After the BMS is correctly connected and powered on, normal charging and discharging can be performed when no warning circumstance such as over-voltage, under-voltage, over-current, short circuit, and over-temperature occur.

3.2.2 过充告警和恢复 Overcharge alarm and release

当任意一电芯电压VCELL大于过充电告警电压且持续时间超过延时时间，BMS判定为过充，白色状态灯与红色状态灯会同时亮起发出告警，当电芯电压恢复到过充电恢复电压时，状态解除。

When the voltages of any single cells are beyond the overcharge limit and the duration exceeds the latency time, the BMS will define it as overcharged, in this case, the white and red LEDs will be light up at the same time to give an alarm. When the cell voltage returns to the overcharge dependent complex voltage, the state will be relieved.

3.2.3 过放电告警和恢复 Over discharge and recovery

当任意一电芯电压VCELL小于过放电告警电压且持续时间超过延时时间，BMS判定为过放，白色状态灯与红色状态灯会同时亮起发出告警。当电芯电压恢复到过放电恢复电压时，状态解除。

When the voltage of single cells are lower than over discharge limit and the duration is longer than the latency time, the BMS will define it as over discharged. In this case, the white and red LEDs will be light up at the same time to give an alarm. When the cell voltage returns to the over discharge fast complex voltage, the state will be relieved.

3.2.4 过温告警和恢复 Over temperature alarm and recovery

当BMS监测到温度上升和下降到告警值且持续时间超过延时时间时，将触发过温告警。进入一级过温状态时，白色状态灯会闪烁发出告警，当进入二级过温状态时，红色状态灯会闪烁发出告警。当温度下降或者上升到温度恢复值时，告警解除。

The over-temperature protection will be activated when the BMS detects the temperature rises or falls to the alarm value and the duration exceeds the latency time, until the temperature falls or rises to the temperature recovery value. When entering the overtemperature alarm state, both the white status light and the red status light will be on at the same time to issue the alarm.

3.2.5 过流和恢复 Over-current and recovery

当充电或者放电电流超过充电/放电电流值且持续时间超过延迟时间，保护板过流告警，达到恢复时间时，状态解除。

When the charging or discharging current exceeds the charging/discharging current value and the duration exceeds the delay time, the protection board will give an overcurrent alarm, and the state will be released when the recovery time is reached.

3.2.6 压差告警和恢复 Imbalanced pressure alarm and recovery

当电池组中电芯压差大于预设值时，将触发压差告警。进入一级压差告警时，白色状态灯会亮起，进入二级压差告警时，红色状态灯会亮起。当压差恢复到预设值范围内，白灯或者红等将会熄灭，解除告警。

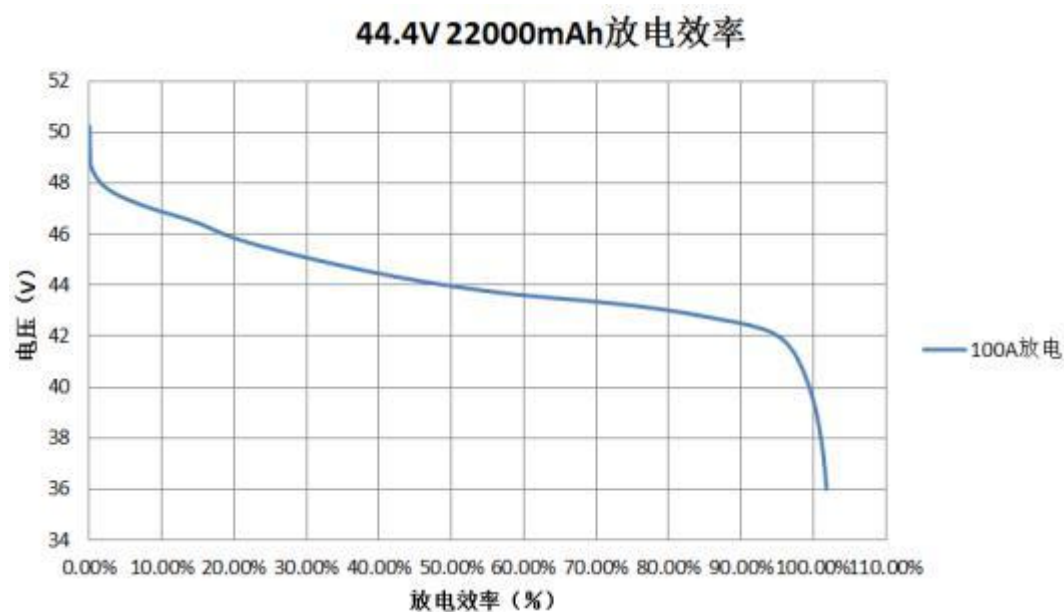
When the voltage difference between the cells in the battery pack is greater than the preset value, a voltage imbalance alarm will be triggered. When entering the first-level imbalanced pressure alarm, the white status light will be on, and when entering

the second-level imbalanced pressure alarm, the red status light will be on. When the imbalanced pressure returns to the preset value range, the white or red light will go out and the alarm will be cleared.

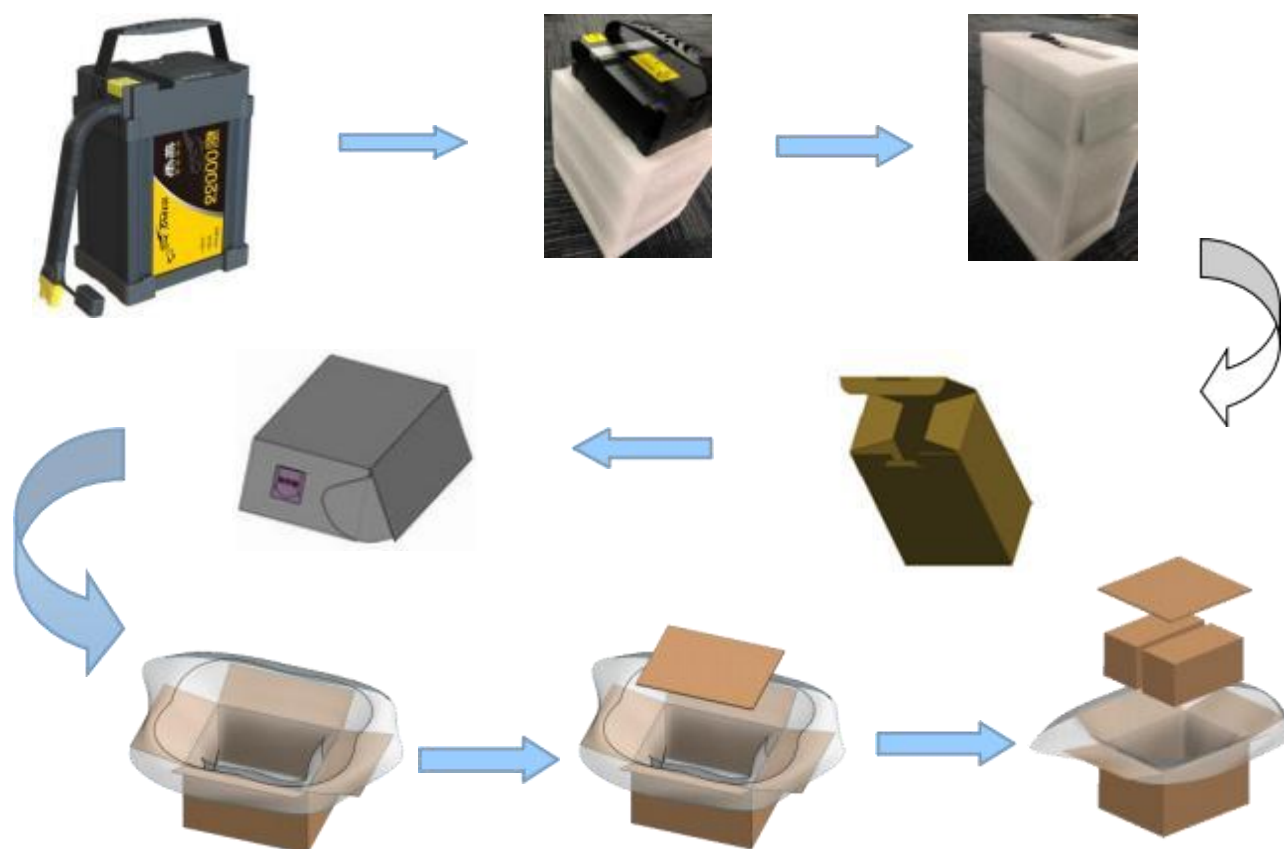
4. Pack Drawing 组装示意图



5. Discharge curve 放电曲线

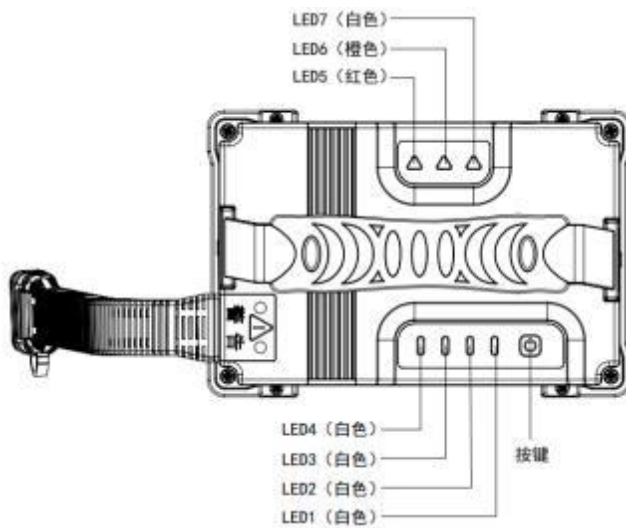


6. Package Schemes 包装示意



7. Operating Instruction 使用说明

7.1 控制面板、指示灯说明



7.2 按键功能 Button Definitions

7.2.1 查看：关机状态，短按按键，LED指示电量，2S后熄灭；

Short-Check: When the battery is powered off, by shortly pressing the button, the LED will light up successively to show SOC. After 2 seconds, all LED lights will be off.

7.2.2 开机：关机状态下，短按按键，LED指示电量，在灯没有熄灭状态下，再长按按键2秒以上，电量指示灯从LED1到LED4依次全亮，开机完成，随后LED指示当前电量。

Power-on: Keep pressing the button more than 2 seconds till all LED lights are successively turn on. The LED lights indicate the SOC.

7.2.3 关机：电池开机状态下，短按按键，4个LED全闪，再长按按键2秒以上，LED指示灯从LED4到LED1依次全灭，电池进入关机状态。

Power-off: Pressing the button till all 4 LEDs are flashing, then press the button again more than 2 seconds, LED will light off successively, the battery will be powered off.

7.2.4 健康指示：关闭状态下，长按键5S以上，电量指示灯显示电池的寿命；

Battery Lifespan Indicator: While the battery is powered off, keep pressing the button more than 5 seconds, LEDs will show the lifespan of battery.

7.3 智能电量指示 Smart SOC Indicator

BMS设计了4个LED，分8等级指示电池电量；

The 4 LED indicators show the SOC of battery at eight different levels.

说明：● 表示常亮；○ 表示熄灭；⊙ 表示闪烁；

Note: “●” On. “○” off. “⊙” flash.

7.3.1 待机与放电状态下的电量指示 SOC Indication in Standby Mode and Discharging Mode

| 当前容量 SOC Capacity | LED1 | LED2 | LED3 | LED4 |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 0%~12% | ⊙ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 13%~24% | ● | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 25%~37% | ● | ⊙ | ○ | ○ |
| 38%~49% | ● | ● | ○ | ○ |

| | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|
| 50%~62% | ● | ● | ⊙ | ○ |
| 63%~74% | ● | ● | ● | ○ |
| 75%~94% | ● | ● | ● | ⊙ |
| 95%~100% | ● | ● | ● | ● |

7.3.2 充电状态的电量指示

SOC Indication in Standby Mode and Charging Mode

| 当前容量 | LED1 | LED2 | LED3 | LED4 |
|----------|------|------|------|------|
| 0%~12% | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| 13%~37% | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| 38%~62% | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| 63 ~94% | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| 95%~100% | ● | ● | ● | ● |

注：①如果是开机后充电，电池充满电后电量指示灯10分钟后全熄灭。

②如果是自动唤醒充电，电池充满电后电量指示灯10秒内全熄灭。

Note:①If charging after battery on, all LED indicators will be off after ten minutes when full charging.

②If charging in standby mode, all LED indicators will be off within ten seconds after full charging.

7.3.3 剩余使用寿命指示灯Residual Lifespan Indicator

电池关闭状态长按按键5S，LED显示电池当前剩余使用寿命。

When the battery is powered off, keep pressing the button for 5 seconds, then the LED indicator will show the lifespan of battery.

| 剩余寿命 Residual Lifespan | ED1 | LED2 | LED3 | LED4 |
|------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|
| 88%~100% | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| 75%~87% | ● | ● | ● | ● |
| 63%~74% | ● | ● | ● | ○ |
| 50%~62% | ● | ● | ● | ○ |
| 38%~49% | ● | ● | ○ | ○ |
| 25%~37% | ● | ● | ○ | ○ |
| 13%~24% | ● | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| 12%以下 | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |

7.4 状态LED指示Residual Lifespan

①. 红色LED: 电池处于二级告警状态，此状态下电池不能继续使用。

①.Red LED: The battery is in the second-level alarm state, and the battery can no longer be used in this state.

②. 白色LED: 电池处于一级告警状态，此状态下电池不适合使用。

②. White LED: The battery is in the first-level alarm state, and the battery is not suitable for use in this state.

③. 错误指示: 红灯与白灯同时亮起。

③. Error indication: The red and white lights are on at the same time.

| 红色 (LED5) Red LED5 | 白色 (LED7) White LED7 | 说明Remarks |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ● | ○ | 过温二级告警 Over-temperature secondary |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | | alarm |
| ● | ○ | 压差二级告警 Imbalanced pressure secondary alarm |
| ● | ○ | 电池电量过低 low battery |
| ○ | ⊙ | 过温一级告警 Over-temperature first-level alarm |
| ○ | ● | 压差一级告警 Pressure imbalance level 1 alarm |
| ● | ● | 电池过放、短路等错误告警 Error alarms such as battery over-discharge and short circuit |

7.5 休眠功能Sleep Mode

①当电池开机10分钟后， BMS进入系统休眠，降低自耗，充电或放电可以激活到正常工作状态。

① Without any action after battery power-on more than 10 minutes, BMS will enter into sleeping mode to reduce power consumption. The BMS can be activated by charging and discharging.

②当任意一节电池电压将低于3.65V后， 为了保证电池安全， BMS将进入二级节能模式， 在此模式下电池组可安全待机3~4个月， 如果超出此事件， 用户必须将电池报废或者返回原厂进行安全检查！

②when single cell voltage is lower than 3.65V, BMS will enter into low power consumption status and battery can be stored safely within 4 months. If beyond 4 months, the battery is not allowed to be used and should resend to manufacturer for checking.

③如因电池电量严重不足且闲置事件过长， 电池将进入深度休眠模式， 此模式下， 电池需要手动开机换新， 并立即充电。

③battery will enter into deep sleeping mode if battery under extremely low voltage. In this mode, please manually starting up battery and charging at once.

7.6 自均衡功能Self-balancing

当电池静置时间>6小时后， 如果BMS检测到各单元电芯的电压差值达到预设值， 均衡功能被触发。

When voltage difference touches the setting threshold after 6 hours standby, self-balance function will be triggered.

7.7 智能存储功能Smart Storage Mode

超过5天不使用电池， 请将电池放电至40~70%电量存放， 可延长电池的使用寿命。如将电池满电状态存储， 电池会自动开启智能存储功能（由满电放电至合适存储的电量， 放电过程电池温度可能会升高， 这属正常现象）。建议将电池存放在专用电池箱内。切勿将电池彻底放完电后长时间存储， 以避免电池进入过放状态， 造成电芯损坏， 将无法恢复使用。

If battery will not be used in several days, store the battery at 40~70% SOC. If store at full SOC, the battery will trigger smart storage function(self-discharging to 40~70% SOC, battery temperature will go up during self-discharging). The battery should be put into safety box for long-term storage. Never store the battery at full discharged status, otherwise cell will be damaged and cannot be used anymore.

7.8 软件升级功能Software Update

BMS具有软件升级功能， 可通过专用的升级通讯转换模块， 将CAN口转为USB口连接电脑后通过上位机进行软件升级， 更新电池软件。

The software can be updated. Directly turn the CAN port to USB port then connect to computer to realize software update.

7.9 电池日志记录功能Battery Date Log（该功能需用户自定义开放）

BMS设计有日志记录功能， 能够对电池整个生命过程的数据记录存储。电池日志信息包含单体电压， 电流， 电池温度， 循环次数， 异常状态次数等， 用户可以通过专用的上位机连接电池进行查看。

BMS can record all using data of battery, including voltage, current, temperature, cycle times and error status time ect.

(This customized function needs to be opened by user)

8. Performance And Test Conditions 电池性能测试条件

8.1 Standard test condition（标准测试条件）

Before proceed the following tests, the battery should be discharged at 0.2C to 38.4V cutoff. Unless otherwise stated, tests should be done within one month of delivery under the following conditions:

Ambient temperature: $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative Humidity: $\leq 75\% \text{RH}$

Note Standard Charge/Discharge Conditions:

Charge: The battery will be charged to 50.4V with 0.2C from constant current to constant voltage, when the current is 0.05C, stop to charge.;

Discharge: 0.2C to 38.4V

在进行下例各项测试前电池应用 0.2C 放至 38.4V。如果没有特别规定， 测试应在电池交付 1 个月内按以下各项条件进行：

环境温度： $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ 相对湿度： $\leq 75\% \text{RH}$

注意标准充放电为:

充电: 以 0.2C 电流恒流充电至限制电压 50.4V 时, 改为恒压充电, 直到截止电流为 0.05C 时停止充电;

放电: 以 0.2C 电流恒流放电至限制电压 38.4V

8.2 Visual inspection (外观检查)

There shall be no such defect as scratch, flaw, crack, and leakage, which may adversely affect commercial value of the cell..

不允许有任何影响电池性能的外观缺陷, 诸如裂纹、裂缝、泄漏等。

8.3 Measuring Instrument or Apparatus (测量器具及设备)

8.3.1 Dimension Measuring Instrument (尺寸测量器具)

The dimension measurement shall be implemented by instruments with equal or more precision scale of 0.01mm.

尺寸测量器具的精度等级应不小于 0.01 mm 。

8.3.2 Voltmeter (伏特计)

Standard class specified in the national standard or more sensitive class having inner impedance more than 10k Ω /V

按照国家标准指定规格等级或采用灵敏度更高的， 测量电压时内阻不应小于 10k Ω /V。

8.3.3 Ammeter (安培计)

Standard class specified in the national standard or more sensitive class. Total external resistance including ammeter and wire is less than 0.01 Ω .

按照国家标准指定规格等级或采用灵敏度更高的， 包括电流表及电线在内的总外阻应小于 0.01 Ω 。

8.3.4 Impedance Meter (电阻计)

Impedance shall be measured by a sinusoidal alternating current method (1kHz LCR meter).

内阻测试仪测量原理应为交流阻抗法 (1kHz LCR) 。

8 4 Routine Inspection And Testing Of Battery Performance 电池常规性能检查及测试

| NO | Items | Test Method and Condition | Criteria |
|----|---|---|-------------------|
| 1 | Discharge Performance at different temperature 不同温度下放电特性 | High Temperature: Storage 2 hours at $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ after standard charge, 0.2C discharge at $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 高温: 标准充电后储存在 $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 的环境中, 2 小时后用 0.2C 放电 | $\geq 90\%$ |
| | | Normal Temperature: Standard Charge / Discharge 常温: 标准充放电 | $\geq 100\%$ |
| | | Low Temperature: Storage 2 hours at $0 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ after standard charge, 0.2C discharge at $0 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 低温: 标准充电后储存在 $0 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 2 小时后用 0.2C 放电 | $\geq 90\%$ |
| | | Low Temperature: Storage 2 hours at $-20 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ after standard charge, 0.2C discharge at $-20 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ 低温: 标准充电后储存在 $-20 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, 2 小时后用 0.2C 放电 | $\geq 70\%$ |
| 2 | Cycle Life 循环寿命 | Test condition: Step1: Charge: 25A to 50.4V , end current 0.05C Step2: Rest :30min Step3: Discharge: 100A to 42.6V Step4: cycle from step1 to step 3 More than 80% first capacity at 100A discharging 测试条件: 1) 恒流恒压充电: 25A 充电到 50.4V, 限流 0.05C | ≥ 200 Circle |

| | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------|---|---|
| | | | 2) 静置: 30min 3) 恒流放电: 100A 放电到 42.6V 4) 循环 1) 至 3) 工步 当以 100A 放电容量小于初始容量 80%时, 所完成的循环次数定义为该电芯的循环寿命 | |
| 3 | Charge retention 荷电保持 | 20 ℃ for 28days 常温 28 天 | Standard charge, storage: 28days at 20±2℃ 0.2C discharge at 20±2℃to test residual capacity 标准充满电后 20±2℃贮藏 28 天。 然后常温下 0.2C 放电, 所得容量为剩 容量 | Residual capacity ≥90% (First Capacity) 剩余容量≥90%初始容量 |
| | | | Standard charge/discharge for 3 cycles, to test recovery capacity 按标准充放电制式循环 3 次, 取最大值为恢复容量 | Recovery Capacity ≥95% (First Capacity) 恢复容量≥95%初 容量 |
| | High Temperature storage Characteristics 高温储存特性 | | Residual capacity≥95%, 容量保持率≥ 95 %, Recovery Capacity≥95%容量恢复率≥ 95 %, Thickness Variation≤ 5 %厚度增加≤ 5 %, Impedance Variation≤ 10 %内阻增加≤ 10 % | 60℃ for 4 hours 60℃ 4 小时 |

Appendix 1

附录 1

Handling Precautions and Guideline For LIP(Lithium-Ion Polymer)Rechargeable Batteries 聚合物锂离子充电电池操作指示及注意事项

Preface

This document of ' Handling Precautions and Guideline for LIP Rechargeable Batteries shall be applied to the battery cells manufactured by GREPOW.

前言

本文件“聚合物锂离子充电电池操作指示及注意事项”仅适用于深圳市格瑞普电池有限公司生产的电池。

Note(1):

The customer is requested to contact GREPOW in advance, if and when the customer needs other applications or operating conditions than those described in this document. Additional experimentation may be required to verify performance and safety under such conditions.

声明一:

客户若需要将电池用于超出文件规定以外的设备，或在文件规定以外的使用条件下使用电池，应事先联系格瑞普，因为需要进行特定的实验测试以核实电池在该使用条件下的性能及安全性。

Note(2):

GREPOW will take no responsibility for any accident when the cell is used under other conditions than those described in this Document.

声明二:

对于在超出文件规定以外的条件下使用电池而造成的任何意外事故，格瑞普概不负责。

Note(3):

GREPOW will inform, in a written form, the customer of improvement(s) regarding proper use and handing of the cell, if it is deemed necessary.

声明三:

如有必要，格瑞普会以书面形式告之客户有关正确操作使用电池的改进措施。

1. Charging 充电

1.1 Charging current 充电电流:

Charging current should be less than maximum charge current specified in the Product Specification. Charging with higher current than recommended value may cause damage to cell electrical, mechanical and safety performance and could lead to heat generation or leakage.

充电电流不得超过本标准书中规定的最大充电电流。使用高于推荐值电流充电将可能引起电池的充放电性能、机械性能和安全性能的问题，并可能会导致发热或泄漏。

1.2 Charging voltage 充电电压:

Charging shall be done by voltage less than that specified in the Product Specification 50.4V. Charging beyond 51V, which is the absolute maximum voltage, must be strictly prohibited. The charger shall be designed to comply with this condition.

It is very dangerous that charging with higher voltage than maximum voltage may cause damage to the cell electrical, mechanical safety performance and could lead to heat generation

or leakage.

充电电压不得超过本标准书中规定的额定电压 50.4V。51V 为充电电压最高极限，充电器设计应满足此条件。

电芯电压高于额定电压值时，将可能引起电池的充放电性能、机械性能和安全性能的问题，可能会导致发热或泄漏。

1.3 Charging temperature 充电温度:

The battery shall be charged within 10°C~45°C range in the Product Specification.

电池必须在 10°C~45°C 的环境温度范围内进行充电。

1.4 Prohibition of reverse charging 禁止反向充电:

Reverse charging is prohibited. The battery shall be connected correctly. The polarity has to be confirmed before wiring, In case of the battery is connected improperly, the battery cannot be charged. Simultaneously, the reverse charging may cause damaging to the battery which may lead to degradation of battery performance and damage the battery safety, and could cause heat generation or leakage.

正确连接电池的正负极，严禁反向充电。若电池正负极接反，将无法对电池进行充电。同时，反向充电会降低电池的充放电性能、安全性，并会导致发热、泄漏。

2. Discharging 放电

2.1 Discharging current 放电电流

The battery shall be discharged at less than the maximum discharge current specified in the Product Specification.

High discharging current may reduce the discharging capacity significantly or cause over-heat.

放电电流不得超过本标准书规定的最大放电电流，大电流放电会导致电池容量剧减并导致过热。

2.2 Discharging temperature 放电温度

The battery discharge temperature is -20~60°C, 10~45°C environment suggested when Discharge with large current, small current discharge suggested under <10°C or >45°C, Discharged under too low or too high temperature could lead to battery failure or other conditions.

电池放电环境温度为-20~60°C，大电流放电建议在 10~45°C 环境下进行，<10°C 或 >45°C 建议用小电流进行放电，过低或过高温度大电流放电将可能导致电池失效或出现其他状况。

2.3 Over-discharging 过放电:

It should be noted that the battery would be at over-discharged state by its self-discharge characteristics in case the cell is not used for long time. In order to prevent over-discharging, the battery shall be charged periodically to maintain between 44.4V and 46.8V.

Over-discharging may causes loss of cell performance, characteristics, or battery functions. The charger shall be equipped with a device to prevent further discharging exceeding a cut-off voyage specified in the Product Specification. Also the charger shall be equipped with a device to control the recharging procedures as follows:

The battery pack shall start with a low current (0.01C) for 15-30 minutes, i.e.-charging, before rapid charging starts. The rapid charging shall be started after the (individual) cell voltage has been reached above 3.0V within 15-30 minutes that can be determined with the use of an

appropriate timer for pre-charging. In case the (individual) cell voltage does not rise to 3.0V within the pre-charging time, then the charger shall have functions to stop further charging and display the cell/pack is at abnormal state.

需要注意的是，在电池长期未使用期间，它可能会用其它自放电特性而处于某种过放电状态。为防止放电的发生，电池应定期充电，将其电压维持在 44.4V 至 46.8V 之间。

过放电会导致电池性能、电池功能的丧失。

充电器应有装置来防止电池放电至低于本标准书规定的截止电压。此外，充电器还应有装置以防止重复充电，步骤如下：

电池在快速充电之前，应先以一小电流（0.01C）预充电 15~30 分钟，以使（每个）电芯的电压达到 3.0V 以上，再进行快速充电。可用一计时器来实现该预充电步骤。如果在预充电规定时间内，（个别）电池的电压仍未升到 3.0V 以上，充电器应能够停止下一步快速充电，并显示该/电池正处于非正常状态。

3. Storage 贮存

3.1 Storage condition 储存条件

When voltage is over 46.8V, battery should be stored in the environment humidity $\leq 75\%RH$, temperature $-20^{\circ}C \sim 35^{\circ}C$. Storage time should be less than 7 days.

When voltage is 44.4V~46.8 V, battery could be stored for long term in the environment humidity $\leq 75\%RH$, temperature $-20^{\circ}C \sim 35^{\circ}C$. Need to active the battery once every three month, so as to keep voltage during 44.4V~46.8V ;

Storage time > 7 days, voltage is NOT allowed to be higher than 46.8V.

环境湿度 $\leq 75\%RH$ ，温度 $-20^{\circ}C \sim 35^{\circ}C$ ，电压大于 46.8V 时储存时间 ≤ 7 天；

环境湿度 $\leq 75\%RH$ ，温度 $-20^{\circ}C \sim 35^{\circ}C$ ，电压 44.4V~46.8V 时可长期储存，3 个月需要激活一次。保持电压处于 44.4V~46.8V；

禁止在高电压下（电压 $> 46.8V$ ）长时间（ > 7 天）储存。

3.2 Please activate the battery once every 3 months according to the following method:

Charge at 0.2C to 50.4V, rest 5 min, then discharge with 0.2C to 3.0V/cell, rest 5 min, then charge at 0.2C to 46.8V.

请每隔 3 个月按下面方法激活电池一次：

0.2C 充电至 50.4V，休息 5 分钟，然后用 0.2C 放电至每颗电池 3.0V，休息 5 分钟，0.2C 充电 46.8V。

4. Handling of Cells 电池操作注意事项

Since the battery is packed in soft package, to ensure its better performance, it's very important to carefully handle the battery

由于电池属于软包装，为保证电池的性能不受损害，必须小心对电池进行操作。

4.1 The protection of soft aluminum foil 铝箔包装材料的防护

The soft aluminum packing foil is very easily damaged by sharp edge parts such as Ni-tabs, pins and needles.

- Don't strike battery with any sharp edge parts ;
- Trim your nail or wear glove before taking battery;
- Clean worktable to make sure no any sharp particle.

铝箔包装材料易被尖锐部件损伤，诸如镍片，尖针。

- 禁止用尖锐部件碰撞电池;
- 取放电池时, 请修短指甲或戴上手套;
- 应清洁工作环境, 避免有尖锐物体存在。

4.2 Folding edge 折边

The folding edge is form in battery process and passed all hermetic test

- Don' t open or deform folding edge

折边在电池生产过程中已完成, 并通过了密封测试。

- 禁止打开或破坏折边。

4.3 Mechanical shock 机械撞击

- Don' t Fall, hit, bend battery body

- 禁止坠落、冲击、弯折电池。

5. Notice Designing Battery Pack 电池外壳设计注意事项

5.1 Pack design 外壳设计

- Battery pack should have sufficient strength and battery should be protected from mechanical shock
- No Sharp edge components should be inside the pack containing the battery.
- 电池外壳应有足够的机械强度以保证其内部电芯免受机械撞击。
- 外壳内安装电芯的部位不应有锋利的边角。

6. Notice for Assembling Battery Pack 电池与外壳组装注意事项

6.1 Cell fixing 电池的安装

- The battery should be fixed to the battery pack by its large surface area.
- No cell movement in the battery pack should be allowed.
- 应将电池的宽面安装在外壳内;
- 电池不得在壳内活动。

7. Others 其它事项

7.1 Prevention of short circuit within a battery pack 电池短路预防

Enough insulation layers between wiring and the cells shall be used to maintain extra safety protection.

线与电芯之间需要做充分绝缘, 保持电池安全

7.2 Prohibition of disassembling 严禁拆卸电池

1) Never disassemble the cells 在任何情况下不得拆卸电池

The disassembling may generate internal short circuit in the cell, which may cause gassing, firing, or other problems.

拆卸电池可能会导致内部短路, 进而引起鼓气、着火及其它问题。

2) Electrolyte is harmful 电解液有害

LIP battery should not have liquid from electrolyte flowing, but in case the electrolyte come into contact with the skin, or eyes, physicians shall flush the electrolyte immediately with fresh water and medical advice is to be sought.

聚合物锂电池理论上不存在流动的电解液, 但万一有电解液泄漏而接触到皮肤、眼睛或身体其它部位, 应立即用清水冲洗电解液并就医。

7.3 Prohibition of dumping of cells into fire 严禁将电池投入火中

Never incinerate nor dispose the cells in fire. These may cause firing of the cells, which is very dangerous and is prohibited.

在任何情况下，不得燃烧电池或将电池投入火中，否则会引起电芯燃烧，这是非常危险的，应绝对禁止。

7.4 Prohibition of cells immersion into liquid such as water 严禁将电池浸入液体，如水

The cells shall never be soaked with liquids such as water, seawater drinks such as soft drinks, juices coffee or others.

不得将电池浸泡液体，如淡水、海水、饮料（果汁、咖啡等）。

7.5 Battery cells replacement 电芯的更换

The battery replacement shall be done only by either cells supplier or device supplier and never be done by the user.

更换电芯应由电芯供应商或设备供应商完成，用户不得自行更换。

7.6 Prohibition of use of damaged cells 禁止使用已损坏的电池

The cells might be damaged during shipping by shock. If any abnormal features of the cells are found such as damages in a plastic envelop of the cell, deformation of the cell package, smelling of electrolyte, electrolyte leakage and others, the cells shall never be used any more.

The cells with a smell of the electrolyte or a leakage shall be placed away from fire to avoid firing.

电池在运输过程中可能因撞击等原因而损坏，若发现电池有任何异常特征，如电池塑料封边损坏，外壳破损，闻到电解液气体，电解液泄漏等，该电池不得使用。有电解液泄漏或散发电解液气味的电池应远离火源以避免着火。

7.7 Other The Chemical Reaction 其它的化学反应

Because batteries utilize a chemical reaction, battery performance will deteriorate over time even if stored for a long period of time without being used. In addition, if the various usage conditions such as charge, discharge, ambient temperature, etc. are not maintained within the specified ranges the life expectancy of the battery may be shortened or the device in which the battery is used may be damaged by electrolyte leakage. If the batteries cannot maintain a charge for long periods of time, even when they are charged correctly, this may indicate it is time to change the battery. 电池是利用化学反应产生电量，电池性能会随时间变差，即使电池长时间储存而不使用。另外，各种各样的使用方法，像充电、放电及环境温度，等等不能在本规格书规定的范围时的情形，会减小电池的期望寿命，或者会使仪器设备由于电池漏液而损坏。即使充电正确，电池长时间不能再充电，那就要更换电池了。

7.8 Note: Any other items which are not covered in this specification shall be agreed by both parties

注意：任何本产品规格书未包含的其它条款，应由双方协议确定。

Appendix 2

附录 2

BMS Can Protocol

电池管理系统 can 通讯协议

目录

1. 修订历史review history

2. 前言preface

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1. 修订历史

| 版本version | 日期date | 描述description | 作者author |
|-----------|------------|--|----------|
| V-A/0 | 2018-11-13 | 创建初稿 First darft | |
| V-A/1 | 2019-3-20 | 修订附件 CRC 算法 Revised attachment CRC algorithm | |
| V-A/2 | 2019-4-16 | 删除多余信息delete redundant information | |
| V-A/3 | 2019-4-17 | 12S 和 14S 合并为一份 12S and 14S combined into one | |

2. 前言preface

3. 范围range

本文主要描述了智能电池（BMS）与外部通讯的协议。

This paper mainly describes the protocol of intelligent battery (BMS) and external communication

4. 术语term

表 3-1 文档术语

| 术语 | 解释说明introduction |
|-----|---|
| BMS | Battery Management System 电池管理系统 |
| CAN | Controller Area Network 控制器局域网络同时是一种通讯协议。 |

5. 参考文档reference

《CANBUS 规范 v2.0+中文版.pdf》

6. 协议定义

6.1. CAN 协议Protocol Definition

CAN 协议基于标准 CANBus 2.0B 协议。基于 29bit 的扩展帧。通讯速率为 1Mbps。



电池发送协议帧格式如下：

6.1.1. ID field

在 CAN 协议中，我们只用到了 CANBus 中定义的数据帧，所有的数据通过数据帧来传输。我们将数据帧定义成以下格式：

Message frame

| Field name | Priority | | | | | Message type ID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Service not message | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------|----|----|----|----|-----------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---------------------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Source node ID | | | | | | | | |
| CAN ID bits | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
| Allowed values | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 1...127 | | | | | | | |
| CAN ID bytes | 3 | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |

In the case of a message broadcast transfer, the CAN ID field of every frame of the transfer will contain the following fields:

| Field | Bits | Allowed values | Description |
|--------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| Priority | 5 | 0-31 | 默认填最高优先级:0 |
| Message type ID | 16 | 0x1092 | 查询模式 |
| Service or message | 1 | 0 | 0x 1092----此位为 0; |
| Source node ID | 7 | 1...127 | 0 是保留的, 代表一个未知的节点; 自身的节点 Id; |

※ BMS 默认 Source node ID 为 0x16。

6.1.2.

CANBus2.0B 规定 CAN 总线传输每一帧数据位 8Byte。如下图所示:

CAN payload

| Field name | Transfer payload | Start of transfer | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | End of transfer | | | | | | | |
| | | Toggle | | | | | | | |
| | | Transfer ID | | | | | | | |
| Payload byte | Up to 7 bytes | Tail byte | | | | | | | |
| Bit position | | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

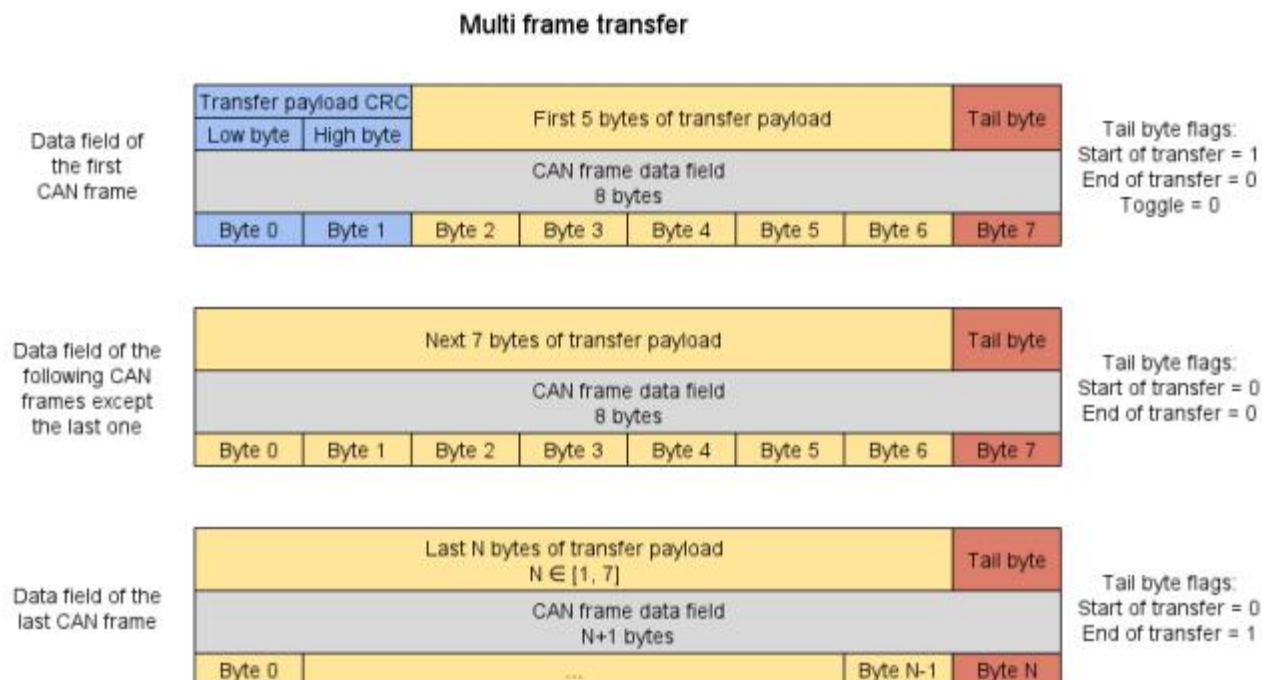
CAN 协议规定, 将Payload 的 8Byte 划分为两部分:

| Field | Field | Description |
|------------------|---|-------------|
| Transfer payload | Actual payload of the transfer | |
| Tail byte | The last byte of the CAN frame data field that contains auxiliary fields of the transport layer | |

其中 Transfer payload 为实际传输的 payload 数据, Tail byte 则包含以下信息:

| Field | Bits | Description |
|-------------------|------|-----------------------|
| Start of transfer | 1 | See below |
| End of transfer | 1 | See below |
| Toggle bit | 1 | See below |
| Transfer ID | 5 | The transfer ID value |

multi-frame transfer:



6.1.2.1. Start of transfer

For multi-frame transfers, the value of this field is 1 if the current frame is the first frame of the transfer, and 0 otherwise.

6.1.2.2. End of transfer

For multi-frame transfers, the value of this field is 1 if the current frame is the last frame of the transfer, and 0 otherwise.

6.1.2.3. Toggle bit

For multi-frame transfers, this field contains the value of the toggle bit, which is specified above.

6.1.2.4. Transfer ID

For all kinds of transfers, this field contains the transfer ID value of the current transfer.

The value is 5 bits wide, therefore the allowed values range from 0 to 31, inclusively.

6.2. BMS 通讯 message

| name | Data Type ID | message type | description | note |
|------|--------------|--------------|--|----------|
| info | 0x1092 | Message | 电池主动上报的信息，包括：厂商编号，电池型号编码，电池电压等，具体见表 6.2.1. | 4HZ，自主上报 |

所有的消息或者数据，均处于帧格式中的数据域，一次传送 7 个有效数据。

6.2.1. Info(0x1092)

数据域: 12S

| 字段Field | 说明Description | 长度(bytes) length(bytes) | 备注 remark |
|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 厂商编号 Manufacturer ID | 类型为 short Short | 2 | ***** |
| 电池型号编码 SKU code | 类型为 short Short | 2 | |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 电池电压 Cells Voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short, (mv) | 2 | |
| 充放电电流 Charge and discharge current | 类型为 short, 单位 (10mA) 注: 正数充电, 负数放电 Short, (10mA) positive number means charging, negative number means discharging | 2 | |
| 电池温度 Temperature | 类型为 short, 单位 (1℃) Short, (1℃) | 2 | |
| 电量百分比 Remaining Capacity | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (%) Unsigned Short (%) | 2 | |
| 循环计数 Cycle Life | 类型为 unsigned short 单位 (次数) Unsigned Short (times) | 2 | |
| 健康状况 Health status | 类型为 short, 单位 (%) Short, (%) | 2 | 依照电池化学特性曲线分析生成 According to the battery chemical characteristic curve analysis |
| 电池 1 电压 Cell 1 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 2 电压 Cell 2 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 3 电压 Cell 3 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 4 电压 Cell 4 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 5 电压 Cell 5 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 6 电压 Cell 6 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 7 电压 Cell 7 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 8 电压 Cell 8 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 9 电压 Cell 9 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 10 电压 Cell 10 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 11 电压 Cell 11 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 12 电压 Cell 12 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| voltage | | | |
| 电池设计容量 Standard Capacity | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mAh) Unsigned Short (mAh) | 2 | 0 |
| 电池剩余容量 Remaining Capacity | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mAh) Unsigned Short (mAh) | 2 | 0 |
| 错误信息 Error Information | Uint32 | 4 | 每位表示一种错误类型的状态 Every code means the status of an error |

数据域: 14S

| 字段Filed | 说明Description | 长度(bytes) length(bytes) | 备注 Remark |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| 厂商编号 Manufacturer ID | 类型为 short Short | 2 | ***** |
| 电池型号编码 SKU code | 类型为 short Short | 2 | |
| 电池电压 Cells Voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 充放电电流 Charge and discharge current | 类型为 short, 单位 (10mA) 注: 正数充电, 负数放电 Short, (10mA) positive number means charging, negative number means discharging | 2 | |
| 电池温度 Temperature | 类型为 short, 单位 (1℃) Short, (1℃) | 2 | |
| 电量百分比 Remaining Capacity | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (%) Unsigned Short (%) | 2 | |
| 循环计数 Cycle Life | 类型为 unsigned short 单位 (次数) Unsigned Short (times) | 2 | |
| 健康状况 Health status | 类型为 short, 单位 (%) Short, (%) | 2 | 依照电池化学特性曲线分析生成 According to the battery chemical characteristic curve analysis |
| 电池 1 电压 Cell 1 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 2 电压 Cell 2 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 3 电压 Cell 3 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 4 电压 Cell 4 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 5 电压 Cell 5 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 电池 6 电压 Cell 6 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 7 电压 Cell 7 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 8 电压 Cell 8 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 9 电压 Cell 9 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 电池 10 电压 Cell 10 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 11 电压 Cell 11 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 12 电压 Cell 12 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 13 电压 Cell 13 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池 14 电压 Cell 14 voltage | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mv) Unsigned Short (mv) | 2 | |
| 电池设计容量 Standard Capacity | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mAh) Unsigned Short (mAh) | 2 | 0 |
| 电池剩余容量 Remaining Capacity | 类型为 unsigned short, 单位 (mAh) Unsigned Short (mAh) | 2 | 0 |
| 错误信息 Error Information | Uint32 | 4 | 每位表示一种错误类型的状态 Every code means the status of an error |

注：所有的数据是小端

6.3. 错误信息列表

| Bit ID | description | Note |
|--------|--|--|
| Bit0 | 电池温度过低 Low Temperature | 1---表示错误发生 0---表示没有错误 1---Error Occurs 0---NO Error |
| Bit1 | 电池过温 Over Temperature | |
| Bit2 | 充电过流 Over Current while Charging | |
| Bit3 | 放电过流 Over Current while Discharging | |
| Bit4 | 总电压欠压 Total Voltage is Under-voltage | |
| Bit5 | 总电压过压 Total Voltage is Over-voltage | |
| Bit6 | 单节压差过大 Huge Voltage imbalance of Single Cell | |
| Bit7 | 单节电压过压 | |

| | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| | Voltage of Single Cell is Over-voltage | | |
| Bit8 | 单节电压欠压 Single Cell Under-voltage | | |
| Bit9 | 充电短路 Short circuit while charging | | |
| Bit10 | 放电短路 Short Circuit while Discharging | | |
| Bit11 | 电池剩余容量过低 Low Remaining Capacity | | |
| Bit12 | 非原装充电器充电 Use Non-original Charger | | |
| Bit13 ... Bit31 | 保留 Reserved | | |

注：所有的数据是小端All data is small end

7. 版本version

8. 附件Appendix

附 CRC 算法

```
#define CRC_CCITT_INIT 0xFFFF
#define CRC_CCITT_POLY 0x1021U

void CCITT_CRC16Init(uint8_t const * bytes, uint16_t len)
{
    CCITT_CRC16 =CRC_CCITT_INIT;
```

```
    CCITT_CRC_ARRAY(bytes,len);
}

void CCITT_CRCStep(uint8_t byte)
{
    uint32_t j;
    CCITT_CRC16 ^= ((uint16_t)byte
    << 8); for (j = 0;j < 8;j++)
    {
        CCITT_CRC16=(CCITT_CRC16 & 0x8000U)?((CCITT_CRC16 << 1) ^ CRC_CCITT_POLY):(CCITT_CRC16
        << 1);
    }
}

void CCITT_CRC_ARRAY(uint8_t const * bytes, uint16_t len)
{
    while (len--)    CCITT_CRCStep(*bytes++);
}
```