

(8/15)

Roll No.160100116.....

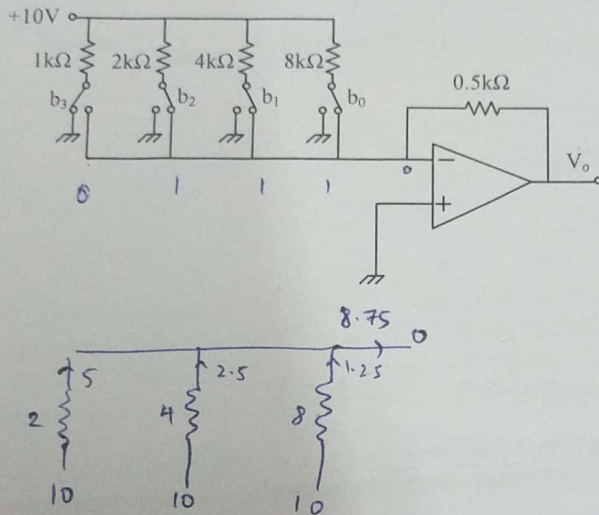
EE-101, S4: Quiz # 2

Date: 6th Nov, 2017
Time: 12:20pm to 12:40pm

Max. Marks: 15

Imp. Notes: (a) Answer only in the space provided next to the question
(b) Please answer all questions

Q1. In the DAC circuit shown below, determine V_o for the given states of the SPDT switches (represented by b_i). What would be V_o if the given binary number is 1101. (4 marks)



$$V_o = -8.75 \times 0.5 = -4.375 \text{ V}$$

$$(0111)_2 = (7)_{10}$$

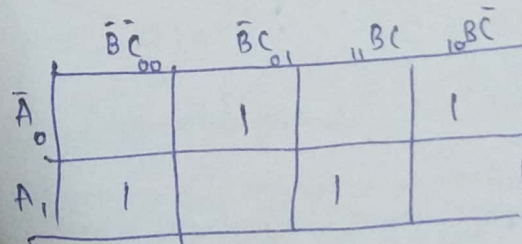
$$(1101)_2 = (13)_{10}$$

$$V_o = \frac{13}{14} \times 4.375 = -4.0625$$

$$\text{Case II: } i = \frac{13}{7} \times 4.375 = -8.125$$

Q2. Truth table for a logic function $Y(A, B, C)$ is shown below. Using a K-map obtain an optimum expression for Y for its actual hardware implementation. (4 marks)

A	B	C	Y
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1



$$Y(A, B, C) = \bar{A}B\bar{C} + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + ABC + \bar{A}B\bar{C}$$

Q3. The operational driving point impedance across a pair of terminals 'a-b' of an electrical network is given by:

$$z_{ab} = \frac{2p^2 + 4p}{4p^2 + 11p + 8}; \text{ If } v_{ab}(t) = 20e^{-0.5t}, \text{ determine the forced current response.} \quad (3 \text{ marks})$$

$$i = \frac{v_{ab}(t)}{z_{ab}} = \frac{(4p^2 + 11p + 8) v_{ab}}{2p^2 + 4p}$$

$$(2p^2 + 4p) i = 4p^2 + 11p + 8$$

forced current response corresponds to $p = 0$

$$i = 8/4 = 2A$$

Q4. Determine 'V' and 'φ' for the following:

(4 marks)

$$v(t) = \sqrt{2}V \times \cos(\omega t + \phi) = 25 \times \sin(\omega t + 60^\circ) - 15 \times \cos(\omega t + 120^\circ) + 30 \times \sin(\omega t + 240^\circ)V$$

$$t = 0$$

$$25 \sin(60^\circ) - 15 \cos 120^\circ + 30 \sin 240^\circ$$

$$= \frac{25\sqrt{3}}{2} - 15$$

$$25 \sin(\omega t + 60^\circ) = 25 \cos(30^\circ - \omega t) = 25 \cos(\omega t - 30^\circ)$$

$$30 \sin(\omega t + 240^\circ) = 30 \cos(\omega t + 150^\circ)$$

$$25 \left(\cos \omega t \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) + 25 \left(\sin \omega t \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) - 15 \left(\cos \omega t \right) \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right) + 15 \left(\sin \omega t \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$$

$$+ 30 \cos \omega t \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) - 30 \sin \omega t \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$= \cos \omega t \left(\frac{25\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{15}{2} - \frac{30\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) + \sin \omega t \left(\frac{25}{2} + \frac{15\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{30}{2} \right)$$

$$V = 5.09$$