

## AES 1.07 "From a Piece of Junk to a Chick Magnet"

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1. an accelerator	(n) (or gas pedal) a pedal that the driver presses on with his or her foot in order to control the speed.	15. <b>a horn</b>	(n) it makes a sound to warn other drivers of a problem. The driver makes thesound by pressing a button, which is usually on the
2. a bodywork	(n) a vehicle body / the act or process of making or repairing vehicle bodies	16. a hubcap	steering wheel.  (n) a round piece of metal that goes over
3. brakelights	(n) red lights on the back of the car that are lit when the driver presses on the brakes so that other drivers will know that the car is slowing down or stopping	17. <b>a jack</b>	the wheel of a car.  (n) a usually portable mechanism or device
		ii. a jack	for exerting pressure or lifting a heavy body a short distance
4. brakes	(n) the mechanical system that causes the car to slow down or stop. Cars also have an emergency (also called a parking) that is used when the car is parked in order to stop it from moving.	18. left or right- hand indicator	(n) Direction indicators tell other road users what you intend to do.
		19. <b>a lump sum</b>	<ul><li>(n) amount of money that is paid at one time</li><li>: a single sum of money</li></ul>
5. a bumper	(n) metal or plastic bar at the front and back of the car. It is supposed to limit the damage if the car is hit or if it hits	20. a manufacturer's manual	(n) the builder's handbook
6. Certificate of	something else  (n) (also known as a 'roadworthy' or 'RWC')	21. <b>moldy</b>	(adj) covered with mold, i.e. a superficial often woolly growth produced especially on damp or decaying organic matter
Roadworthiness	shows that your vehicle is safe enough to be used on public roads. A roadworthy is required whenever a vehicle is sold, if it's being re-registered, and to clear some defect notices	22. Nuts and bolts	(n) a nut: perforated metal block that has an internal screw thread and is used on a bolt or screw for tightening or holding something.  A bolt: a metal rod or pin for fastening objects together that usually has a head at one end and a screw thread at the other and is secured by a nut the expression is also used to describe the practical workings of a machine or enterprise as opposed to theoretical
7. a clutch	(n) a pedal, pressed to change the gear		
8. a dashboard	(n) a part of the car that is visible to the driver and contains the controls and instrument panel		
9. dented	(adj) damaged by blow or pressure		
10. exhaust pipe	(n) this pipe takes the waste gases from the engine to the back of the car, where the pipe ends and the gases are released	23. rusty	considerations or speculative possibilities  (adj) affected by by rust, i.e. corrosion on
n. a gas tank	(n) it holds the gas until it is needed. The driver can open the "gas cap" in order to put more gas into the car	24. a shock absorber	iron or any other metal  (n) found on each wheel of a car. It makes it so that the people in the car cannot feel all of the bumps on the road
12. <b>a gear</b>	(n) a toothed wheel that works with others to alter the relation between the speed of a driving mechanism (such as the engine of a vehicle) and the speed of the driven parts (the wheels).	25. a spare part	(n) n extra part of a vehicle or machine kept for use in emergency or replacement
		26. a steering wheel	(n) a wheel that the driver turns in order to turn a car
13. <b>headlights</b>	(n) lights on the front of the car that a driver can turn on at night to make it easier to drive in the dark. Cars also usually have a "bright" setting for	27. <b>stiff</b>	(adj) impeded in movement
		28. <b>taillights</b>	(n) lights on the back of a car that the driver can turn on at night to make it easier for other drivers to see the car.
14. a hood ( US) bonnet (GB)	(n) it covers the front part of the car. The engine is usually located under the	29. a tire (US) tyre (GB)	(n) a thick rubber ring that connects the car to the ground. Cars normally have four
Domice (OB)		(3.0 (02)	to the ground out of have for
bonnet (Ob)		30. To dismantle	(v) to disconnect the pieces of

32. To fix, to mend	(v) to repair	
33. To grind	(v) to wear down, polish, or sharpen by friction	
34. To haul	(v) to cause (something) to move by pulling or drawing	
35. To lift	(v) to raise from a lower to a higher position, to elevate	
36. a tool	(n) a handheld device that aids in accomplishing a task	
37. To restore	(v) to bring back to or put back into a former or original state	
38. To rivet	(v) to fasten with or as if with rivets	
39. torn	(adj) pulled apart by force ( past participle from to tear)	
40. To screw	(v) to unite or separate by means of a screw or a twisting motion	
41. To scrub	(v) to use hard rubbing in cleaning	
42. To seek advice	(v) to look for recommendation regarding a decision or course of conduct	
43. To unscrew	(v) to loosen or withdraw by turning	
44. To weld	(v) to unite (metallic parts) by heating and allowing the metals to flow together	
45. a trunk (US) boot (GB)	(n) the space in the back of a car where boxes and other items can be placed	
46. unpleasant/ nasty surprises	(n) Unexpected bad events	
47. a vintage car	(n) in the most general sense, an old automobile, and in the narrower senses of car enthusiasts and collectors, a car from the period of 1919 to 1930.	
48. a warning light	(n) a light that goes on to let the driver know that there is a problem with the car	
49. windshield wipers	(n) a device that moves back and forth across the windshield to remove rain so that the driver can see better.	
50. wrecked	(adj) damaged, ruined	