



Artificial Intelligence-515

Semester 6th

Name: _____

Roll Number: _____

Computer Science Department
University Of Karachi

University Of Karachi



Course Name (Course Code) _____ **Semester** _____ **Batch** _____
Name of Student: _____ **Roll No.** _____

Lab	Description & Score				
1.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
2.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
3.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
4.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
5.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
6.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
7.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
8.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
9.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
10.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
11.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10
12.	Software Handling ()/2	Programming/ Simulations ()/5	Results ()/2	Lab Report ()/1	Score ()/10

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		()/5			
13.	<i>Software Handling</i> ()/2	<i>Programming/ Simulations</i> ()/5	<i>Results</i> ()/2	<i>Lab Report</i> ()/1	<i>Score</i> ()/10
14.	<i>Software Handling</i> ()/2	<i>Programming/ Simulations</i> ()/5	<i>Results</i> ()/2	<i>Lab Report</i> ()/1	<i>Score</i> ()/10
TOTAL SCORE = 140				OBTAINED SCORE	

Overall Score: _____ out of 50

Examined by: _____

Overall Formula= (Obtained Score / Total Score) x 50 (Name and Signature of Concerned)



Lab #01 task:

Exercise: Dir and Help

Learn about the methods Python provides for strings. To see what methods Python provides for a datatype, use the dir and help commands:

```
>>> s = 'abc'
```

```
>>> dir(s)
```

```
['__add__', '__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__doc__', '__eq__',  
 '__ge__', '__getattr__', '__getitem__', '__getnewargs__',  
 '__getslice__', '__gt__', '__hash__', '__init__', '__le__', '__len__',  
 '__lt__', '__mod__', '__mul__', '__ne__', '__new__', '__reduce__',  
 '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__rmod__', '__rmul__', '__setattr__', '__str__', 'capitalize', 'center', 'count', 'decode',  
 'encode', 'endswith',  
 'expandtabs', 'find', 'index', 'isalnum', 'isalpha', 'isdigit', 'islower',  
 'isspace', 'istitle', 'isupper', 'join', 'ljust', 'lower', 'lstrip',  
 'replace', 'rfind', 'rindex', 'rjust', 'rsplit', 'rstrip', 'split',  
 'splitlines', 'startswith', 'strip', 'swapcase', 'title', 'translate', 'upper', 'zfill']
```

```
>>> help(s.find)
```

Help on built-in function find:

find(...) method of builtins.str instance
S.find(sub[, start[, end]]) -> int

Return the lowest index in S where substring sub is found, such that sub is contained within S[start:end]. Optional arguments start and end are interpreted as in slice notation.

Return -1 on failure.

```
>> s.find('b')
```

- 1 Try out some of the string functions listed in dir (ignore those with underscores '_' around the method name).

Exercise Python input /output Basic operations

(i) Write a Python program to swap 4 variables values (input four values).

Sample input:

Before swapping

a=2,b=56,c=78,d=9



After Swapping

a=9,b=78,c=56,d=2

- (ii) Write a Python program to convert temperatures to and from celsius, Fahrenheit.

Formula : $c/5 = f-32/9$

Expected Output :

Enter temp in Celsius: 60°C

Temperature in Fahrenheit is :140

Exercise: Lists

- (i) Play with some of the list functions. You can find the methods you can call on an object via the dir and get information about them via the help command:

```
>>> dir(list)
['_add_', '__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__delitem__', '__delslice__', '__doc__', '__eq__', '__ge__',
 '__getattr__',
 '__getitem__', '__getslice__', '__gt__', '__hash__', '__iadd__', '__imul__',
 '__init__', '__iter__', '__le__', '__len__', '__lt__', '__mul__', '__ne__',
 '__new__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__reversed__',
 '__rmul__', '__setattr__', '__setitem__', '__setslice__', '__str__', 'append', 'count', 'extend', 'index', 'insert', 'pop',
 'remove', 'reverse', 'sort']
```

```
>>> help(list.reverse)
```

Help on built-in function reverse:

```
reverse(...)
```

```
    L.reverse() -- reverse *IN PLACE*
```

```
>>> lst = ['a','b','c']
```

```
>>> lst.reverse()
```

```
>>> ['c','b','a']
```

Note: Ignore functions with underscores "_" around the names; these are private helper methods. Press 'q' to back out of a help screen

- (ii) Write a Python program to count the number of strings where the string length is 2 or more and the first and last character are same from a given list of strings.

Sample List : ['abc', 'xyz', 'aba', '1221']

Expected Result : 2.

Exercise: Dictionaries

- (i) Use dir and help to learn about the functions you can call on dictionaries and implement it.

- (ii) Write a Python script to concatenate following dictionaries to create a new one.



Sample Dictionary :

dic1={ 1:10, 2:20}

dic2={ 3:30, 4:40}

dic3={ 5:50,6:60}

Expected Result : { 1: 10, 2: 20, 3: 30, 4: 40, 5: 50, 6: 60}

Exercise: List Comprehensions

(i) Write a list comprehension which, from a list, generates a lowercased version of each string that has length greater than five.

(ii) Write a Python program to print a specified list after removing the 0th, 4th and 5th elements

Sample List : ['Red', 'Green', 'White', 'Black', 'Pink', 'Yellow', 'Teapink']

Expected Output : ['Green', 'White', 'Black']

Exercise : Operators:

Play with some Operators in Python (assignment, bitwise, logical, arithmetic, identity, membership)

(i) What will be the output of the given program

Identity Operators in Python x = 6 if (type(x) is int): print ("true") else: print ("false")	Output:
if (type(x) x = 7.2 if (type(x) is not int): print ("true") else: print ("false")	Output:
Membership operator: list1=[1,2,3,4,5] list2=[6,7,8,9] for item in list1: if item in list2: print("overlapping") else: print("not overlapping")	Output:



<p>Floor division and Exponent and Assign</p> <pre> a/=3 a**=5 print("floor divide=",a) print("exponent=",a) </pre>	<p>Output:</p>
<p>Bitwise Operatoors:</p> <pre> a = 60 /* 60 = 0011 1100 */ b = 13 /* 13 = 0000 1101 */ int c = 0 c = a & b /* 12 = 0000 1100 */ print("Line 1", c) c = a b /* 61 = 0011 1101 */ print("Line 2 ", c) c = a ^ b /* 49 = 0011 0001 */ print("Line 3 ", c) c = ~a /* -61 = 1100 0011 */ print("Line 4", c) c = a << 2 /* 240 = 1111 0000 */ printf("Line 5 ", c); c = a >> 2 /* 15 = 0000 1111 */ printf("Line 6 -", c); </pre>	<p>output</p>



Exercise

Create a Python Program that perform following tasks for any problem of your choice:

Task 1: Introduction

Task 2: Terminal

Task 3: Python Interpreter

Task 4: Variables

Task 5: Text Editor

Task 6: Functions

Task 7: [Lists](#) and Tuples

Task 8: Conditional Statements

Task 9: The For Loop

Task 10: User Input and the While Loop

Resources:

1. https://github.com/rajuiit/Machine-Learning-Summer-2020/blob/master/week_2_basicpython.ipynb
2. https://github.com/rajuiit/Machine-Learning-Summer-2020/blob/master/week_2_use_of_build_in_function.ipynb