Data Structures

Maarten Dhondt

Realdolmen

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Who am I?

- ► Master of Engineering: Computer Science (KUL)
 - Computational informatics
- ► Realdolmen: acADDemICT in 09/2015
- Current project: Planning infrastructure @ Infrabel

Outline

Array

Linked List Hash Table

- Tree
- Java Collection API & Map API Java Collection API Java Map API
- Advanced Data Structures Stuff...



Outline

1 Introductory Data Structures
Array
Linked List
Hash Table

Tree

- 2 Java Collection API & Map API Java Collection API Java Map API
- 3 Advanced Data Structures



What are Data Structures?

Data Structure¹

A way in which data are stored for efficient search and retrieval. Different data structures are suited for different problems.

- ▶ Data type ≠ data structure
- ▶ java.util.HashSet vs. hash table
- array vs. array

¹Encyclopædia Britannica

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1 Introductory Data Structures

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- 3 Advanced Data Structures Stuff. . .



Definition

- ► An indexed set of related elements.²
- ► An assemblage of items that are randomly accessible by integers, the index.³
- ► Example: linear array



²Oxford Dictionary

³National Institute of Standards & Technology

- ▶ get
- ▶ set
- ▶ indexOf



- ▶ get
- ▶ set
- ▶ indexOf



- ▶ get
- ▶ set
- ▶ indexOf



Operations

- ▶ get *O*(1)
- ▶ set
- ▶ indexOf



get(1)

Operations

- ▶ get *O*(1)
- ▶ set
- ▶ indexOf



set(2)

Operations

- ▶ get *O*(1)
- ▶ set
- ▶ indexOf



set(2)

Operations

- ightharpoonup get O(1)
- ▶ set *O*(1)
- ▶ indexOf



set(2)

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- ightharpoonup get O(1)
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- ightharpoonup get O(1)
- ▶ set O(1)
- ▶ indexOf O(n)



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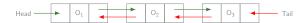
- 2 Java Collection API & Map API Java Collection API Java Map API
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Definition

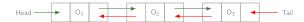
A linked list is a data structure in which the objects are arranged in a linear order. Unlike arrays in which the linear order is determined by indices, the order is determined by a pointer in each object.⁴

- ▶ Different types: singly, doubly, multiply, circular, . . .
- ► Example: doubly linked list



Introduction to Algorithms By Cormen, Leierson, Rivest & Stein

- ▶ add/remove first/last
- ▶ get/insertAt
- ▶ indexOf





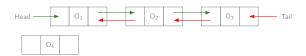
Operations

- ▶ add/remove first/last
- ▶ get/insertAt
- ▶ indexOf



 $addFirst(O_4)$

- ▶ add/remove first/last
- ▶ get/insertAt
- ▶ indexOf



 $addFirst(O_4)$

- ► add/remove first/last
- ▶ get/insertAt
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 $addFirst(O_4)$

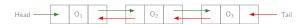
- ▶ add/remove first/last O(1)
- ▶ get/insertAt
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 $addFirst(O_4)$

Operations

- ▶ add/remove first/last O(1)
- ▶ get/insertAt
- ▶ indexOf



insertAt(2)

Operations

- ▶ add/remove first/last O(1)
- ▶ get/insertAt
- ▶ indexOf



insertAt(2)

O(1)

Linked List

- ► add/remove first/last
- ▶ get/insertAt
- ▶ indexOf



insertAt(2)

O(1)

Linked List

Operations

- ▶ add/remove first/last
- ▶ get/insertAt O(n)
- ▶ indexOf



insertAt(2)

Operations

- ► add/remove first/last
- O(1) O(n)

- ▶ get/insertAt
- ▶ indexOf



Operations

- ▶ add/remove first/last
- O(1)

▶ get/insertAt

O(n)

▶ indexOf



Operations

- ▶ add/remove first/last
- O(1)

▶ get/insertAt

O(n)

▶ indexOf



Operations

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- ▶ get/insertAt O(n)
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Linked List

- ▶ add/remove first/last O(1)
- ▶ get/insertAt O(n)
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1 Introductory Data Structures

Array
Linked List
Hash Table

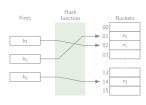
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 Stuff...



Definition

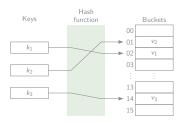
A dictionary in which keys are mapped to array positions by hash functions.⁵

- ► Hash functions: determinism, uniformity, defined range, data normalisation, non-invertible, perfect, . . .
- Collisions resolution: chaining, open addressing, . . .
- Example:



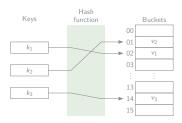
⁵National Institute of Standards & Technology

- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get



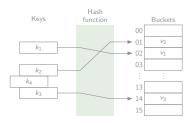


- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get



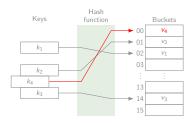
 $put(0_4)$

- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get



 $put(0_4)$

- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get

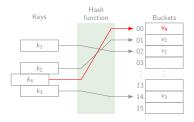


 $put(0_4)$

Operations

- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get

O(1) / O(n)

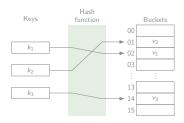


 $put(0_4)$

Operations

- ▶ put
- O(1) / O(n)
- ▶ get

remove

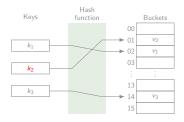


remove (0_2)

Operations

- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get

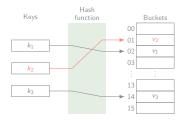
O(1) / O(n)



 $remove(O_2)$

- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get

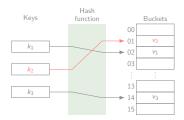




 $\texttt{remove}(\mathbb{O}_2)$

- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get

- O(1) / O(n)
- O(1) / O(n)

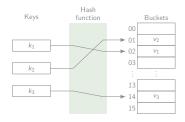


 $remove(O_2)$

Operations

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- ► remove
- ▶ get

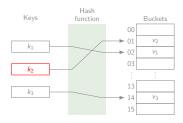
O(1) / O(n)



 $get(O_2)$

- ▶ put
- remove
- ▶ get

- O(1) / O(n)
- O(1) / O(n)

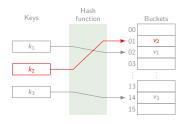


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Operations

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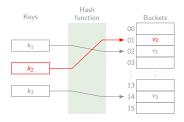
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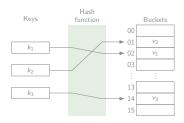
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- O(1) / O(n)



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Array
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Tree
Heap
Red-Black Tree

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Tree

Definition

A data structure made up of nodes or vertices and edges without having any cycle. A tree that is not empty consists of a root node and potentially many levels of additional nodes that form a hierarchy.

- Depth, binary, (nearly) complete, . . .
- Example:





Tree

Definition

A data structure made up of nodes or vertices and edges without having any cycle. A tree that is not empty consists of a root node and potentially many levels of additional nodes that form a hierarchy.

- ▶ Depth, binary, (nearly) complete, ...
- Example:





Binary Heap

Definition (Heap)

A complete tree where every node has a key more extreme (greater or less) than or equal to the key of its parent.⁶

Definition (Binary Heap)

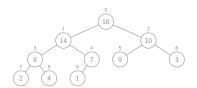
A binary heap data structure is an array object that we can view as a nearly complete binary tree that satisfies the min-heap or max-heap property.⁷

⁶National Institute of Standards & Technology

Introduction to Algorithms By Cormen, Leierson, Rivest & Stein

Binary Max-Heap

- ▶ Parent(n) $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$
- ▶ Left(n) 2n+1
- ▶ Right(n) 2(n+1)





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Red-Black Tree



rray inked List lash Table ree

Red-Black Tree



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- Java Collection API & Map API Java Collection API



Java Collection API



Java Collection API



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Java Map API



Java Map API



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