

Torch nn module is wide range of function its help to implement neural network easy and efficient way.
pre-build layer - Activation function, optimizers, loss function and others.

Key Component in torch.nn:

Common layer - linear, conv2d, conv3d, nn.LSTM

Activation fun: relu, softmax, sigmoid

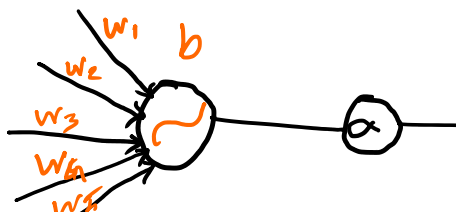
Loss function - nn.CrossEntropyLoss, nn.MSELoss,

Container module - Sequential module

Regularization And dropout : nn.Dropout()

nn.BatchNorm2d

→ How build a simple neural network where only one neuron. Binary classification problem.



Build the Model class

```
class Model(nn.Module):  
    def __init__(self, num_features, ):  
        super().__init__()  
        self.linear = nn.Linear(in_features=num_features, out_features=1)  
        self.sigmoid = nn.Sigmoid()  
    def forward(self, features):
```



```

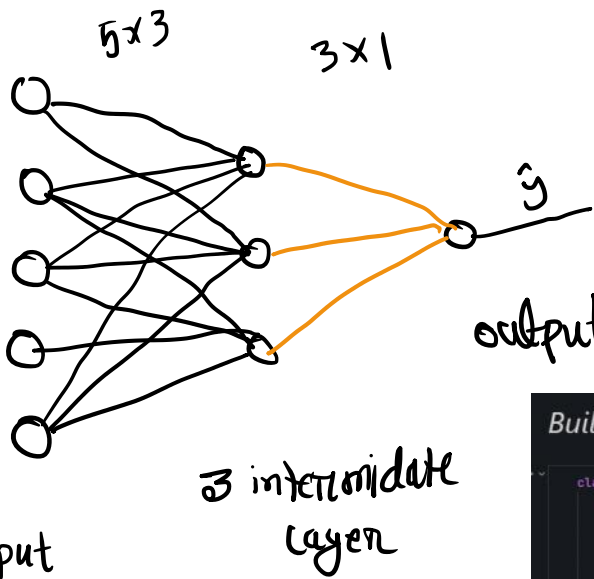
def __init__(self, num_features):
    super().__init__()
    self.linear = nn.Linear(in_features=num_features, out_features=1)
    self.sigmoid = nn.Sigmoid()

def forward(self, features):
    out = self.linear(features)
    out = self.sigmoid(out)

    return out

```

Now build a bit complex network.



Total Trainable parameter

$$\begin{aligned}
 5 \times 3 &\rightarrow 15 \\
 3 \times 1 &\rightarrow 3 \\
 \text{bias} &\rightarrow 3 + 1 \\
 \hline
 &22
 \end{aligned}$$

Build one more model with hidden layer

```

class Model(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, input_features):
        super().__init__()
        self.linear = nn.Linear(in_features=input_features, out_features=3)
        self.relu = nn.ReLU()
        self.linear2 = nn.Linear(in_features=3, out_features=1)
        self.sigmoid = nn.Sigmoid()

    def forward(self, features):
        out = self.linear(features)
        out = self.relu(out)
        out = self.linear2(out)
        out = self.sigmoid(out)

        return out

```

Torch.optim \rightarrow SGD, Adam,

— learning scheduling, weight decay