MECH476: Engineering Data Analysis in R

Chapter 6 Homework: Strings, Dates, and Tidying

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Chapter 6 Homework

For this homework assignment, you will use data from Twitter that include tweets (2011 to 2017) from Colorado senators, which can be downloaded from Canvas. Just FYI—some tweets were cut off before Twitter's character limit; just work with the data you have. The original data are from FiveThirtyEight.

When a question asks you to make a plot, remember to set a theme, title, subtitle, labels, colors, etc. It is up to you how to personalize your plots, but put in some effort and think about making the plotting approach consistent throughout the document. For example, you could use the same theme for all plots. I also like to use the subtitle as a place for the main summary for the viewer.

Question 1: Hashtags

Within a pipeline using the Colorado-only tweet data, select `text` variable and use `stringr::str_extract_all()` with a pattern of `"#(\\d|\\w)+"` to extract all of the hashtags from the tweets. This will return a list with one element. How many hashtags were used by Colorado senators?

```
## [1] "5436 hashtags were used"
```

Question 2: Fires

Colorado is on fire right now and has experienced many wildfires over the years. Let's examine senators' tweet activity related to wildfires based on hashtags. Using the character vector of hashtags you extracted in Question 1, search for the hashtags that include "fire" or "wildfire". How many hashtags included "fire"? How many included "wildfire"?

```
## [1] "16 hashtags contain fire"
```

```
## [1] "8 hashtags contain wildfire"
```

Question 3: Wildfires

Now, let's look at general tweets concerning wildfires. First, subset the data to a dataframe that includes tweets containing the word "wildfire" and their corresponding timestamp and user. Specifically, (a) select `text`, `date`, and `user` and (b) filter to text strings that include the word "wildfire" using `dplyr::filter()` and `stringr::str_detect()`.

Question 4: Senators

Which Colorado senator tweets more about wildfires?

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##   user               n
##   <chr>          <int>
## 1 SenBennetCO       20
## 2 SenCoryGardner    13
```

Question 5: Timing

Using the same `wildfires` dataframe, create a summary table that shows the number of tweets containing the word "wildfire" by year (2011-2017). Which year has the most tweets about wildfires? Why might this be the case? (Hint: Think about what happened in the previous year.)

```
2013 had the highest number of tweets pertaining to wildfires, this is likely because 2012 was an extrem
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##    year     n
##   <dbl> <int>
## 1  2013    13
## 2  2015     6
```

```
## 3   2016      5
## 4   2012      3
## 5   2017      3
## 6   2011      2
```

## Question 6: Monthly tweets

Create a bar chart that answers the question: Are Colorado senators more active at a certain time of year?
Hints: Convert `month` to a factor. Fill by `user`.



Tweets from Colorado Senators by the Month
2011 – 2017
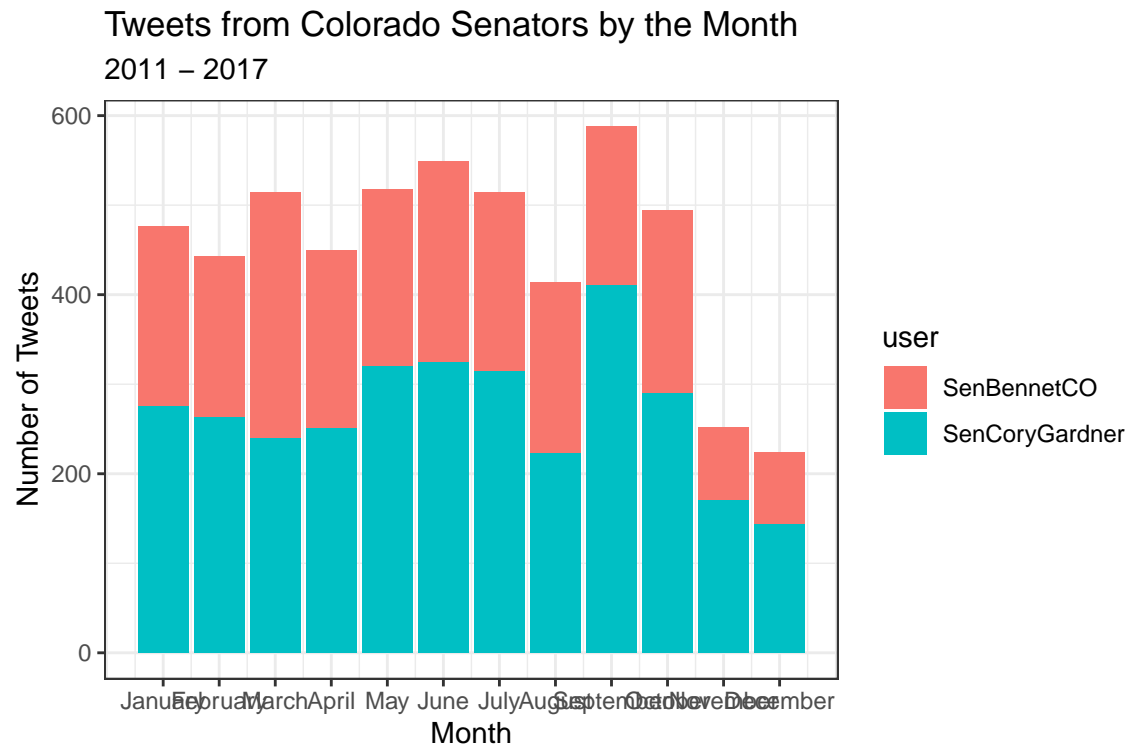
## Question 7: Hourly tweets

Create a histogram of tweets by hour of day to visualize when our senators are tweeting.



Tweets from Colorado Senators by the Hour
2011 – 2017
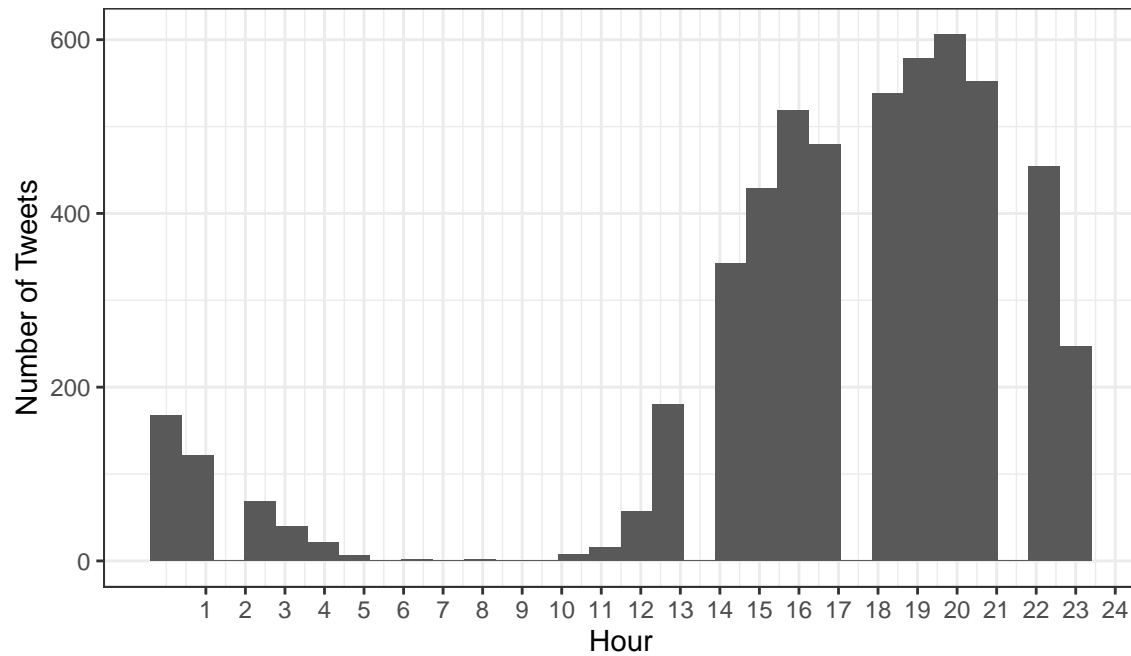
# Appendix

```r
# set global options for figures, code, warnings, and messages
knitr::opts_chunk$set(fig.width=6, fig.height=4, fig.path="../figs/",
                      echo=FALSE, warning=FALSE, message=FALSE)
# load packages
library(tidyverse)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
# wildfire hashtag list
tweets <- read_csv("../data/senators_co.csv")
hashtags <- str_extract_all(tweets$text, "#(\\d|\\w)+")%>%
            as.vector()

print(paste(length(hashtags), "hashtags were used"))
fire_cnt <- str_detect(hashtags, "fire")%>%sum()
wildfire_cnt <- str_detect(hashtags, "wildfire")%>%sum()

print(paste(fire_cnt, "hashtags contain fire"))
print(paste(wildfire_cnt, "hashtags contain wildfire"))
# filter to tweets concerning wildfires
wildfire_tweets <- tweets%>%select(text, user, created_at)%>%filter(str_detect(text, "wildfire"))
# number of wildfire tweets by senator
wildfire_tweets%>%group_by(user)%>%tally()%>%ungroup()
# number of wildfire tweets by year
wildfire_yr <- wildfire_tweets%>%mutate(date=mdy_hm(created_at), year=year(date))%>%group_by(year)%>%
  count()%>%ungroup()%>%arrange(desc(n))

head(wildfire_yr)
# create plot of tweets by month and user
tweets_bymonth <- tweets%>%mutate(date=mdy_hm(created_at), month=month(date))

ggplot(tweets_bymonth, aes(x = month, fill=user)) +
  geom_bar() +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = 1:12, labels=month.name) +
  labs(title = "Tweets from Colorado Senators by the Month", x = "Month", y = "Number of Tweets", subti
  theme_bw()

# create plot of cumulative hourly tweets by senator
tweets_byhour <- tweets%>%mutate(date=mdy_hm(created_at), hour=hour(date))

ggplot(tweets_byhour) +
  geom_histogram(aes(x = hour)) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = 1:24) +
  labs(title = "Tweets from Colorado Senators by the Hour", x = "Hour", y = "Number of Tweets", subtitl
  theme_bw()
```