GPS - HW3

Walter Livingston

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Problem I

Write a controller (matlab or Simulink) for a simple 1/s plant. Assume a unit step input for the reference, r(t).

Part A

What type of controller did you use. Provide the Gain Margin, Phase Margin, closed- loop eigenvalues, and steady state error.

Solution

I used a proportional controller. The characteristics of my controller are in the table below. Plots shown in C.

Gain Margin	∞
Phase Margin	90
Eigenvalues	0& - 2
SS Error	~ 0

Part B

What is the steady state error if the reference r(t) is a unit ramp input

Solution

Steady state error is 0.5.

Part C

Redesign the controller to track the ramp input and repeat Part A.

The controller was redesigned as a PI controller. The controller characteristics are listed in the table below.

Gain Margin	∞
Phase Margin	90
Eigenvalues	-1& -1
SS Error	~ 0

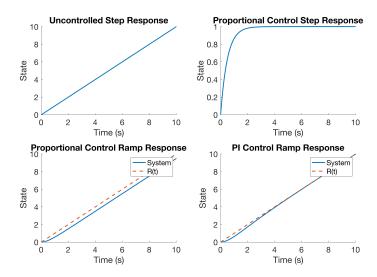


Figure 1: Problem 1 Step & Ramp Responses

Problem II

Take the sampled 100 Hz sine wave (generate_signal(1)) from the website (sampled at 1 MHz, i.e. Ts = 1e - 6)

Part A

Develop a simple (1 Hz) PLL to track the phase of the signal. Provide plots of phase, phase error, as well as the estimated signal vs. true signal.

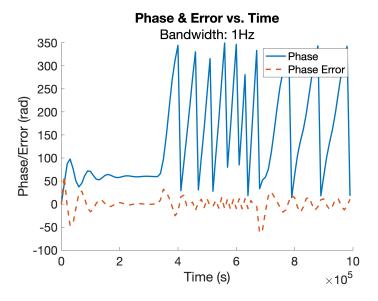


Figure 2: Phase & Error vs. Time for 1Hz Bandwidth

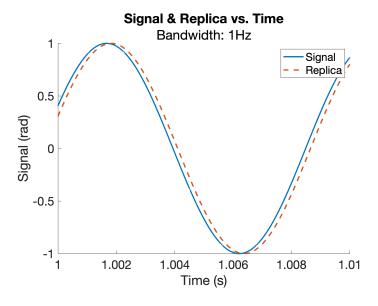


Figure 3: Signal & Replica vs. Time for 1Hz Bandwidth

$\mbox{\bf Part B}$ Double the PLL bandwidth and repeat part a.

Solution

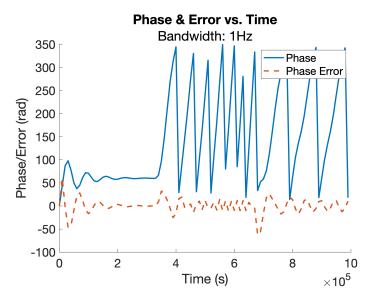


Figure 4: Phase & Error vs. Time for 2Hz Bandwidth

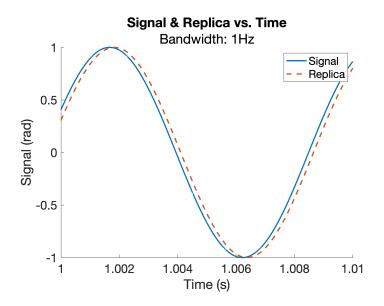


Figure 5: Signal & Replica vs. Time for 2Hz Bandwidth

Part C

Determine the true frequency and repeat part a.

Solution

Part D

Modify your PLL to work from the unknown frequency and repeat part a assuming $10~\mathrm{Hz}$ signal.

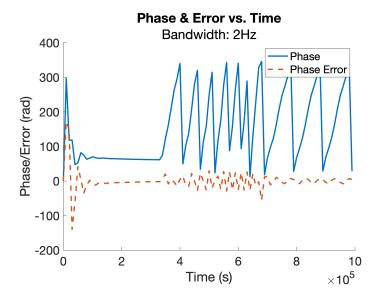


Figure 6: Phase & Error vs. Time for 10Hz Initial Frequency

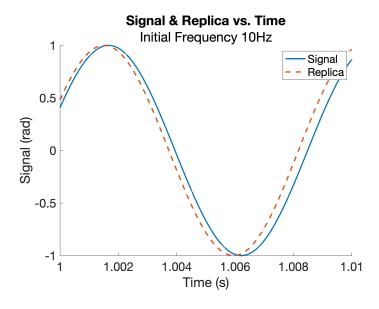


Figure 7: Signal & Replica vs. Time for 10Hz Initial Frequency

Problem III

Modify your PLL from problem #3 to operate as a Costas loop filter. Take the 88 second data (generate_signal(2)) sampled at 1 MHz and decode the data message on the 100 Hz sinusoid using your Costas loop filter. The data bits are 1 second wide and are comprised of 8 bit ascii characters. The following functions will be of use:

Solution

The databits translate to AU WarEagle.

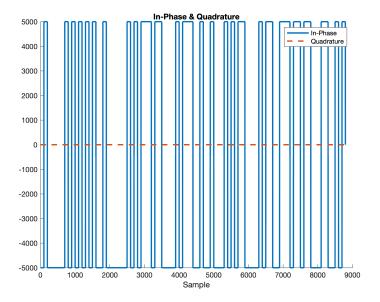


Figure 8: In-Phase & Quadrature

Problem IV

Develop a simple DLL to phase align the sequence shown below with the digital signal (generate_signal(3)) provided on the website. The sequence is sampled at 10 samples per chip. Plot the delay vs. time (or frequency vs. time depending on your implementation).

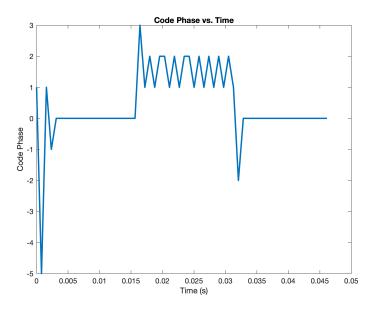


Figure 9: Code Phase vs. Time

Problem VI

Take the PRN code for SV #4 or #7 (i.e. from HW #3) and upsample it such that there are 16 samples at each chip (i.e. the length of this vector will be 1023*16 long).

Part A

Show the autocorrelation calculation from -5 chips to +5 chips in 1/16 chip increments.

Solution

Combined Plot shown in Part B

Part B

Repeat with noise ($\sigma=0.2$) added to the non-shifted signal. Recall that the autocorrelation function can be calculated as:

$$R(\tau) = x^T x(\tau) = \sum .1^{16*1023} x(k) x(k+\tau)$$

Note that you must roll $x(\tau)$ around when shifting it, i.e. $x(16 \times 1023 + 10) = x(11)$

You will need code that does the upsample and code shift for Lab #4 (as well as the problem below).

Solution

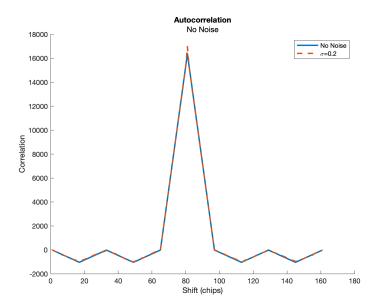


Figure 10: Autocorrelation Comparison

Problem VII

Write your own acquisition software to acquire a single satellite from the IFEN IF data file. You can write a serial or parallel search algorithm. Provide a plot of the acquisition plane (Code and Doppler) and provide the code phase and Doppler results. The C/A (Gold) codes for several satellites in view are on the website.

Solution

Parallel acquisition was used. The code shift is 20 chips and the doppler frequency is 990 Hz on PRN #7

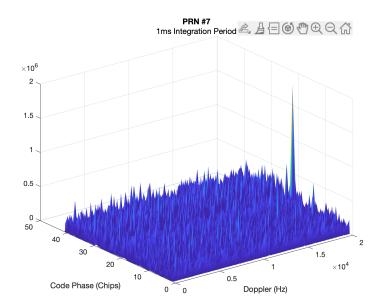


Figure 11: PRN #7 Acquisition

Appendix A: Part I Code

```
clear; close all; clc;
1
2
3
   currentFile = mfilename('fullpath');
   currentFolder = fileparts(currentFile);
   addpath(genpath(currentFolder + "/.."));
5
6
7
   time = 0:0.01:10;
9
   s = tf('s');
   plant = 1/s;
   plant_eigs = pole(plant);
11
   [plant_GM, plant_PM] = margin(plant);
   [Y,~] = step(plant, time);
   uc_{ess} = 1 - Y(end);
14
15
  figure('Renderer', 'painters', 'Position', [10 10 900
      600])
17
   tiledlayout(2,2);
  nexttile();
18
  hold('on');
   plot(time, Y, 'LineWidth', 2);
21 | title('Uncontrolled Step Response');
```

```
22 | xlabel('Time (s)');
23 | ylabel('State');
24 \mid ax = gca;
25 ax.FontSize = 18;
27
  % (A) Proportional Controller
28 | Kp = 2;
29 | Pol = Kp*plant;
30 | Pcl = Pol / (1 + Pol);
31 | Pcl_eigs = pole(Pcl);
32 | [P_GM, P_PM] = margin(Pol);
33 [YP,~] = step(Pcl, time);
  P_{ess} = 1 - YP(end);
34
36 | fprintf('A) Gain Margin: %0.4g\n', P_GM);
   fprintf('A) Phase Margin: %0.4g\n', P_PM);
   fprintf('A) EigenValues: %0.4g & %0.4g\n', Pcl_eigs);
  fprintf('A) SS Error: %0.4g\n', P_ess);
40
41
  nexttile();
42 | hold('on');
43 | plot(time, YP, 'LineWidth', 2);
44 | title('Proportional Control Step Response');
45 | xlabel('Time (s)');
46 | ylabel('State');
47 \mid ax = gca;
48 \mid ax.FontSize = 18;
50 % (B)
51 [YP_ramp, ~] = step(Pcl / s, time);
52
  [Y_{ramp},^{\sim}] = step(1/s, time);
53
54 | YP_ramp_ess = Y_ramp(end) - YP_ramp(end);
55 | fprintf('B) SS Error: %0.4g\n', YP_ramp_ess);
56
57
  nexttile();
  hold('on');
  plot(time, YP_ramp, 'LineWidth', 2);
  plot(time, Y_ramp, '--', 'LineWidth', 2);
61 | title('Proportional Control Ramp Response');
62 | xlabel('Time (s)');
63 | ylabel('State');
64 | legend('System', 'R(t)');
  ax = gca;
66 ax.FontSize = 18;
67
```

```
68 % (C)
69 | \text{Ki} = 1;
70 | PIol = ((Kp*s + Ki)/s)*plant;
71 | PIcl = PIol / (1 + PIol);
72 | PIcl_eigs = pole(PIcl);
73 | [PI_GM, PI_PM] = margin(Pol);
74 \mid [YPI\_ramp, ~] = step(PIcl / s, time);
75 | PI_ramp_ess = Y_ramp(end) - YPI_ramp(end);
77
78 | fprintf('C) Gain Margin: %0.4g\n', PI_GM);
79 | fprintf('C) Phase Margin: %0.4g\n', PI_PM);
  fprintf('C) EigenValues: %0.4g & %0.4g\n', PIcl_eigs);
   fprintf('C) SS Error: %0.4g\n', PI_ramp_ess);
83 | nexttile();
84 | hold('on');
85 | plot(time, YPI_ramp, 'LineWidth', 2);
86 | plot(time, Y_ramp, '--', 'LineWidth', 2);
  title('PI Control Ramp Response');
88 | xlabel('Time (s)');
89 | ylabel('State');
90 | legend('System', 'R(t)');
91 \mid ax = gca;
92
  ax.FontSize = 18;
93
94 exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/p1.
       png", 'Resolution', 300);
```

Appendix B: Part II Code

```
clear; close all; clc;

currentFile = mfilename('fullpath');
currentFolder = fileparts(currentFile);
addpath(genpath(currentFolder + "/.."));

signal = generate_signal(1);
Ts = 1e-6;
Tint = 0.01;
time = 0:Ts:Ts*(length(signal)-2);
sampledTime = 0:Tint/Ts:length(time)-1;
intTime = 0:Ts:Tint;
```

```
14 | % (A)
15
  [freq1, phase1, err1] = costas(signal, 1/Ts, Tint);
16
17 | figure();
18
  hold('on');
   plot(sampledTime, rad2deg(phase1), 'LineWidth', 2);
19
  plot(sampledTime, rad2deg(err1), '--', 'LineWidth', 2)
   title('Phase & Error vs. Time');
21
22
   subtitle('Bandwidth: 1Hz');
23 | xlabel('Time (s)');
  ylabel('Phase/Error (rad)')
  legend('Phase', 'Phase Error');
  ax = gca;
27
  ax.FontSize = 18;
29
  exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
      p2a_phase.png", 'Resolution', 300);
30
   figure();
32
   hold('on');
  |plot(length(time)*Ts - Tint*Ts + intTime, signal(
       length(signal)-Tint/Ts:end), 'LineWidth', 2);
   plot(length(time)*Ts - Tint*Ts + intTime, sin(2.*pi.*
      freq1(end).*intTime + phase1(end)), '--', '
      LineWidth', 2);
35 | title('Signal & Replica vs. Time');
  subtitle('Bandwidth: 1Hz');
  xlabel('Time (s)');
  ylabel('Signal (rad)');
   legend('Signal', 'Replica');
40
   ax = gca;
41
  ax.FontSize = 18;
42
  exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
43
      p2a_signal.png", 'Resolution', 300);
44
45 % (B)
46
  [freq2, phase2, err2] = costas(signal, 1/Ts, Tint, 2);
47
  figure();
48
49
  hold('on');
   plot(sampledTime, rad2deg(phase2), 'LineWidth', 2);
   plot(sampledTime, rad2deg(err2), '--', 'LineWidth', 2)
52 | title('Phase & Error vs. Time');
```

```
53 | subtitle('Bandwidth: 2Hz');
54 | xlabel('Time (s)');
55 | vlabel('Phase/Error (rad)')
56 | legend('Phase', 'Phase Error');
  ax = gca;
58
  ax.FontSize = 18;
60
  exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
       p2b_phase.png", 'Resolution', 300);
61
62 | figure();
63 | hold('on');
64 | plot(length(time)*Ts - Tint*Ts + intTime, signal(
       length(signal)-Tint/Ts:end), 'LineWidth', 2);
65 | plot(length(time)*Ts - Tint*Ts + intTime, sin(2.*pi.*
       freq2(end).*intTime + phase2(end)), '--', '
       LineWidth', 2);
66 | title('Signal & Replica vs. Time');
67 | subtitle('Bandwidth: 2Hz');
68 | xlabel('Time (s)');
69 | ylabel('Signal (rad)');
70 | legend('Signal', 'Replica');
71 \mid ax = gca;
72
  ax.FontSize = 18;
73
74 exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
       p2b_signal.png", 'Resolution', 300);
75
76 % (D)
77 [freq10, phase10, err10] = costas(signal, 1/Ts, Tint,
       2, 10);
78
79 | figure();
80 | hold('on');
   plot(sampledTime, rad2deg(phase10), 'LineWidth', 2);
82 | plot(sampledTime, rad2deg(err10), '--', 'LineWidth',
83 | title('Phase & Error vs. Time');
84 | subtitle('Bandwidth: 2Hz');
85 | xlabel('Time (s)');
86 | ylabel('Phase/Error (rad)')
87 | legend('Phase', 'Phase Error');
88 \mid ax = gca;
  ax.FontSize = 18;
89
90
```

```
exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
       p2d_phase.png", 'Resolution', 300);
92
93
   figure();
   hold('on');
94
    plot(length(time)*Ts - Tint*Ts + intTime, signal(
       length(signal)-Tint/Ts:end), 'LineWidth', 2);
    plot(length(time)*Ts - Tint*Ts + intTime, sin(2.*pi.*
96
       freq10(end).*intTime + phase10(end)), '--', '
       LineWidth', 2);
   title('Signal & Replica vs. Time');
98 subtitle('Initial Frequency 10Hz');
99 | xlabel('Time (s)');
100 | ylabel('Signal (rad)');
101 | legend('Signal', 'Replica');
102 \mid ax = gca;
   ax.FontSize = 18;
104
105 exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
       p2d_signal.png", 'Resolution', 300);
106
107
    %% FUNCTIONS
108
    function [freq, phase, err] = costas(signal, Fs, Tint,
        bandwidth, f0, phi0)
        if "exist('Tint', 'var'); Tint = 10e-3; end
109
110
        if ~exist('bandwidth', 'var'); bandwidth = 1; end
        if ~exist('f0', 'var'); f0 = 100; end
111
        if ~exist('phi0', 'var'); phi0 = 0; end
112
113
114
        wn = 2*pi*bandwidth;
115
        zeta = 0.9;
116
        Ki = wn^2;
117
        Kp = 2*zeta*wn;
118
119
        Ts = 1/Fs;
120
        t = 0:Ts:(Tint-Ts);
121
        time = 0:Ts:Ts*(length(signal)-2);
122
        N = length(time);
        M = Tint/Ts;
124
125
        freq = f0.*ones(1,N/M);
126
        phase = phi0.*ones(1,N/M);
127
        err = zeros(1,N/M);
128
        ierr = zeros(1, N/M);
        for k = 1:N/M-1
129
130
            X = signal(1 + (k-1)*M : k*M);
```

```
replicaI = sin(2.*pi.*freq(k).*t + phase(k));
132
            replicaQ = cos(2.*pi.*freq(k).*t + phase(k));
            I = X.*replicaI;
134
            Q = X.*replicaQ;
            err(k+1) = atan2(sum(Q), sum(I));
            ierr(k+1) = ierr(k) + err(k+1)*Tint;
136
            freq(k+1) = freq(k) + (Kp*err(k+1) + Ki*ierr(k))
                +1));
138
            phase(k+1) = rem(2.*pi*freq(k+1)*t(end) +
                phase(k), 2*pi);
139
        end
140
    end
```

Appendix C: Part III Code

```
clear; close all; clc;
2
3 | currentFile = mfilename('fullpath');
   currentFolder = fileparts(currentFile);
4
  addpath(genpath(currentFolder + "/.."));
   signal = generate_signal(2);
  Ts = 1e-6;
  | Tint = 0.01;
10 \mid t = 0:Ts:(Tint-Ts);
   time = 0:Ts:Ts*(length(signal)-2);
12
13
  [sumI, sumQ] = costas(signal, 1/Ts, Tint, 2);
14
15 | figure();
16 hold on;
17 | plot(sumI, 'LineWidth', 2);
   plot(sumQ, '--', 'LineWidth', 2);
  title('In-Phase & Quadrature');
  xlabel('Sample');
21
  legend('In-Phase', 'Quadrature');
23
  exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/p3_IQ
       .png", 'Resolution', 300);
24
25 \mid D = (1 + sign(sumI))./2;
26 \mid D1 = D(1:1/Tint:end);
27 \mid D2 = reshape(D1, 8, [])';
28 | decode = bin2dec(num2str(D2));
```

```
fprintf('The message reads: %s\n', decode);
30
   function [sumI, sumQ] = costas(signal, Fs, Tint,
      bandwidth, f0, phi0)
       if ~exist('Tint', 'var'); Tint = 10e-3; end
       if ~exist('bandwidth', 'var'); bandwidth = 1; end
34
       if ~exist('f0', 'var'); f0 = 100; end
       if ~exist('phi0', 'var'); phi0 = 0; end
35
36
37
       wn = 2*pi*bandwidth;
38
       zeta = 0.9;
39
       Ki = wn^2;
40
       Kp = 2*zeta*wn;
41
42
       Ts = 1/Fs;
43
       t = 0:Ts:(Tint-Ts);
44
       time = 0:Ts:Ts*(length(signal)-2);
45
       N = length(time);
46
       M = Tint/Ts;
47
       freq = f0.*ones(1,round(N/M));
48
49
       phase = phi0.*ones(1,round(N/M));
50
       err = zeros(1,round(N/M));
51
       ierr = zeros(1,round(N/M));
52
       sumI = zeros(1,round(N/M));
       sumQ = zeros(1, round(N/M));
54
       for k = 1:N/M-1
            X = signal(1 + (k-1)*M : k*M);
56
            replicaI = sin(2.*pi.*freq(k).*t + phase(k));
            replicaQ = cos(2.*pi.*freq(k).*t + phase(k));
58
            I = X.*replicaI;
59
            Q = X.*replicaQ;
            sumI(k) = sum(I);
61
            sumQ(k) = sum(Q);
            err(k+1) = atan(sumQ(k)/sumI(k));
62
63
            ierr(k+1) = ierr(k) + err(k+1)*Tint;
64
            freq(k+1) = freq(k) + (Kp*err(k+1) + Ki*ierr(k))
               +1));
            phase(k+1) = rem(2.*pi*freq(k+1)*t(end) +
               phase(k), 2*pi);
66
       end
67
   end
```

Appendix D: Part IV Code

```
1
  clear; close all; clc;
 3
   currentFile = mfilename('fullpath');
   currentFolder = fileparts(currentFile);
 4
   addpath(genpath(currentFolder + "/.."));
6
   signal = generate_signal(3);
  prn = [1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 1];
9 | spc = 10;
10 | Tchip = 1e-3/1023;
11 | Ts = Tchip*spc;
  time = 0:Ts:Ts*(length(signal)-2);
12
13
14 \mid wn = 0.5*2*pi;
15 \mid zeta = 0.9;
16 | Ki = wn^2;
  Kp = 2*zeta*wn;
18
19
  N = length(signal);
20
  prnUp = upsample(prn, spc*length(prn));
21
22 | M = length(prnUp);
23 \mid shift = -M:M;
  s = 0.5*spc;
  Tint = M/spc*Tchip;
26
27
  tau = ones(1,N/M);
  err = zeros(1,N/M);
  ierr = zeros(1,N/M);
31
  figure();
  for k = 1:N/M-1
33
       clf;
34
       hold('on');
35
36
       X = signal(1 + (k-1)*M : k*M);
37
       R = scorr(X, prnUp);
       idx = find(tau(k) == shift);
38
39
       RE = R(idx+s);
40
       RL = R(idx-s);
        err(k+1) = (RE - RL)/(RE + RL);
41
42
       ierr(k+1) = ierr(k) + err(k+1)*Tint;
```

```
43
       tau(k+1) = tau(k) + round(Kp*err(k+1) + Ki*ierr(k)
       prnUp = circshift(prnUp, tau(k+1));
44
45
46
       plot(X);
47
       plot(prnUp);
48
       pause(0.1);
49
  end
50
51
  figure();
52 | plot(time(1:M:end), tau, 'LineWidth', 2);
  title('Code Phase vs. Time');
   xlabel('Time (s)');
55
   ylabel('Code Phase');
56
57
   exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
      p4_tau.png", 'Resolution', 300);
58
  %% FUNCTIONS
59
60
61
  function [CE, CP, CL] = shift_code(code, shift, spc,
       spacing)
  %shift_code.m Shift C/A Code
       Shifts the C/A code by a specified amount
64 % Inputs:
65 | %
        code
                    : PRN Code (already upsampled)
66 %
                    : shift to the code (in terms of chips
        shift
67
                   : samples per chip
        spc
                   : I don't remember
68 %
        spacing
69
  % Outputs:
71
                    : C/A Early
72
  %
                    : C/A Prompt
73
                    : C/A Late
74
  % Author: Walter Livingston
75
76
77
       if ~exist('spc', 'var')
78
            spc = 1;
79
       end
80
       if ~exist('spacing', 'var')
81
            spacing = 1/2;
82
       end
83
       mult = round(spacing*spc);
84
       tau = mult*shift;
```

Appendix E: Part VI Code

```
clear; close all; clc;
1
2
3 | currentFile = mfilename('fullpath');
  currentFolder = fileparts(currentFile);
  addpath(genpath(currentFolder + "/.."));
   % (A)
8
  spc = 16;
9
10 | prn4 = genCA(4);
  prn4(prn4 == 0) = -1;
11
  prn4 = -prn4;
  prn4up = upsample(prn4, spc*1023);
14
15 \mid tauRange = -5:(1/16):5;
16 \mid idx = 1;
17
  for shift = tauRange
18
       R(idx) = sum(prn4up.*circshift(prn4up, shift*spc))
19
       idx = idx + 1;
20
  end
21
22
   prn4_noisy = prn4up + 0.2*randn(1,spc*1023);
23
24 \mid idx = 1;
25 | for shift = tauRange
26
       R_noisy(idx) = sum(prn4_noisy.*circshift(
           prn4_noisy, shift*spc));
27
       idx = idx + 1;
28
  end
29
30 | figure();
31 hold('on');
  plot(R, 'LineWidth', 2);
  plot(R_noisy, '--', 'LineWidth', 2);
34 | title('Autocorrelation');
35 | subtitle('No Noise');
```

```
xlabel('Shift (chips)');
ylabel('Correlation');
legend('No Noise', '\sigma=0.2');

exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
p6_corr.png", 'Resolution', 300);
```

Appendix C: Part VII Code

```
1
  clear; close all; clc;
2
3 | currentFile = mfilename('fullpath');
4 | currentFolder = fileparts(currentFile);
 5 | addpath(genpath(currentFolder + "/.."));
6
  [signalData, samplesRead] = ifen_parser('
      gpsBase_IFEN_IF.bin');
  fint = 5000445.88565834;
  prn = genCA(7);
9
10 | pnr7(prn==0) = -1;
11 | prn = -prn;
12
13 | Tint = 0.001;
14 | Tchip = (1e-3)/1023;
15 | Fs = 20e6;
16 \mid Ts = 1/Fs;
  t = 0:Ts:(Tint-Ts);
  spc = Ts/Tchip;
19
20
  M = round(Tint/Ts);
21
22 | dopRange = -10e3:500:10e3;
23 | tauRange = 1:1023;
24
25 | prnUp = upsample(prn, M);
26 | batch = signalData(1:M)';
  idx = 1;
28
  for dop = dopRange
29
       replicaI = sin(2*pi*(fint + dop)*t);
30
       replicaQ = cos(2*pi*(fint + dop)*t);
31
       I = batch.*replicaI;
32
       Q = batch.*replicaQ;
       result = I + Q;
34
       fft_result = fft(result);
```

```
35
       fft_prn = fft(prnUp);
36
       conj_prn = conj(fft_prn);
37
       combined = fft_result.*conj_prn;
38
       corr(idx,:) = abs(ifft(combined)).^2;
39
       idx = idx+1;
40 end
41
42 figure();
43 surf(corr, 'EdgeColor', 'none');
44 | title('PRN #7');
45 | subtitle('1ms Integration Period');
46 | xlabel('Doppler (Hz)');
  | ylabel('Code Phase (Chips)');
47
48
49 exportgraphics(gcf, currentFolder + "/../figures/
      p7\_prn7.png", 'Resolution', 300);
```