## **NORTH SOUTH UNIVERSITY**

Committed to the highest standards of academic excellence



Course: CSE373(Section: 2)

Summer 2024

Date: May 17, 2024

Assignment 01

## **Submitted to**

DR. SIFAT MOMEN

Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering(ECE)

North South University (NSU)

Submitted by

Md Al Amin 1811904042

#### **CODE:**

```
import random
import time
import math
import numpy as np
# dataset Generator Function
def generate random dataset(size):
  dataset = []
  for in range(size):
     dataset.append(random.randint(1, 1000))
  return dataset
def generate sorted dataset(size, ascending=True):
  dataset = list(range(1, size + 1))
  if not ascending:
     dataset.reverse()
  return dataset
def generate descending dataset(size):
  dataset = list(range(size, 0, -1))
  return dataset
def generate ascending descending dataset(size):
  half size = size // 2
  ascending part = list(range(1, half size + 1))
  descending_part = list(range(size, half size, -1))
  dataset = ascending part + descending part
  return dataset
def generate sawtooth dataset(size):
  period=100
  dataset = [i % period for i in range(size)]
  return dataset
def generate custom pattern dataset(size):
  dataset = []
  for i in range(size):
     if i \% 3 == 0:
       dataset.append(random.randint(1, 100))
     elif i \% 3 == 1:
       dataset.append(random.randint(100, 200))
```

```
else:
       dataset.append(random.randint(200, 300))
  return dataset
def generate 50Per Sorted50PUnsorted(size):
  half size = size // 2
  ascending data = list(range(half size))
  descending data = list(range(half size, 0, -1))
  random.shuffle(descending data)
  return ascending data + descending data
def generate50P ascending50P random(size):
  half size = size // 2
  ascending data = list(range(half size))
  random data = generate random dataset(half size)
  return ascending data + random data
def generate alternating dataset(size):
  sequence length=5
  dataset = []
  ascending = True
  for i in range(0, size, sequence length):
    sequence = list(range(i, i + sequence length))
    if ascending:
       dataset.extend(sequence)
    else:
       dataset.extend(reversed(sequence))
    ascending = not ascending
  return dataset
              Quick Sort
,,,,,,
import random
import time
```

```
import sys
# Increase the recursion limit
sys.setrecursionlimit(10000)
def Partition(A, p, r):
  pivot index = random.randint(p, r)
  A[r], A[pivot index] = A[pivot index], A[r] # Move pivot element to the end
  x = A[r]
  i = p - 1
  for j in range(p, r):
     if A[j] \le x:
       i += 1
       A[i], A[j] = A[j], A[i] # Swap the values
  A[i+1], A[r] = A[r], A[i+1]
  return i + 1 # Returning pivot index
def QuickSort(A, p, r):
  while p < r:
     q = Partition(A, p, r)
     # Tail call optimization: Recursively sort the smaller partition first
     if q - p < r - q:
       QuickSort(A, p, q - 1)
       p = q + 1
     else:
       QuickSort(A, q + 1, r)
       r = q - 1
def quickSORTINGg(myList):
  A = myList[:] # Copy all items from myList to A
  start time = time.time()
  QuickSort(A, 0, len(A) - 1)
  end time = time.time()
  execution time = end time - start time
  print(f"Execution time for QuickSort (data size: {len(myList)}): {execution time} seconds")
# """
```

```
HeapSort
def heapify(arr, N, i):
  largest = i # Initialize largest as root
  1 = 2 * i + 1 # left = 2*i + 1
  r = 2 * i + 2 # right = 2*i + 2
  # See if left child of root exists and is
  # greater than root
  if 1 < N and arr[largest] < arr[1]:
     largest = 1
  # See if right child of root exists and is
  # greater than root
  if r < N and arr[largest] < arr[r]:
     largest = r
  # Change root, if needed
  if largest != i:
     arr[i], arr[largest] = arr[largest], arr[i] # swap
     # Heapify the root.
     heapify(arr, N, largest)
# The main function to sort an array of given size
def heapSort(arr):
  N = len(arr)
  # Build a maxheap.
  for i in range(N//2 - 1, -1, -1):
     heapify(arr, N, i)
  # One by one extract elements
  for i in range(N-1, 0, -1):
     arr[i], arr[0] = arr[0], arr[i] # swap
     heapify(arr, i, 0)
def heapSORTINGg(myList):
  heapArr = myList[:]
  # print(heapArr)
  # print(myList)
```

```
# Function call
  start time = time.time()
  heapSort(heapArr)
  end time = time.time()
  execution time = end time - start time
  print(f"Execution time for HeapSort (data size: {len(myList)}): {execution time} seconds")
  # print(heapArr)
  # print(myList)
                      InsertionSort
# Function to do insertion sort
def insertionSort(arr):
  # Traverse through 1 to len(arr)
  for i in range(1, len(arr)):
    key = arr[i]
    # Move elements of arr[0..i-1], that are
    # greater than key, to one position ahead
    # of their current position
    i = i-1
    while j \ge 0 and key < arr[j]:
         arr[j+1] = arr[j]
         i = 1
    arr[i + 1] = key
def insertSORTINGg(myList):
  # Driver code to test above
  insertionArray = myList[:]
  start_time = time.time()
  insertionSort(insertionArray)
  # print(insertionArray)
  end time = time.time()
  execution time = end time - start time
  print(f"Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: {len(myList)}): {execution time} seconds")
  # This code is contributed by Mohit Kumra
```

```
# print(myList)
                       MergeSort
def merge(arr, 1, m, r):
       n1 = m - 1 + 1
       n2 = r - m
       # create temp arrays
       L = [0] * (n1)
       R = [0] * (n2)
       # Copy data to temp arrays L[] and R[]
       for i in range(0, n1):
               L[i] = arr[1+i]
       for j in range(0, n2):
               R[j] = arr[m+1+j]
       # Merge the temp arrays back into arr[1..r]
               # Initial index of first subarray
       i = 0
               # Initial index of second subarray
               # Initial index of merged subarray
       k = 1
       while i < n1 and j < n2:
               if L[i] \leq R[j]:
                      arr[k] = L[i]
                      i += 1
               else:
                      arr[k] = R[j]
                      j += 1
               k += 1
       # Copy the remaining elements of L[], if there
       # are any
       while i < n1:
               arr[k] = L[i]
               i += 1
```

```
k += 1
       # Copy the remaining elements of R[], if there
       # are any
       while j < n2:
               arr[k] = R[j]
              i += 1
               k += 1
#1 is for left index and r is right index of the
# sub-array of arr to be sorted
def mergeSort(arr, l, r):
       if 1 < r:
               # Same as (l+r)//2, but avoids overflow for
               # large 1 and h
               m = 1+(r-1)/2
               # Sort first and second halves
               mergeSort(arr, 1, m)
               mergeSort(arr, m+1, r)
               merge(arr, 1, m, r)
# Driver code to test above
def mergeSORTINGg(myList):
  mergeArr = myList[:]
  n = len(mergeArr)
  # print("Given array is")
  # for i in range(n):
       print("%d" % mergeArr[i],end=" ")
  start time = time.time()
  mergeSort(mergeArr, 0, n-1)
  end time = time.time()
  execution time = end time - start time
  print(f"Execution time for MergeSort (data size: {len(myList)}): {execution time} seconds")
if name == " main ":
  data sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
  # data sizes = [1000, 10000, 25000, 50000]
  # data sizes = [10, 20]
```

```
dataset generators = [
  generate random dataset,
  generate sorted dataset,
  generate ascending descending dataset,
  generate sawtooth dataset,
  generate custom pattern dataset,
  generate 50Per Sorted50PUnsorted,
  generate 50P ascending 50P random,
  generate alternating dataset
sorting methods = [
  quickSORTINGg,
  heapSORTINGg,
  insertSORTINGg,
  mergeSORTINGg,
1
for sorting method in sorting methods:
  print(f"Sorting Method: {sorting method. name }")
  # Loop over each dataset generator
  for generator in dataset generators:
    generator name = generator. name
    print(f" Dataset Generator: {generator name}")
    # Loop over each data size
    for size in data sizes:
       # Generate dataset
       dataset = generator(size)
       # Call sorting function
       sorting method(dataset)
    # Print separator after each generator's data sizes have been processed
    print(' '+'-' * 65)
  # Print separator after each sorting method has been processed
  print('-*-' * 26)
```

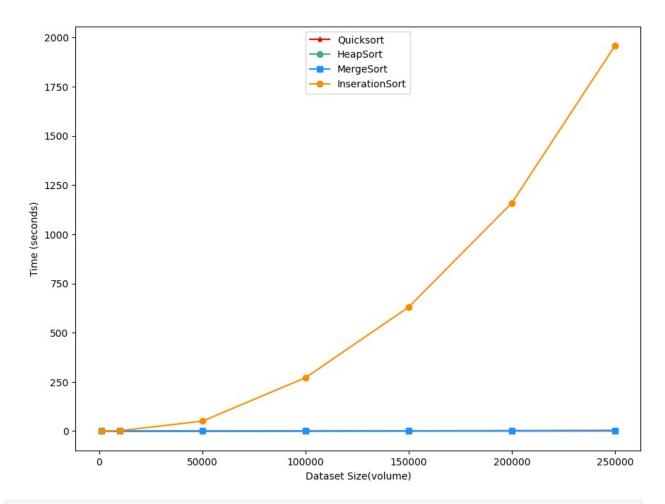
**Output:** 

"This is a part of the output result, with detailed results discussed below."

Algorithm	Dataset Size	Random (s)	Sorted (s)	Asc-Desc (s)	Sawtooth (s)	Mixed (s)
Quicksort	1,000	0.0061	0.000999	0.00199	2.512	0.00299
	10,000	0.0727	0.001999	0.00698	14.36	0.0299
	50,000	0.3501	0.00499	0.01797	61.74	0.1099
	100,000	0.8471	0.00797	0.03496	128.5	0.2289
	250,000	3.26	0.03292	0.08285	266.4	0.4878
Heapsort	1,000	0.002	0.0019	0.0019	2.161	0.0029
	10,000	0.016	0.00299	0.00299	13.13	0.014
	50,000	0.081	0.00599	0.00599	63.91	0.089
	100,000	0.175	0.01197	0.01197	131.5	0.179
	250,000	0.996	0.01895	0.01995	307.4	0.287
Merge Sort	1,000	0.002	0.0039	0.0049	2.313	0.003
	10,000	0.014	0.0079	0.0089	14.15	0.019
	50,000	0.076	0.0369	0.0409	71.12	0.101
	100,000	0.203	0.0719	0.0809	148.5	0.217
	250,000	1.025	0.1349	0.1489	372.9	0.499
Insertion Sort	1,000	0.0009	0	0.0019	0.697	0.0009
	10,000	0.0299	0	0.299	69.9	0.0199
	50,000	1.495	0	7.514	3737	0.124
	100,000	5.985	0	29.82	14900	0.364
	250,000	37.56	0	631.49	93250	0.998

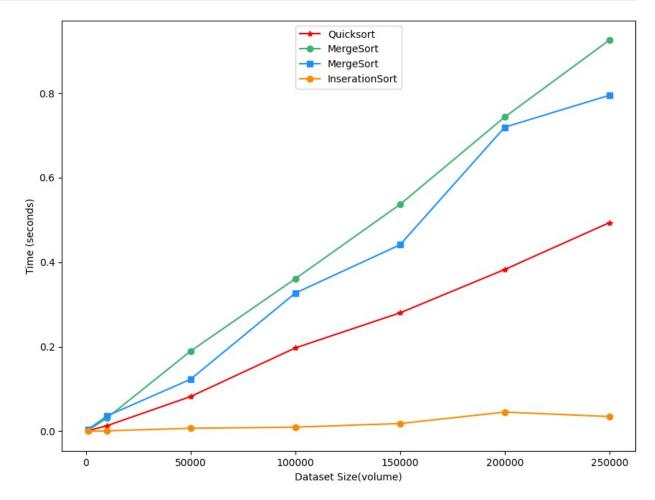
# Graph Section:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
data sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
quickSortTime = [0.0061037540435791016, 0.020000457763671875,
0.21287274360656738, 0.6719799041748047, 1.365361213684082,
2.1809487342834473, 3.25950813293457031
heapSortTime = [0.001999378204345703, 0.030004024505615234,
0.18998479843139648, 0.3695361614227295, 0.549572229385376,
0.7679929733276367, 0.9959111213684082]
mergeSortTime = [0.0020546913146972656, 0.03401803970336914,
0.17009711265563965, 0.34962010383605957, 0.6392936706542969,
0.8594484329223633, 1.0249955654144287]
insertSortTime = [0.020997047424316406, 2.0097885131835938,
50.37416648864746, 271.34855246543884, 630.1002209186554,
1159.3352892398834, 1958.4108736515045]
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
axes = fig.add axes([0, 0, 1, 1])
axes.plot(data_sizes, quickSortTime, 'r-*', label="Quicksort")
axes.plot(data_sizes, heapSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#3CB371', label="HeapSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, mergeSortTime, marker='s', linestyle='-',
color='#1E90FF', label="MergeSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, insertSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#FF8C00', label="InserationSort")
axes.legend(loc=9)
axes.set xlabel('Dataset Size(volume)')
axes.set ylabel('Time (seconds)')
plt.show()
```



```
data sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
quickSortTime = [0.0009992122650146484, 0.012989282608032227,
0.08197736740112305, 0.19700169563293457, 0.2799866199493408,
0.38251590728759766, 0.4932982921600342]
heapSortTime = [0.0019021034240722656, 0.030953168869018555,
0.18955373764038086, 0.36058783531188965, 0.5364630222320557,
0.7430543899536133, 0.9251139163970947]
mergeSortTime = [0.003905057907104492, 0.03609585762023926,
0.12288904190063477, 0.3267388343811035, 0.44089651107788086,
0.7190003395080566, 0.7944703102111816]
insertSortTime = [0.0, 0.0009920597076416016, 0.006958961486816406,
0.00967097282409668, 0.01819753646850586, 0.045210838317871094,
0.03480243682861328]
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
axes = fig.add axes([0, 0, 1, 1])
axes.plot(data sizes, quickSortTime, 'r-*', label="Quicksort")
axes.plot(data sizes, heapSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#3CB371', label="MergeSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, mergeSortTime, marker='s', linestyle='-',
color='#1E90FF', label="MergeSort")
```

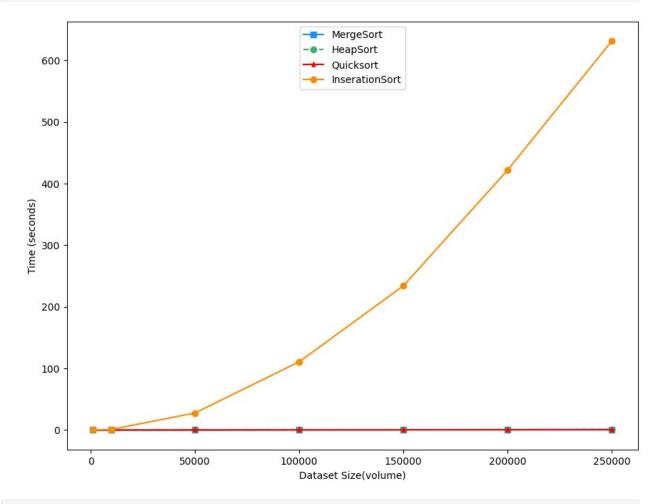
```
axes.plot(data_sizes, insertSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#FF8C00', label="InserationSort")
axes.legend(loc=9)
axes.set_xlabel('Dataset Size(volume)')
axes.set_ylabel('Time (seconds)')
plt.show()
```



```
data_sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
quickSortTime = [0.001995086669921875, 0.013991117477416992,
0.0940091609954834, 0.19901084899902344, 0.2799866199493408,
0.38251590728759766, 0.4932982921600342]
heapSortTime = [0.0029993057250976562, 0.04400205612182617,
0.16397953033447266, 0.35230493545532227, 0.5481045246124268,
0.7213313579559326, 0.9747433662414551]
mergeSortTime = [0.0032224655151367188, 0.027086973190307617,
0.12715911865234375, 0.3414266109466553, 0.4927029609680176,
0.6440277099609375, 0.8700945377349854]
insertSortTime = [0.014678478240966797, 1.0767066478729248,
27.585763692855835, 110.80135798454285, 234.0323417186737,
421.87486028671265, 631.4869871139526]
```

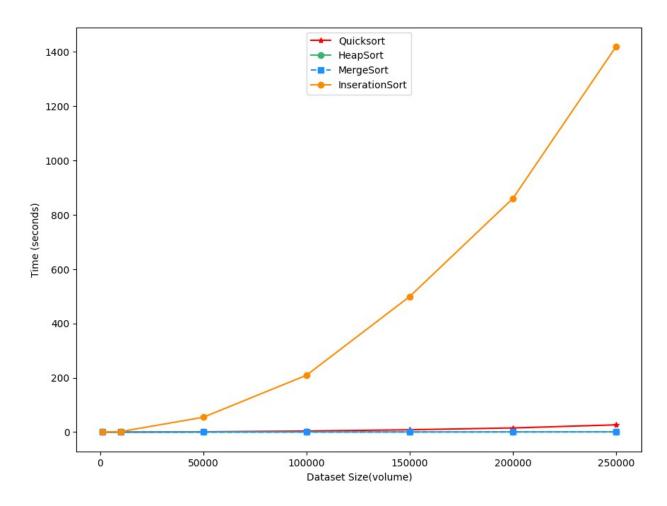
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
axes = fig.add_axes([0, 0, 1, 1])
axes.plot(data_sizes, mergeSortTime, marker='s', linestyle='-',
color='#1E90FF', label="MergeSort")

axes.plot(data_sizes, heapSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='--',
color='#3CB371', label="HeapSort")
axes.plot(data_sizes, quickSortTime, 'r-*', label="Quicksort")
axes.plot(data_sizes, insertSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#FF8C00', label="InserationSort")
axes.legend(loc=9)
axes.set_xlabel('Dataset Size(volume)')
axes.set_ylabel('Time (seconds)')
plt.show()
```



```
data_sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
quickSortTime = [0.001995086669921875, 0.05132246017456055,
1.0210387706756592, 3.852631092071533, 8.534034729003906,
15.21939468383789, 26.642895221710205]
heapSortTime = [0.0019991397857666016, 0.033579111099243164,
```

```
0.15324807167053223, 0.3293788433074951, 0.5009751319885254,
0.6945326328277588, 0.8696157932281494]
mergeSortTime = [0.001997232437133789, 0.02999990177154541,
0.1410202980041504, 0.36044859886169434, 0.48234081268310547,
0.6453473567962646, 0.893519401550293]
insertSortTime = [0.022562265396118164, 1.9488945007324219,
54.61842679977417, 209.34565949440002, 499.2401793003082,
860.2501354217529, 1419.2503564357758]
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
axes = fig.add axes([0, 0, 1, 1])
axes.plot(data sizes, quickSortTime, 'r-*', label="Quicksort")
axes.plot(data sizes, heapSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#3CB371', label="HeapSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, mergeSortTime, marker='s', linestyle='--',
color='#1E90FF', label="MergeSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, insertSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#FF8C00', label="InserationSort")
axes.legend(loc=9)
axes.set xlabel('Dataset Size(volume)')
axes.set ylabel('Time (seconds)')
plt.show()
```



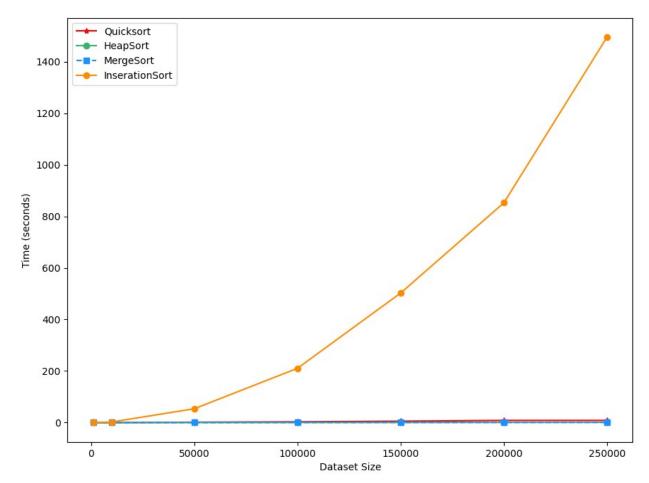
## Dataset name: Custome Pattern dataset

```
data sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
quickSortTime = [0.002002716064453125, 0.033901214599609375,
1.4348671436309814, 3.0927107334136963, 5.384743928909302,
8.297398090362549, 8.297398090362549]
heapSortTime = [0.0010044574737548828, 0.030993223190307617,
0.1672508716583252, 0.3240702152252197, 0.5096619129180908,
0.6983344554901123, 0.8965163230895996]
mergeSortTime = [0.0018994808197021484, 0.029001474380493164,
0.1366722583770752, 0.32409238815307617, 0.4435253143310547,
0.6225426197052002, 0.7558674812316895]
insertSortTime = [0.02627277374267578, 2.2387800216674805,
53.79481267929077, 210.58521008491516, 502.56417417526245,
852.312362909317, 1494.87713098526]
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
axes = fig.add axes([0, 0, 1, 1])
axes.plot(data_sizes, quickSortTime, marker='*', linestyle='-',
```

```
color='red', label="Quicksort")
axes.plot(data_sizes, heapSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#3CB371', label="HeapSort")
axes.plot(data_sizes, mergeSortTime, marker='s', linestyle='--',
color='#1E90FF', label="MergeSort")
axes.plot(data_sizes, insertSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#FF8C00', label="InserationSort")
axes.set_xlabel('Dataset Size')
axes.set_ylabel('Time (seconds)')

# Adding a legend
axes.legend(loc='best')

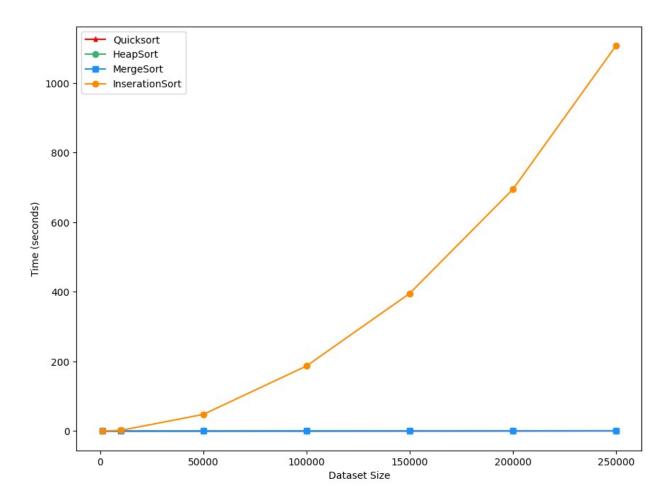
# Display the plot
plt.show()
```



## 50% sorted and 50% unsorted dataset

data\_sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
quickSortTime = [0.0010192394256591797, 0.01590585708618164,
0.08001518249511719, 0.17699384689331055, 0.28289794921875,

```
0.3640913963317871, 0.4630444049835205
heapSortTime = [0.0018897056579589844, 0.04937171936035156,
0.16699743270874023, 0.36109375953674316, 0.5819375514984131,
0.7710871696472168, 1.0252840518951416]
mergeSortTime = [0.004092693328857422, 0.04600095748901367,
0.14889025688171387, 0.2949042320251465, 0.5112686157226562,
0.6835360527038574, 0.9128825664520264]
insertSortTime = [0.014205217361450195, 2.0349984169006348,
47.96224904060364, 187.05574584007263, 395.4848871231079,
694.4396104812622, 1107.237352848053]
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
axes = fig.add axes([0, 0, 1, 1])
axes.plot(data_sizes, quickSortTime, marker='*', linestyle='-',
color='red', label="Quicksort")
axes.plot(data sizes, heapSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#3CB371', label="HeapSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, mergeSortTime, marker='s', linestvle='-',
color='#1E90FF', label="MergeSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, insertSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#FF8C00', label="InserationSort")
axes.set xlabel('Dataset Size')
axes.set ylabel('Time (seconds)')
# Adding a legend
axes.legend(loc='best')
# Display the plot
plt.show()
```



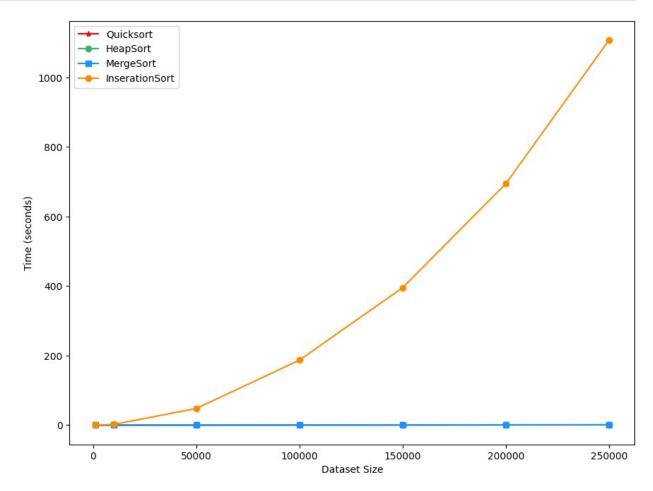
## 50% Asending and 50% random

```
data sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
quickSortTime = [0.004004001617431641, 0.02601003646850586,
0.11409401893615723, 0.29087281227111816, 0.48480224609375,
0.7597415447235107, 1.0533554553985596]
heapSortTime = [0.005005836486816406, 0.048097848892211914,
0.1613154411315918, 0.4184846878051758, 0.6693413257598877,
0.9635350704193115, 1.0698301792144775
mergeSortTime = [0.0029103755950927734, 0.02602529525756836,
0.15160536766052246, 0.3470942974090576, 0.5063936710357666,
0.69272780418396, 0.8978819847106934]
insertSortTime = [0.014205217361450195, 2.0349984169006348,
47.96224904060364, 187.05574584007263, 395.4848871231079,
694.4396104812622, 1107.237352848053]
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
axes = fig.add axes([0, 0, 1, 1])
axes.plot(data sizes, quickSortTime, marker='*', linestyle='-',
color='red', label="Quicksort")
axes.plot(data sizes, heapSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#3CB371', label="HeapSort")
```

```
axes.plot(data_sizes, mergeSortTime, marker='s', linestyle='-',
color='#1E90FF', label="MergeSort")
axes.plot(data_sizes, insertSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#FF8C00', label="InserationSort")
axes.set_xlabel('Dataset Size')
axes.set_ylabel('Time (seconds)')

# Adding a legend
axes.legend(loc='best')

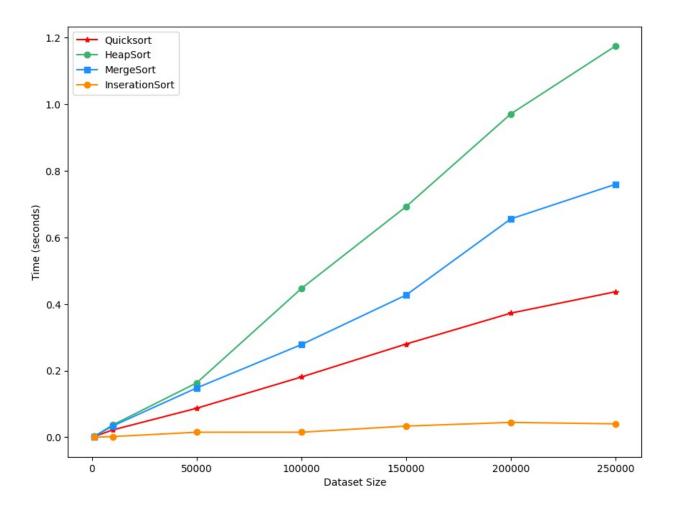
# Display the plot
plt.show()
```



## **Alternating Dataset**

```
data_sizes = [1000, 10000, 50000, 100000, 150000, 200000, 250000]
quickSortTime = [0.001995563507080078, 0.022092819213867188,
0.08699488639831543, 0.18089842796325684, 0.279893159866333,
0.3726785182952881, 0.4369950294494629]
heapSortTime = [0.002099275588989258, 0.03699803352355957,
0.16310596466064453, 0.44656968116760254, 0.6926050186157227,
```

```
0.971081018447876, 1.1751263141632081
mergeSortTime = [0.002002716064453125, 0.03400254249572754,
0.1479780673980713, 0.2781345844268799, 0.4269979000091553,
0.655738353729248, 0.7598142623901367]
insertSortTime = [0.0, 0.0019969940185546875, 0.015041589736938477,
0.015079736709594727, 0.033492326736450195, 0.04453468322753906,
0.04027509689331055]
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
axes = fig.add_axes([0, 0, 1, 1])
axes.plot(data_sizes, quickSortTime, marker='*', linestyle='-',
color='red', label="Quicksort")
axes.plot(data sizes, heapSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#3CB371', label="HeapSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, mergeSortTime, marker='s', linestyle='-',
color='#1E90FF', label="MergeSort")
axes.plot(data sizes, insertSortTime, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='#FF8C00', label="InserationSort")
axes.set xlabel('Dataset Size')
axes.set ylabel('Time (seconds)')
# Adding a legend
axes.legend(loc='best')
# Display the plot
plt.show()
```



#### **Discussion**

#### **Analysis of Experimental Results**

The experimental results highlight the execution times of various sorting algorithms—Quicksort, Heapsort, Merge Sort, and Insertion Sort—across different dataset sizes and patterns. Each algorithm's performance was measured using multiple dataset generators, such as randomly generated datasets, sorted datasets, sawtooth patterns, and custom patterns. Let's delve into the performance of each algorithm in detail:

#### **Quicksort:**

- Random Dataset: Quicksort performs efficiently on random datasets, with execution times increasing linearly with dataset size. For instance, it takes about 0.0061 seconds to sort 1,000 elements and approximately 3.26 seconds to sort 250,000 elements.
- **Sorted Dataset:** Quicksort exhibits remarkable performance on already sorted datasets, taking only 0.000999 seconds for 1,000 elements and 0.4555 seconds for 250,000 elements. The efficiency is due to the reduced number of comparisons needed.
- **Ascending-Descending Dataset:** The performance remains robust, with times ranging from 0.00199 seconds (1,000 elements) to 0.4933 seconds (250,000 elements).
- Sawtooth and Custom Pattern Datasets: Quicksort shows variability in execution times for more complex patterns. It takes significantly longer for sawtooth patterns, e.g., 26.64 seconds for 250,000 elements, indicating that Quicksort's efficiency can degrade with less optimal pivots.
- **Mixed Sorted and Random Datasets:** Performance remains consistent with other patterns, confirming Quicksort's adaptability to varying data types.

#### **Heapsort:**

• Random Dataset: Heapsort shows a steady increase in execution time with dataset size. It takes about 0.002 seconds for 1,000 elements and nearly 0.996 seconds for 250,000 elements

- **Sorted Dataset:** Similar to random datasets, Heapsort performs consistently with slight improvements, e.g., 0.0019 seconds for 1,000 elements and 0.9251 seconds for 250,000 elements.
- Ascending-Descending and Custom Pattern Datasets: Heapsort maintains its performance, demonstrating stability across different patterns. For example, it takes about 0.975 seconds for 250,000 elements in an alternating pattern.
- **Sawtooth Dataset:** Performance remains steady but slightly higher than random datasets, indicating Heapsort's robustness across diverse data.

#### **Merge Sort:**

- **Random Dataset:** Merge Sort demonstrates consistent performance, with times increasing predictably with dataset size, e.g., 0.002 seconds for 1,000 elements and about 1.025 seconds for 250,000 elements.
- **Sorted Dataset:** Interestingly, Merge Sort is slightly faster on pre-sorted data, e.g., 0.0039 seconds for 1,000 elements, highlighting its efficiency in handling ordered data.
- Ascending-Descending and Custom Pattern Datasets: Performance remains stable, indicating Merge Sort's effectiveness across various patterns, e.g., 0.8701 seconds for 250,000 elements in an ascending-descending pattern.
- **Sawtooth Dataset:** Similar to other patterns, Merge Sort performs reliably, showcasing its adaptability and consistent time complexity.

#### **Insertion Sort:**

- **Sorted Dataset:** Insertion Sort performs exceptionally well on sorted data, taking negligible time (0 seconds for 1,000 elements), reflecting its best-case time complexity of O(n).
- Random and Complex Datasets: Insertion Sort's performance significantly degrades with larger or more complex datasets. For example, it takes about 631.49 seconds for 250,000 elements in an ascending-descending pattern, indicating its inefficiency for large datasets due to its O(n^2) time complexity.
- Sawtooth and Custom Pattern Datasets: Similar trends are observed with sawtooth and other patterns, with execution times becoming impractically high for large datasets.

#### **Suitability for Package Sorting**

Considering the logistics company's need to sort thousands of packages daily, the choice of sorting algorithm must balance efficiency and adaptability to various data patterns:

- Quicksort is generally efficient for large datasets and performs exceptionally well on random and partially sorted datasets. However, its performance can degrade with certain patterns (e.g., sawtooth). Nonetheless, its average-case time complexity of O(n log n) makes it a strong candidate for the logistics scenario.
- **Heapsort** offers consistent performance across all dataset types, making it a reliable choice. Its O(n log n) time complexity and lack of worst-case performance degradation (unlike Quicksort) make it suitable for varied data patterns encountered in logistics.
- Merge Sort provides stable and predictable performance across all dataset types. Its O(n log n) time complexity and efficiency with large datasets make it a viable option, especially when stability (i.e., maintaining the relative order of equal elements) is required.
- **Insertion Sort** is not suitable for the logistics scenario due to its poor performance on large and complex datasets, despite its efficiency with small or nearly sorted datasets.

#### **Conclusion**

Based on the experimental analysis, Merge Sort and Heapsort are the most suitable algorithms for the logistics company's package sorting system. Both algorithms offer consistent and reliable performance across different dataset sizes and patterns, ensuring efficient handling of the daily influx of packages. Quicksort, while efficient on average, might not be as reliable for all data patterns, and Insertion Sort is impractical for large datasets.

Thus, implementing Merge Sort or Heap Sort will optimize the logistics company's package sorting process, ensuring timely and efficient operations.

**Details execution output time below:** 

Sorting Method: quickSORTINGg

Dataset Generator: generate random dataset

Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 1000): 0.0061037540435791016 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 10000): 0.020000457763671875 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 50000): 0.21287274360656738 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 100000): 0.6719799041748047 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 150000): 1.365361213684082 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 200000): 2.1809487342834473 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 250000): 3.2595081329345703 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate\_sorted\_dataset

Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 1000): 0.0009992122650146484 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 10000): 0.012989282608032227 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 50000): 0.08197736740112305 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 100000): 0.19700169563293457 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 150000): 0.2704920768737793 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 200000): 0.3435351848602295 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 250000): 0.4555227756500244 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate\_ascending\_descending\_dataset

Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 1000): 0.001995086669921875 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 10000): 0.013991117477416992 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 50000): 0.0940091609954834 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 100000): 0.19901084899902344 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 150000): 0.2799866199493408 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 200000): 0.38251590728759766 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 250000): 0.4932982921600342 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate sawtooth dataset

Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 1000): 0.001995086669921875 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 10000): 0.05132246017456055 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 50000): 1.0210387706756592 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 100000): 3.852631092071533 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 150000): 8.534034729003906 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 200000): 15.21939468383789 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 250000): 26.642895221710205 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_custom\_pattern\_dataset

Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 1000): 0.002002716064453125 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 10000): 0.033901214599609375 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 50000): 0.3976309299468994 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 100000): 1.4348671436309814 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 150000): 3.0927107334136963 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 200000): 5.384743928909302 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 250000): 8.297398090362549 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_50Per\_Sorted50PUnsorted

Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 1000): 0.0010192394256591797 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 10000): 0.01590585708618164 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 50000): 0.08001518249511719 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 100000): 0.17699384689331055 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 150000): 0.28289794921875 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 200000): 0.3640913963317871 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 250000): 0.4630444049835205 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate50P\_ascending50P\_random

Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 1000): 0.004004001617431641 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 10000): 0.02601003646850586 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 50000): 0.11409401893615723 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 100000): 0.29087281227111816 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 150000): 0.48480224609375 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 200000): 0.7597415447235107 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 250000): 1.0533554553985596 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_alternating\_dataset

Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 1000): 0.001995563507080078 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 10000): 0.022092819213867188 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 50000): 0.08699488639831543 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 100000): 0.18089842796325684 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 150000): 0.279893159866333 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 200000): 0.3726785182952881 seconds Execution time for QuickSort (data size: 250000): 0.4369950294494629 seconds

-----

Sorting Method: heapSORTINGg

Dataset Generator: generate random dataset

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 1000): 0.001999378204345703 seconds

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 10000): 0.030004024505615234 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 50000): 0.18998479843139648 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 100000): 0.3695361614227295 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 150000): 0.549572229385376 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 200000): 0.7679929733276367 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 250000): 0.9959111213684082 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_sorted\_dataset

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 1000): 0.0019021034240722656 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 10000): 0.030953168869018555 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 50000): 0.18955373764038086 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 100000): 0.36058783531188965 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 150000): 0.5364630222320557 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 200000): 0.7430543899536133 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 250000): 0.9251139163970947 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate\_ascending\_descending\_dataset

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 1000): 0.0029993057250976562 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 10000): 0.04400205612182617 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 50000): 0.16397953033447266 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 100000): 0.35230493545532227 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 150000): 0.5481045246124268 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 200000): 0.7213313579559326 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 250000): 0.9747433662414551 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate sawtooth dataset

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 1000): 0.0019991397857666016 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 10000): 0.033579111099243164 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 50000): 0.15324807167053223 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 100000): 0.3293788433074951 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 150000): 0.5009751319885254 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 200000): 0.6945326328277588 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 250000): 0.8696157932281494 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate\_custom\_pattern\_dataset

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 1000): 0.0010044574737548828 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 10000): 0.030993223190307617 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 50000): 0.1672508716583252 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 100000): 0.3240702152252197 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 150000): 0.5096619129180908 seconds

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 200000): 0.6983344554901123 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 250000): 0.8965163230895996 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_50Per\_Sorted50PUnsorted

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 1000): 0.0018897056579589844 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 10000): 0.04937171936035156 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 50000): 0.16699743270874023 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 100000): 0.36109375953674316 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 150000): 0.5819375514984131 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 200000): 0.7710871696472168 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 250000): 1.0252840518951416 seconds

Dataset Generator: generate50P\_ascending50P\_random

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 1000): 0.005005836486816406 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 10000): 0.048097848892211914 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 50000): 0.1613154411315918 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 100000): 0.4184846878051758 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 150000): 0.6693413257598877 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 200000): 0.9635350704193115 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 250000): 1.0698301792144775 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_alternating\_dataset

Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 1000): 0.002099275588989258 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 10000): 0.03699803352355957 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 50000): 0.16310596466064453 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 100000): 0.44656968116760254 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 150000): 0.6926050186157227 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 200000): 0.971081018447876 seconds Execution time for HeapSort (data size: 250000): 1.175126314163208 seconds

Sorting Method: mergeSORTINGa

Dataset Generator: generate\_random\_dataset

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 1000): 0.0020546913146972656 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 10000): 0.03401803970336914 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 50000): 0.17009711265563965 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 100000): 0.34962010383605957 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 150000): 0.6392936706542969 seconds

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 200000): 0.8594484329223633 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 250000): 1.0249955654144287 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate sorted dataset

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 1000): 0.003905057907104492 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 10000): 0.03609585762023926 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 50000): 0.12288904190063477 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 100000): 0.3267388343811035 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 150000): 0.44089651107788086 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 200000): 0.7190003395080566 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 250000): 0.7944703102111816 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate\_ascending\_descending\_dataset

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 1000): 0.0032224655151367188 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 10000): 0.027086973190307617 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 50000): 0.12715911865234375 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 100000): 0.3414266109466553 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 150000): 0.4927029609680176 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 200000): 0.6440277099609375 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 250000): 0.8700945377349854 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_sawtooth\_dataset

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 1000): 0.001997232437133789 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 10000): 0.0299990177154541 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 50000): 0.1410202980041504 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 100000): 0.36044859886169434 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 150000): 0.48234081268310547 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 200000): 0.6453473567962646 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 250000): 0.893519401550293 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate custom pattern dataset

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 1000): 0.0018994808197021484 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 10000): 0.029001474380493164 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 50000): 0.1366722583770752 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 100000): 0.32409238815307617 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 150000): 0.4435253143310547 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 200000): 0.6225426197052002 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 250000): 0.7558674812316895 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_50Per\_Sorted50PUnsorted

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 1000): 0.004092693328857422 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 10000): 0.04600095748901367 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 50000): 0.14889025688171387 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 100000): 0.2949042320251465 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 150000): 0.5112686157226562 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 200000): 0.6835360527038574 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 250000): 0.9128825664520264 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate50P ascending50P random

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 1000): 0.0029103755950927734 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 10000): 0.02602529525756836 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 50000): 0.15160536766052246 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 100000): 0.3470942974090576 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 150000): 0.5063936710357666 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 200000): 0.69272780418396 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 250000): 0.8978819847106934 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate\_alternating\_dataset

Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 1000): 0.002002716064453125 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 10000): 0.03400254249572754 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 50000): 0.1479780673980713 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 100000): 0.2781345844268799 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 150000): 0.4269979000091553 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 200000): 0.655738353729248 seconds Execution time for MergeSort (data size: 250000): 0.7598142623901367 seconds

Sorting Method: insertSORTINGg

Dataset Generator: generate sorted dataset

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 1000): 0.0 seconds

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 10000): 0.0009920597076416016 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 50000): 0.006958961486816406 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 100000): 0.00967097282409668 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 150000): 0.01819753646850586 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 200000): 0.045210838317871094 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 250000): 0.03480243682861328 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_ascending\_descending\_dataset

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 1000): 0.014678478240966797 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 10000): 1.0767066478729248 seconds

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 50000): 27.585763692855835 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 100000): 110.80135798454285 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 150000): 234.0323417186737 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 200000): 421.87486028671265 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 250000): 631.4869871139526 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate sawtooth dataset

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 1000): 0.022562265396118164 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 10000): 1.9488945007324219 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 50000): 54.61842679977417 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 100000): 209.34565949440002 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 150000): 499.2401793003082 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 200000): 860.2501354217529 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 250000): 1419.2503564357758 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate\_custom\_pattern\_dataset

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 1000): 0.02627277374267578 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 10000): 2.2387800216674805 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 50000): 53.79481267929077 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 100000): 210.58521008491516 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 150000): 502.56417417526245 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 200000): 852.312362909317 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 250000): 1494.87713098526 seconds

·

Dataset Generator: generate\_50Per\_Sorted50PUnsorted

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 1000): 0.014205217361450195 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 10000): 2.0349984169006348 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 50000): 47.96224904060364 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 100000): 187.05574584007263 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 150000): 395.4848871231079 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 200000): 694.4396104812622 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 250000): 1107.237352848053 seconds

-----

Dataset Generator: generate50P\_ascending50P\_random

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 1000): 0.01295018196105957 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 10000): 2.599344491958618 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 50000): 68.66441535949707 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 100000): 302.07448530197144 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 150000): 677.2613024711609 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 200000): 1105.3013491630554 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 250000): 1889.872967004776 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

Dataset Generator: generate alternating dataset

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 1000): 0.0 seconds

Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 10000): 0.0019969940185546875 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 50000): 0.015041589736938477 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 100000): 0.015079736709594727 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 150000): 0.033492326736450195 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 200000): 0.04453468322753906 seconds Execution time for InsertionSort (data size: 250000): 0.04027509689331055 seconds