Lab: Iterators and Comparators

Problems for the "C# Advanced" course @ Software University You can check your solutions in Judge

1. Library

Note: Put your classes in the namespace IteratorsAndComparators. Also your Visual Studio project should be named "IteratorsAndComparators", as well as your assembly name (it is inherited from the Visual Studio project name).

Create a class **Book**, which should have the following public properties:

- string Title
- int Year
- List<string> Authors

Authors can be zero (anonymous), one or many. A Book should have only one constructor.

Create a class **Library**, which should store a collection of books and implement the **IEnumerable<Book>** interface.

List<Book> books

A Library could be initialized without books or with any number of books and should have only one constructor.

```
StartUp.cs
public static void Main()
    Book bookOne = new Book("Animal Farm", 2003, "George Orwell");
    Book bookTwo = new Book("The Documents in the Case", 2002,
        "Dorothy Sayers", "Robert Eustace");
    Book bookThree = new Book("The Documents in the Case", 1930);
    Library libraryOne = new Library();
    Library libraryTwo = new Library(bookOne, bookTwo, bookThree);
}
```













Solution

```
public class Book
   public Book(string title, int year, params string[] authors)
       this.Title = title;
       this. Year - year;
       this.Authors = authors;
   1
   public string Title { get; set; }
   public int Year { get; set; }
   public IReadOnlyList<string> Authors { get; set; }
public class Library
    private List<Book> books;
    public Library(params Book[] books)
         this.books = new List<Book>(books);
```

2. Library Iterator

Note: Put your classes in the namespace **IteratorsAndComparators**.

Extend your solution from the previous task. Inside the Library, create a nested class LibraryIterator, which should implement the IEnumerator<Book> interface. Try to implement the bodies of the inherited methods by vourself. You will need two more members:

- List<Book> books
- int currentIndex

Now you should be able to iterate through a Library in the Main method.

```
StartUp.cs
public static void Main()
    Book bookOne = new Book("Animal Farm", 2003, "George Orwell");
    Book bookTwo = new Book("The Documents in the Case", 2002,
        "Dorothy Sayers", "Robert Eustace");
    Book bookThree = new Book("The Documents in the Case", 1930);
    Library libraryOne = new Library();
```













```
Library libraryTwo = new Library(bookOne, bookTwo, bookThree);
   foreach (var book in libraryTwo)
        Console.WriteLine(book.Title);
   }
}
```

This is the expected **output** from the above code:

```
Output
Animal Farm
The Documents in the Case
The Documents in the Case
```

Solution

```
public IEnumerator<Book> GetEnumerator()
    return new LibraryIterator(this.books);
IEnumerator IEnumerable.GetEnumerator() -> this.GetEnumerator();
private class LibraryIterator : IEnumerator (Book)
    private readonly List<Book> books;
    private int currentIndex;
    public LibraryIterator(IEnumerable<Book> books)
        this.Reset();
        this.books - new List (Book) (books);
    public void Dispose(){}
    public bool MoveNext() => ++this.currentIndex < this.books.Count;</pre>
    public void Reset() => this.currentIndex = -1;
    public Book Current => this.books[this.currentIndex];
    object IEnumerator.Current => this.Current;
```

3. Comparable Book

NOTE: You need the namespace **IteratorsAndComparators**.

Extend your solution from the previous task. Implement the IComparable < Book > interface in the existing class **Book**. The comparison between the two books should happen in the following order:

- First, sort them in ascending chronological order (by year).
- If two books are published in the same year, sort them alphabetically.

















Override the **ToString()** method in your Book class, so it returns a string in the format:

• "{title} - {year}"

Change your **Library** class, so that it stores the books in the correct order.

Examples

```
StartUp.cs
public static void Main()
{
    Book bookOne = new Book("Animal Farm", 2003, "George Orwell");
    Book bookTwo = new Book("The Documents in the Case", 2002, "Dorothy Sayers",
"Robert Eustace");
    Book bookThree = new Book("The Documents in the Case", 1930);
    Library libraryOne = new Library();
    Library libraryTwo = new Library(bookOne, bookTwo, bookThree);
    foreach (var book in libraryTwo)
         Console.WriteLine(book);
    }
}
```

```
Output
The Documents in the Case - 1930
The Documents in the Case - 2002
Animal Farm - 2003
```











Solution

```
public class Book : IComparable(Book)
    public Book(string title, int year, params string[] authors)...
    public string Title { get; private set; }
    public int Year { get; private set; }
   public IReadOnlyList<string> Authors { get; mivate set; }
   public int CompareTo(Book other)
        int result = this.Year.CompareTo(other.Year);
        if (result -- 0)
            result - this.Title.CompareTo(other.Title);
        return result;
   public override string ToString()
        return $"{this.Title} - {this.Year}";
```

4. Book Comparator

NOTE: You need the namespace **IteratorsAndComparators**.

Extend your solution from the prevoius task. Create a class BookComparator, which should implement the **IComparer**<**Book>** interface and thus include the following method:

int Compare(Book, Book)

BookComparator must **compare** two books by:

- 1. Book title alphabetical order
- 2. Year of publishing a book from the newest to the oldest

Modify your **Library** class once again to implement the **new sorting**.

```
Startup.cs
public static void Main()
{
    Book bookOne = new Book("Animal Farm", 2003, "George Orwell");
    Book bookTwo = new Book("The Documents in the Case", 2002, "Dorothy Sayers",
"Robert Eustace");
    Book bookThree = new Book("The Documents in the Case", 1930);
```













```
Library library = new Library(bookOne, bookTwo, bookThree);
}
```

```
Output
Animal Farm - 2003
The Documents in the Case - 2002
The Documents in the Case - 1930
```

Solution

```
public class BookComparator : IComparer (Book)
    public int Compare(Book x, Book y)
        int result = x.Title.CompareTo(y.Title);
        if (result == 0)
            result = y.Year.CompareTo(x.Year);
        return result;
```













