Fst calculations

Fst is calculated between sets of populations using vcftools. The output is a .txt-like file containing Fst per position.

Import files

First the files are imported and NaN is removed

```
In [1]: library(dplyr)
         library(ggplot2)
         Attaching package: 'dplyr'
         The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
             filter, lag
         The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
             intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
In [2]: YRI_LWK <- read.table("Fst/YRI-LWK.weir.fst", header=TRUE)</pre>
         YRI_LWK <- na.omit(YRI_LWK)</pre>
In [3]: YRI_GWD <- read.table("Fst/YRI-GWD.weir.fst", header=TRUE)</pre>
         YRI_GWD <- na.omit(YRI_GWD)</pre>
In [4]: YRI_MSL <- read.table("Fst/YRI-MSL.weir.fst", header = TRUE)</pre>
         YRI_MSL <- na.omit(YRI_MSL)</pre>
In [5]: YRI ESN <- read.table("Fst/YRI-ESN.weir.fst", header = TRUE)</pre>
         YRI_ESN <- na.omit(YRI_ESN)</pre>
In [6]: LWK GWD <- read.table("Fst/LWK-GWD.weir.fst", header = TRUE)</pre>
         LWK_GWD <- na.omit(LWK_GWD)</pre>
In [7]: LWK_MSL <- read.table("Fst/LWK-MSL.weir.fst", header = TRUE)</pre>
         LWK_MSL <- na.omit(LWK_MSL)</pre>
In [8]: LWK_ESN <- read.table("Fst/LWK-ESN.weir.fst", header=TRUE)</pre>
         LWK_ESN <- na.omit(LWK_ESN)</pre>
In [9]: GWD_MSL <- read.table("Fst/GWD-MSL.weir.fst", header = TRUE)</pre>
         GWD_MSL <- na.omit(GWD_MSL)</pre>
```

```
In [10]: GWD_ESN <- read.table("Fst/GWD-ESN.weir.fst", header = TRUE)
    GWD_ESN <- na.omit(GWD_ESN)

In [11]: MSL_ESN <- read.table("Fst/MSL-ESN.weir.fst", header = TRUE)
    MSL_ESN <- na.omit(MSL_ESN)</pre>
```

Setup for sliding windows

We define a function that can calculate Fst for sliding windows with a given size and a given step size

```
In [12]:
    slide_windows <- function(fst_data, window_size, step_size){
        n_sites <- nrow(fst_data)
        n_windows <- floor((n_sites - window_size)/step_size)+1

        window_start <- seq(1, n_sites - window_size+1, by=step_size)
        window_end <- window_start + window_size - 1

        fst_window <- data.frame(matrix(ncol = 4, nrow = n_windows))
        colnames(fst_window) <- c("CHROM", "WINDOW_START", "WINDOW_END", "MEAN_FST")

        for (i in 1:n_windows) {
            fst_window$CHROM[i] <- fst_data$CHROM[window_start[i]]
            fst_window$WINDOW_START[i] <- fst_data$POS[window_start[i]]
            fst_window$WINDOW_END[i] <- fst_data$POS[window_end[i]]
            fst_window$MEAN_FST[i] <- mean(fst_data$WEIR_AND_COCKERHAM_FST[window_start[i]]
            fst_windows*MEAN_FST[window_start[i]]
            fst_windows*MEAN_FST[window_start[i]]
            fst_windows*MEAN_FST[window_start[i]]
            fst_windows*MEAN_FST[window_start[i]]
            fst_windows*MEAN_FST[window_start[i]]
            fst_windows*MEAN_FST[window_start[i]]
            fst_windows*MEAN_FST[wind
```

Calculate FST

```
In [13]: window_size <- 100</pre>
          window step <- 50
In [14]: fst_YRI_LWK <- slide_windows(YRI_LWK, window_size, window_step) %>%
             mutate(MEAN FST = ifelse(MEAN FST < 0, 0, MEAN FST),</pre>
                   in_Range = ((WINDOW_START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW_START < 4.7e+07)|</pre>
                              (WINDOW_START >= 4.8e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 4.9e+07)
                              (WINDOW START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW START < 5.1e+07)
                              (WINDOW START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW START < 5.3e+07)))
          fst_YRI_GWD <- slide_windows(YRI_GWD, window_size, window_step) %>%
             mutate(MEAN_FST = ifelse(MEAN_FST < 0, 0, MEAN_FST),</pre>
                   in_Range = ((WINDOW_START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW_START < 4.7e+07)|</pre>
                              (WINDOW_START >= 4.8e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 4.9e+07)
                              (WINDOW START \geq 5.0e+07 & WINDOW START < 5.1e+07)
                              (WINDOW_START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 5.3e+07)))
          fst_YRI_MSL <- slide_windows(YRI_MSL, window_size, window_step) %>%
             mutate(MEAN_FST = ifelse(MEAN_FST < 0, 0, MEAN_FST),</pre>
                   in_Range = ((WINDOW_START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW_START < 4.7e+07)|</pre>
                              (WINDOW_START >= 4.8e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 4.9e+07)
                              (WINDOW_START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW_START < 5.1e+07)
                              (WINDOW_START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 5.3e+07)))
          fst_YRI_ESN <- slide_windows(YRI_ESN, window_size, window_step) %>%
             mutate(MEAN_FST = ifelse(MEAN_FST < 0, 0, MEAN_FST),</pre>
```

```
in Range = ((WINDOW START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW START < 4.7e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 4.8e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 4.9e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW_START < 5.1e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 5.3e+07)))
fst_LWK_GWD <- slide_windows(LWK_GWD, window_size, window_step) %>%
   mutate(MEAN_FST = ifelse(MEAN_FST < 0, 0, MEAN_FST),</pre>
         in_Range = ((WINDOW_START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW_START < 4.7e+07)|</pre>
                    (WINDOW START \Rightarrow 4.8e+07 & WINDOW START < 4.9e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW_START < 5.1e+07)
                    (WINDOW\_START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW\_START < 5.3e+07)))
fst_LWK_MSL <- slide_windows(LWK_MSL, window_size, window_step) %>%
   mutate(MEAN FST = ifelse(MEAN FST < 0, 0, MEAN FST),</pre>
         in_Range = ((WINDOW_START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW_START < 4.7e+07)|</pre>
                    (WINDOW_START >= 4.8e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 4.9e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW_START < 5.1e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 5.3e+07)))
fst LWK ESN <- slide windows(LWK ESN, window size, window step) %>%
   mutate(MEAN FST = ifelse(MEAN FST < 0, 0, MEAN FST),</pre>
         in Range = ((WINDOW START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW START < 4.7e+07)
                    (WINDOW START \Rightarrow 4.8e+07 & WINDOW START < 4.9e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW_START < 5.1e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 5.3e+07)))
fst_GWD_MSL <- slide_windows(GWD_MSL, window_size, window_step) %>%
   mutate(MEAN FST = ifelse(MEAN FST < 0, 0, MEAN FST),</pre>
         in_Range = ((WINDOW_START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW_START < 4.7e+07)|</pre>
                    (WINDOW START \Rightarrow 4.8e+07 & WINDOW START < 4.9e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW_START < 5.1e+07)
                    (WINDOW START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW START < 5.3e+07)))
fst GWD ESN <- slide windows(GWD ESN, window size, window step) %>%
   mutate(MEAN FST = ifelse(MEAN FST < 0, 0, MEAN FST),</pre>
         in Range = ((WINDOW START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW START < 4.7e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 4.8e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 4.9e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW_START < 5.1e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 5.3e+07)))
fst MSL ESN <- slide windows(MSL ESN, window size, window step) %>%
   mutate(MEAN_FST = ifelse(MEAN_FST < 0, 0, MEAN_FST),</pre>
         in Range = ((WINDOW START >= 4.6e+07 & WINDOW START < 4.7e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 4.8e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 4.9e+07)
                    (WINDOW START >= 5.0e+07 & WINDOW START < 5.1e+07)
                    (WINDOW_START >= 5.2e+07 \& WINDOW_START < 5.3e+07)))
```

Find significant using permutations

POS WEIR_AND_COCKERHAM_FST CHROM

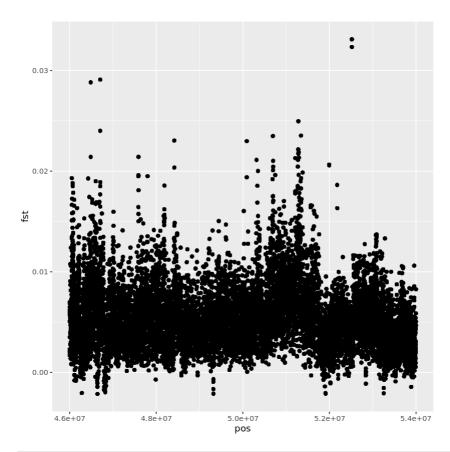
	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>	<int></int>
1	46000028	4.42055e-04	3
2	46000028	1.11026e-16	3
3	46000028	6.72933e-04	3
4	46000028	-7.77580e-04	3
5	46000225	-2.01254e-04	3
6	46000225	1.42863e-03	3

```
In [19]: n = 10000
          permuted <- tibble()</pre>
          sample_Fst <- Fst</pre>
          window_size <- 100
          window_step <- 50</pre>
          for (i in 1:n){
               sample_Fst$fst <- sample(sample_Fst$fst)</pre>
              windows <- slide_windows(sample_Fst, window_size, window_step)</pre>
              permuted <- bind_rows(permuted, tibble(fst = windows$MEAN_FST, pos = windows</pre>
              if(i%%50==0) { # Progress tracker
              cat(".")
              flush.console()
            }
          }
          permuted <- permuted %>%
             arrange(fst)
          saveRDS(permuted, "permuted_fst_windows.rds")
```

```
In [16]: permuted <- readRDS("permuted_fst_windows.rds")</pre>
```

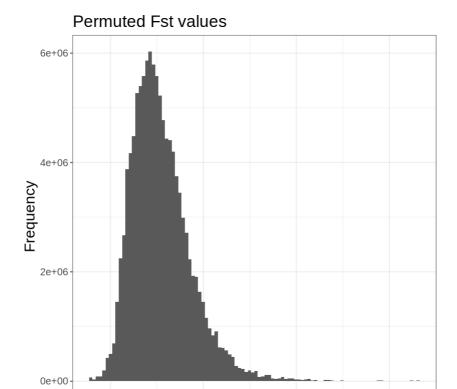
Plots of the permuted data are based on 1000 permutations instead of 10,000

```
In [20]: ggplot(permuted_plot) +
    geom_point(aes(x=pos, y=fst))
```



```
In [18]: #Gives the null distribution
#pdf(file="plots/permutedFst.pdf", width = 8, height = 8)
ggplot(permuted) +
    geom_histogram(aes(fst), bins = 100) +
    theme_bw() +
    labs(title = "Permuted Fst values", x = "Fst", y="Frequency") +
    theme(axis.title = element_text(size=18), axis.text = element_text(size=12),
#dev.off()
```

null device: 1



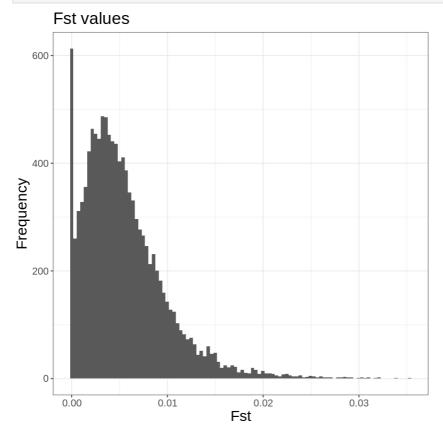
0.01

0.00

Fst

0.02

0.03



```
In [23]: critical_value <- quantile(permuted$fst, 0.99)</pre>
```

99%: 0.01555081222

```
In [29]: pdf(file="plots/Fstall.pdf", width = 8, height = 8)
         #library(repr)
         #options(repr.plot.width = 8, repr.plot.height = 8)
         ggplot() +
            geom_point(data = fst_YRI_LWK, aes(x=WINDOW_START, y=MEAN_FST), color = ifels
            geom_point(data = fst_YRI_GWD, aes(x=WINDOW_START, y=MEAN_FST), color = ifels
            geom_point(data = fst_YRI_MSL, aes(x=WINDOW_START, y=MEAN_FST), color = ifels
            geom_point(data = fst_YRI_ESN, aes(x=WINDOW_START, y=MEAN_FST), color = ifels
            geom_point(data = fst_LWK_GWD, aes(x=WINDOW_START, y=MEAN_FST), color = ifels
            geom_point(data = fst_LWK_MSL, aes(x=WINDOW_START, y=MEAN_FST), color = ifels
            geom_point(data = fst_LWK_ESN, aes(x=WINDOW_START, y=MEAN_FST), color = ifels
            geom point(data = fst GWD MSL, aes(x=WINDOW START, y=MEAN FST), color = ifels
            geom_point(data = fst_GWD_ESN, aes(x=WINDOW_START, y=MEAN_FST), color = ifels
            geom point(data = fst MSL ESN, aes(x=WINDOW START, y=MEAN FST), color = ifels
            geom_hline(yintercept = critical_value, color = "red", linetype = "longdash",
            labs(x="Position", y="Fst", title = "Fst for all comparisons") +
            theme_bw() +
            theme(axis.title = element_text(size=18), axis.text = element_text(size=12),
         dev.off()
```

png: 2

```
In [33]: pdf(file="plots/Fstpop.pdf", width = 8, height = 6.5)
#library(repr)
#options(repr.plot.width = 8, repr.plot.height = 6.5)
ggplot(fst_long) +
    geom_point(aes(x=pos, y=fst), color = ifelse(fst_long$in_Range, "navyblue", "
    geom_hline(yintercept = critical_value, color = "red", linetype = "longdash")
    theme_bw() +
    facet_wrap(~compare, ncol = 5) +
    labs(x = "Position", y="Fst", title = "Fst for comparisons between population
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
    theme(axis.title = element_text(size=18), axis.text = element_text(size=12),
    dev.off()
```

png: 2

We now calculate how many windows has mean Fst higher than the critical value, and find the percentage in that tail.

```
In [29]: n_significant <- sum(fst_long$fst >= critical_value)
```

```
In [31]: n_significant/nrow(fst_long)
```

0.0301152234636872

The critical value was found from the permuted null distribution as the highest 1 %. In the data we observe 3% in the tail, which indicates more high Fst values than expected by chance.

A data.frame: 10×2

Comparison Percent.in.tail

<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>
YRI-LWK	0.0197594502
YRI-GWD	0.0405172414
YRI-MSL	0.0055813953
YRI-ESN	0.0000000000
LWK-GWD	0.0881889764
LWK-MSL	0.0571428571
LWK-ESN	0.0233766234
GWD-MSL	0.0000000000
GWD-ESN	0.0522260274
MSL-ESN	0.0009191176